



Volunteering in the US

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Outline

Charity in the United States

Project + Dataset

Visualization Techniques

Demo

Future Directions

Charity by the Numbers

Donations (2017)

- \$410 billion
 - Individuals (70%)
 - Foundations (16%)
 - Bequests (9%)
 - Corporations (5%)

General decline in % giving

- 66% (2000) to 55% (2014)
- Nonprofits shifting focus towards wealthier donors

		increase from 2016
Religion	\$127	+2.9%
Education	\$59	+6.2%
Human services	\$50	+5.1%
Foundations	\$46	+15.5%
Health	\$38	+7.3%
Public society benefit	\$30	+7.8%
International affairs	\$23	-4.4%
Arts, culture, humanities	\$20	+8.7%
Environmental and animal	\$12	+7.2%

SOURCE Giving USA 2018: The Annual Report on Philanthropy for the Year 2017, a publication of Giving USA Foundation researched by the Indiana University Lilly Family School of Philanthropy.

Charity by the Numbers

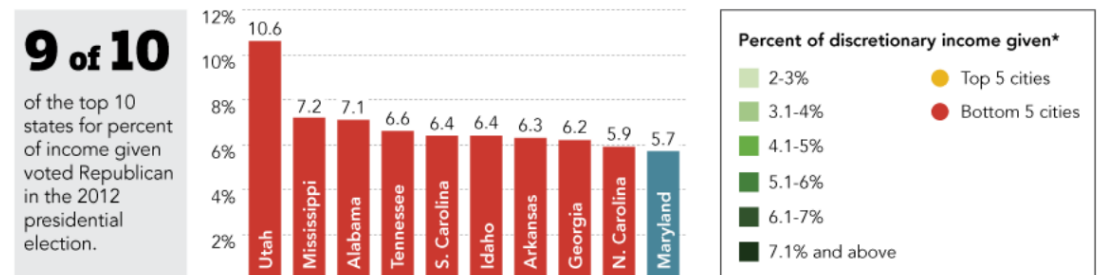
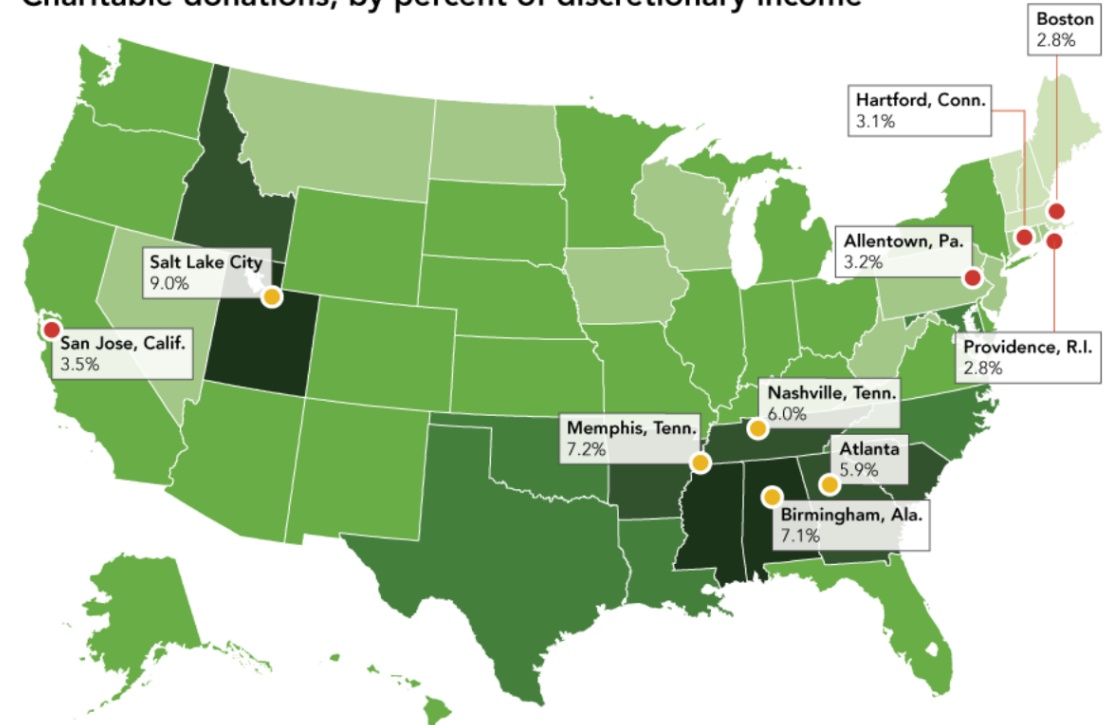
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Charitable donations, by percent of discretionary income



Charity by the Numbers

Volunteering (2017)

- 30% of adults
- 6.9 billion hours
 - \$167 billion

Compared with 2015

- 25% of adults
- 7.9 billion hours
 - \$184 billion

Demographic	Volunteer Rate (%)
Men	26.5
Women	33.8

Demographic	Volunteer Rate (%)
Generation Y	26.1
Millennials	28.2
Generation X	36.4
Baby Boomers	30.7
Silent Generation	24.8

