

Android : SQLite Database

**Virtual
Internship
Experience**



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Disclaimer

“Dokumen ini memiliki hak cipta. Barang siapa yang menyebarluaskan atau menduplikasi tanpa izin dari instansi terkait dapat diproses sesuai dengan ketentuan hukum yang berlaku.”

Outline

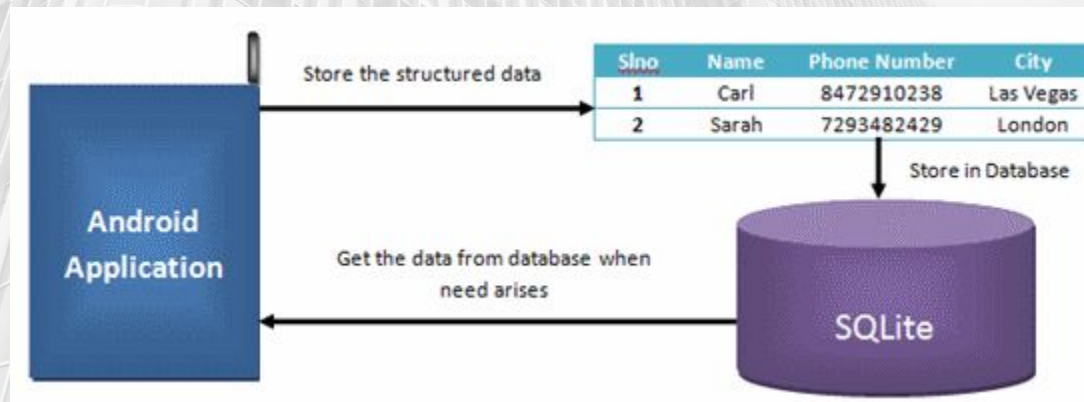
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SQLite Database

SQLite merupakan sebuah *Relational Database Management System* (RDMS) yang tidak memerlukan server untuk beroperasi. Karena itu SQLite dapat digunakan dalam berbagai aplikasi (*offline*) seperti aplikasi Android, aplikasi desktop, dan game.

Komponen SQLite DB

1. Class Model (Entity Data) : Representasi dari data yang akan disimpan ke dalam database
2. Database Handler Class : Class yang berfungsi untuk meng-handle operasi CRUD (Create, Read, Update, and Delete) dan meng-extends class **SQLiteOpenHelper**



A hand is shown interacting with a futuristic, semi-transparent interface. The interface consists of a grid of various icons, including a clock, a magnifying glass, a gear, a lightbulb, a network diagram, and a document. The background is a blurred image of a person's face, suggesting a focus on human-computer interaction. The overall color scheme is teal and blue.

Let's try!

Let's try!

Membuat Aplikasi CRUD Sederhana

A screenshot of an Android application interface. At the top, a purple header bar contains the text 'Try SQLite'. Below this, the title 'EDIT PROFIL' is centered in blue. The form consists of three input fields: 'Nama Nasabah' with the placeholder 'Masukkan Nama Lengkap', 'No HP' with the placeholder 'Masukkan Nomor HP', and 'Email' with the placeholder 'Masukkan Email'. At the bottom of the form is a purple button with the white text 'SIMPAN'. The status bar at the very top shows the time '5:15' and various icons. The bottom of the screen shows the standard Android navigation bar.

Aplikasi CRUD sederhana dengan SQLite yang menyimpan data umum nasabah pengguna mobile banking seperti nama lengkap nasabah, nomor HP, dan email.

Buatlah project baru di Android Studio terlebih dahulu yang terdiri dari satu empty activity!

1: Membuat layout UI halaman edit profil (file activity_main.xml)



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:orientation="vertical"
    android:padding="16dp">
```

```
    <TextView
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_marginBottom="20dp"
        android:text="Edit Profil"
        android:textAlignment="center"
        android:textAllCaps="true"
        android:textColor="@color/purple_700"
        android:textSize="24sp"
        android:textStyle="bold" />
```

```
    <TextView
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Nama Nasabah"
        android:textSize="16sp" />
```

```
    <EditText
        android:id="@+id/et_name"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:hint="Masukkan Nama Lengkap"
        android:inputType="textPersonName"
        android:minHeight="48dp" />
```

```
    <TextView
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_marginTop="10dp"
        android:text="No HP"
        android:textSize="16sp" />
```

```
    <EditText
        android:id="@+id/et_nohp"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:hint="Masukkan Nomor HP"
        android:inputType="number"
        android:minHeight="48dp" />
```

```
    <TextView
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_marginTop="10dp"
        android:text="Email"
        android:textSize="16sp" />
```

