Learning Purpose:

Practice

- Random number generation
- Use of arrays
- Formatted output

Sample Output:

Sum	Frequency	Percentage
2	1003	2.8%
3	1980	5.5%
4	2955	8.2%
5	4123	11.5%
6	4908	13.6%
7	6014	16.7%
8	4940	13.7%
9	3932	10.9%
10	3100	8.6%
11	2034	5.7%
12	1011	2.8%

Turn in:

Zip up Dice.java and turn it in via Virtual Campus.

Instructions:

Create a new Java file called Dice.java

- Simulate the rolling of 2 dice.
 Do that by creating one single object of type Random and by reusing it to roll the first die and then the second die.
- Once both dice have been rolled calculate the sum of the two values.
- Use a one-dimensional integer array to count how often each sum appears.
 When rolling two dice the sum will be a value from 2 12. However, not every sum has the same probability of being rolled.

E.g.: There are three ways to roll a sum of 4, six ways to roll a sum of 7 but only one way to roll a sum of 12.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
6	7	8	9	10	11	12

- Roll the two dice **36,000** times.
- Display the results in a tabular format like in the sample output. Start with a header line (Sum, Fequency, and Percentage) and list the numbers in right aligned columns.

The percentage should display only one digit after the decimal point. Hint: In order to output % within a format string write %%

Recommendation: Check whether the results are reasonable (e.g. the sum 7 should be rolled about 1/6 of the time)