

INTRO TO CODING: HTML & CSS

Instructor: Ben Austin

Our Goal

By the end of this workshop, our goal is to build a simple **responsive** web page.

ga.co/intro-to-coding



DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



Front-End vs. Back-End Web Development

The development process can be broken into two areas:

Front-End Web Development

- How things look to the user
- Involves: images, content, structure
- HTML, CSS, and JavaScript

Back-End Web Development

- How things work
- Involves: data and site navigation
- Ruby, PHP, C++, Java, etc.



TOOLS WE'LL BE USING



Text Editor

For this workshop, we'll be using **Sublime Text**

- It's free
- Provides syntax highlighting, code hinting, auto completion, and a lot of great features geared towards writing code
- Word, Pages, etc. are not suitable for code





Browser

We recommend using **Google Chrome**.

It's free and provides many developer-friendly tools

Try opening up the "Chrome Inspector Tool"

on Mac: option + command + i

on PC: **F12, ctrl + shift + i**

or click View —> Developer —> Developer Tools

You can use this to view and (temporarily) adjust HTML and CSS on the fly.





Getting Started

Download HTML and CSS files from this address: ga.co/2jUvR33.

Mac	PC
Double-click the zip file to extract	Right-click the file and hit "Extract All"
Drag the entire folder (not the zip file) that just appeared onto the Sublime Text window.	A window will open. Depending on what version of Windows you have, either follow the instructions, or hit the Extract All button up top
	In Sublime, click File —> Open Folder . Select the folder (not the .zip file) that you just extracted.



HTML HyperText Markup Language



Think of HTML as...

A language used to describe the **content** and **structure** of our documents



The element above represents a paragraph.



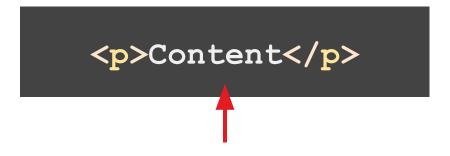


This is the **opening tag**.

HTML tags always start with "<" and end with ">" characters.

Between the brackets, tags always starts with a tag name, in this case 'p' for paragraph.

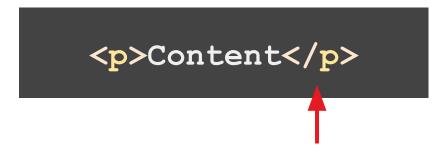




This is the **content of the element**.

The content appears between the opening and closing tags. This is the content that will appear on your page.





This is the **closing tag**.

Most, but not all, HTML tags will have a closing tag.
Closing tags will always start with a forward slash (/) followed by the tag name.



Elements Without Closing Tags

```
<img src="picture.jpg" />
```

Some tags **don't** have closing tags.

Tags such as do not enclose any content, so they do not need an opening and closing.



HTML Attributes

```
<img src="picture.jpg" />
```

This tag also includes an attribute. The image requires an attribute that points to an image file, which will load onto the web page.

Attributes provide further additional instructions and always take the form of key="value".



HTML Attributes

```
<a href="http://www.google.com">
    Google Please!
</a>
```

Here's another example of an attribute providing further instructions.

This is a **hyperlink** in HTML.



Hierarchy in HTML

HTML tags can be nested inside one another, this represents hierarchy in the document. We describe the hierarchy as **parent** and **child** relationships.



Quick Review

- HTML tags usually open and close
- Use self-closing tags when there is no content to display
- Attributes < img src="picture.jpg" > provide additional instructions
- HTML is hierarchical

HTML Shell

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
     <title></title>
  </head>
  <body>
</body>
```

The <head>

- Can be thought of as the **brain** of the document
- Its properties are not part of the physical layout of the page
- Holds all of the properties
 - Ex. the document's title

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
     <title></title>
  </head>
  <body>
 </body>
/html>
```



The <body>

- Represents the area from the top left corner of our page to the bottom right corner
- Holds the *physical* structure of the page
- Basically all of our work today will be in the body of the document

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
     <title></title>
  </head>
  <body>
 </body>
/html>
```



Adding Content to Our Page

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title></title>
  </head>
  <body>
    Content
  </body>
</html>
```

Common Element Types

Text Wrappers:

<h1> ... <h6>

Tags that require attributes:

<a>

Semantic Block Containers:

<header> <footer> <main> <section>

<article> <nav> <aside> <div>



LET'S GET WRITING!



