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Q.1) Quantum mechanics is the branch of physics where we studied about tiny particle which deals with the wave mechanics.

Postulates:-

- (i) It must be differential
- (ii) It must be continuous
- (iii) It must be normalized
- (iv) It must have a single value
- (v) It must show the normalized boundary condition from all space.

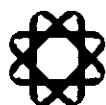
(vi) It must have $|\psi|^2$

(vii) the state of system must be defined by ψ

(viii) The probability of finding the particle is given by $|\psi|^2$

(ix) The probability of finding any particle is positive so wave function is given as $|\psi|^2$

(x) It must be square integrable.



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$$(b) |\psi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |\phi_1\rangle + \frac{i}{2} |\phi_2\rangle + \frac{1}{2} |\phi_3\rangle \quad \dots \text{(Given)}$$

$$|\psi_1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} |\phi_1\rangle + \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}} |\phi_3\rangle \quad \dots \text{(Given)}$$

Soln:

$$|\psi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |\phi_1\rangle + \frac{i}{2} |\phi_2\rangle + \frac{1}{2} |\phi_3\rangle \quad \dots \text{--- (i)}$$

$$\langle\psi_0| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \langle\phi_1| + -\frac{i}{2} \langle\phi_2| + \frac{1}{2} \langle\phi_3| \quad \dots \text{--- (ii)}$$

for normalise $\langle\psi_0|\psi_0\rangle = 1$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{i}{2} \times \frac{i}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 1$$

Hence $|\psi_0\rangle$ is normalised

Now,

$$|\psi_1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} |\phi_1\rangle + \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}} |\phi_3\rangle \quad \dots \text{(from Given)} \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$\langle\psi_1| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \langle\phi_1| + -\frac{i}{\sqrt{3}} \langle\phi_3| \quad \dots \text{--- (ii)}$$

\therefore Now: for normalised condition

$$\langle\psi_1|\psi_1\rangle = 1$$



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$$\therefore \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\therefore \frac{2}{3} \neq 1$$

$\therefore |\psi_1\rangle$ is not normalised

Here; $\langle \psi_0 | = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \langle \phi_1 | - \frac{i}{2} \langle \phi_2 | + \frac{1}{2} \langle \phi_3 |$ (from 1)

$$|\psi_1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} |\phi_1\rangle + \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}} |\phi_3\rangle \quad \dots \text{(from Given)}$$

$$\therefore \langle \psi_0 | \psi_1 \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{i}{2} + \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} - \frac{i}{2} + \frac{i}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} - i \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

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$$\boxed{\langle \psi_0 | \psi_1 \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} - i \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{3}} \right)}$$

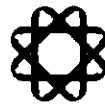
and

$$\langle \psi_1 | = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \langle \phi_1 | - \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}} \langle \phi_3 | \quad |\psi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \langle \phi_2 | + \frac{i}{2} \langle \phi_2 | + \frac{1}{2} \langle \phi_3 |$$

$$\therefore \langle \psi_1 | \psi_0 \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} + \frac{i}{2} - \frac{i}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} + i \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

$$\boxed{\langle \psi_1 | \psi_0 \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} + i \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{3}} \right)}$$



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(3) $V(x) = \infty \quad x < 0 \quad \text{and} \quad x > a$
 $= -V_0 \quad 0 < x < \frac{a}{2}$

Solution:-

Here $\psi(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$

Now 1st order correction is given as

~~$E_n^{(1)} = \langle \psi_n^{(0)} | H' | \psi_n^{(0)} \rangle$~~

$E_n^{(1)} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi_n^{(0)*} H' \psi_n^{(0)} dx$

$= \int_0^a \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \times (-V_0) \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) dx$

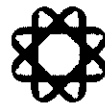
$= \frac{2}{a} (-V_0) \int_0^a \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) dx$

$= \frac{2}{a} (-V_0) \int_0^a \frac{1 - \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{a}\right)}{2} dx$

$= -\frac{V_0}{a} \int_0^a \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{a}\right)\right) dx$

$= -\frac{V_0}{a} \left[\int_0^a 1 dx - \int_0^a \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{a}\right) dx \right]$

$= -\frac{V_0}{a} \left[x \right]_0^a - \left[\sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{a}\right) \times \frac{a}{2n\pi} \right]_0^a$



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$$\therefore -\frac{V_0}{a} \left[x \right]_0^a = \left[\sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{a}\right) \times \frac{a}{2n\pi} - \sin(0) \times \frac{a}{2n\pi} \right]$$

$$\therefore -\frac{V_0}{a} [a - 0] = 0$$

$$= -\frac{V_0}{a} (a)$$

$$= -V_0$$

$$\therefore \boxed{E_n^{(1)} = -V_0}$$

(c)

