# Evaluating Data Attribution for Text-to-Image Models

#### Idea

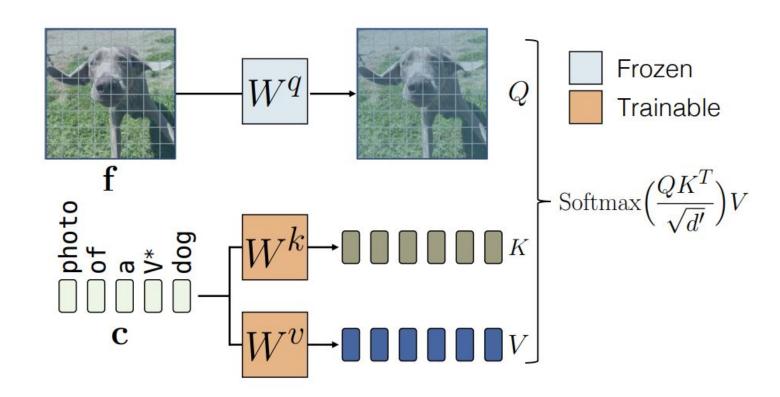
We want to know which images contribute to output

Because of copyright and ownership of the training images, understanding the interplay between training data and generative model outputs has become increasingly necessary, both for scientific progress, as well as for practical or legal reasons.

#### Custom diffusion TLDR

- Very efficient finetune (6 minutes on 2 A100) with only 75 MB of additional weights
- Special token V\* for new concepts
- Only train key and value matrices in only cross-attention
- Saved only row-rank approximation

#### **Custom diffusion TLDR**



#### Dataset. Object-centric models. Images

- Select 10 images per 693 ImageNet-1K classes
- Build 2 datasets
  - Seen classes (5930 images)
  - Unseen classes (ImageNet-100 classes) for out-of-distribution testing

## Dataset. Object-centric models. Prompts

- Training prompt
  - o V\* cat
- Chat-GPT (tends to realism)
  - The V\* cat groomed itself meticulously
- Medium Prompt
  - O A <medium> of V\* cat
  - o <medium> is a sample from watercolor painting, tattoo, digital art

# Dataset. Object-centric models

		Object centre						
Property		Imagenet-Seen			Unseen	Total		
		train	val	test	test			
Object classes		593	593	593	100*	693		
Training images		4744	593	593	1000	6930		
Avg images/model		1	1	1	1	1		
Total models		4744	593	593	1000	6930		
Prompts	ChatGPT <sup>†</sup>	15	6	$-\frac{10}{10}$	10			
	Procedural	40	6	$10^{\ddagger}$	$10^{\ddagger}$	50		
Samples	ChatGPT	284,640	14,232	23,720	40,000	362,592		
	Procedural	759,040	14,232	23,720	40,000	836,992		
	Total	1,043,680	28,464	47,440	80,000	1,199,584		

Object-centric

#### Dataset. Artistic-style models.

- BAM-FG and Artchive datasets
- Procedural A picture in the style of v\* art training prompts
- Chat-GPT's inference prompts
  - Sample 50 painting captions
  - $\circ$  The magic of the forest in the style of  $\mathbf{V}^*$  art
- Procedural inference prompts
  - 40 different objects, such as flowers and rivers
  - A picture of in the style of **v\* art for BAM-FG**
  - A painting .. for Artchive

# Dataset. Artistic-style models.

		Artistic styles						
Property		BAM-FG			Artchive	Total		
		train	val	test	test			
Object classes		-	_	-	_	_		
Training images		78,086	1837	1692	3081	84,696		
Avg images/model		7.36	7.35	6.77	12.08	7.45		
Total models		10,607	250	250	255	11,362		
Prompts	ChatGPT <sup>†</sup>	40	6	10		50		
	Procedural	30	6	$10^{\ddagger}$	10 <sup>‡</sup>	40		
Samples	ChatGPT -	1,697,120	6,000	10,000		1,723,320		
	Procedural	1,272,840	6,000	10,000	10,200	1,299,040		
	Total	2,969,960	12,000	20,000	20,400	3,022,360		

#### Dataset. Summary.

We have N models

- X<sub>k</sub> as training dataset
- $X_k$  as influenced synthetic images dataset (inference dataset)

Goal is to predict  $X_k$  from  $X_k$ 

## Evaluating existing features

Define feature extraction *F* (CLIP, DINO) such that

"assessing visual similarity is not equivalent to attributing data influence"

