## **PyCity Schools Challenege:**

## A comprehensive analysis of Py City Schools

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1) Charter schools have less students and produce higher overall passing rates, this suggests, but does not validate, correlation between number of students and overall passing rate, with number of students having a positive effect on overall passing rates. However, this finding will be challeneged by a finding I observe in #5.

2) The top five performing schools are all charter schools with less than 2,500 students, the bottom five performing schools are all district schools with more than 2,500 students.

3) The data suggests that budget per student does NOT have an effect on passing rates. On average district schools have higher levels of budget per student than charter schools but lower overall passing rates.

4) Both math and reading grades amoung classes at both charter and district schools are consistent, with math having lower scores than reading.

5) One district school, Bailey High School, is an outlier amoung the district school category due to the fact that it has the lowest budget per student, yet the highest overall passing rate. However, the deviation is less than one percentage point above the average district passing rate\*.

5-1) This again suggests that budget per student does not have a correlation on overall passing rate. It also raises another suggestion; Bailey High School has the highest number of students AND the highest overall passing rate amoung district schools. This finding challenges our observation in #1, that schools with the lower number of students perform at higher rates. This observation is also demostrated with charter schools, the two charter schools with the highest number of students are present in the top five performing schools.

Conclusion: Schools with less than 2,500 students perform at higher rates than schools with more than 2,500 students. All the charter schools in this data set contain less than 2,500 students and perform at higher rates, while all district schools have more than 2,500 students and perform at lower rates. However, the positive correlation that is number of students on overall passing rate seems to have a decreasing effect per additional student because of the outlier in district schools, Bailey High School, which has the most students in this data set and the highest overall passing rates out of all the district schools.

Further analysis: Further research on this school district should request number of teachers at each school, average travel time to school per student, number of disciplinary actions per school, and average time students spend on both math and reading homework per student to identify any other correlations. Further research might also leverge a linear regression on the effect number of students has on overall passing rates.

Below is my code. I am using snake case for data frames and camel case for variables to help me distinguish between the two.

In [17]: # Dependencies and Setup
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# File to Load
school\_data\_to\_load = "Resources/schools\_complete.csv"
student\_data\_to\_load = "Resources/students\_complete.csv"

# Read School and Student Data File and store into Pandas Data Frames
school\_data = pd.read\_csv(school\_data\_to\_load)
student\_data = pd.read\_csv(student\_data\_to\_load)

# Combine the data into a single dataset
school data complete = pd.merge(student data, school data, how="left", on=["school name", "school name"])

In [18]: # view the data sets to get a feel for the information in each one (continued in #4)
 student\_data.head()
 school\_data.head()

Out[18]:

	School ID	school_name	type	size	budget
0	0	Huang High School	District	2917	1910635
1	1	Figueroa High School	District	2949	1884411
2	2	Shelton High School	Charter	1761	1056600
3	3	Hernandez High School	District	4635	3022020
4	4	Griffin High School	Charter	1468	917500

In [19]: school\_data\_complete.head()

Out[19]:

	Student ID	student_name	gender	grade	school_name	reading_score	math_score	School ID	type	size	budget
0	0	Paul Bradley	М	9th	Huang High School	66	79	0	District	2917	1910635
1	1	Victor Smith	М	12th	Huang High School	94	61	0	District	2917	1910635
2	2	Kevin Rodriguez	М	12th	Huang High School	90	60	0	District	2917	1910635
3	3	Dr. Richard Scott	М	12th	Huang High School	67	58	0	District	2917	1910635
4	4	Bonnie Ray	F	9th	Huang High School	97	84	0	District	2917	1910635

In [20]: # grouped by school df for future use grouped by school = school data complete.set index('school name').groupby(['school name']) # counting number of schools in original school data df countSchools = len(school data) print(countSchools) # counting total number of students in orginal student data df totalStudents = len(student data) print(totalStudents) # sum of each school's budget using orginal school data df totalBudget = sum(school data["budget"]) print(totalBudget) # average math score using orginal student data df avgMath = sum(student data["math score"]) / totalStudents print(avgMath) # average reading score using orginal student data df avgReading = sum(student data["reading score"]) / totalStudents print(avgReading) # percent passing math using orginal student data df percPassMath = student data[student data["math score"] > 69].count()["student name"] / totalStudents print(percPassMath) #numStuPassMath = count(student data['math score'] > 59) percPassRead = student\_data[student\_data["reading\_score"] > 69].count()["student name"] / totalStudents print(percPassRead) # overall passing rate overallPassPerc = (avgMath + avgReading) / 2 print(overallPassPerc) # printing to ensure validity and identify any errors

