

lapply

INTERMEDIATE R



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DataCamp Instructor

NYC: for

```
nyc <- list(pop = 8405837,  
             boroughs = c("Manhattan", "Bronx", "Brooklyn",  
             "Queens", "Staten Island"),  
             capital = FALSE)
```

```
for(info in nyc) {  
  print(class(info))  
}
```

```
"numeric"  
"character"  
"logical"
```

NYC: lapply()

```
nyc <- list(pop = 8405837,  
             boroughs = c("Manhattan", "Bronx", "Brooklyn",  
             "Queens", "Staten Island"),  
             capital = FALSE)
```

```
lapply(nyc, class)
```

```
$pop
```

```
"numeric"
```

NYC: lapply()

```
$boroughs
```

```
"character"
```

```
$capital
```

```
"logical"
```

Cities: for

```
cities <- c("New York", "Paris", "London", "Tokyo",  
          "Rio de Janeiro", "Cape Town")
```

```
num_chars <- c()  
for(i in 1:length(cities)) {  
  num_chars[i] <- nchar(cities[i])  
}
```

```
num_chars
```

```
8 5 6 5 14 9
```

Cities: lapply()

```
cities <- c("New York", "Paris", "London", "Tokyo",  
         "Rio de Janeiro", "Cape Town")
```

```
lapply(cities, nchar)
```

```
[[1]]  
[1] 8  
  
[[2]]  
[1] 5  
...  
[[6]]  
[1] 9
```

Cities: lapply()

```
cities <- c("New York", "Paris", "London", "Tokyo",  
          "Rio de Janeiro", "Cape Town")
```

```
unlist(lapply(cities, nchar))
```

```
8 5 6 5 14 9
```

Oil

```
oil_prices <-
  list(2.37, 2.49, 2.18,
       2.22, 2.47, 2.32)
```

```
triple <- function(x) {
  3 * x
}
```

```
result <-
  lapply(oil_prices, triple)
```

```
str(result)
```

```
List of 6
$ : num 7.11
$ : num 7.47
$ : num 6.54
$ : num 6.66
$ : num 7.41
$ : num 6.96
```

```
unlist(result)
```

```
7.11 7.47 6.54
6.66 7.41 6.96
```

```
oil_prices <- list(2.37, 2.49, 2.18, 2.22, 2.47, 2.32)
multiply <- function(x, factor) {
  x * factor
}
```

```
times3 <- lapply(oil_prices, multiply, factor = 3)
unlist(times3)
```

```
7.11 7.47 6.54 6.66 7.41 6.96
```

```
times4 <- lapply(oil_prices, multiply, factor = 4)
unlist(times4)
```

```
9.48 9.96 8.72 8.88 9.88 9.28
```

Let's practice!

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sapply

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lapply()

- Apply function over list or vector
- Function can return R objects of different classes
- List necessary to store heterogeneous content
- However, often homogeneous content

Cities: lapply()

```
cities <- c("New York", "Paris", "London", "Tokyo",
          "Rio de Janeiro", "Cape Town")
result <- lapply(cities, nchar)
str(result)
```

```
List of 6
$ : int 8
$ : int 5
$ : int 6
$ : int 5
$ : int 14
$ : int 9
```

Cities: lapply()

```
unlist(lapply(cities, nchar))
```

```
8 5 6 5 14 9
```

Cities: sapply()

```
cities <- c("New York", "Paris", "London", "Tokyo",  
         "Rio de Janeiro", "Cape Town")  
unlist(lapply(cities, nchar))
```

```
8 5 6 5 14 9
```

```
sapply(cities, nchar)
```

```
New York    Paris    London    Tokyo    Rio de Janeiro    Cape Town  
     8          5          6          5                  14          9
```

Cities: sapply()

```
sapply(cities, nchar, USE.NAMES = FALSE)
```

```
8 5 6 5 14 9
```

Cities: sapply()

```
first_and_last <- function(name) {  
  name <- gsub(" ", "", name)  
  letters <- strsplit(name, split = "")[[1]]  
  c(first = min(letters), last = max(letters))  
}
```

```
first_and_last("New York")
```

```
first  last  
"e"    "Y"
```