Charity by the Numbers

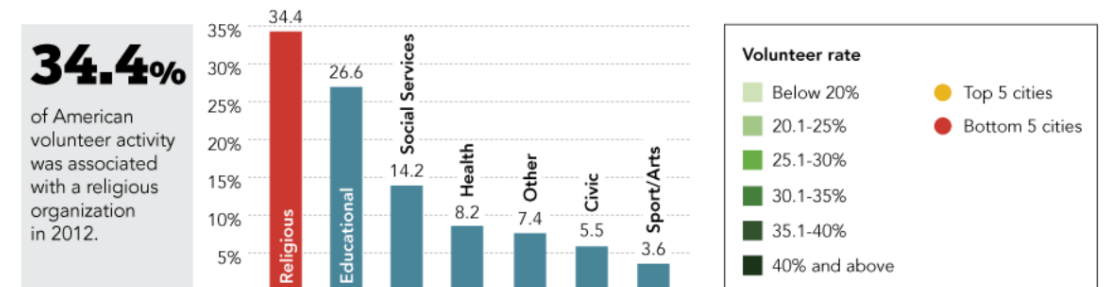
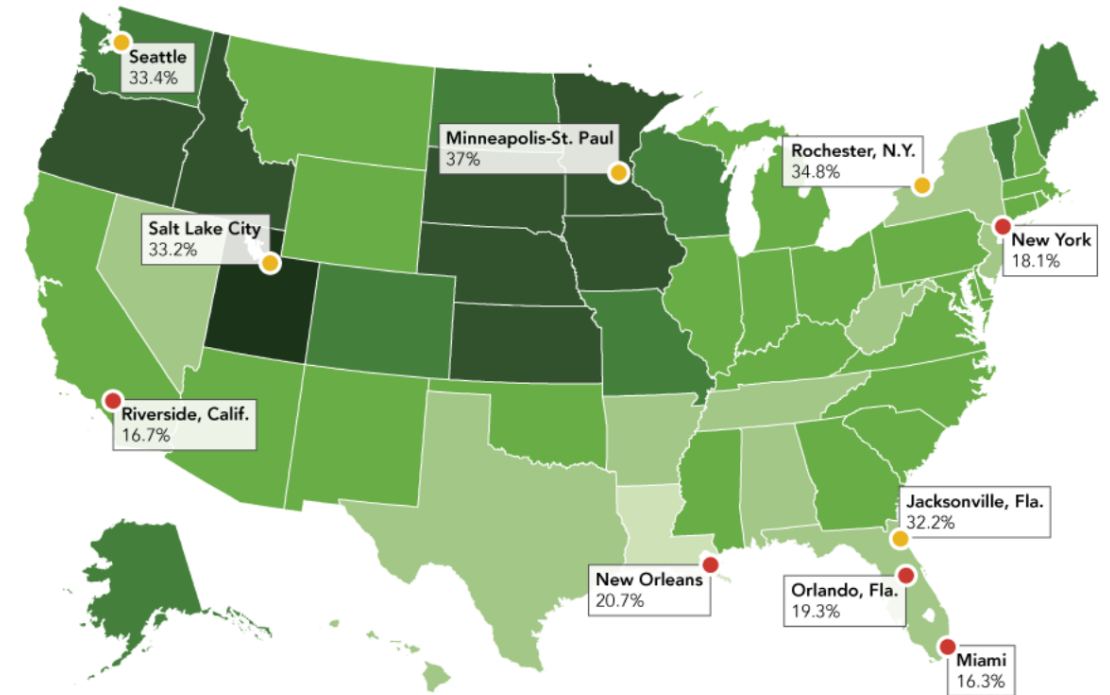
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Volunteer rate, by percent of residents who volunteered in the past year



Project

Volunteering

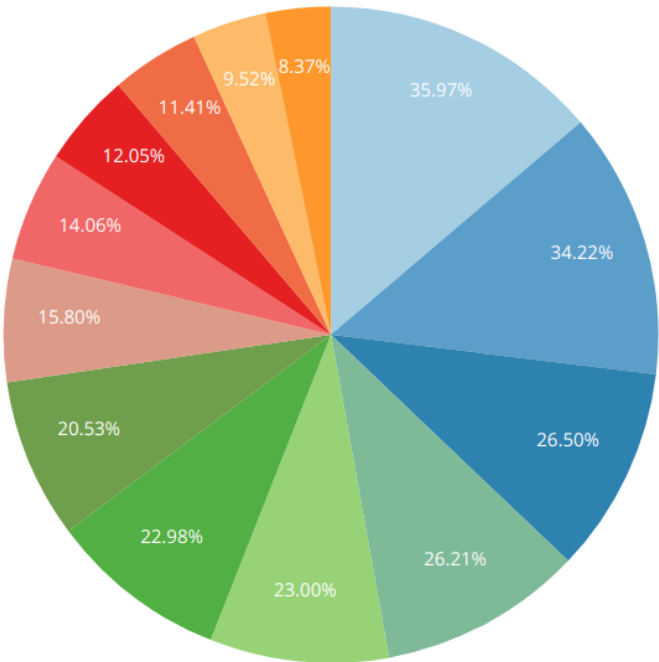
- Organizations, Activities
- Spatial Distribution
- Demographic Factors