15 39170 24649428 78.98537145774827 81.87784018381414 0.749808526933878 0.8580546336482001 80.43160582078121 In [21]: # giving all values a cleaner format # total number of students totalStudents = "{:,}".format(totalStudents) # total budget totalBudget = "\${:,.2f}".format(totalBudget) #print(totalBudget) # average math score avgMath = round(avgMath, 2) #print(avgMath) # average reading score avgReading = round(avgReading, 2) #print(avgReading) # percentage of students passing math percPassMath = "{:.2%}".format(percPassMath) #print(percPassMath) # percentage of students passing reading percPassRead = "{:.2%}".format(percPassRead) #print(percPassRead) # overall percentage of students passing overallPassPerc = round(overallPassPerc,2) #print(overallPassPerc)

Out[22]: \_

	Total Schools	Total Students	Total Budget	Average Math Score			% Passing Reading	% Overall Passing Rate
0	15	39,170	\$24,649,428.00	78.99	81.88	74.98%	85.81%	80.43

In [24]: # School summary table: # students at each school studentsAtSchools = grouped by school['Student ID'].count() # school type schoolTypes = school data.set index('school name')['type'] #print(schoolTypes) # budget for each school schoolsBudget = school data.set index('school name')['budget'] #print(schoolsBudget) # per student budget perStudentBudget = schoolsBudget/studentsAtSchools #print(perStudentBudget) # average math score per school schoolsAvgMath = round(grouped by school['math score'].mean(), 2) #print(schoolsAvgMath) # average reading score per school schoolsAvgReading = round(grouped by school['reading score'].mean(), 2) #print(schoolsAvgReading) # percent passing math percPassMathSchools = round(school data complete[school data complete["math score"] > 69].groupby('school n ame')['student name'].count() / studentsAtSchools \* 100, 2) # percent passing reading percPassReadingSchools = round(school data complete[school data complete["reading score"] > 69].groupby('sc hool name')['student name'].count() / studentsAtSchools \* 100, 2) # percent overall passing overallPassingSchools = round((percPassMathSchools + percPassReadingSchools) / 2, 2) # create df schools summary = pd.DataFrame({"School Type": schoolTypes, "Total Students": studentsAtSchools, "Total School Budget": schoolsBudget, "Per Student Budget": perStudentBudget, "Average Math Score": schoolsAvgMath, "Average Reading Score": schoolsAvgReading, "% Passing Math": percPassMathSchools, "% Passing Reading": percPassReadingSchools, "% Overall Passing Rate": overallPassingSchools}) # formating df schools summary.style.format({'Total Students': '{:,}', "Total School Budget": "\${:,}", "Per Student Budget": "\${:.0f}", 'Average Math Score': "{:.2f}", 'Average Reading Score': "{:.2f}"})

## Out[24]:

	School Type	Total Students	Total School Budget	Per Student Budget	Average Math Score	Average Reading Score	% Passing Math	% Passing Reading	% Overall Passing Rate
Bailey High School	District	4,976	\$3,124,928	\$628	77.05	81.03	66.68	81.93	74.31
Cabrera High School	Charter	1,858	\$1,081,356	\$582	83.06	83.98	94.13	97.04	95.58
Figueroa High School	District	2,949	\$1,884,411	\$639	76.71	81.16	65.99	80.74	73.36
Ford High School	District	2,739	\$1,763,916	\$644	77.10	80.75	68.31	79.3	73.81
Griffin High School	Charter	1,468	\$917,500	\$625	83.35	83.82	93.39	97.14	95.26
Hernandez High School	District	4,635	\$3,022,020	\$652	77.29	80.93	66.75	80.86	73.81
Holden High School	Charter	427	\$248,087	\$581	83.80	83.81	92.51	96.25	94.38
Huang High School	District	2,917	\$1,910,635	\$655	76.63	81.18	65.68	81.32	73.5
Johnson High School	District	4,761	\$3,094,650	\$650	77.07	80.97	66.06	81.22	73.64
Pena High School	Charter	962	\$585,858	\$609	83.84	84.04	94.59	95.95	95.27
Rodriguez High School	District	3,999	\$2,547,363	\$637	76.84	80.74	66.37	80.22	73.3
Shelton High School	Charter	1,761	\$1,056,600	\$600	83.36	83.73	93.87	95.85	94.86
Thomas High School	Charter	1,635	\$1,043,130	\$638	83.42	83.85	93.27	97.31	95.29
Wilson High School	Charter	2,283	\$1,319,574	\$578	83.27	83.99	93.87	96.54	95.21
Wright High School	Charter	1,800	\$1,049,400	\$583	83.68	83.96	93.33	96.61	94.97

Out[25]:

	School Type	Total Students	Total School Budget	Per Student Budget	Average Math Score	Average Reading Score	% Passing Math	% Passing Reading	% Overall Passing Rate
Cabrera High School	Charter	1,858	\$1,081,356	\$582	83.06	83.98	94.13	97.04	95.58
Thomas High School	Charter	1,635	\$1,043,130	\$638	83.42	83.85	93.27	97.31	95.29
Pena High School	Charter	962	\$585,858	\$609	83.84	84.04	94.59	95.95	95.27
Griffin High School	Charter	1,468	\$917,500	\$625	83.35	83.82	93.39	97.14	95.26
Wilson High School	Charter	2,283	\$1,319,574	\$578	83.27	83.99	93.87	96.54	95.21

Out[26]:

	School Type	Total Students	Total School Budget	Per Student Budget	Average Math Score	Average Reading Score	% Passing Math	% Passing Reading	% Overall Passing Rate
Rodriguez High School	District	3,999	\$2,547,363	\$637	76.84	80.74	66.37	80.22	73.3
Figueroa High School	District	2,949	\$1,884,411	\$639	76.71	81.16	65.99	80.74	73.36
Huang High School	District	2,917	\$1,910,635	\$655	76.63	81.18	65.68	81.32	73.5
Johnson High School	District	4,761	\$3,094,650	\$650	77.07	80.97	66.06	81.22	73.64
Ford High School	District	2,739	\$1,763,916	\$644	77.10	80.75	68.31	79.3	73.81

In [27]: # math and reading averages nineMath = round(school data complete[school data complete["grade"] == '9th'].groupby('school name')['math score'].mean(), 2) nineReading = round(school data complete[school data complete["grade"] == '9th'].groupby('school name')['re ading score'].mean(), 2) tenMath = round(school data complete[school data complete["grade"] == '10th'].groupby('school name')['math score'l.mean(), 2) tenReading = round(school data complete[school data complete["grade"] == '10th'].groupby('school name')['re ading score' | .mean(), 2) elevenMath = round(school data complete[school data complete["grade"] == '11th'].groupby('school name')['ma th score' | .mean(), 2) elevenReading = round(school data complete[school data complete["grade"] == '11th'].groupby('school name')[ 'reading score'].mean(), 2) twelveMath = round(school data complete[school data complete["grade"] == '12th'].groupby('school name')['ma th score' | .mean(), 2) twelveReading = round(school data complete[school data complete["grade"] == '12th'].groupby('school name')[ 'reading score'].mean(), 2) # math df math by grade = pd.DataFrame({"9th": nineMath, "10th": tenMath, "11th": elevenMath, "12th": twelveMath}) # index name math by grade.index.name = "School" # reading df reading by grade = pd.DataFrame({"9th": nineReading, "10th": tenReading, "11th": elevenReading, "12th": twelveReading}) # index name reading by grade.index.name = "School" math by grade

## Out[27]:

	9th	10th	11th	12th
School				
Bailey High School	77.08	77.00	77.52	76.49
Cabrera High School	83.09	83.15	82.77	83.28
Figueroa High School	76.40	76.54	76.88	77.15
Ford High School	77.36	77.67	76.92	76.18
Griffin High School	82.04	84.23	83.84	83.36
Hernandez High School	77.44	77.34	77.14	77.19
Holden High School	83.79	83.43	85.00	82.86
Huang High School	77.03	75.91	76.45	77.23
Johnson High School	77.19	76.69	77.49	76.86
Pena High School	83.63	83.37	84.33	84.12
Rodriguez High School	76.86	76.61	76.40	77.69
Shelton High School	83.42	82.92	83.38	83.78
Thomas High School	83.59	83.09	83.50	83.50
Wilson High School	83.09	83.72	83.20	83.04
Wright High School	83.26	84.01	83.84	83.64

In [28]: reading\_by\_grade

Out[28]:

	9th	10th	11th	12th
School				
Bailey High School	81.30	80.91	80.95	80.91
Cabrera High School	83.68	84.25	83.79	84.29
Figueroa High School	81.20	81.41	80.64	81.38
Ford High School	80.63	81.26	80.40	80.66
Griffin High School	83.37	83.71	84.29	84.01
Hernandez High School	80.87	80.66	81.40	80.86
Holden High School	83.68	83.32	83.82	84.70
Huang High School	81.29	81.51	81.42	80.31
Johnson High School	81.26	80.77	80.62	81.23
Pena High School	83.81	83.61	84.34	84.59
Rodriguez High School	80.99	80.63	80.86	80.38
Shelton High School	84.12	83.44	84.37	82.78
Thomas High School	83.73	84.25	83.59	83.83
Wilson High School	83.94	84.02	83.76	84.32
Wright High School	83.83	83.81	84.16	84.07