Soln:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} E_0 + E & 0 \\ 0 & E_0 - E \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad H' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & A \\ A & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\text{here } |H' - E_n^{(1)} I| = 0$$

$$\therefore \left| \begin{bmatrix} 0 & A \\ A & 0 \end{bmatrix} - E_n^{(1)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right| = 0$$

$$\therefore \left| \begin{bmatrix} 0 & A \\ A & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} E_n^{(1)} & 0 \\ 0 & E_n^{(1)} \end{bmatrix} \right| = 0$$

$$\therefore \begin{vmatrix} -E_n^{(1)} & A \\ A & -E_n^{(1)} \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\therefore (E_n^{(1)})^2 - A^2 = 0$$

$$\therefore (E_n^{(1)})^2 = A^2$$

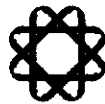
$$\therefore \boxed{E_n^{(1)} = \pm A}$$

1st Order Correction of Energy

for 2nd Order

$$E_n^{(2)} = \frac{\langle \psi_n^{(1)} | H' | \psi_n^{(0)} \rangle}{E_n^{(1)} - E_n^{(2)}}$$

$$E_n^{(2)} = \frac{A^2}{2A}$$



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(5)

(a) It is a mathematical term used as the notation in the Quantum mechanics as the wave function such that

$$\delta(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \neq 0 \\ \infty & x = 0 \end{cases}$$



on changing the scale

$$\delta(x-x_0) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \neq x_0 \\ \infty & x = x_0 \end{cases}$$

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$$\text{Here } \delta(x) \delta(x-x_0) = 1$$

Properties

$$(i) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(x) \delta(x-x_0) = 1$$

$$(ii) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(x) \delta(x-x_0) = f(x_0)$$

$$(iii) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \delta(x-c) = f(c)$$

as c lies between a and b

$$(iv) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \delta(x-c) = 0$$

as c does not lie in between a and b

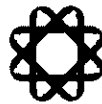
$$(v) \delta(ax) = \frac{1}{|a|} \delta(x)$$

$$(vi) \delta(-x) = \delta(x)$$

$$(vii) \frac{d}{dx} f(x) = \delta(x)$$

$$(viii) x \delta(x) = 0$$

$$(ix) \delta(a-x) \delta(x-b) = \delta(a-b)$$



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$$\textcircled{UN} \delta(a-b) = \delta(b-a)$$

$$\textcircled{UN} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(x) dx = 1$$

$$\textcircled{UN} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \delta(x) dx = f(0)$$

(c) Soln:

$$\hat{x} = \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \right)^{1/2} (a + a^\dagger)$$

External perturbation $H' = bx$ Now,

1st order correction to the Energy of the Oscillator is given by

$$\begin{aligned} E_n^{(1)} &= \langle \psi_n^{(0)} | H' | \psi_n^{(0)} \rangle \\ &= \langle \psi_n^{(0)} | b \hat{x} | \psi_n^{(0)} \rangle \\ &= \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \right)^{1/2} b \langle \psi_n^{(0)} | (a + a^\dagger) | \psi_n^{(0)} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

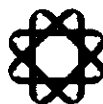
$$= \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \right)^{1/2} b \langle \psi_n^{(0)} | (a + a^\dagger) | \psi_n^{(0)} \rangle$$

$$= \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} \right)^{1/2} b \langle \psi_n^{(0)} | (a + a^\dagger) | \psi_n^{(0)} \rangle = 0$$

$$E_n^{(1)} = 0 //$$


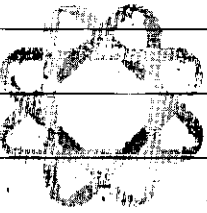


$$\begin{aligned} Q10 \rightarrow & \langle a + a^\dagger \rangle = 0 \\ \text{as } & \langle a + a^\dagger \rangle = 0 \end{aligned}$$

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		 Q7 -> (10) 11/28/2025 5:36:08 PM,
		 HBSU
		 Q8 -> (0) 11/28/2025 5:36:12 PM
		 Q9 -> (10) 11/28/2025 5:36:15 PM

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Question	Marks	Time	Evaluator
Q1	0	11/28/2025, 5:35:26 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q1	10	11/28/2025, 5:35:30 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q2	10	11/28/2025, 5:35:35 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q3	10	11/28/2025, 5:35:41 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q4	10	11/28/2025, 5:35:50 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q5	10	11/28/2025, 5:35:55 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q6	10	11/28/2025, 5:36:00 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q10	10	11/28/2025, 5:36:25 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q7	10	11/28/2025, 5:36:08 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q8	0	11/28/2025, 5:36:12 PM	jwerry@gmail.com
Q9	10	11/28/2025, 5:36:15 PM	jwerry@gmail.com

Total Marks: 90