Dataset

- Volunteering and Civic Life in America
 - **State** / Metropolitan Statistical Area
 - 2017 Dataset
- Survey
 - ~60,000 Household / ~100,000 individuals
 - Response / Sampling Bias

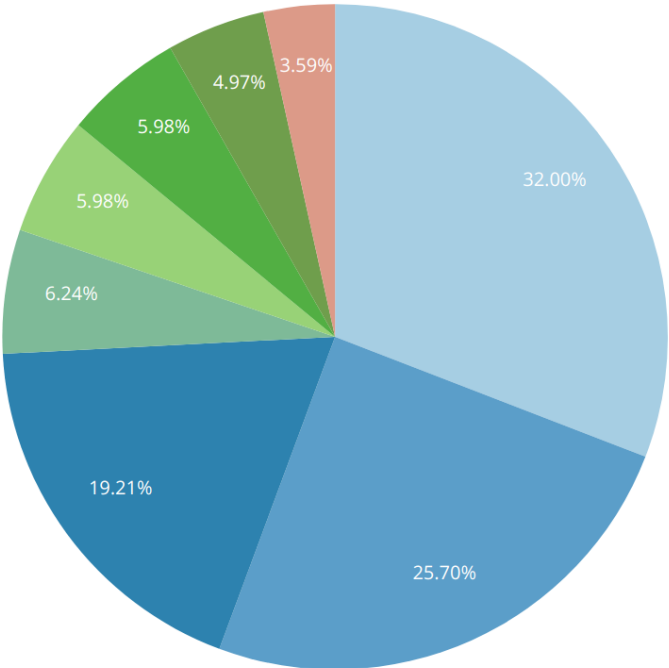


Activities



- Fundraise or sell items to raise money?
- Collect, prepare, distribute, or serve food?
- Collect, make or distribute clothing, crafts, or goods other than food?
- Mentor youth?
- Tutor or teach?
- Engage in general labor; supply transportation for people?
- Provide professional or management assistance including serving on a board or committee?
- Usher, greeter, or minister?
- Engage in music, performance, or other artistic activities?
- Coach, referee, or supervise sports teams?
- Provide general office services?
- Provide counseling, medical care, fire/EMS, or protective services?
- (Other)

Organizations



- Religious
- Sport, hobby, cultural or arts
- Educational or youth service
- Civic, political, professional or international
- Hospital or other health
- Public safety
- Environmental or animal care
- Other
- (Other)

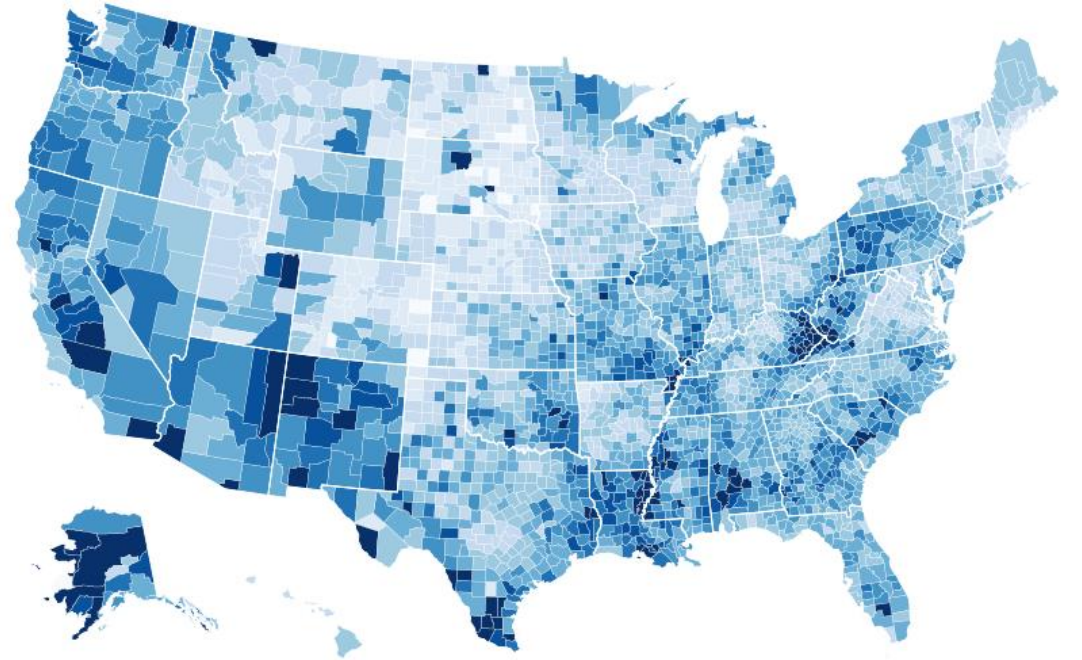
Visualization Techniques

Task

- Show the spatial distribution of volunteer rates across the US at the state level

Choropleth Mapping

- Univariate
 - Volunteer Activity / Organization
- Bivariate
 - Volunteer Types
 - Demographic vs. Volunteer ✓



