



Full-stack Application Development

Redux – predictable state container for JavaScript apps

Where to Find The Code and Materials?

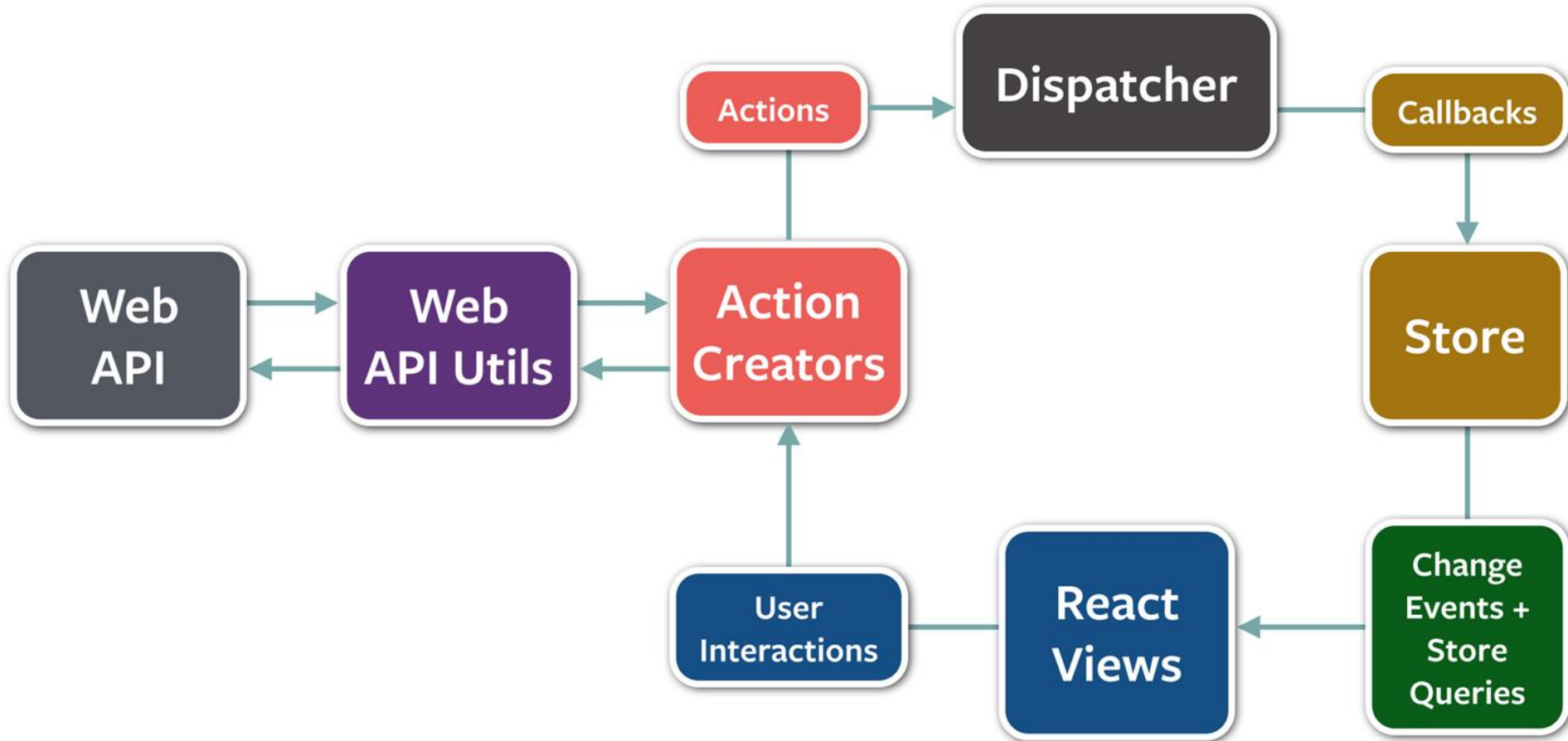
<https://github.com/iproduct/fullstack-typescript-react>