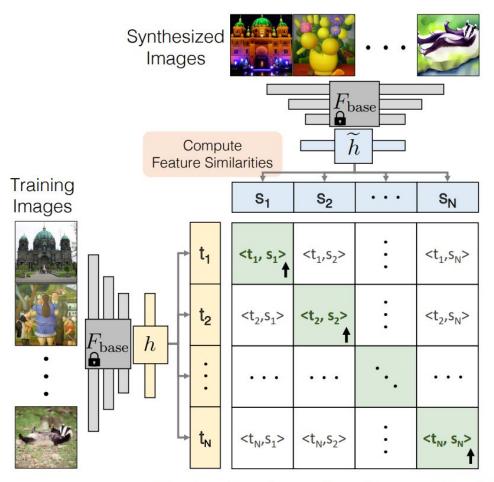
Define feature extractions *F* and *F* and some light mapping functions *h* and *h* 

$$F_{\text{base}}$$
 – pretrained encoder  $F = h \circ F_{\text{base}}$   $F = h \circ F_{\text{base}}$ 

Get NT-Xent (the normalized temperature-scaled cross entropy loss)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{cont}}^{i} = -\left(\log \frac{\exp(\mathbf{t}_{i}^{\top} \mathbf{s}_{i} / \upsilon)}{\sum_{j} \exp(\mathbf{t}_{i}^{\top} \mathbf{s}_{j} / \upsilon)} + \log \frac{\exp(\mathbf{t}_{i}^{\top} \mathbf{s}_{i} / \upsilon)}{\sum_{j} \exp(\mathbf{t}_{j}^{\top} \mathbf{s}_{i} / \upsilon)}\right)$$

v is 1 in training



Contrastive Learning Across Two Views

Extract probabilistic influence P(x|x)

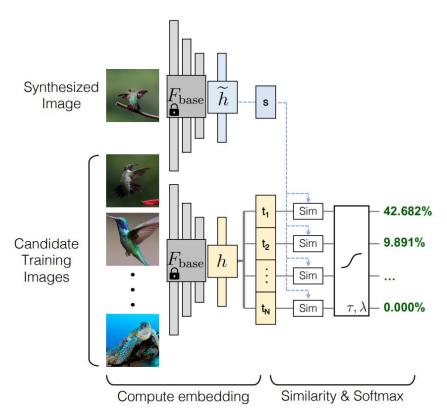
Define loss

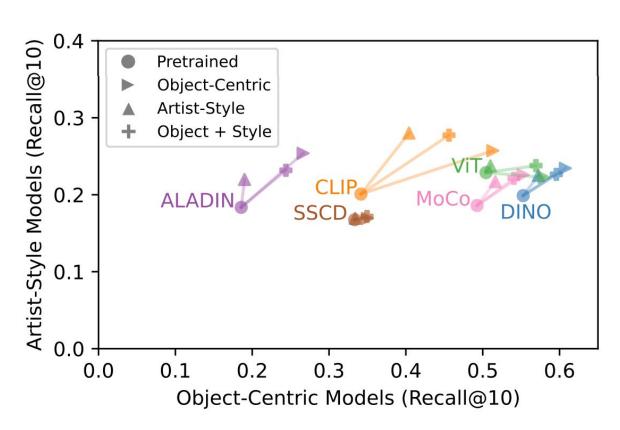
$$\min_{P} \mathbb{E}_{\boldsymbol{x}} \left[ \mathcal{D}_{\mathrm{KL}} \mathcal{S}(x; \boldsymbol{x}) \mid P(x | \boldsymbol{x}) \right] \qquad \mathcal{S}(x; \boldsymbol{x}) = \frac{1}{|X|} \mathbb{I}[x \in X]$$

