

5. For each of the statements given below decide if it is true or false. If it is true explain why. If it is false give a counterexample.

a) If A is a 2×2 matrix and v is an eigenvector of A corresponding to an eigenvalue λ then $2v$ is an eigenvector of A corresponding to the eigenvalue 2λ .

b) If V is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^2 and w is a vector such that $\text{proj}_V w = -w$ then w must be the zero vector.

c) If A is a square matrix which is both symmetric and orthogonal then A^2 is the identity matrix.

d) If A and B are 2×2 matrices which are both orthogonally diagonalizable, then the matrix $A + B$ is also orthogonally diagonalizable.

False. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. $\det(A - \lambda I) = \begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 \\ 2 & -\lambda \end{vmatrix} = -\lambda(1-\lambda) - 2 = -\lambda + \lambda^2 - 2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow (\lambda-2)(\lambda+1)$
 $\lambda = 2 \quad \lambda = -1$

For $\lambda = -1 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x = 0 \rightarrow x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$

For $\lambda = 2 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} x = 0 \rightarrow x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \neq 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$

True. For any u such that $\text{proj}_V u = v$, $u \cdot v \geq 0$. $w \cdot -w \leq 0$ so the only way for this to be true is if $w = 0$.

True. If A is orthogonal and symmetric then it is of the form $P D P^T$. $A^2 = P D^2 P^T$. Since P is an orthogonal basis for A , $P D^2 P^T$ is going to be the identity matrix.

False. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{2} & -1/\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$. Both A and B are orthogonally diagonalizable, let $W = A + B \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1+1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{2} & -2/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 1/\sqrt{2} & 1+1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$. Though W is symmetrical, the columns of W aren't orthogonal to each other so W isn't orthogonally diagonalizable.