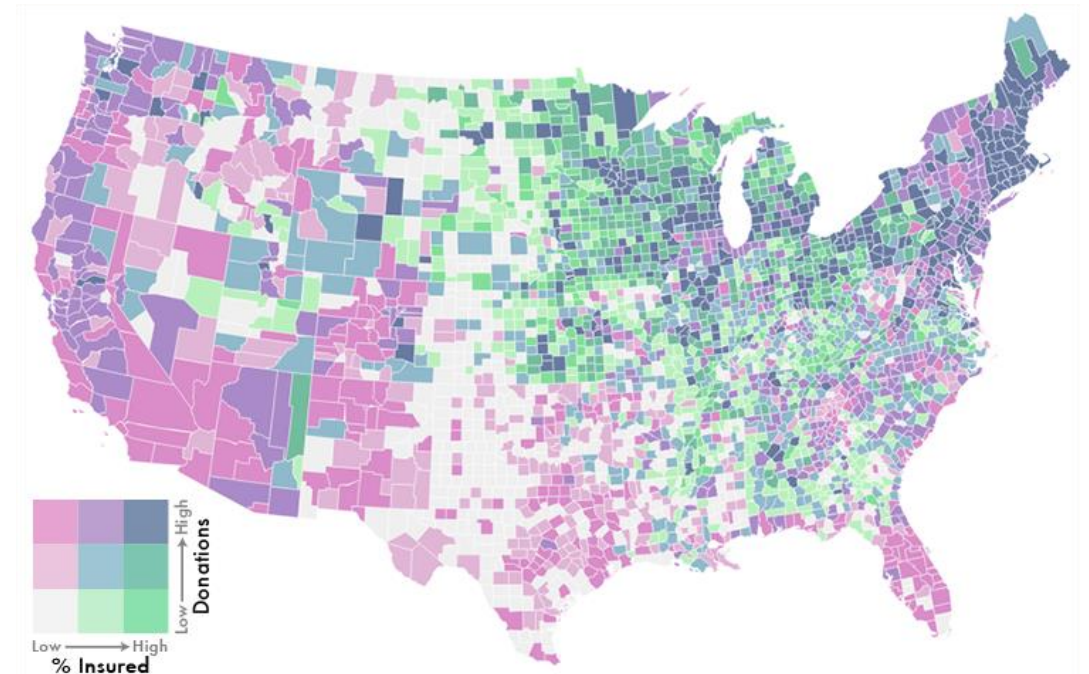
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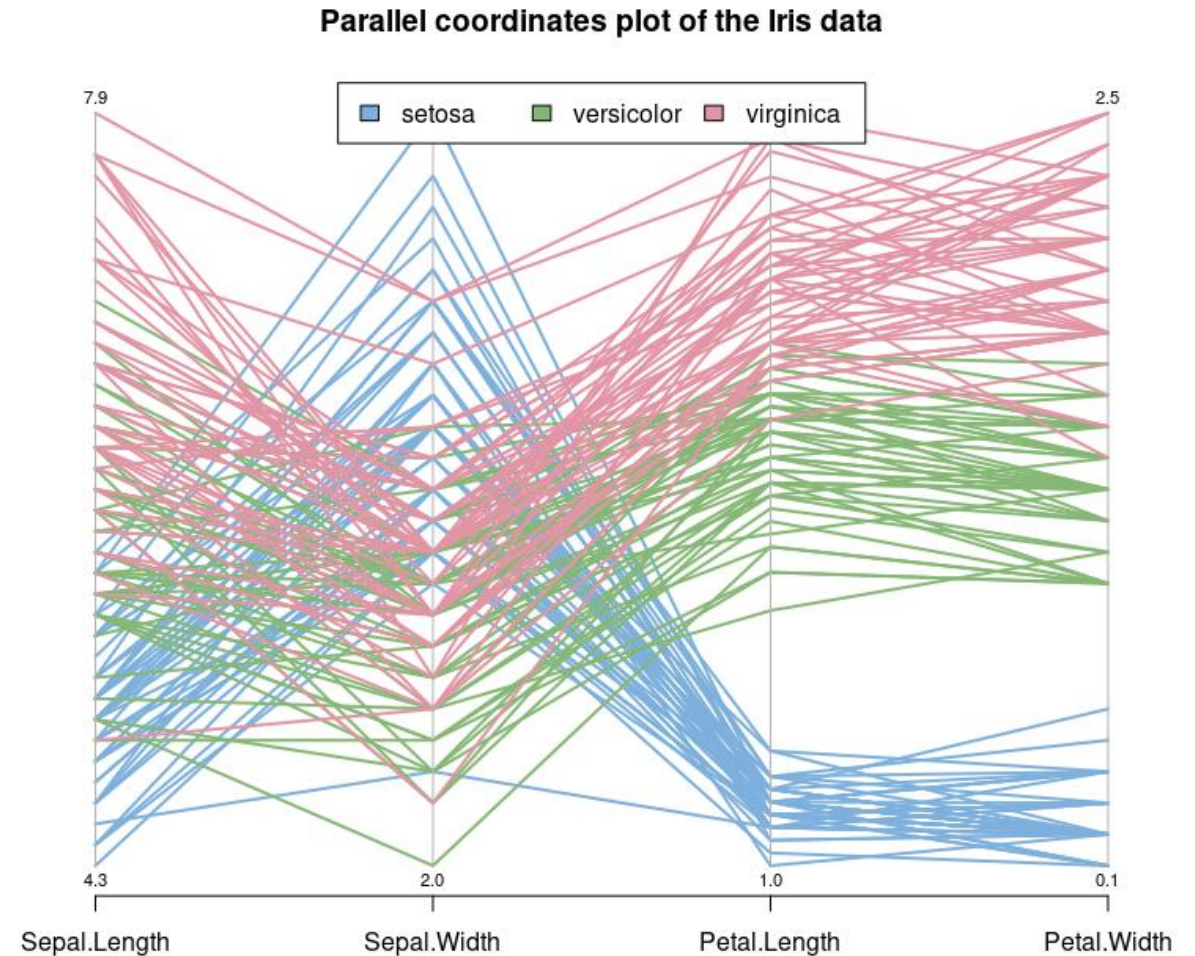
Visualization Techniques

