

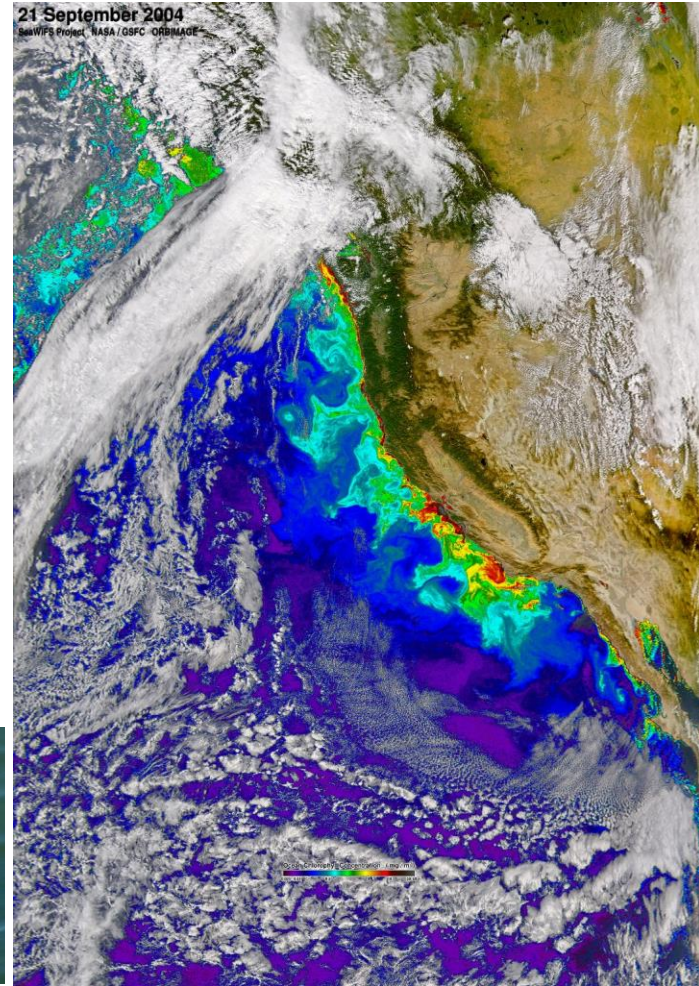
Estimating growth rates and inter-colony structure of harbor seals at Point Reyes National Seashore

Ben Becker, Sarah Codde, Gabriela Reyes, and Sarah Allen
Point Reyes National Seashore, National Park Service

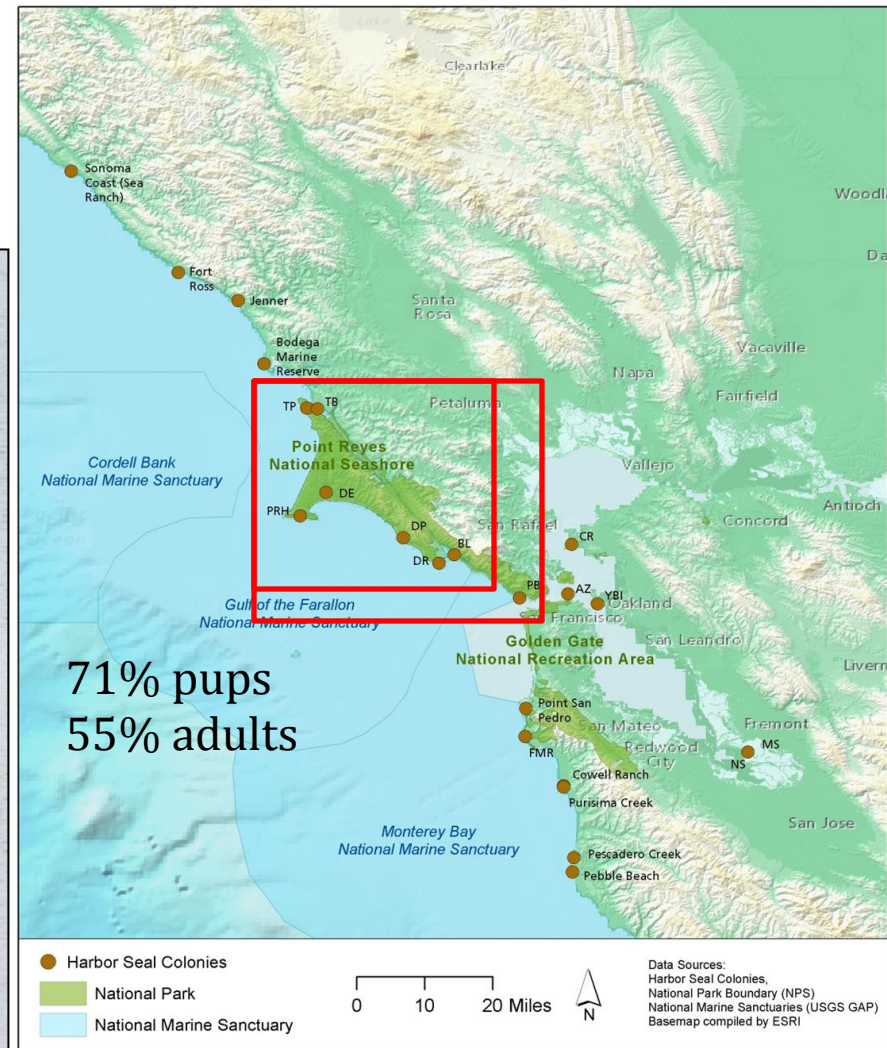


Marine mammals are
sentinels of the sea (Moore 2008)

