## Python Program for Binary Search (Recursive and Iterative)

We basically ignore half of the elements just after one comparison.

- 1. Compare x with the middle element.
- 2. If x matches with middle element, we return the mid index.
- 3. Else If x is greater than the mid element, then x can only lie in right half subarray after the mid element. So we recur for right half.
- 4. Else (x is smaller) recur for the left half.

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Recursive:
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filter_none
edit
play_arrow
brightness_4
# Python Program for recursive binary search.
\# Returns index of x in arr if present, else -1
def binarySearch (arr, 1, r, x):
    # Check base case
    if r >= 1:
        mid = 1 + (r - 1)/2
        # If element is present at the middle itself
        if arr[mid] == x:
            return mid
        # If element is smaller than mid, then it can only
        # be present in left subarray
        elifarr[mid] > x:
            return binarySearch (arr, 1, mid-1, x)
        # Else the element can only be present in right subarray
        else:
            return binarySearch(arr, mid+1, r, x)
    else:
        # Element is not present in the array
        return -1
# Test array
arr = [2, 3, 4, 10, 40]
x = 10
# Function call
result = binarySearch(arr, 0, len(arr)-1, x)
if result !=-1:
    print "Element is present at index %d" % result
    print "Element is not present in array"
Output:
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Iterative:
filter none
edit
play_arrow
brightness_4
# Iterative Binary Search Function
\# It returns location of x in given array arr if present,
# else returns -1
def binarySearch(arr, l, r, x):
    while 1 <= r:
        mid = 1 + (r - 1)/2;
        \# Check if x is present at mid
        if arr[mid] == x:
            return mid
        # If x is greater, ignore left half
        elif arr[mid] < x:</pre>
            1 = mid + 1
        # If x is smaller, ignore right half
            r = mid - 1
    # If we reach here, then the element was not present
# Test array
arr = [2, 3, 4, 10, 40]
x = 10
# Function call
result = binarySearch(arr, 0, len(arr)-1, x)
if result !=-1:
    print "Element is present at index %d" % result
    print "Element is not present in array"
Output:
Element is present at index 3
```

Please refer complete article on Binary Search for more details!