## Twitter Tweet Mining w MongoDB, NLTK, & Naive Bayes

## March 4, 2020

[]: """THANK YOU FOR REVIEWING THIS NOTEBOOK

```
Please email me so I know your a real person and can help with further code.
        Remainder of this file builds a Panda DF, analyzes basic sentiment with
     → Vadar finishing with Naive Bayes Prediction
       Much apprecated ~BBE
        brian.p.hogan@alumni.harvard.edu"""
[]: """Created on Wed Jul 10 15:06:41 2019
     Qauthor: BBE - Brian Hogan
     Objective: Generate New York State twitter traffic chatter building profile
                of good, bad, and ugly traffic pattern days.
     Method:
         Obtain: Mongodb grab tweets over month across 1 to n twitter handles.
         Scrub: Pandas dataframe.
         Analyze: NLTK w Vadar for +/- neu and compound scoring
         Predict: Naive Bayes Sentiment Analysis
     import tweepy
     import json
     import pymongo
     import pandas as pd
     from bson.json_util import dumps #from dn_fn.py for save & load to database
     CONSUMER_KEY = 'GFuEK46t.....' #BBE twitter keys...
     CONSUMER SECRET = 'sWsBF6S9EOPD....'
     OAUTH_TOKEN = '989685004832792578-3....'
     OAUTH_SECRET = 'zRm1pwVBQOYX4b8...'
[]: """ Functions"""
                                11 11 11
     """=> twitter login
     def oauth login():
       auth = tweepy.OAuthHandler(CONSUMER_KEY, CONSUMER_SECRET)
       auth.set_access_token(OAUTH_TOKEN,OAUTH_SECRET)
      tweepy_api = tweepy.API(auth)
       if (not tweepy_api):
                                   #error out
           print ("Problem Connecting to API with OAuth")
       return tweepy_api #api object to twitter functions
```

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def appauth login(): #login to twitter w extended rate limiting
 auth = tweepy.AppAuthHandler(CONSUMER_KEY, CONSUMER_SECRET)
  #auth.set access token(OAUTH TOKEN, OAUTH SECRET) #needed for one test so put
 tweepy_api = tweepy.API(auth, wait_on_rate_limit=True,_
 →wait_on_rate_limit_notify=True)
 if (not tweepy_api): #let user know if api error
     print ("Problem Connecting to API with AppAuth")
 return tweepy_api
                     #api object to twitter functions
"""=> connection test """
if __name__ == '__main__': #test connection
 tweepy_api = oauth_login()
 print ("Twitter Authorization OK :", tweepy_api)
 tweepy_api = appauth_login()
 print ("Twitter Authorization OK :", tweepy_api)
def simple_search(api, query, max_results=20): #ASYNCH 8.4
   # the first search initializes a cursor, stored in the metadata results,
  # that allows next searches to return additional tweets
 search_results = [status for status in tweepy.Cursor(api.search, q=query).
→items(max_results)]
 tweets = [tweet. json for tweet in search results]
 return tweets
"""asynch dn_fn.py """
def save_to_DB(DBname, DBcollection, data):
    client = pymongo.MongoClient('localhost', 27017) #connect to server
    """change names to lowers case because they are not case senstitive
    and remove special characteers like hashtask and spaces
   DBname = DBname.lower()
   DBname = DBname.replace('#', '')
   DBname = DBname.replace(' ', '')
   DBcollection = DBcollection.lower()
   DBcollection = DBcollection.replace('#', '')
   DBcollection = DBcollection.replace(' ', '')
   db = client[DBname]
   collection = db[DBcollection]
    collection.insert many(data)
   print("\nSaved", len(data), "documents to DB", DBname, DBcollection)
"""dn_fn.py - used to get existing data; return as json objects"""
def load_from_DB(DBname, DBcollection):
   client = pymongo.MongoClient('localhost', 27017)
   client.list_database_names
   db = client[DBname]
    collection = db[DBcollection] #find collection and load docs
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docs = collection.find()
return docs\_json