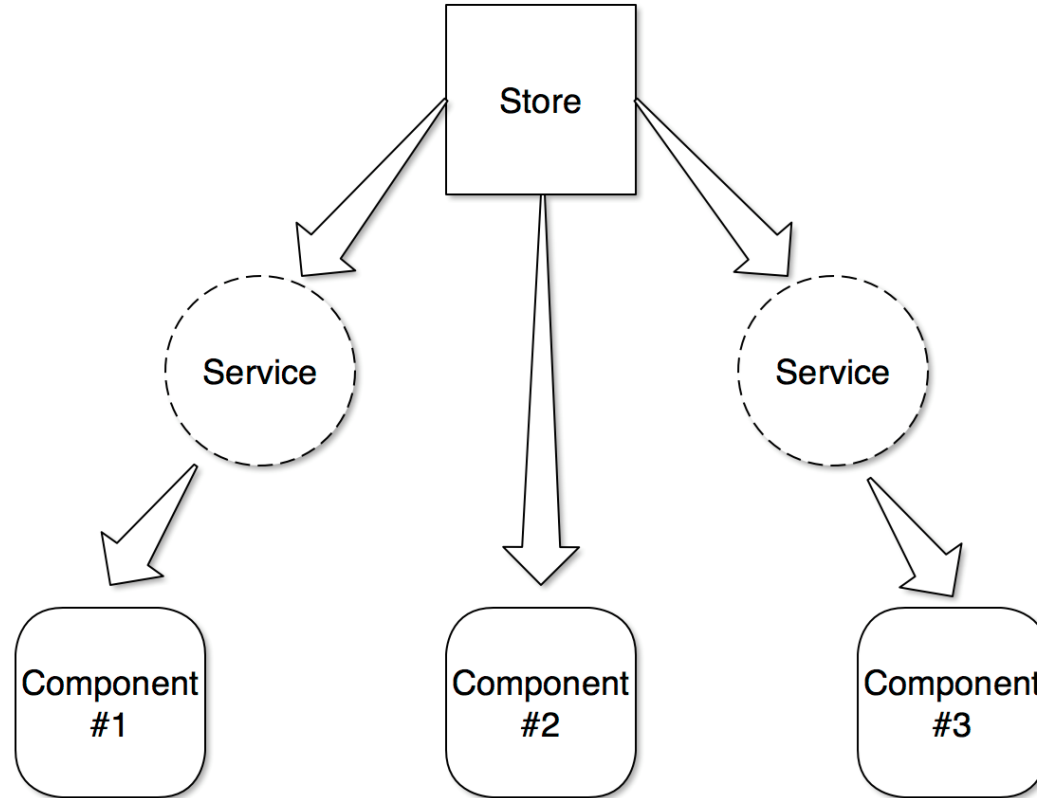
Agenda

1. Flux and Redux design patterns
2. Main components: store, actions, action creators, reducers, selectors
3. Redux Recommended (Basic) Project Structure
4. Bootstrapping the Redux App
5. Redux Action Creators
6. Redux Reducers
7. Redux Root Reducer
8. Redux Containers and *connect* decorator
9. Using Redux Router Redux and Redux Thunk
10. Advanced Redux using Middleware Libraries

Flux Design Pattern



Redux Design Pattern



Linear flow: Dispatch → Reducers → New State → Store

Redux

- Streamlined state management for **React.js** applications, inspired by **Redux**
- **State** is a single immutable data structure
- **Actions** describe state changes
- Pure functions called **reducers** take the **previous state** and the **next action** to compute the **new state**
- State is kept within single **Store**, and accessed through sub-state **selectors**, or as **Observable** of state changes
- Components are by default performance optimized using the **shouldComponentUpdate()** → **performant change detection**

Three Principles of Redux

- Single source of truth - the [global state](#) of your application is stored in an object tree within a single [store](#).
- State is read-only - the only way to change the state is to emit an [action](#), an object describing what happened.
- Changes are made with pure functions - to specify how the state tree is transformed by actions, you write pure [reducers](#).

Redux Recommended (Basic) Project Structure

- **actions** – action creator factory functions (design pattern Command)
- **assets** – static assets (css images, fonts, etc.) folder
- **components** – simple (dumb) react components – pure render
- **container** – Redux Store aware (smart) component wrappers
- **reducers** – the only way to advance state:

`function(OldStoreState, Action) => NewStoreState // = Rx scan()`

- **index.js** – bootstraps app providing access to Store for all containers (smart components) using React context

Installing Redux + Redux Thunk + Redux Devtools

- Installing Redux and React-Redux integration:
npm install redux react-redux
- Installing React-Redux typings (Redux comes with own .d.ts file):
npm install --save-dev @types/react-redux
- Installing Redux Thunk library for handling async operations:
npm install redux-thunk
- Installing Redux Thunk typings:
npm install --save-dev @types/redux-thunk
- Installing Redux Devtools: **npm install redux-devtools-extension**
- Installing Redux Devtools typings:
npm install --save-dev @types/redux-devtools-extension

Bootstrapping the Redux App – index.js

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
import { Provider } from 'react-redux';
import { createStore } from 'redux';
import rootReducer from './reducers';
import { FilteredTodoApp } from './containers/filtered-todo-app';

const store = createStore(
  rootReducer, window.__REDUX_DEVTOOLS_EXTENSION__ && window.__REDUX_DEVTOOLS_EXTENSION__() );

const render = (Component) => {
  ReactDOM.render(
    <Provider store={store}>
      <FilteredTodoApp />
    </Provider>,
    document.getElementById('root')
  );
};
```

← Redux store provider

← Top level container component

Redux Action Creators – /actions/index.js