Indicators of the condition
of marine ecosystems



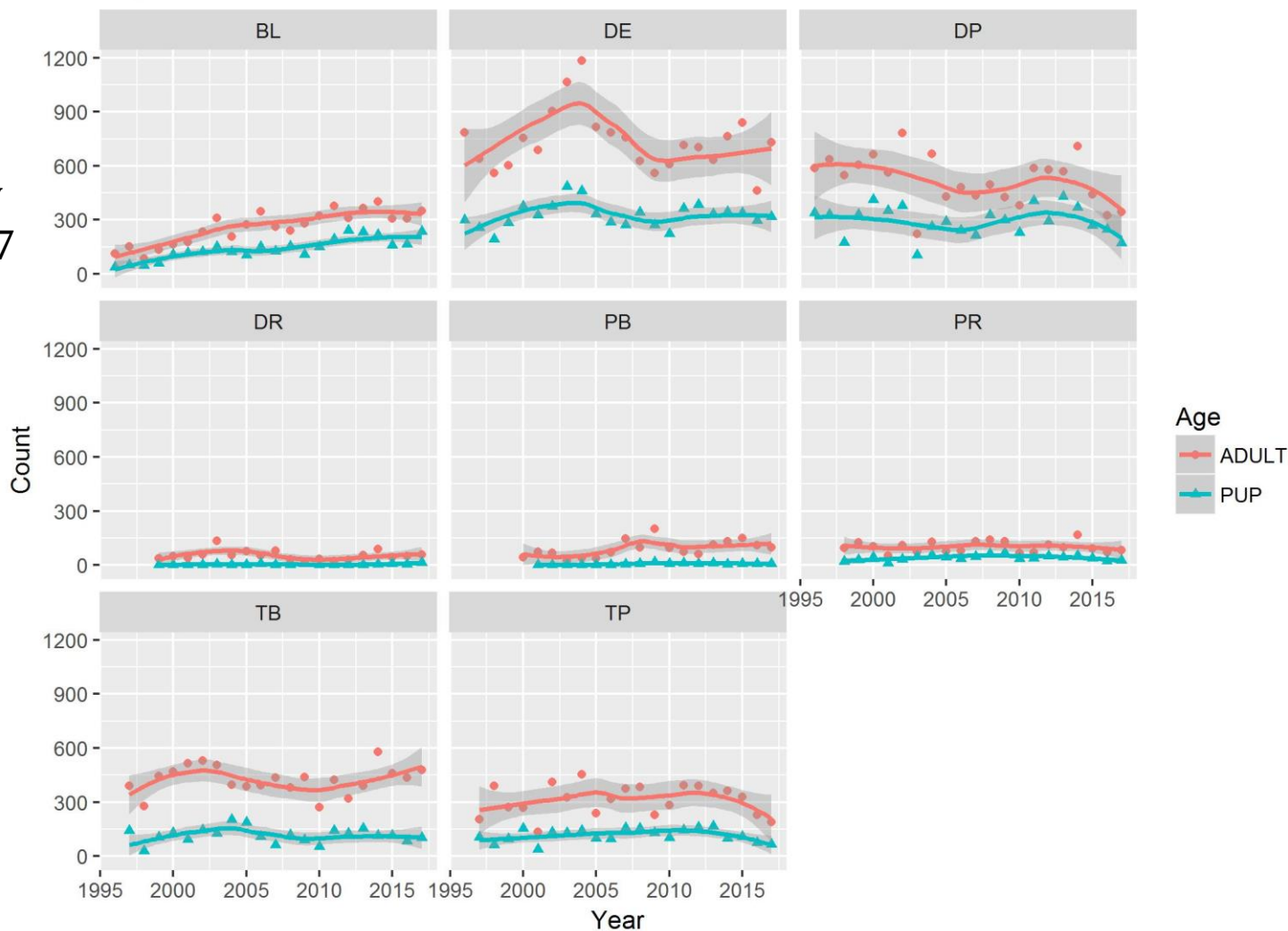
Regional Harbor Seal Colony Sites



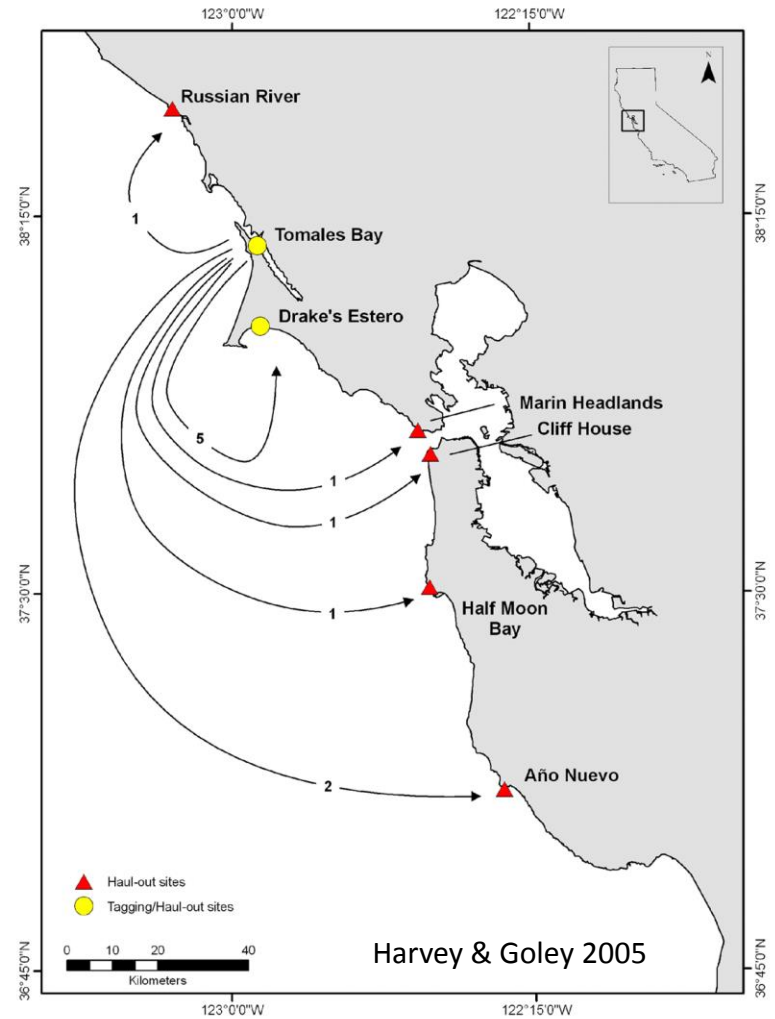
71% pups
55% adults

Peak Pupping Season Counts of Adults and Pups at Marin County Colonies: 1996 – 2017

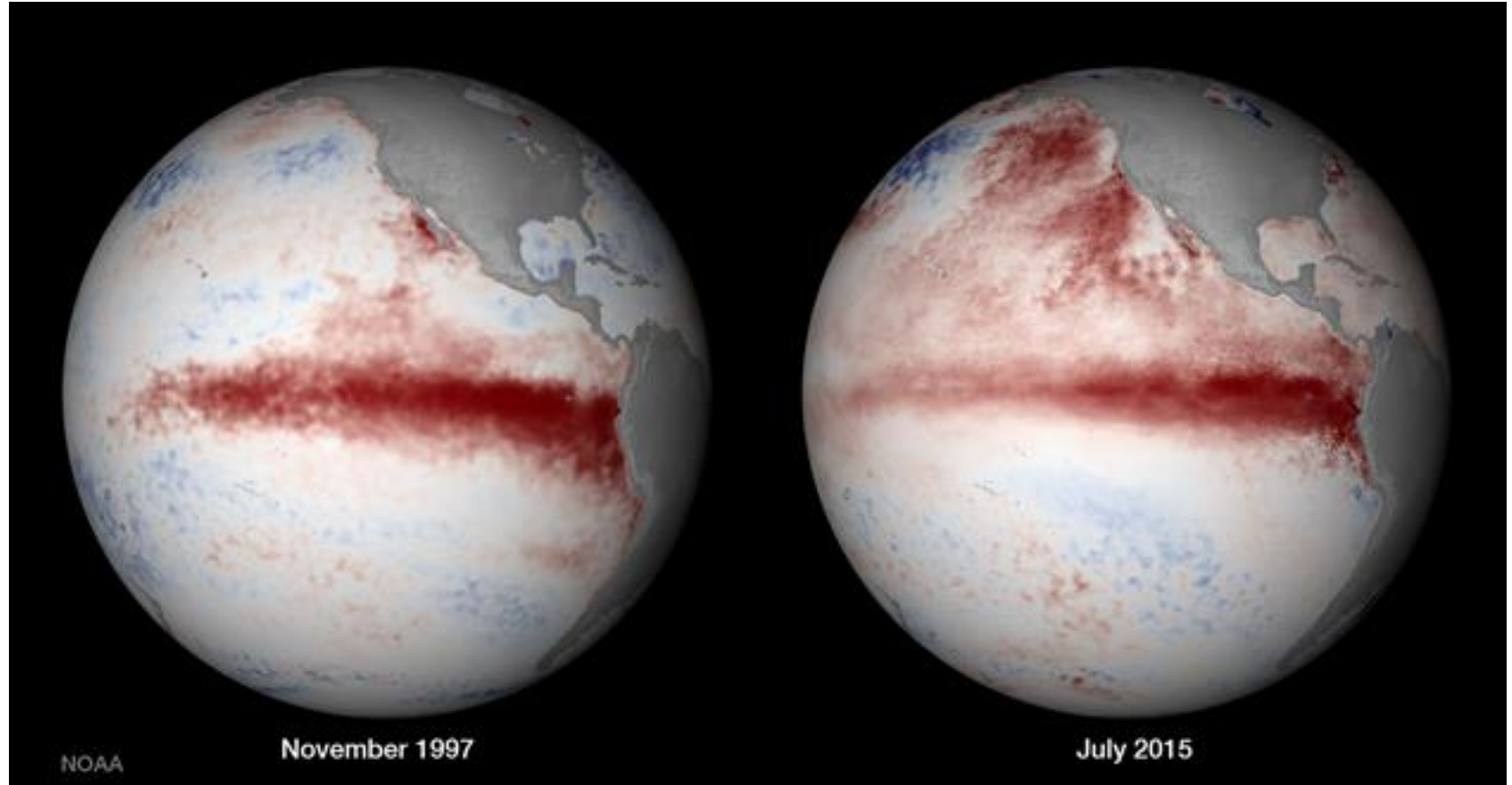
f(process +
unobserved error)



Limited telemetry data shows regional movement



El Niño Events and the “Blob”



Human Disturbances



Coyote returns



Photos Jason
Thompson



Bald Eagle returns



Drakes Estero – Sandbar Morphology



2002



2009

Seal Haul-out vs In-water Patterns

<u>When</u>	<u>Where</u>	<u>n</u>	<u>p(Hauled-out)</u>	<u>Citation</u>
Breeding season	WA and OR	124	0.54 - 0.74	Huber et al. 2001
Ideal Conditions Molt Period	Alaska	68	0.81 - 0.86	Simpkins et al. 2003
Molt Period	CA	180	0.60	Harvey and Goley 2011



Sources of Variation

Varying site conditions

Overall ENSO or food supply effects

Disturbances

Movement between sites/colonies

Tide



Analysis Mitigations

Model habitat?

Covariates ?

Covariates ?

Tracking ?

Survey at low tide & peak pupping season

Sources of Error

Poor visibility

Observer error

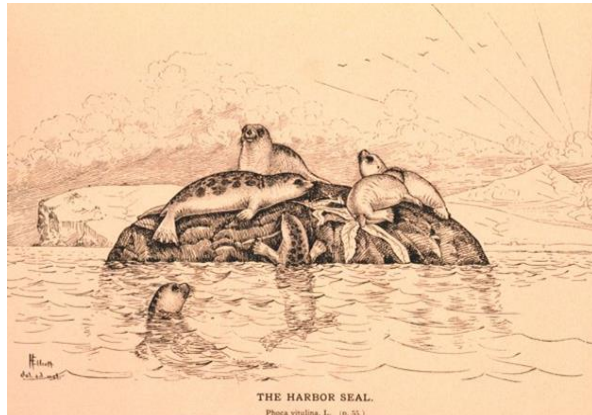
Seals in water



Don't survey

Screening/training/covariate?

Telemetry Correction?

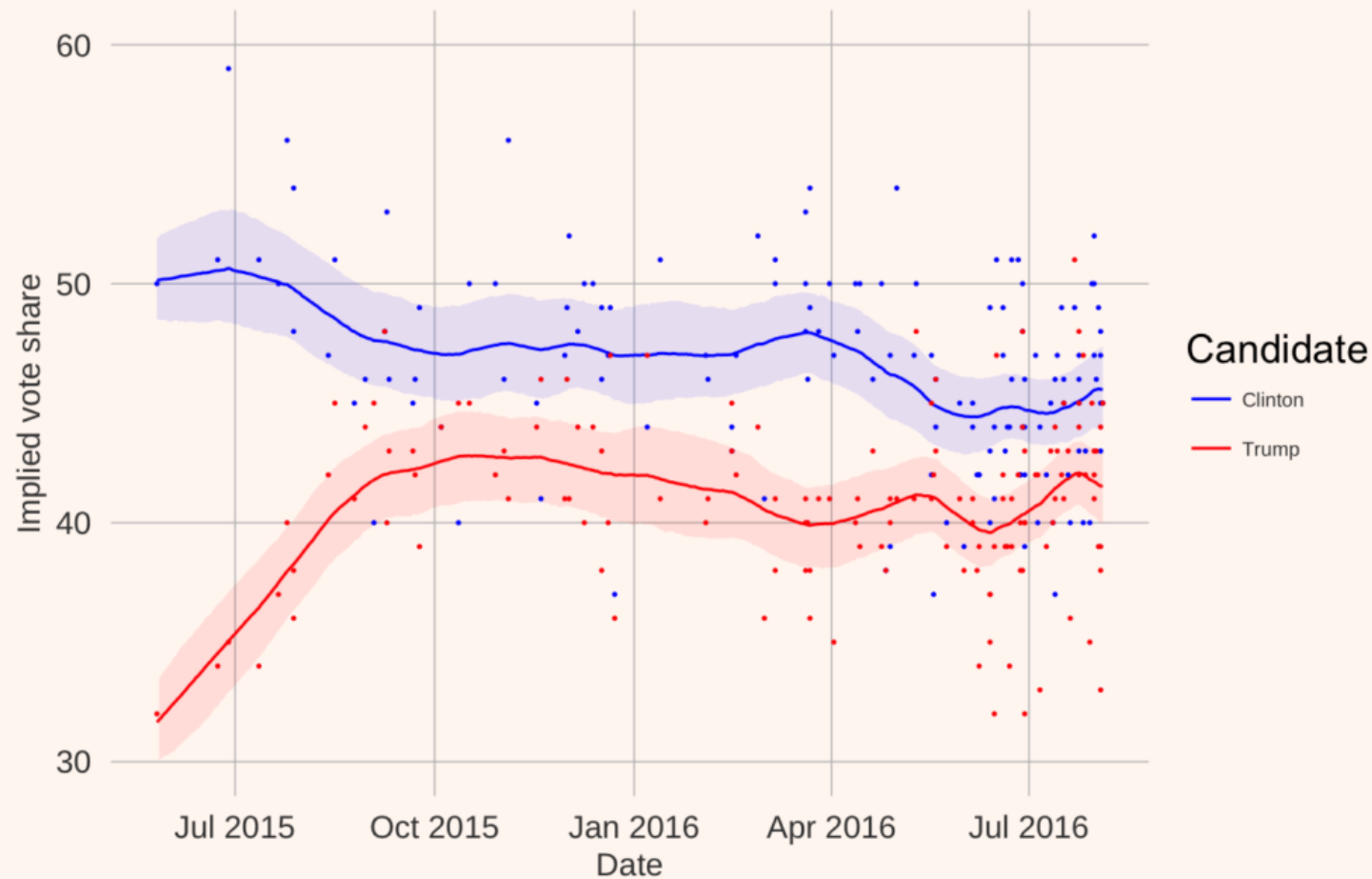


THE HARBOR SEAL.
Phoca vitulina, L. (p. 55.)