Task

- Show how the volunteer rates are distributed among the different activities & organizations

Options

- Parallel Coordinate Plot
- Pie Chart
- Radar Chart



Visualization Techniques

Pie Chart

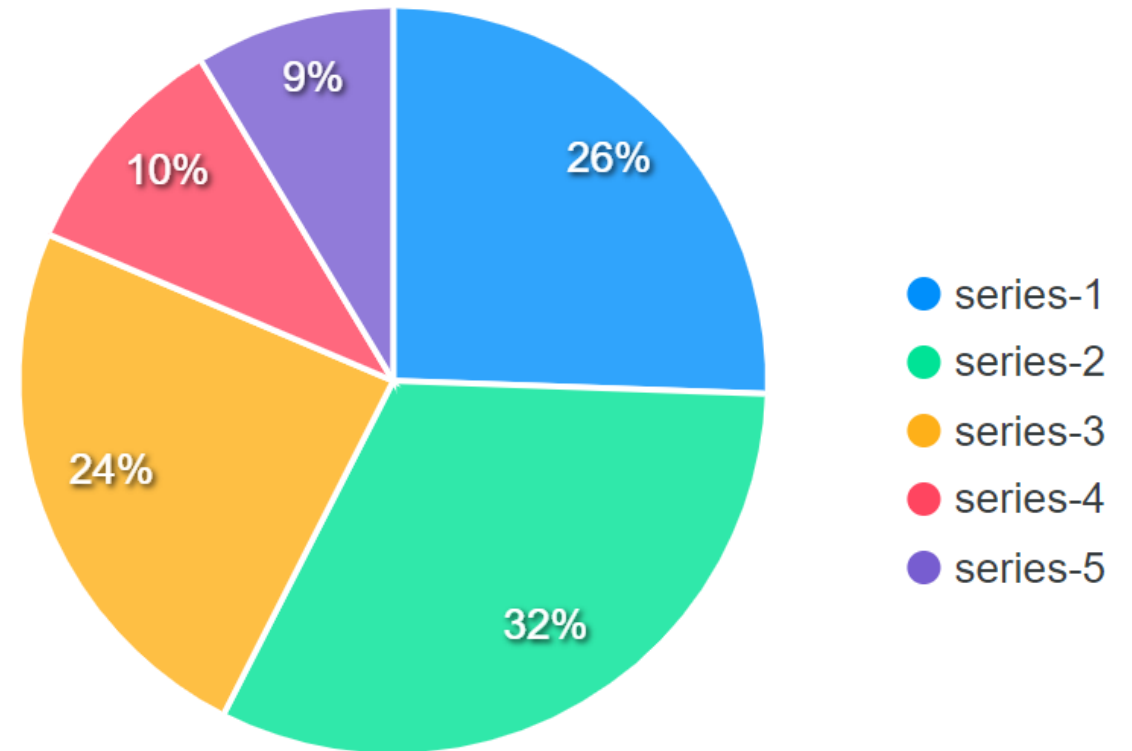
- Limited to a single state at a time
- Activities don't add up to 100%

Parallel Coordinate Plot

- Did in lab
- Compare across states (cluttered)