Cities: sapply()

```
sapply(cities, first_and_last)
```

	New York	Paris	London	Tokyo	Rio de Janeiro	Cape Town
first	"e"	"a"	"d"	"k"	"a"	"a"
last	"Y"	"s"	"o"	"y"	"R"	"w"

Unable to simplify?

```
unique_letters <- function(name) {  
  name <- gsub(" ", "", name)  
  letters <- strsplit(name, split = "")[[1]]  
  unique(letters)  
}
```

```
unique_letters("London")
```

```
"L" "o" "n" "d"
```

Unable to simplify?

```
lapply(cities,  
       unique_letters)
```

```
[[1]]  
[1]"N" "e" "w" "Y" "o" "r" "k"  
  
[[2]]  
[1] "P" "a" "r" "i" "s"  
  
[[3]]  
[1] "L" "o" "n" "d"  
  
[[4]]  
[1] "T" "o" "k" "y"
```

```
sapply(cities, unique_letters)
```

```
$`New York`  
[1]"N" "e" "w" "Y" "o" "r" "k"  
  
$Paris  
[1] "P" "a" "r" "i" "s"  
  
$London  
[1] "L" "o" "n" "d"  
  
$Tokyo  
[1] "T" "o" "k" "y"
```

Let's practice!

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vapply

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Recap

- `lapply()`
 - apply function over list or vector
 - `output = list`
- `sapply()`
 - apply function over list or vector
 - **try to simplify** list to array
- `vapply()`
 - apply function over list or vector
 - **explicitly specify** output format

sapply() & vapply()

```
cities <- c("New York", "Paris", "London", "Tokyo",  
          "Rio de Janeiro", "Cape Town")  
sapply(cities, nchar)
```

```
New York      Paris     London      Tokyo    Rio de Janeiro    Cape Town  
          8           5           6           5            14            9
```

```
vapply(X, FUN, FUN.VALUE, ..., USE.NAMES = TRUE)
```

```
vapply(cities, nchar, numeric(1))
```

```
New York      Paris     London      Tokyo    Rio de Janeiro    Cape Town  
          8           5           6           5            14            9
```

vapply()

```
first_and_last <- function(name) {  
  name <- gsub(" ", "", name)  
  letters <- strsplit(name, split = "")[[1]]  
  return(c(first = min(letters), last = max(letters)))  
}
```

```
sapply(cities, first_and_last)
```

	New York	Paris	London	Tokyo	Rio de Janeiro	Cape Town
first	"e"	"a"	"d"	"k"	"a"	"a"
last	"Y"	"s"	"o"	"y"	"R"	"w"

vapply()

```
vapply(cities, first_and_last, character(2))
```

	New York	Paris	London	Tokyo	Rio de Janeiro	Cape Town
first	"e"	"a"	"d"	"k"	"a"	"a"
last	"Y"	"s"	"o"	"y"	"R"	"w"

vapply() errors

```
vapply(cities, first_and_last, character(2))
```

	New York	Paris	London	Tokyo	Rio de Janeiro	Cape Town
first	"e"	"a"	"d"	"k"	"a"	"a"
last	"Y"	"s"	"o"	"y"	"R"	"w"

```
vapply(cities, first_and_last, character(1))
```

```
Error in vapply(cities, first_and_last, character(1)) :  
values must be length 1,  
but FUN(X[[1]]) result is length 2
```

vapply() errors

```
vapply(cities, first_and_last, numeric(2))
```

```
Error in vapply(cities, first_and_last, numeric(2)) :  
  values must be type 'double',  
  but FUN(X[[1]]) result is type 'character'
```

unique_letters()

```
unique_letters <- function(name) {  
  name <- gsub(" ", "", name)  
  letters <- strsplit(name, split = "")[[1]]  
  unique(letters)  
}
```

vapply() > sapply()

```
sapply(cities, unique_letters)
```

```
$`New York`  
[1] "N" "e" "w" "Y" "o" "r" "k"  
...  
$`Cape Town`  
[1] "C" "a" "p" "e" "T" "o" "w" "n"
```

```
vapply(cities, unique_letters, character(4))
```

```
Error in vapply(cities, unique_letters, character(4)) :  
  values must be length 4,  
  but FUN(X[[1]]) result is length 7
```

Let's practice!

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