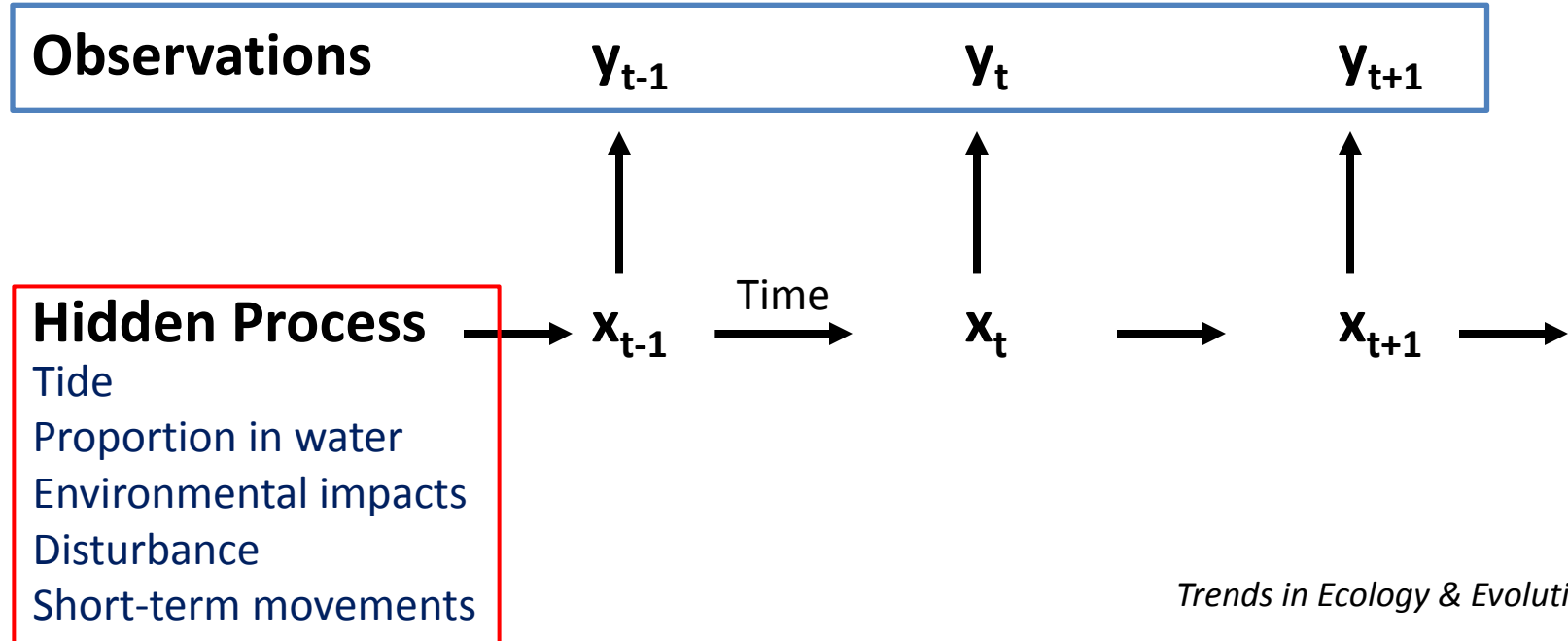
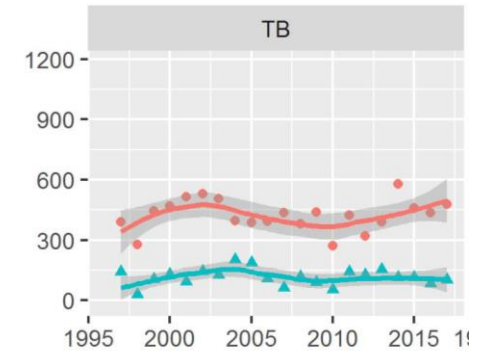
Take peak count from year, but still can suffer from sources of error

Poll aggregation with state-space smoothing

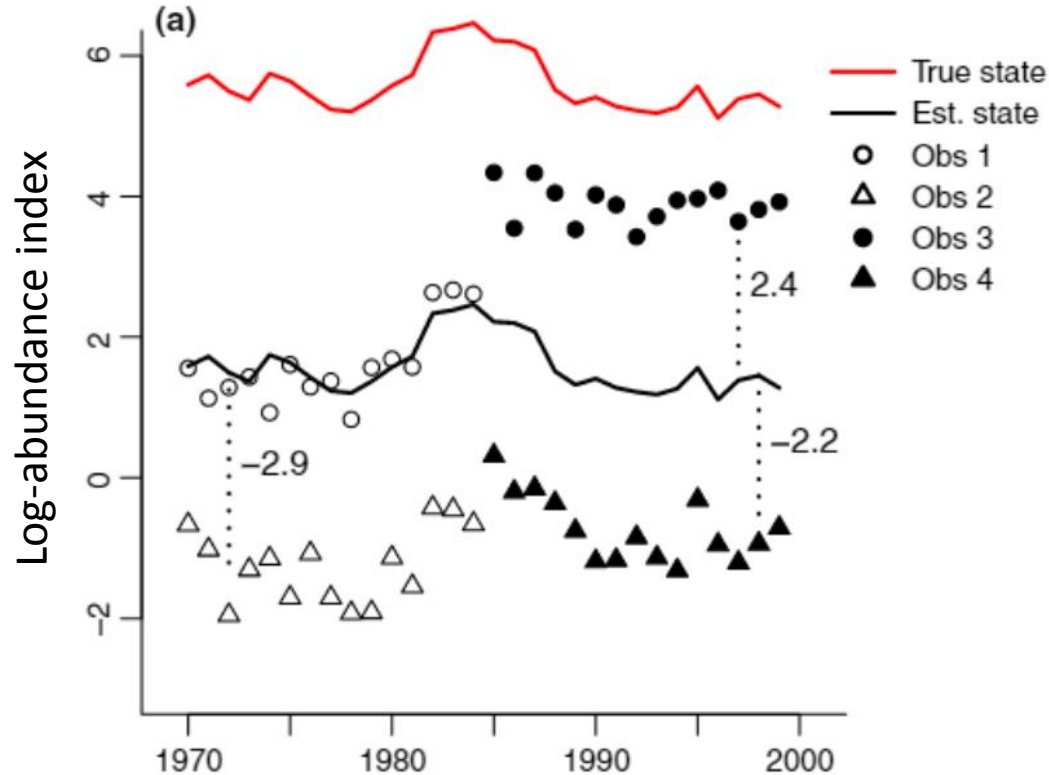
Prior of 50% initial for Clinton, 30% for Trump on 2015-05-26



State-Space Modeling



Example: State-Space Modeling



Wanted:

Hidden, true abundance and population trajectory.

Method:

All data assumed to be observing same population

Partition variance in time-series data into process and observation variances

Point Reyes National Seashore Marin County, California

8 Harbor seal colonies

5 “Pupping” colonies

“Pupping Population” Hypotheses

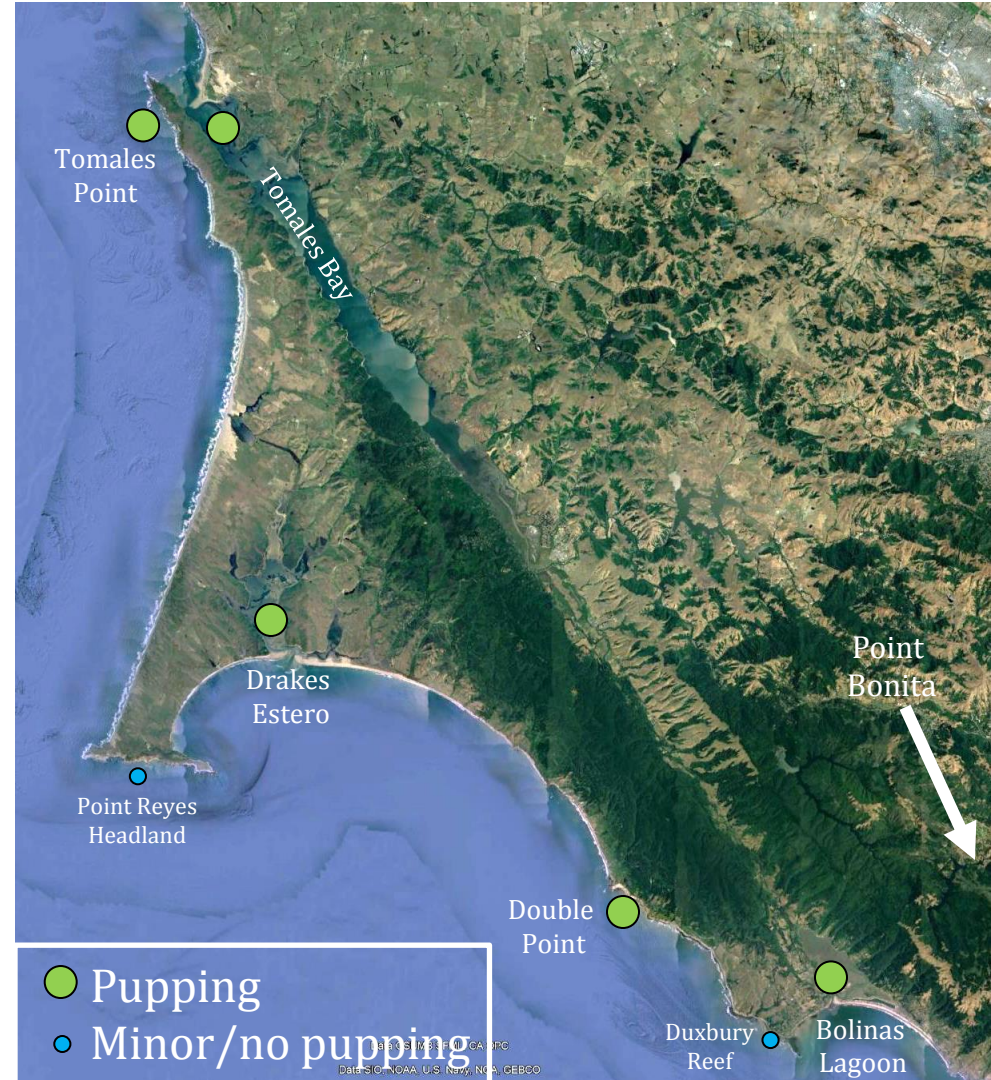
Independent

Panmictic

North-South

Estuary-Ocean

Bolinas Independent

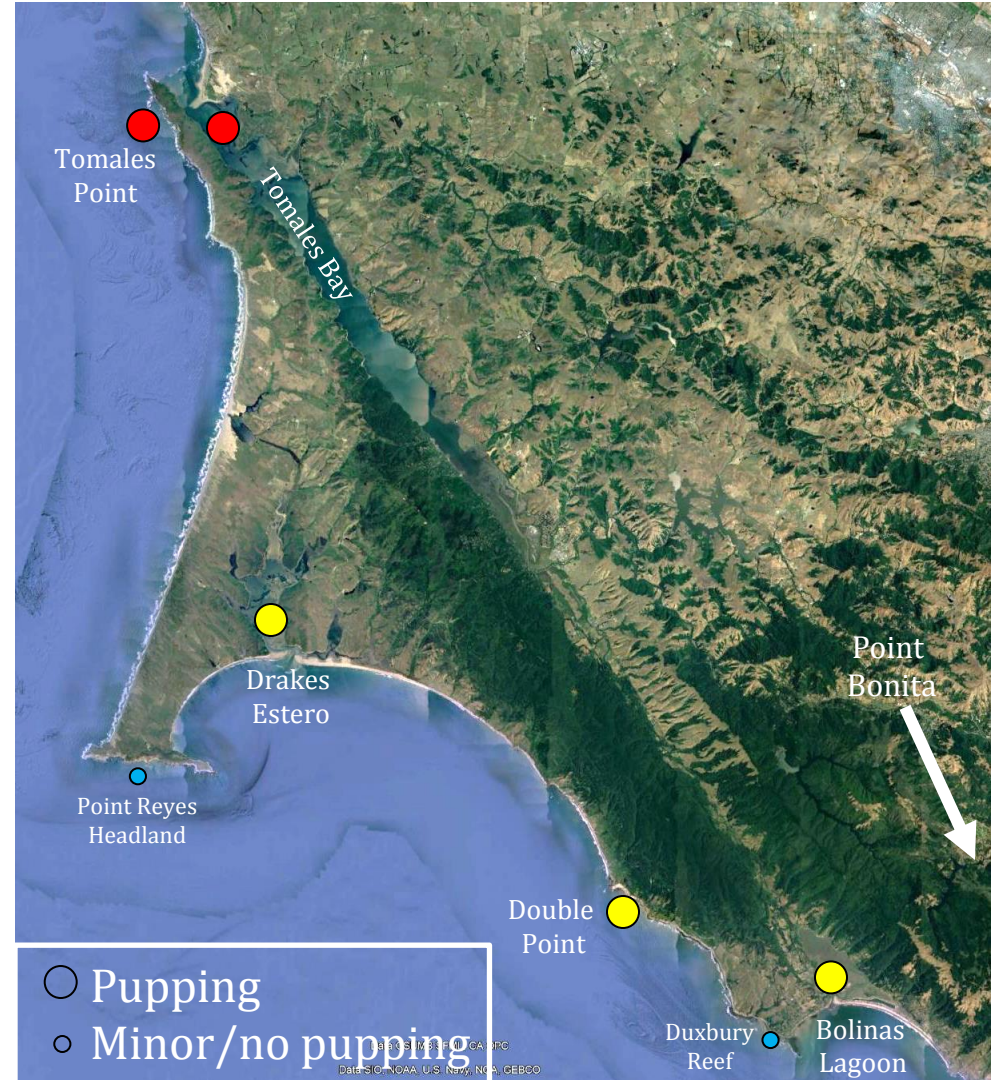


Point Reyes National Seashore
Marin County, California

8 harbor seal colonies
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“Pupping Population” Hypotheses

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Panmictic
North-South
Estuary-Ocean
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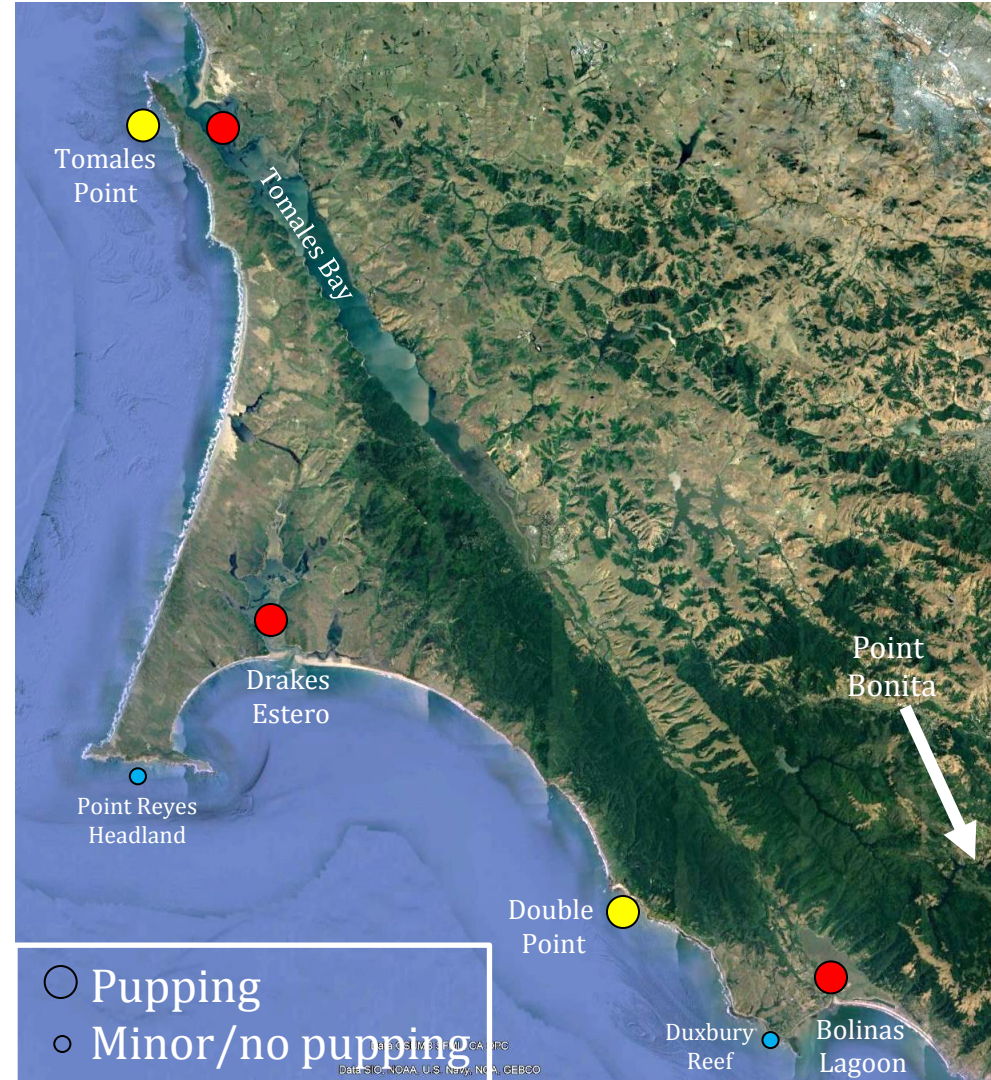


Point Reyes National Seashore
Marin County, California

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“Pupping Population” Hypotheses

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Estuary-Ocean
Bollinas Independent