CSSCascading Style Sheets



Think of CSS as...

Rules that specify how your elements should **appear** on your page.



Communicating with HTML

```
<head>
     link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/style.css">
</head>
```

We can create a connection between our HTML file and our CSS file(s) by using the the <head> of our document.

SublimeText helps you write this! Type <link and hit tab!



CSS Syntax

In this example **rule** we can see:

- 1 CSS selector
- 1 Declaration block denoted by the opening { and closing }
- 2 Declarations, each formed with a structure of property: value;

```
h1 {
   font-size: 16px;
   color: red;
}
```

CSS Declarations

Properties:

Predefined terms that will change the way elements look and behave.

Values:

Properties can have either specific possible values or take a broad range of possible values.

Declaration:

Together, each **property-value pair** form a declaration.

```
p {
   font-size: 14px;
   color: black;
}
```

Selecting an HTML Element

```
p {
    color: red;
}
```

The rule's **selector** will define which **elements** in the HTML document will have this rule's declarations applied.



Example: Selecting by HTML Element

```
HTML: Learning tonight!

CSS: P {
    text-align: center;
}
```

Applying a Class Attribute

```
<div class="box">
      I'm shaped like a box
</div>
```

In HTML, we can apply a **class attribute** to an element. This allows us to group together similar elements for shared styling and interactivity.



Selecting an Element by Class

```
.box {
   width: 100px;
   height: 100px;
   background-color: green;
}
```

Custom rules can be written using the **class selector**. In order to apply a class, we add a class attribute to our HTML element.

Class selectors utilize dot (.) notation



Example: Selecting by Class Attribute

```
<h1 class="highlight">
   Hello there!
</h1>
```

```
.highlight {
   background-color: yellow;
}
```



LET'S STYLE THINGS UP!





Please take 2 minutes and share your feedback

www.ga.co/surveychi

Works on mobile too!

Thank you!





Useful Links

- Mozilla Developer Network (MDN)
 developer.mozilla.org comprehensive reference for HTML & CSS
- CSS Tricks
 css-tricks.com great explanations and tutorials for CSS
- Codecademy
 codecademy.com free online lessons for various languages
- Codepen
 codepen.io "sandbox" to mess around with front-end ideas
- Color Hex
 color-hex.com generates CSS code for specific colors

Next Steps

Interested in experiencing more of our in-class offerings or events?

Check out ga.co/chicago or follow us on social!







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@GA_Chicago

Want to apply for one of our courses?

- Get in touch with our admissions team and they'll help you determine the right path for you!
- chicago@ga.co



Our Courses

	Front-End Web Development	Javascript Development	Web Development Immersive
Length	10 weeks, 2 evenings per week	10 weeks, 2 evening per week, online	12 weeks, full-time
Next Lesson	July 31 - Online Sept 25 - In-Person	August 14 - Online	September 11
Hours	~70 hours	~50 hours	Over 500 hours
Outcome	Learn to code beautiful web pages	Learn to animate web pages using Javascript	Get the skills and resources to launch a new career
Tuition	\$3,950	\$3,950	\$13,950

Coming up: ga.co/chicago

Python Programming 101	8/2	https://generalassemb.ly/education/ python-programming-101/chicago/37498
Code in One Day: HTML & CSS Crash Course	8/5	https://generalassemb.ly/education/code-in- one-day-html-css-crash-course/chicago/ 37355
Day in the Life of a Web Developer	8/22	https://generalassemb.ly/education/a-day-in-the-life-of-a-web-developer-43dc391c-c779-433d-8f60-343d974ee36b/chicago/38990
Javascript 101	9/5	https://generalassemb.ly/education/ javascript-101/chicago/39194



Thank You!

Have any questions about our courses? Chicago@ga.co + ga.co/chicago

BenjaminBoydAustin@gmail.com linkedin.com/in/bbaustin