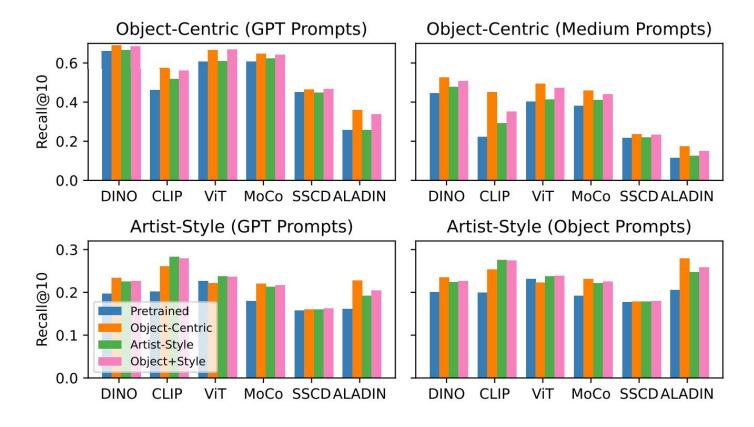
Merging similarity and probabilistic influence

$$P_{\tau,\lambda}(x|\mathbf{x}) = \frac{\operatorname{ReLU}(\exp(\frac{s-s_0}{t}) - \lambda)}{\sum_{j} \operatorname{ReLU}(\exp(\frac{s_j-s_0}{t}) - \lambda)}$$

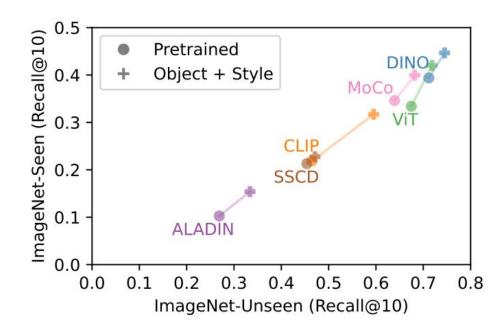
where s - similarity.  $\tau$  = 1

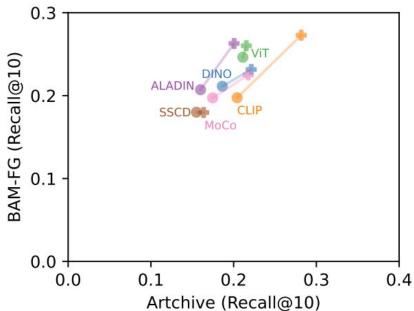


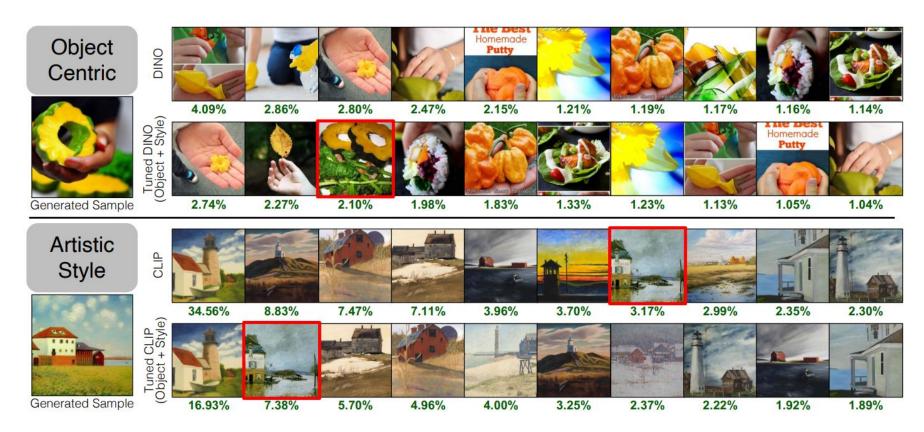




No overfitting!

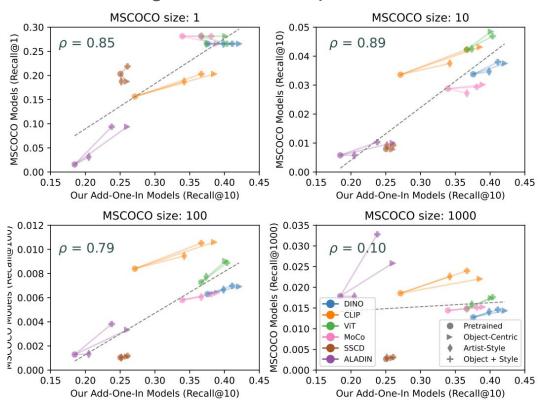








Single image finetune is boring. Let's do multiple!



#### Extra

#### Chat-GPT prompt:

Provide 25 diverse image captions depicting images containing category, where the word "category" is in each caption as a subject. Each caption should be applicable to depict images containing any kinds of category in general, without explicitly mentioning any specific category. Each caption should be suitable to generate realistic images using a large-scale text-to-image generative model.

Dataset <u>examples</u> (and <u>more</u>) Prompts <u>examples</u>