```
    <EditText
        android:id="@+id/et_address"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:hint="Masukkan Email"
        android:inputType="textEmailAddress"
        android:minHeight="48dp" />
```

```
    <Button
        android:id="@+id/btn_add"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_marginTop="15dp"
        android:text="Simpan" />
```

```
</LinearLayout>
```


2 : Memberikan izin untuk mengakses penyimpanan pada file AndroidManifest.xml



```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.READ_EXTERNAL_STORAGE" />
```

```
<application
```

3 : Membuat class model User

```
data class User(  
    var id: Int = 0,  
    var name: String,  
    var phoneNum: String,  
    var email : String  
)
```

4 : Membuat class untuk operasi SQLite



```
class DatabaseHandler(context: Context?) :  
    SQLiteOpenHelper(context, DATABASE_NAME, factory: null, DATABASE_VERSION) {  
  
    companion object {  
        private const val DATABASE_VERSION = 1  
  
        // Database name  
        private const val DATABASE_NAME = "DB_APP"  
  
        // table name  
        private const val TABLE_USER = "USER"  
  
        // column tables  
        private const val KEY_ID = "id"  
        private const val KEY_NAME = "name"  
        private const val KEY_PHONE_NUM = "phone_num"  
        private const val KEY_EMAIL = "email"  
    }  
}
```

Lanjutan :

```
//Create table  
override fun onCreate(db: SQLiteDatabase) {  
    val queryCreateTable = ("CREATE TABLE " + TABLE_USER + "("  
        + KEY_ID + " INTEGER PRIMARY KEY," + KEY_NAME + " TEXT,"  
        + KEY_PHONE_NUM + " TEXT" + KEY_EMAIL + " TEXT)")  
    db.execSQL(queryCreateTable)  
}  
  
// on Upgrade database  
override fun onUpgrade(db: SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion: Int, newVersion: Int) {  
    db.execSQL( sql: "DROP TABLE IF EXISTS $TABLE_USER")  
    onCreate(db)  
}
```

5 : Insert new data

```
fun insertUser(userModels: User) {  
    val db = writableDatabase  
    val values = ContentValues()  
    values.put(KEY_NAME, userModels.name)  
    values.put(KEY_PHONE_NUM, userModels.phoneNum)  
    values.put(KEY_EMAIL, userModels.email)  
    db.insert(TABLE_USER, nullColumnHack: null, values)  
    db.close()  
}
```


6 : Read all data from DB

```
// get All Record
fun getAllUser(): List<User>? {
    val users: MutableList<User> = ArrayList<User>()
    // Select All Query
    val selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM $TABLE_USER"
    val db = this.writableDatabase
    val cursor: Cursor = db.rawQuery(selectQuery, selectionArgs: null)
    if (cursor.moveToFirst()) {
        do {
            val userModel = User(
                id = cursor.getString(0).toInt(),
                name = cursor.getString(1),
                phoneNum = cursor.getString(2),
                email = cursor.getString(3)
            )
            users.add(userModel)
        } while (cursor.moveToNext())
    }
    return users
}
```

7: Delete data

```
fun deleteUser(user: User) {  
    val db = this.writableDatabase  
    db.delete(TABLE_USER, whereClause: "$KEY_ID = ?", arrayOf(String.valueOf(user.id)))  
    db.close()  
}
```

8 : Update data

```
fun updateUser(user: User): Int {  
    val db = this.writableDatabase  
    val values = ContentValues()  
    values.put(KEY_NAME, user.name)  
    values.put(KEY_PHONE_NUM, user.phoneNum)  
    values.put(KEY_EMAIL, user.email)  
  
    // updating data  
    return db.update(  
        TABLE_USER,  
        values,  
        whereClause: "$KEY_ID = ?",  
        arrayOf(String.valueOf(user.id))  
    )  
}
```

9 : Akses DB dari activity



Berikut ini merupakan contoh pengaksesan DB Handler untuk insert data user baru.

```
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {

    private lateinit var binding: ActivityMainBinding

    override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
        binding = ActivityMainBinding.inflate(layoutInflater)
        setContentView(binding.root)

        binding.btnAdd.setOnClickListener { it: View!
            val db = DatabaseHandler( context: this)
            val user = User(
                name = binding.etName.text.toString(),
                phoneNum = binding.etNoHp.text.toString(),
                email = binding.etEmail.text.toString()
            )
            db.insertUser(user)
            Toast.makeText( context: this, text: "Berhasil menambahkan ke dalam DB", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show()
        }
    }
}
```




Thank You!



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