

NEKA, 2020/21

4. DN/ 4rd HW : 4.12.2020

Rok za oddajo/ Due date: 23:59, 18. 12. 2020

- (1) Naj bosta Q_1 in Q_2 kvaternioni F -algebri (privzamemo $\text{char } F \neq 2$). Pokaži, da so naslednje trditve ekvivalentne:
 - (a) Obstajajo $a, b, b' \in F^{-1}$ za katere je $Q_1 \cong \left(\frac{a,b}{F}\right)$ in $Q_2 = \left(\frac{a,b'}{F}\right)$.
 - (b) Q_1 in Q_2 imata skupno podpolje dimenzije 2 nad F .
 - (c) Q_1 in Q_2 imata skupno razcepno polje dimenzije 2 nad F .
- (2) Naj bo A centralno enostavna F -algebra in $\text{Nrd}: A \rightarrow F$ njena reducirana norma (Glej vaje 8). Za vsak $a \in A$ definiramo levo množenje $L_a \in \text{End}_F(A)$ z $L_a(x) = ax$ in (nereducirano) normo $N(a) = \det(L_a)$.
Pokaži, da je $N(a) = \text{Nrd}(a)^{\deg(A)}$.
- (3) Naj bo A centralno enostavna F -algebra (privzamemo $\text{char } F \neq 2$). Pokaži, da je $[A] = [Q] \in \text{Br}(F)$ za neko kvaternionsko algebro Q natanko tedaj, ko obstaja separabilno razcepno polje algebre A stopnje 2.
- (4) Določi Brauerjevo grupo $\mathbb{C}(t)$ in $\mathbb{R}(t)$.
- (5) Naj bo A centralno enostavna F -algebra. Naj bo $f: A \rightarrow A$ involucija (f je F -linear, $f^2 = \text{id}_A$ in $f(xy) = f(y)f(x)$).
S pomočjo f opiši vse involucije A .
Pokaži, da ima $M_n(A)$ involucijo.

- (1) Let Q_1 and Q_2 be quaternion F -algebras (assume $\text{char } F \neq 2$). Show that TFAE:
 - (a) There exist $a, b, b' \in F^{-1}$ such that $Q_1 \cong \left(\frac{a,b}{F}\right)$ and $Q_2 = \left(\frac{a,b'}{F}\right)$.
 - (b) Q_1 and Q_2 have a common subfield of dimension 2 over F .
 - (c) Q_1 and Q_2 have a common splitting field of dimension 2 over F .
- (2) Let A be a central simple F -algebra and $\text{Nrd}: A \rightarrow F$ its reduced norm (consult ex8). For any $a \in A$ we define the left multiplication $L_a \in \text{End}_F(A)$ by $L_a(x) = ax$ and the (unreduced) norm by $N(a) = \det(L_a)$.
Show that $N(a) = \text{Nrd}(a)^{\deg(A)}$.
- (3) Let A be a central simple F -algebra (assume $\text{char } F \neq 2$). Show that $[A] = [Q] \in \text{Br}(F)$ for some quaternion algebra Q if and only if A has a separable splitting field of degree 2.
- (4) Determine the Brauer group of $\mathbb{C}(t)$ and $\mathbb{R}(t)$.

- (5) Let A be a central simple F -algebra. Let $f: A \rightarrow A$ be an involution of A (f is F -linear, $f^2 = \text{id}_A$ and $f(xy) = f(y)f(x)$).

Describe all involutions of A using f .

Show that $M_n(A)$ admits an involution.