Radar Chart ✓

- Plot all state data
- Highlight indicated state



Visualization Techniques

Pie Chart

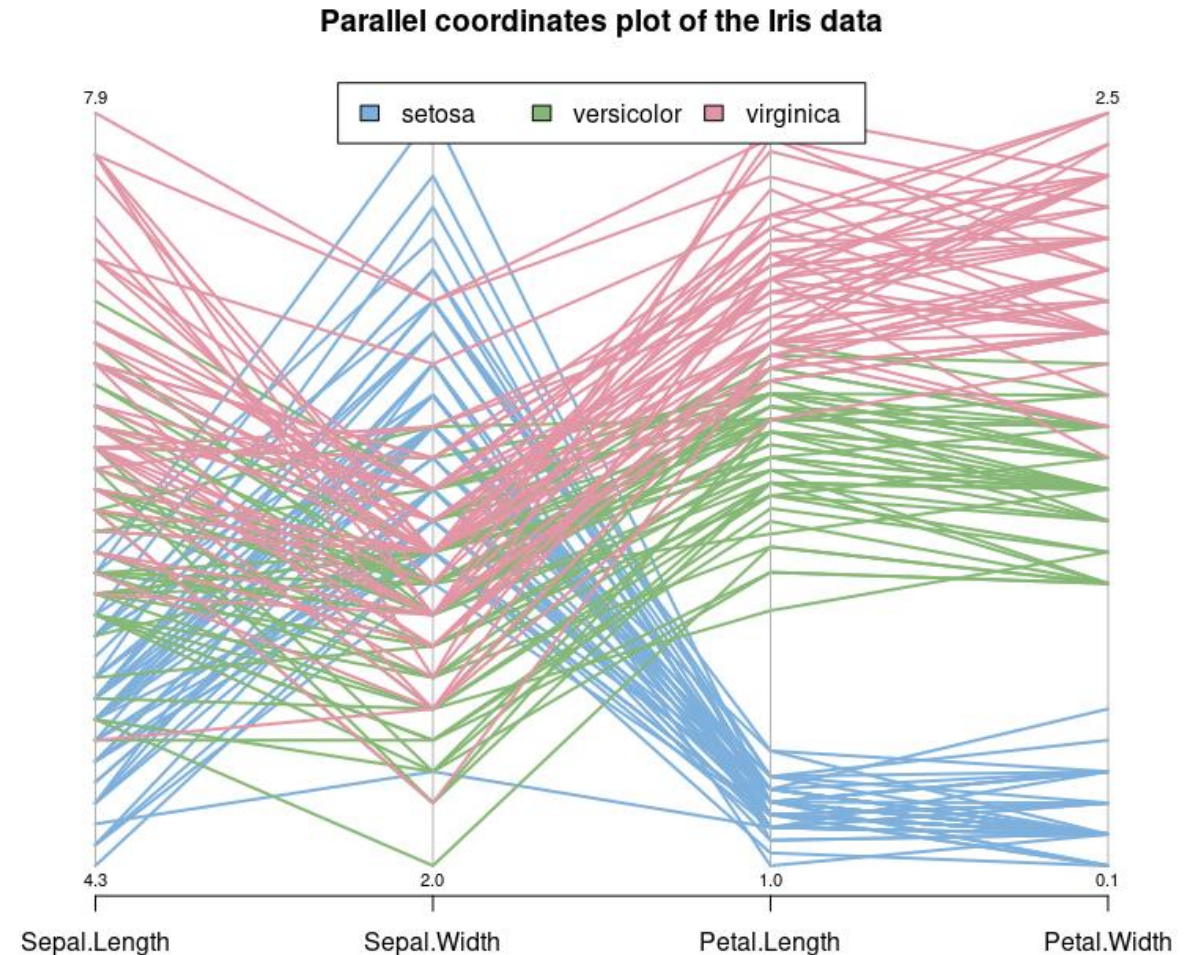
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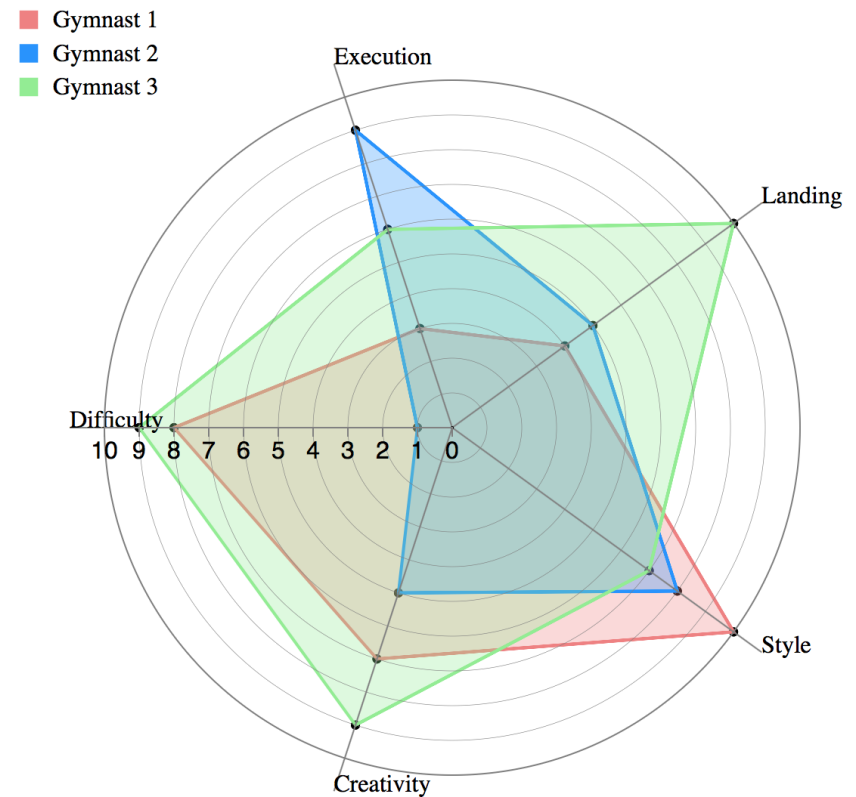
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Gymnast Scoring Radar Chart