In [29]: # scores by school spending, using sample bins and group names spending bins = [0, 585, 615, 645, 675]group names = ["<\$585", "\$585-615", "\$615-645", "\$645-675"] school data complete['spending bins'] = pd.cut(school data complete['budget']/school data complete['size'], spending bins, labels = group names) # group by spending grouped by spend = school data complete.groupby('spending bins') # students per spending bins stuBySpend = grouped by spend['Student ID'].count() # avg math by spending mathAvgSpend = round(grouped by spend["math score"].mean(), 2) # avg reading by spending readingAvgSpend = round(grouped by spend["reading score"].mean(), 2) # passing math by spending percPassMathSpend = round(school data complete[school data complete['math score'] > 69].groupby('spending b ins')['Student ID'].count()/ stuBySpend \*100, 2) # passing reading by spending percPassReadSpend = round(school data complete[school data complete['reading score'] > 69].groupby('spendin g bins')['Student ID'].count()/ stuBySpend \*100, 2) # overall passing rate by spending overallPassSpend = round((percPassMathSpend + percPassReadSpend) / 2, 2) # scores by spending df scores\_spend = pd.DataFrame({"Average Math Score": mathAvgSpend, "Average Reading Score": readingAvgSpend, "% Passing Math": percPassMathSpend, "% Passing Reading": percPassReadSpend, "% Overall Passing Rate": overallPassSpend}) # index name and desginating index scores spend.index.name = "Budget Per Student" scores spend = scores spend.reindex(group names) scores spend

Out[29]:

	Average Math Score	Average Reading Score	% Passing Math	% Passing Reading	% Overall Passing Rate
Budget Per Student					
<\$585	83.36	83.96	93.70	96.69	95.20
\$585-615	83.53	83.84	94.12	95.89	95.00
\$615-645	78.06	81.43	71.40	83.61	77.50
\$645-675	77.05	81.01	66.23	81.11	73.67

In [30]: # scores by school size size bins = [0, 1000, 2000, 5000]group names = ["Small (<1000)", "Medium (1000-2000)", "Large (2000-5000)"] school data complete['size bins'] = pd.cut(school data complete['size'], size bins, labels = group names) # group by school size grouped by size = school data complete.groupby('size bins') grouped by size.head() # number of students per size stuSize = grouped by size['Student ID'].count() # avg math score by size mathAvgSize = round(grouped by size['math score'].mean(), 2) # avg reading score by size readAvqSize = round(grouped by size['reading score'].mean(), 2) # percent passing math by size percPassMathSize = round(school data complete[school data complete['math score'] > 69].groupby('size bins') ['Student ID'].count()/ stuSize \*100, 2) # percent passing reading by size percPassReadSize = round(school data complete[school data complete['reading score'] > 69].groupby('size bin s')['Student ID'].count()/ stuSize \*100, 2) # overall passing rate by size overallPassSize = round((percPassMathSize + percPassReadSize) / 2, 2) # scores by size df scores size = pd.DataFrame({"Average Math Score": mathAvgSize, "Average Reading Score": readAvgSize, "% Passing Math": percPassMathSize, "% Passing Reading": percPassReadSize, "% Overall Passing Rate": overallPassSize}) # index name and desginating index scores size.index.name = "Number of Students" scores size = scores size.reindex(group names) scores size

Out[30]:

	Average Math Score	Average Reading Score	% Passing Math	% Passing Reading	% Overall Passing Rate
Number of Students					
Small (<1000)	83.83	83.97	93.95	96.04	95.00
Medium (1000-2000)	83.37	83.87	93.62	96.77	95.20
Large (2000-5000)	77.48	81.20	68.65	82.13	75.39

```
In [31]: grouped by type = school data complete.groupby('type')
         # number of students per size
         stuType = grouped by type['Student ID'].count()
         # avg math score by size
         mathAvgType = round(grouped by type['math score'].mean(), 2)
         # avg reading score by size
         readAvgType = round(grouped by type['reading score'].mean(), 2)
         # percent passing math by size
         percPassMathType = round(school data complete[school data complete['math score'] > 69].groupby('type')['Stu
         dent ID'].count()/ stuType *100, 2)
         # percent passing reading by size
         percPassReadType = round(school data complete[school data complete['reading score'] > 69].groupby('type')['
         Student ID'].count()/ stuType *100, 2)
         # overall passing rate by size
         overallPassType = round((percPassMathType + percPassReadType) / 2, 2)
         # scores by size df
         scores type = pd.DataFrame({"Total Students": stuType,
                                      "Average Math Score": mathAvgType,
                                      "Average Reading Score": readAvgType,
                                       "% Passing Math": percPassMathType,
                                       "% Passing Reading": percPassReadType,
                                       "% Overall Passing Rate": overallPassType})
         # index name and desginating index
         scores type.index.name = "School Type"
         scores type
```

Out[31]:

	Total Students			_	_	_
School Type						
Charter	12194	83.41	83.90	93.70	96.65	95.18
District	26976	76.99	80.96	66.52	80.91	73.72

End of code