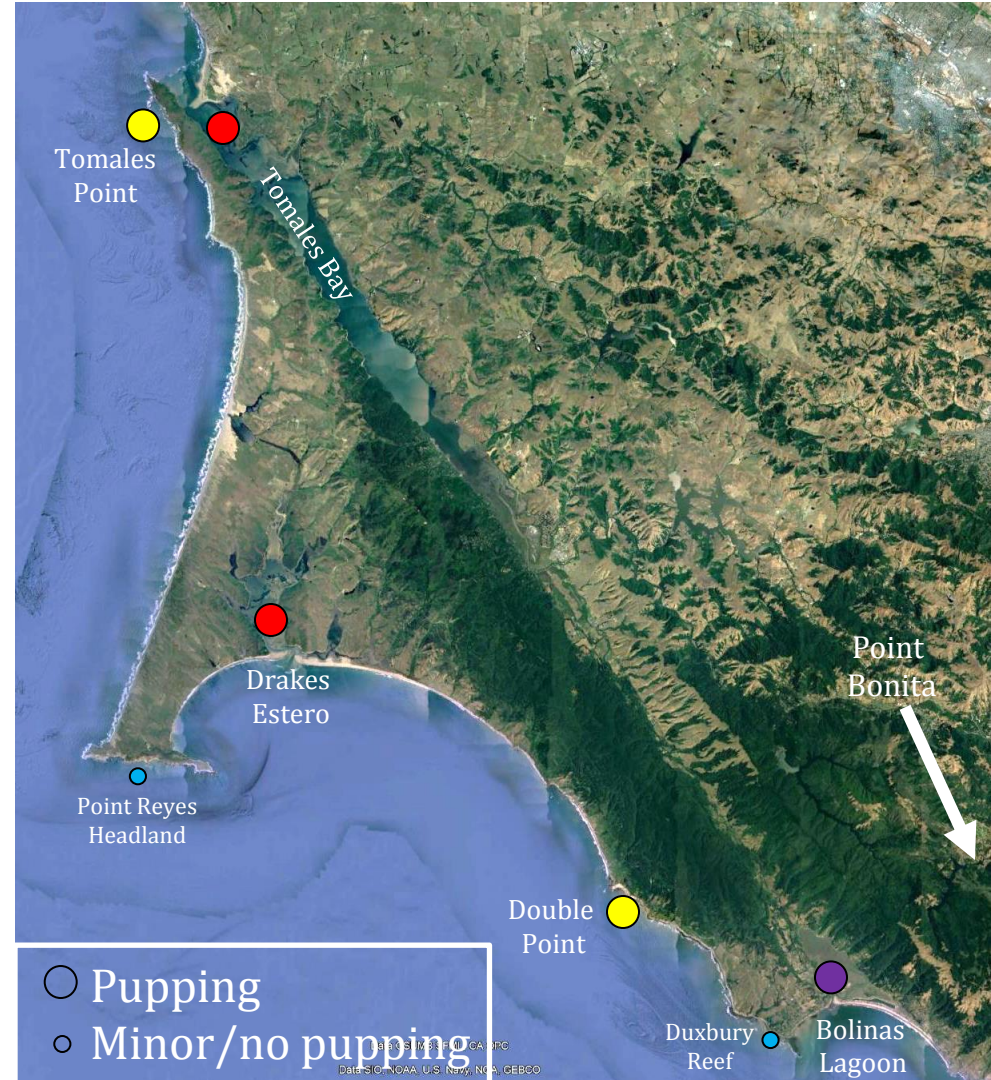


Point Reyes National Seashore
Marin County, California

8 harbor seal colonies
5 “Pupping” colonies

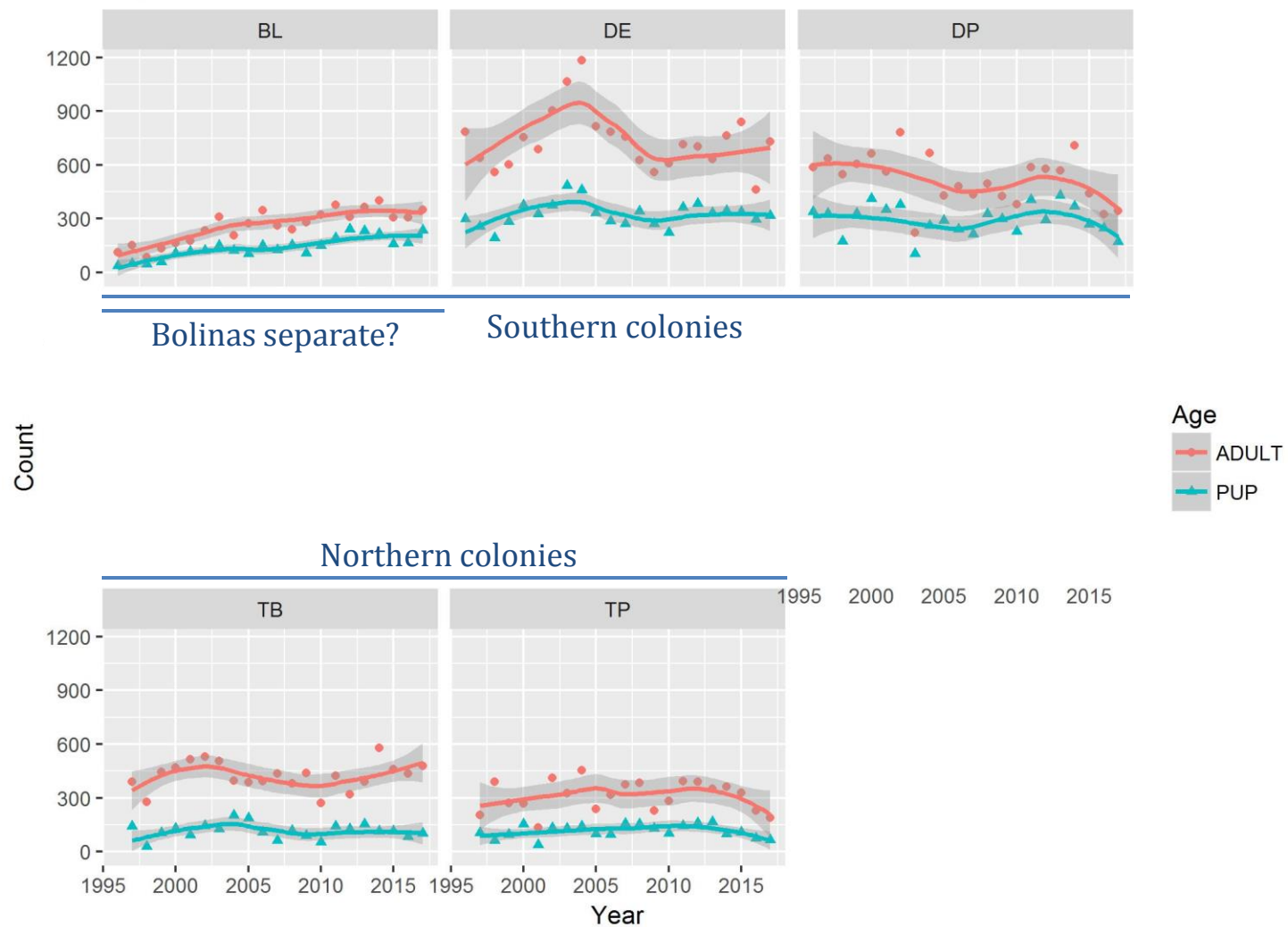
“Pupping Population” Hypotheses

Independent
Panmictic
North-South
Estuary-Ocean
Bolinas Independent



Seal Counts 1996 – 2017

8 Colonies
5 “Pupping”



“Pupping Population” Hypotheses

Independent

Panmictic

North-South

+ Bolinas Independent

Estuary-Ocean

+ Bolinas Independent

Secondary Hypotheses

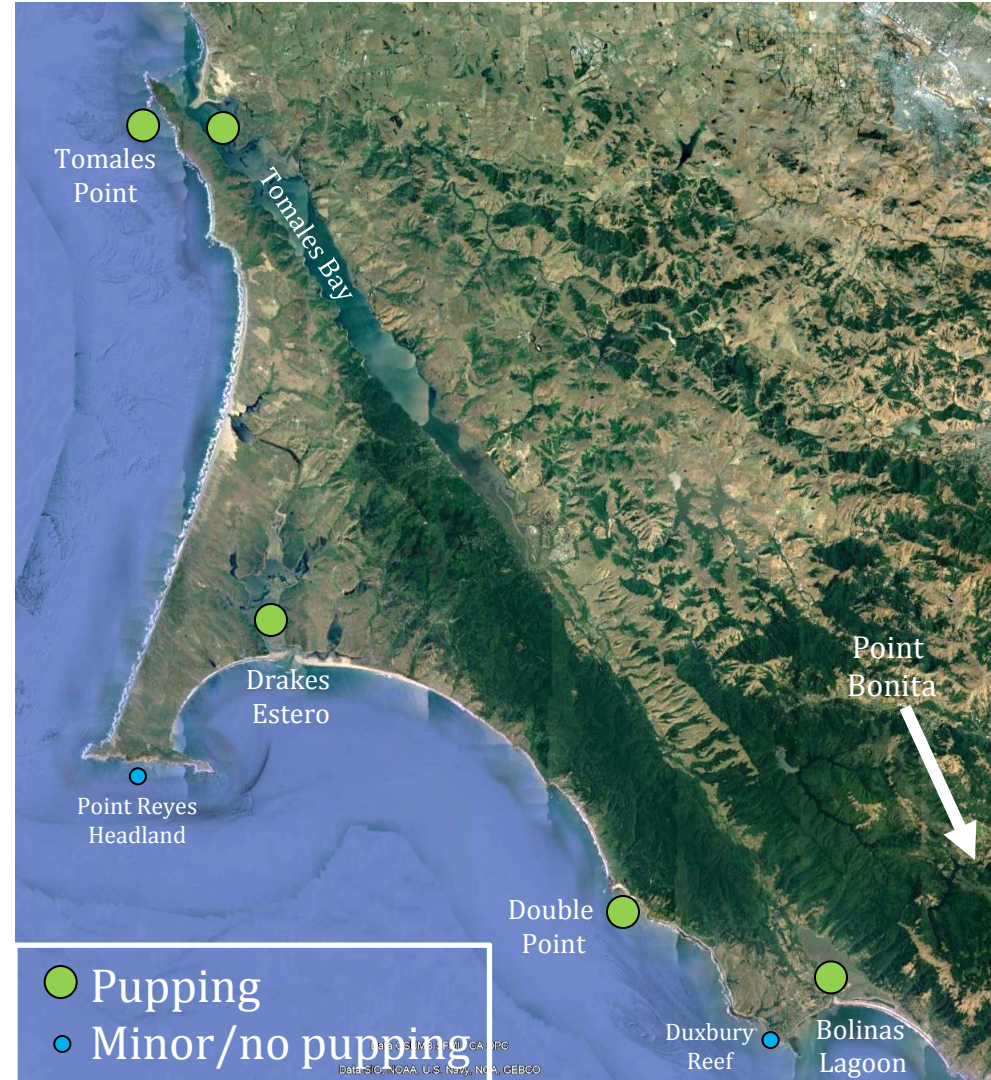
Independent growth rates?

