

9 | Cofibrations

9.1 Definition. A map $i: A \rightarrow X$ has the *homotopy extension property* for a space Y if for any commutative diagram of the form

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Y & \xleftarrow{\bar{f}} & X \\ \text{ev}_0 \uparrow & \nearrow \bar{h} & \uparrow i \\ \text{Map}([0, 1], Y) & \xleftarrow{h} & A \end{array}$$

there exists a map $\bar{h}: X \times [0, 1] \rightarrow Y$ such that $\bar{h}i = \bar{f}$ and $p\bar{h} = h$. Here $\text{ev}_0: \text{Map}([0, 1], Y) \rightarrow Y$ is the evaluation at 0 map: $\text{ev}_0(\omega) = \omega(0)$.

Equivalently, $i: A \rightarrow X$ has the homotopy extension property for Y if given any map $\bar{f}: X \rightarrow Y$ and a homotopy $h^\sharp: A \times [0, 1] \rightarrow Y$ such that $h_0^\sharp = \bar{f}i$ we can find a homotopy $\bar{h}^\sharp: X \times [0, 1] \rightarrow Y$, such that $\bar{h}_0^\sharp = \bar{f}$ and $\bar{h}^\sharp(i(a), t) = h^\sharp(a, t)$ for all $(a, t) \in A \times [0, 1]$.

In this setting we will say that \bar{h}^\sharp is an extension of h^\sharp beginning at \bar{f} .

9.2 Definition. A map $i: A \rightarrow X$ is a *cofibration* if it has the homotopy extension property for any space Y .

9.3 Example. By Theorem 2.14 if (X, A) is a relative CW complex then the inclusion $i: A \hookrightarrow X$ is a cofibration.

Recall that the mapping cylinder of a map $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is the quotient space

$$M_f = (X \times [0, 1] \sqcup Y) / \sim$$

where $(x, 0) \sim f(x)$ for all $x \in X$. We have a map $s_f: M_f \rightarrow Y \times [0, 1]$ such that $s_f(x, t) = (f(x), t)$ for

$(x, t) \in X \times [0, 1]$ and $f(y) = (y, 0)$ for $y \in Y$.

9.4 Proposition. *For a map $i: A \rightarrow X$ the following conditions are equivalent:*

- 1) *The map i is a cofibration.*
- 2) *The map i has the homotopy extension property for the space M_i*
- 3) *There exists a map $r_f: X \times [0, 1] \rightarrow M_i$ such that $r_f s_f = \text{id}_{M_i}$*

Proof. Exercise. □

9.5 Corollary. *If $i: A \rightarrow X$ is a cofibration then i is an embedding.*

Proof. Exercise. Use condition 3) in Proposition 9.4. □

9.6 Proposition. *Given any map $f: X \rightarrow Y$ the map $i_f: X \rightarrow M_f$ given by $i_f(x) = (x, 1)$ is a cofibration.*

Proof. Exercise. □

9.7 Note. Given a map $f: X \rightarrow Y$, let $d_f: M_f \rightarrow Y$ be the strong deformation retraction. As a consequence of Proposition 9.6, we have a commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Y & \xleftarrow[d_f]{\simeq} & M_f \\ & \nwarrow f \quad \nearrow i_f & \\ & X & \end{array}$$

where i_f is a cofibration.