```
let nextTodoId = 0;
export const addTodo = (text) => ({
  type: 'ADD_TODO',
  id: nextTodoId++,
  text
});
export const setVisibilityFilter = (filter) => ({
  type: 'SET_VISIBILITY_FILTER',
  filter
});
export const changeStatus = (id, status) => ({
  type: 'CHANGE_STATUS',
  id,
  status
});
...
```

← Action Type

} ← Action Payload

Redux Reducers – /reducers/todo.js

```
const todoReducer = (state = {}, action) => {  
  switch (action.type) {  
    case 'ADD_TODO':  
      return {  
        id: action.id,  
        text: action.text,  
        status: 'active'  
      };  
    case 'CHANGE_STATUS':  
      if (state.id !== action.id) {  
        return state;  
      }  
      return Object.assign({}, state, { status: action.status });  
    default:  
      return state;  
  }  
};
```

Redux Reducers – /reducers/todos.js

```
const todosReducer = (state = [], action) => {  
  switch (action.type) {  
    case 'ADD_TODO':  
      return [  
        ...state,  
        todoReducer(undefined, action)  
      ];  
    case 'CHANGE_STATUS':  
      return state.map( todo => todoReducer(todo, action) );  
    case 'DELETE_TODOS':  
      return state.filter(todo =>  
        todo.status !== action.status  
      );  
    default:  
      return state;  
  }  
};
```

Redux Root Reducer – /reducers/index.js

```
import { combineReducers } from 'redux';
import todos from './todos';
import visibilityFilter from './visibilityFilter';

const rootReducer = combineReducers({
  todos,
  visibilityFilter
});

export default rootReducer;
```

Redux Containers – /containers/visible-todo-list.js

```
const getVisibleTodos = (todos, filter) => todos.filter(
  todo => filter === 'all' ? true: todo.status === filter);
const mapStateToProps = (state) => ({
  todos: getVisibleTodos(state.todos, state.visibilityFilter)
});
const mapDispatchToProps = (dispatch) => ({
  onCompleted: (id) => {
    dispatch(changeStatus(id, 'completed'));
  },
  onCancel: (id) => {
    dispatch(changeStatus(id, 'canceled'));
  }
});
const VisibleTodoList = connect(mapStateToProps, mapDispatchToProps) (TodoList);
export default VisibleTodoList;
```

Redux App using ES7 @connect Decorator

```
const getVisibleTodos = (todos, filter) => todos.filter(
  todo => filter === 'all' ? true: todo.status === filter);
const mapStateToProps = (state) => ({
  todos: getVisibleTodos(state.todos, state.visibilityFilter)
});
const mapDispatchToProps = (dispatch) => ({
  onCompleted: (id) => {
    dispatch(changeStatus(id, 'completed'));
  },
  onCancel: (id) => {
    dispatch(changeStatus(id, 'canceled'));
  }
});
@connect(mapStateToProps, mapDispatchToProps)
export default class TodoList extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) { ...
```


Using Redux Router Redux and Redux Thunk (1)

- Idea: `history + store (redux) → react-router-redux → enhanced history → react-router`

```
import { compose, createStore, combineReducers, applyMiddleware } from 'redux';
import { Provider } from 'react-redux';
import createHistory from 'history/createBrowserHistory';
import { ConnectedRouter, routerReducer, routerMiddleware, push } from
  'react-router-redux';          // React Router to Redux integration
import thunk from 'redux-thunk'; // Allows using thunks = async actions
import reducers from './reducers'; // your reducers here
const history = createHistory(); // use browser History API
// middleware for intercepting & dispatching navigation & async actions
const middleware = [routerMiddleware(history), thunk];
// Enable Redux Devtools
const composeEnhancers = window.__REDUX_DEVTOOLS_EXTENSION_COMPOSE__ || compose;
```

Using Redux Router Redux and Redux Thunk (2)

```
const store = createStore(  
  combineReducers({ ...reducers,  
    router: routerReducer // Add the reducer to store on `router` key  
  }),  
  /* preloadedState, */  
  composeEnhancers( applyMiddleware(...middleware) ));  
store.dispatch(push('/repos/react/redux')); //dispatch navigation action  
ReactDOM.render(  
  <Provider store={store}> //ConnectedRouter use store from the Provider  
    <ConnectedRouter history={history}>  
      <App />  
    </ConnectedRouter>  
  </Provider>,  
  document.getElementById('root')  
)
```

Redux Thunk Async Actions - /actions/counter.js