Error rates independent?

Hidden processes?

Effect of site A on site B?

Use **MARSS** Modeling Package



RESULTS

Hypothesis	Hidden State Process Correlation	ΔAICc	AIC weight
North/South/BL	equal	0.00	0.53
Coast/Est/BL	equal	2.39	0.16
North/South/BL	equal varcov	2.57	0.15
Panmictic	equal	4.23	0.06
North/South/BL	unequal	5.09	0.04
Coast/Est/BL	equal varcov	5.67	0.03
Panmictic	equal varcov	6.93	0.02
Coast/Est/BL	unequal	7.60	0.01
North/South/BL	unconstrained	11.97	0.00
Panmictic	unequal	15.06	0.00

RESULTS

Hypothesis	Hidden State Process Correlation	$\Delta AICc$	AIC weight
North/South/BL	equal	0.00	0.53
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North/South/BL	unconstrained	11.97	0.00
Panmictic	unequal	15.06	0.00

North/South/BL = 0.73

“Pupping Population” Hypotheses

	<u>AICw</u>
Independent	0.00
Panmictic	0.08
North-South-BL	0.73
Estuary-Ocean	0.26

“Hidden Processes”

Equal among sites	0.75
Equal varcov	0.20
Unequal	0.05

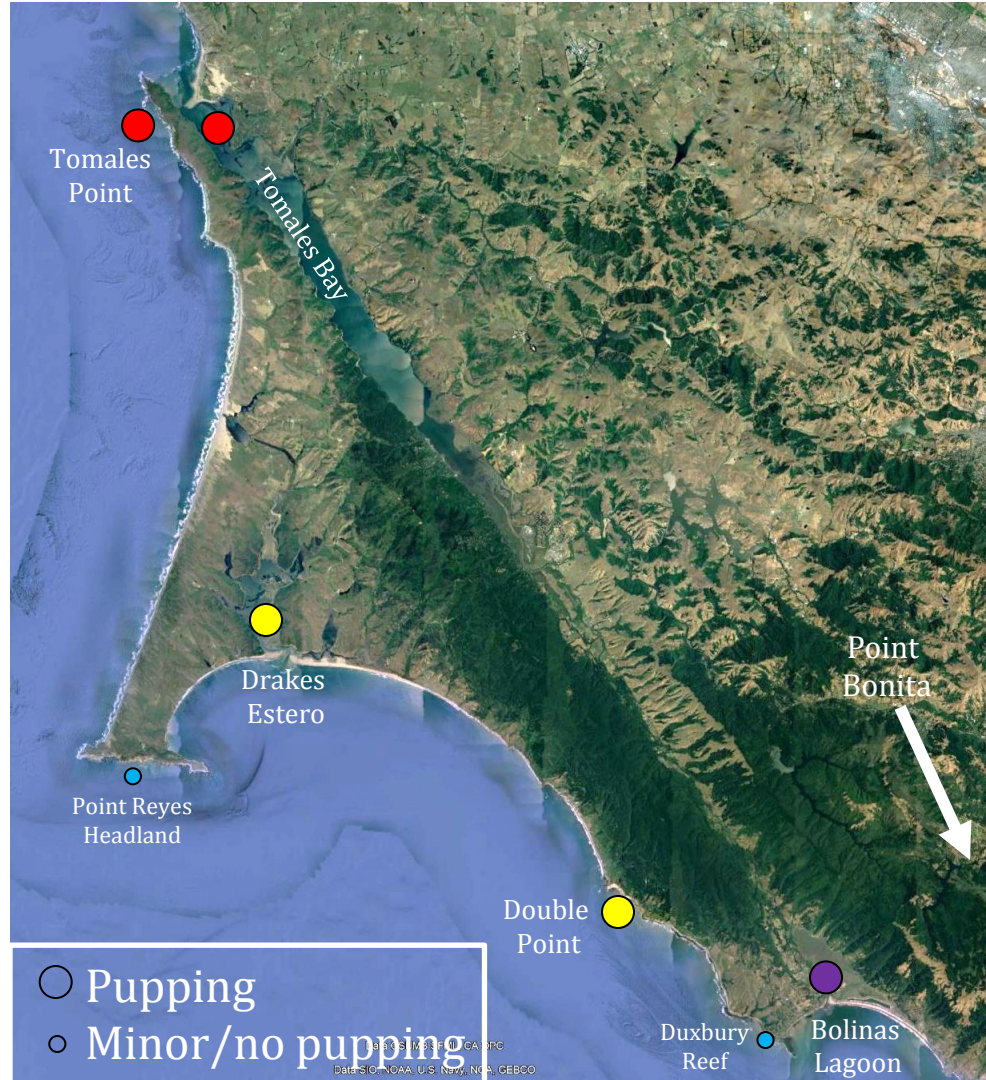
Tide

Proportion time in water

Environmental covariates

Disturbance (human and natural)