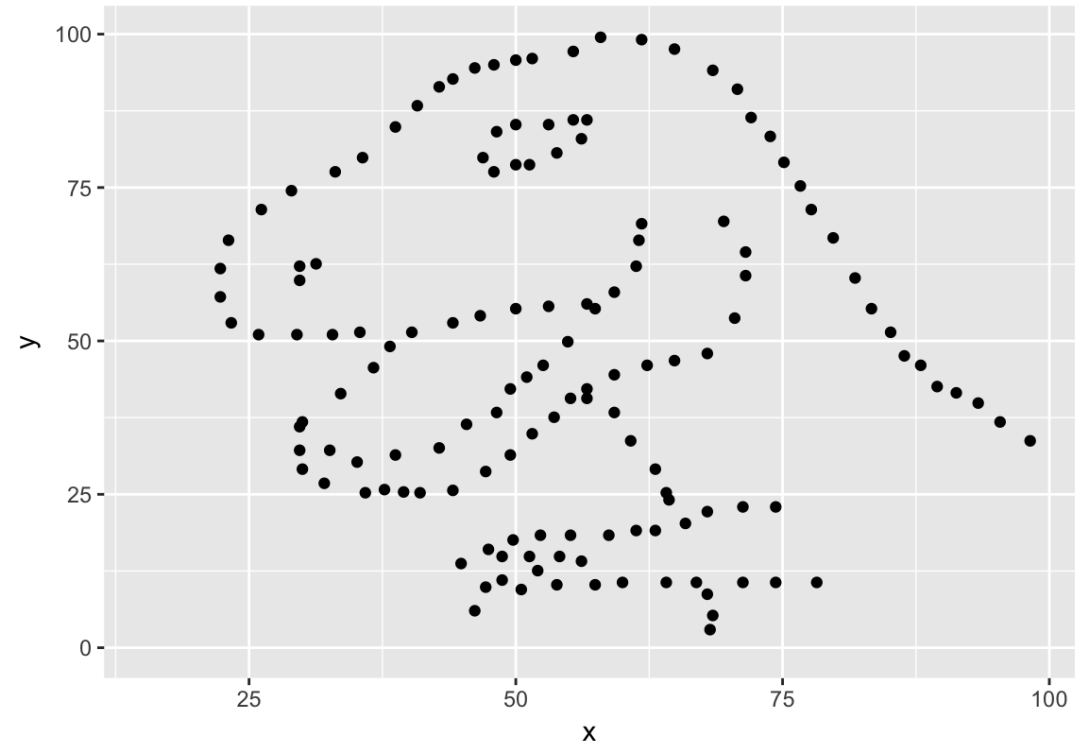
Visualization Techniques

Task

- Show the relationship between the demographic variable and the volunteer rate

Scatterplot

- x = Demographic Variable
- y = Volunteer Rate



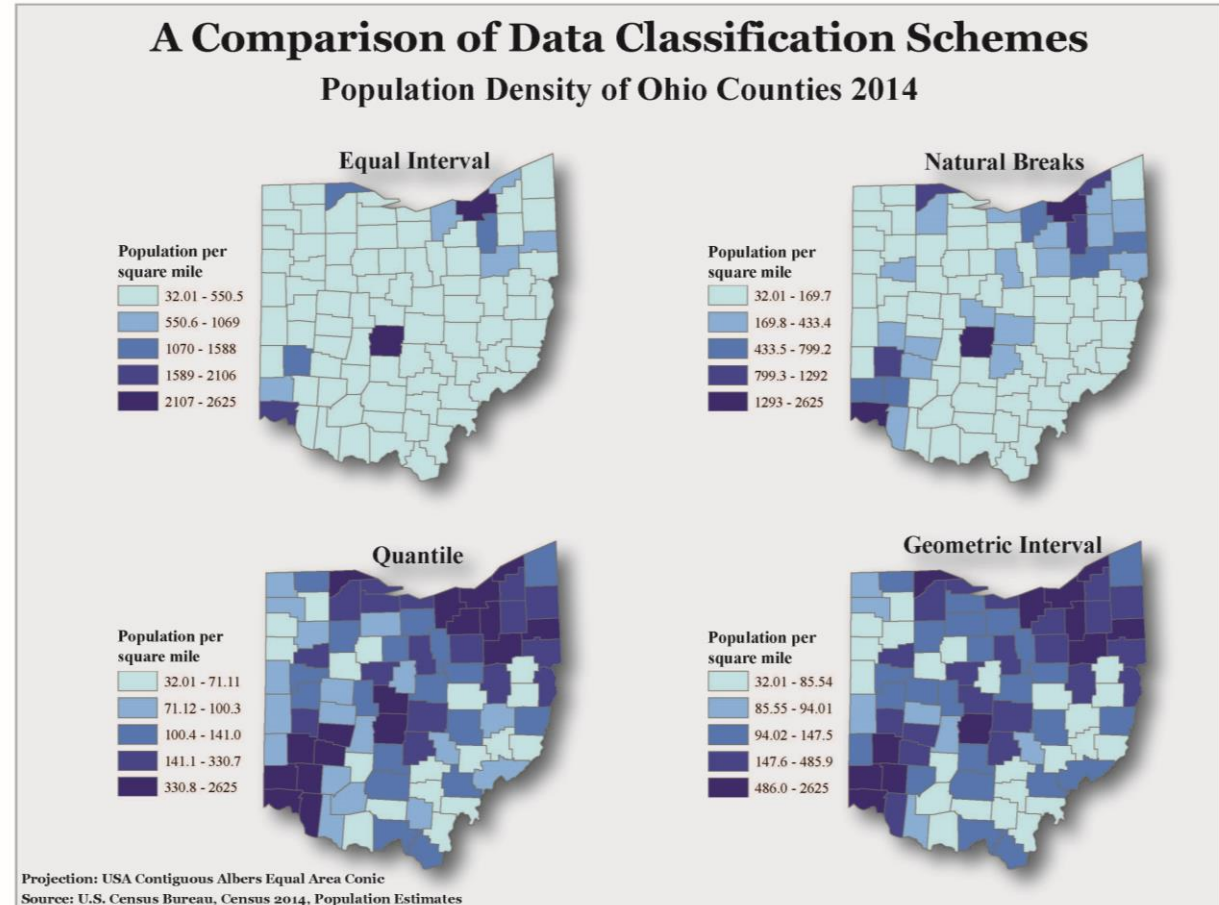


Future Directions

Choropleth Maps

Option to choose breaks, e.g.

- Equal Interval
- Quantile
