## 3. Consider the following matrix A:

$$A = \left[ \begin{array}{rrr} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

For each value of  $\lambda$  given below determine if it is an eigenvalue of A.

a) 
$$\lambda = 0$$
 b)  $\lambda = -1$  c)  $\lambda = -2$ 

$$\lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda$$

O is not an eigen value of A

$$\begin{array}{c} (a) \ \lambda = -1 \end{array} \xrightarrow{A+1} \xrightarrow$$

$$\begin{array}{c} C) \lambda = -\lambda & A+\lambda I \\ \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\downarrow}{\downarrow} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}-R_{1}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}-R_{1}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}-R_{1}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}-R_{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}-R_{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}-R_{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}-R_{3}} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}-R_{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3}-R_{3}} \stackrel{\downarrow}{R_{3$$

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