Short-term movements



1996 – 2017 Linear Growth Rates Relative to Year 0 Conditions

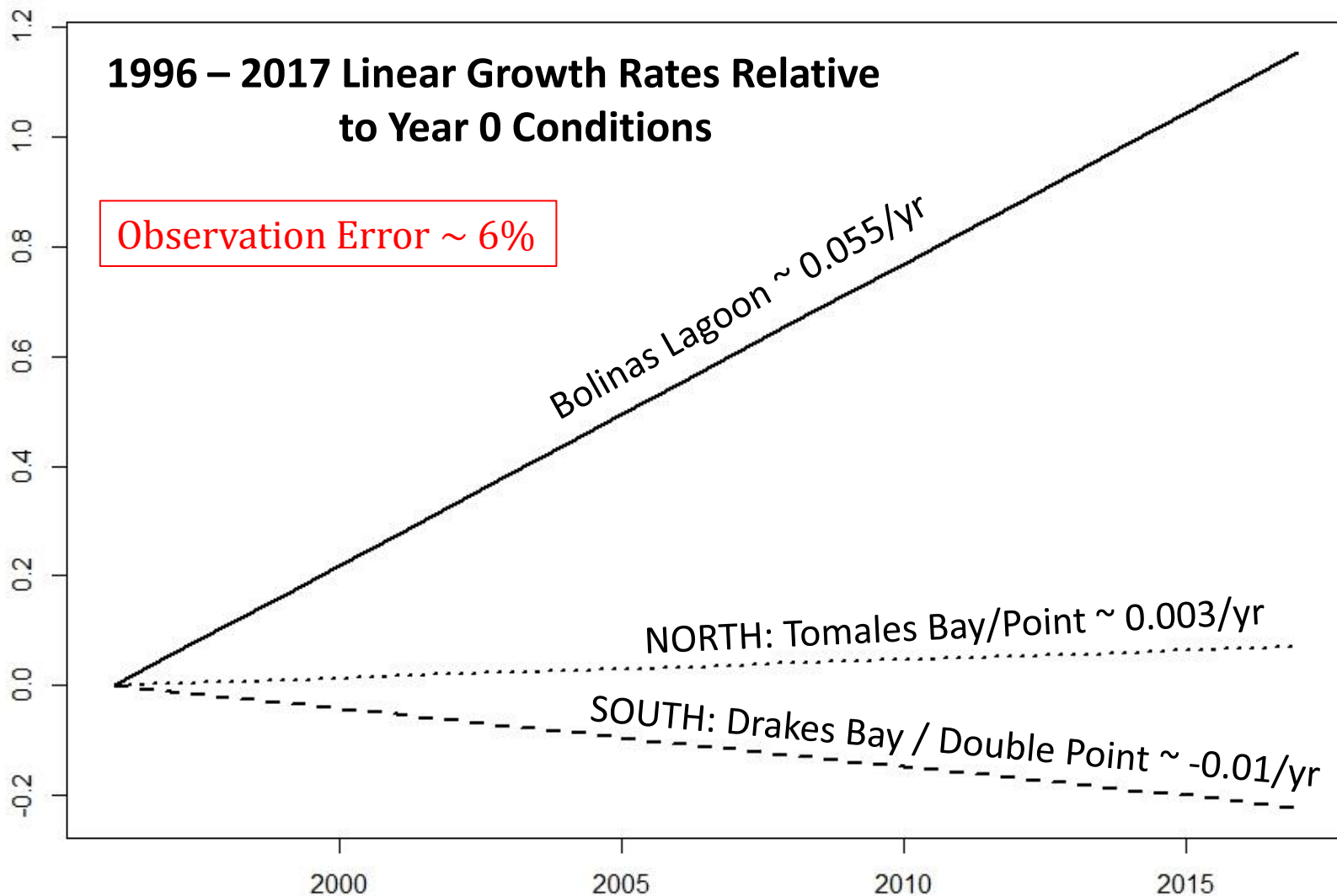
Observation Error ~ 6%

Proportional change from Year 0

Bolinas Lagoon ~ 0.055/yr

NORTH: Tomales Bay/Point ~ 0.003/yr

SOUTH: Drakes Bay / Double Point ~ -0.01/yr

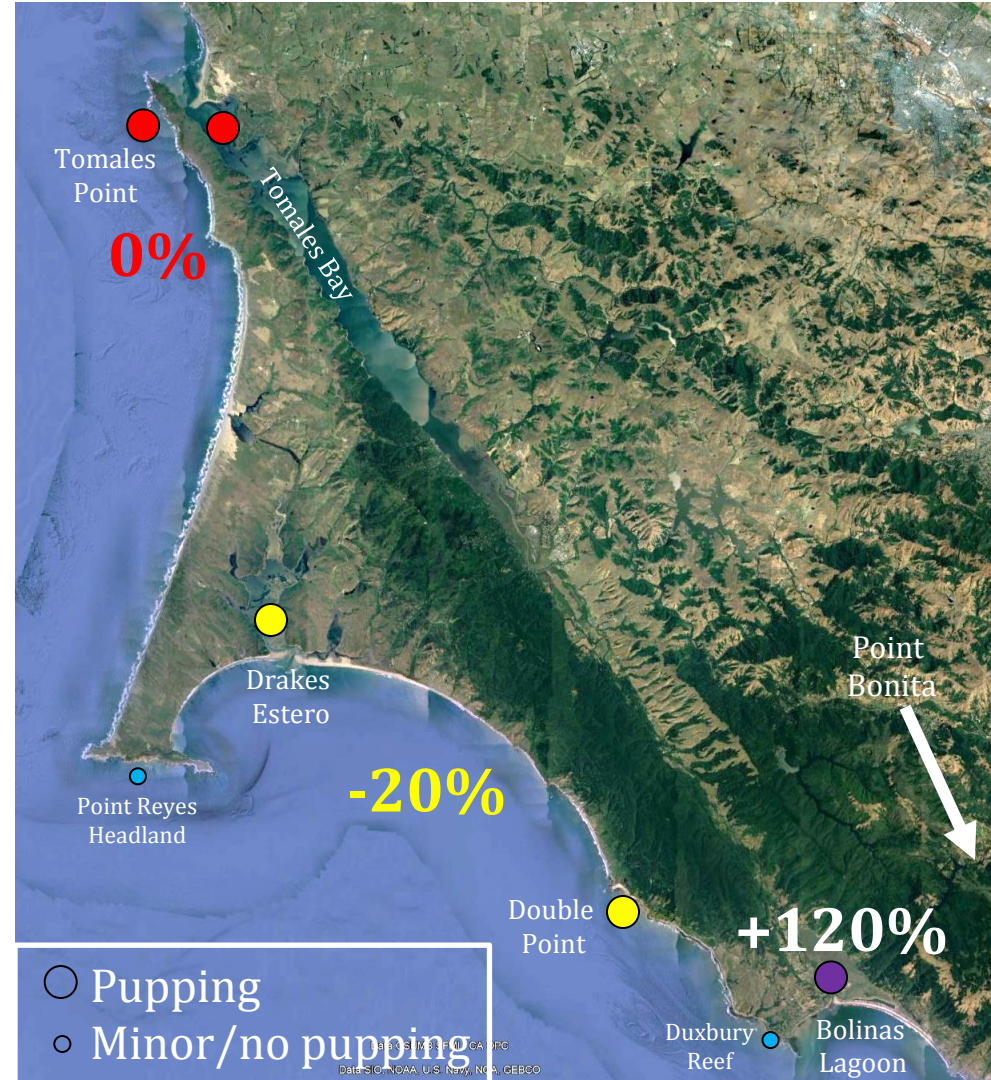


Preliminary Conclusions

- Three distinct spatially correlated units temporally correlated for population trajectory
- Little between-unit annual correlation
- Similar “hidden” processes affecting all sites, but they are small (~ 0.06)

Next steps

- Validate models / more robust algorithms
- Larger area / additional colonies
- Include molt season
- Overall population growth rate



Acknowledgements

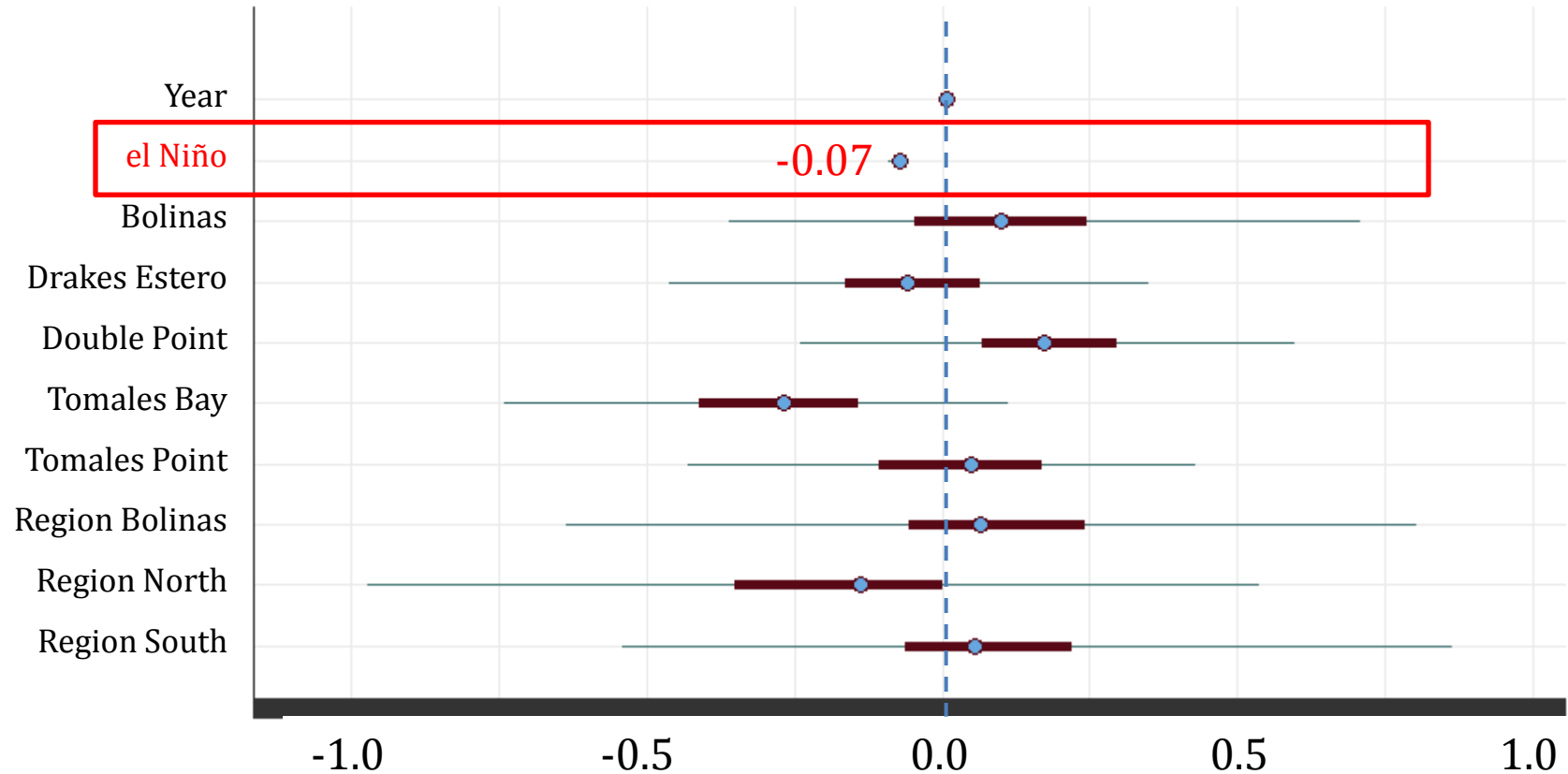
Point Reyes National Seashore Harbor Seal Monitoring Volunteers