```
export function increment(x) {  
  return { type: INCREMENT, amount: x }  
}
```

```
export function incrementAsync(x) {  
  return dispatch => //Can invoke sync or async actions with `dispatch`  
    setTimeout(() => { dispatch(increment(x)); }, 2000);  
}
```

```
export function incrementIfOdd(x) {  
  return (dispatch, getState) => {  
    const { counter } = getState();  
    if (counter.number % 2 === 0) return;  
    dispatch(increment(x)); //Can invoke actions conditionally  
  };  
}
```

Advanced Redux using Middleware Libraries

- **Normalizr** – [normalizing](#) and [denormalizing](#) data in state, helps to transform nested JSON response structures into a relational DB-like plain entities, referenced by Id in the Redux store.
- **redux-thunk** – in addition to plain actions, **action creators** can now return **Thunks** – callback functions of **dispatch** and **getState** arguments, allowing to handle async operations like [data fetch from REST endpoint](#) and [Promise-like composition](#).
- **redux-promise/ redux-promise-middleware** – thunk alternatives
- **redux-observable** – really powerfull reactive transforms of async action events as RxJS Observables, called **Epics**:

[\(action\\$:Observable<Action>, store:Store\) => Observable<Action>](#)

- **redux-saga** - a library that aims to make application side effects (i.e. asynchronous things like data fetching and impure things like accessing the browser cache) easier to manage, more efficient to execute, easy to test, and better at handling failures. Uses [generator functions](#) instead of promises.

Installing Redux Toolkit

- Installing [Redux Toolkit](#) with ECMAScript using official template:

`npx create-react-app my-app --template redux`

- Installing [Redux Toolkit](#) in existing TypeScript project:

NPM: **`npm install @reduxjs/toolkit`**

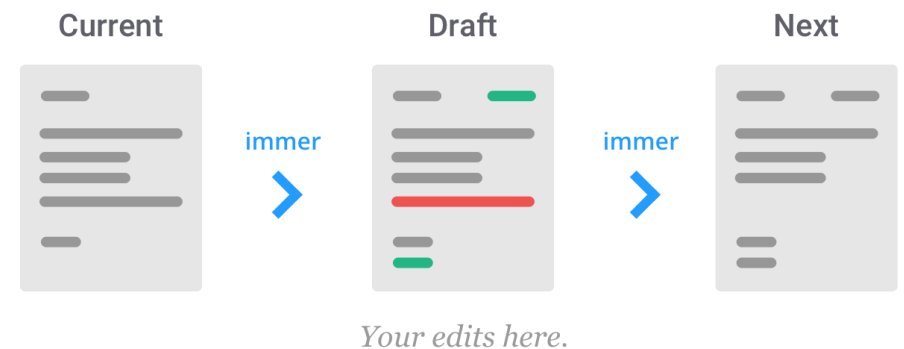
Yarn: **`yarn add @reduxjs/toolkit`**

- Under the hood [Redux Toolkit](#) installs:

- **[Redux](#) & [Redux-Thunk](#)**

- **[Immer](#)** – easy to implement immutability

- **[Reselect](#)** – combining selectors with memoization



Redux Toolkit Helpers

- Store Setup
 - [configureStore](#) - abstraction over the standard Redux [createStore](#) function that adds good defaults to the store setup for better development experience.
 - [getDefaultMiddleware](#) - returns array containing the default list of middleware.
 - [Immutability Middleware](#) - any detected mutations will be thrown as errors.
 - [Serializability Middleware](#) - any detected non-serializable values will be logged.
- Reducers and Actions
 - [createReducer](#) - creating reducers, as lookup tables [action_type](#) -> [handler](#)
 - [createAction](#) - a helper function for defining a Redux action type and creator.
 - [createSlice](#) - initial state + object of reducer functions + "slice name" -> action creators + action types + reducers
 - [createAsyncThunk](#) - accepts action type + callback function returning promise
 - [createEntityAdapter](#) - generates a set of prebuilt reducers and selectors for performing CRUD operations on a normalized state structure
- Other – [createSelector](#) - utility from the Reselect library, re-exported

Popular React Component Libraries

- [Material-UI](#)
- [React-Toolbox](#)
- [Semantic-UI-React](#)
- [React-Bootstrap](#)

Popular React Styling Approaches

- inline styles
- [emotion](#)
- [Styled Components](#)
- [Styled JSX](#)
- Load CSS with Webpack - [css-loader](#), [sass-loader](#), [less-loader](#)
- [JSS](#)
- [CSS modules](#) - [Adding a CSS Modules Stylesheet with CRA](#)
- [Comparison](#)

Thank's for Your Attention!



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