MARSS Package Authors

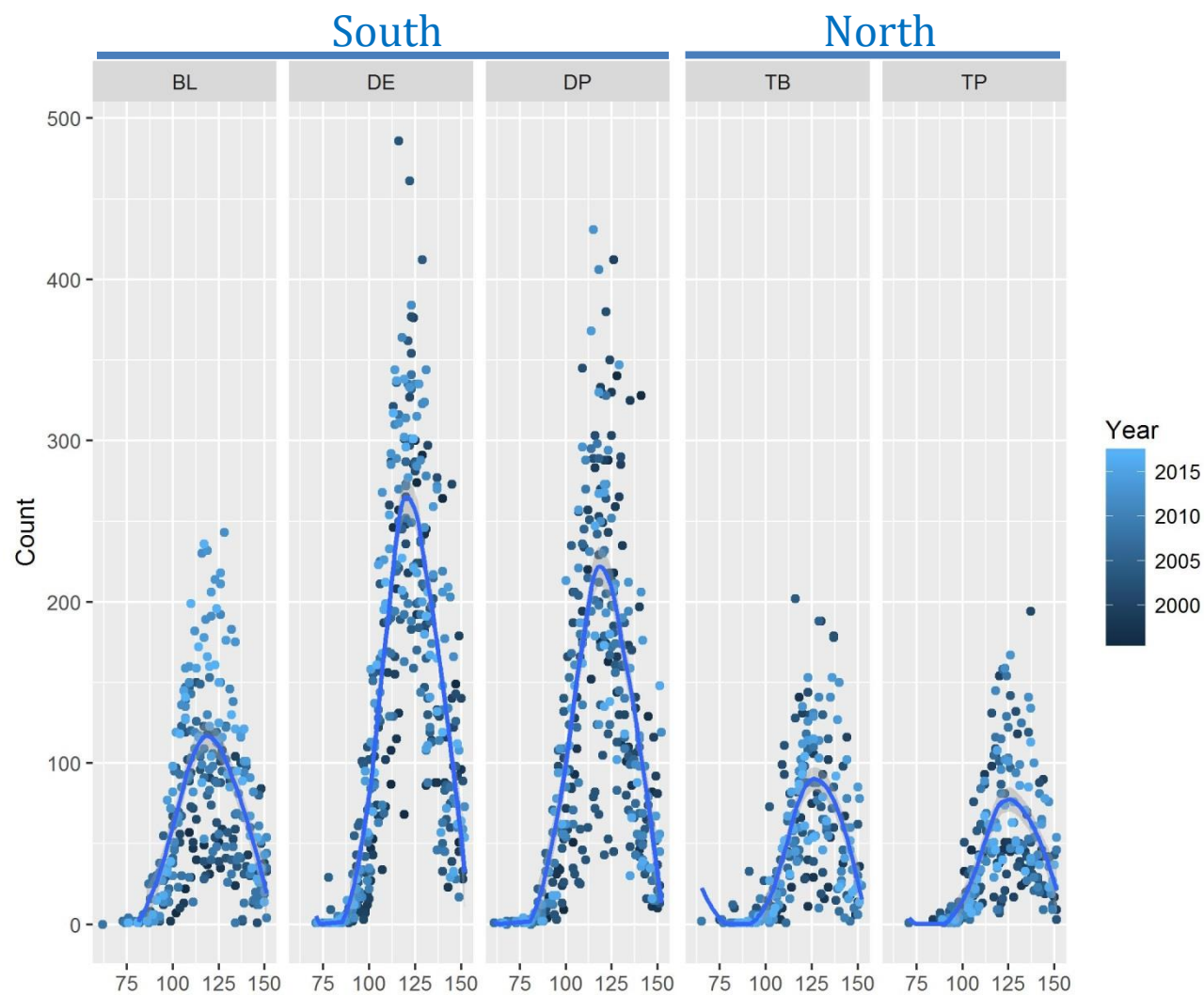


El Niño Effects 1996-2017

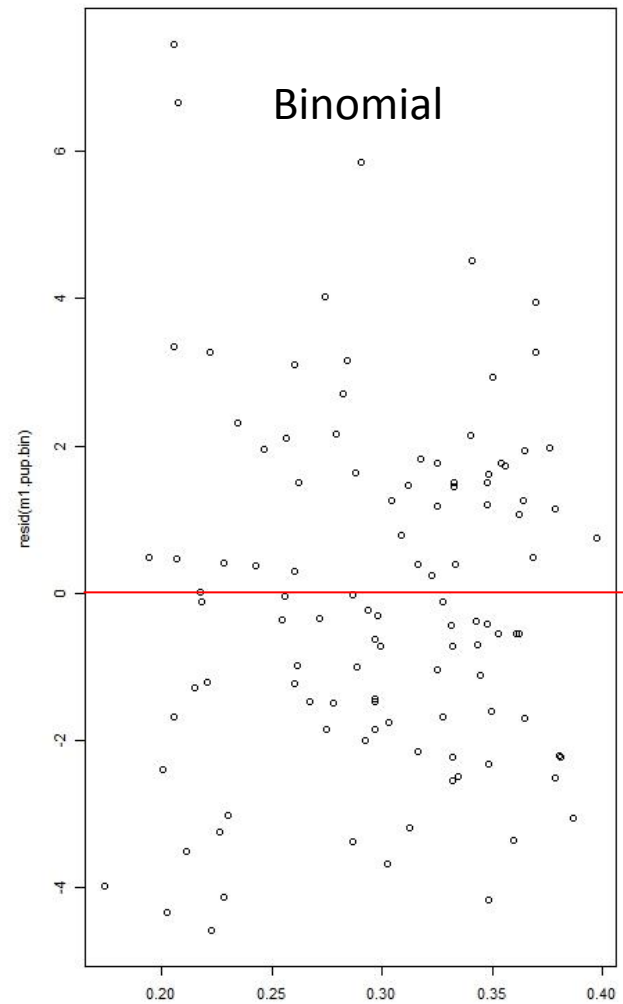
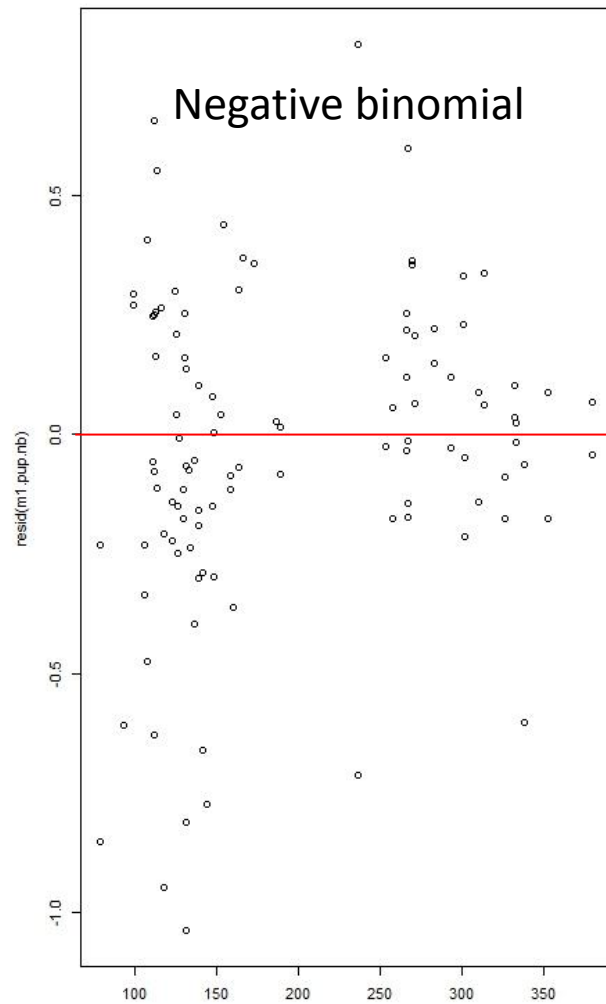
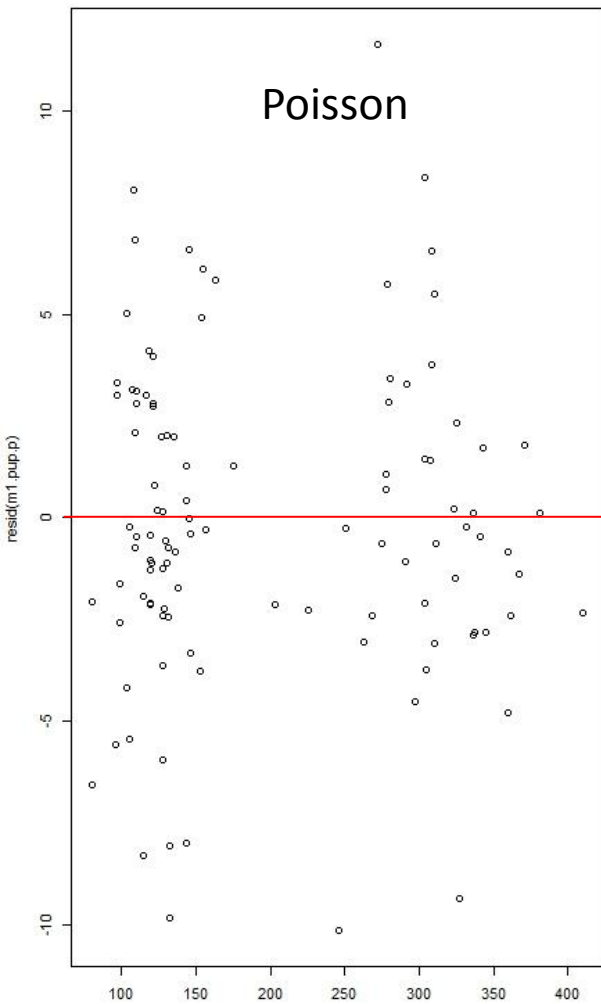
Bayesian GLMM coefficients on proportion of population that are pups



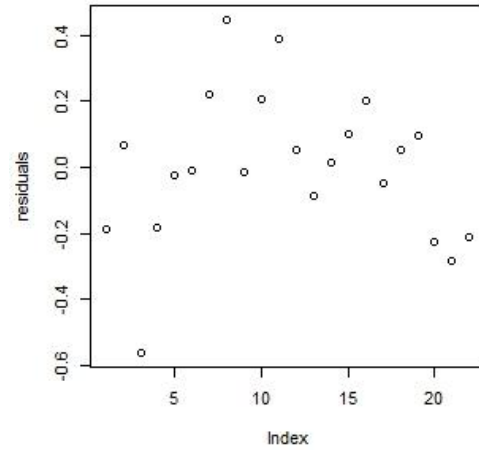
Peak Pup Count by Julian Date at 5 primary colonies



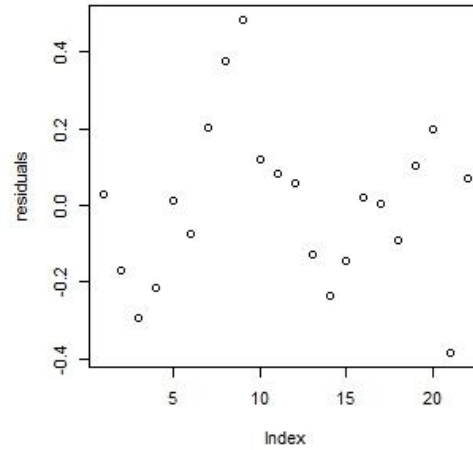
GLMM Residuals



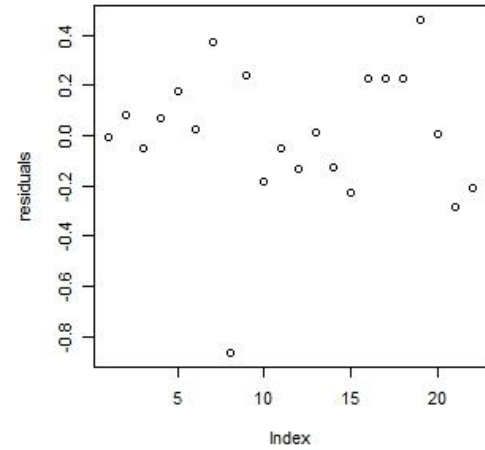
3 pops BL



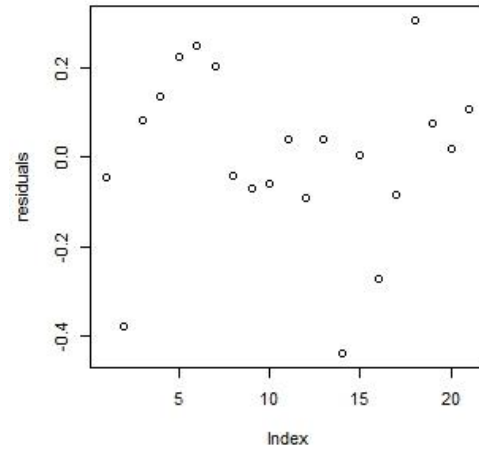
3 pops DE



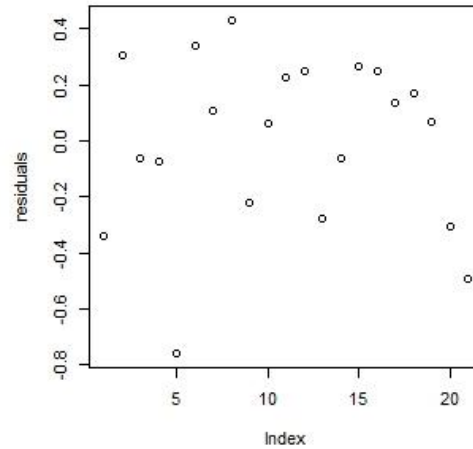
3 pops DP



3 pops TB



3 pops TP



MARSS Residuals