- Natural
- Manual



Future Directions

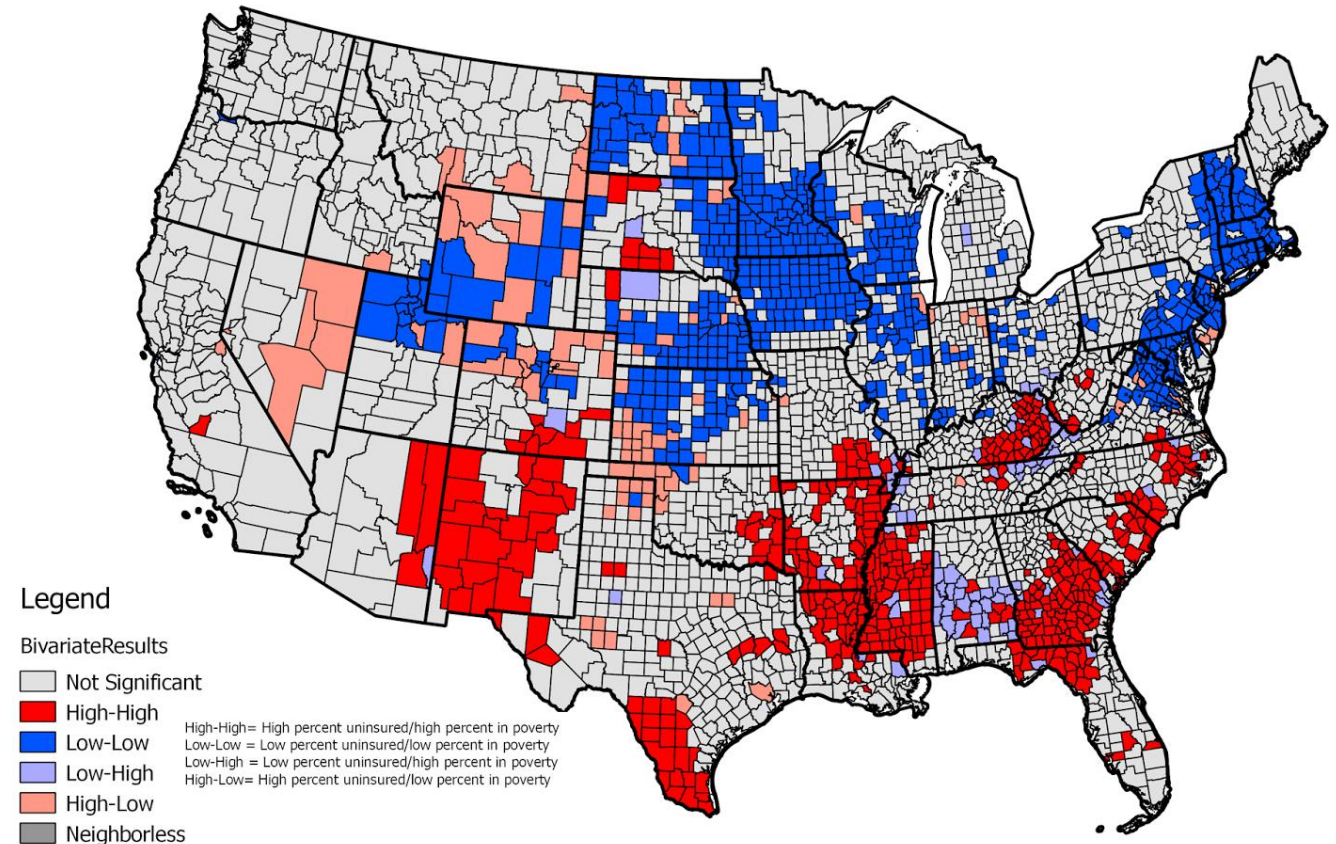
Local Moran's I

Identifies spatial outliers

Issues

- Tedious in ArcMap
 - Map for each activity / organization
 - Join state names
 - Python scripting?

Bivariate Local Moran's I: Percent Uninsured under Age 65 and Percent of People of All Ages in Poverty



Future Directions

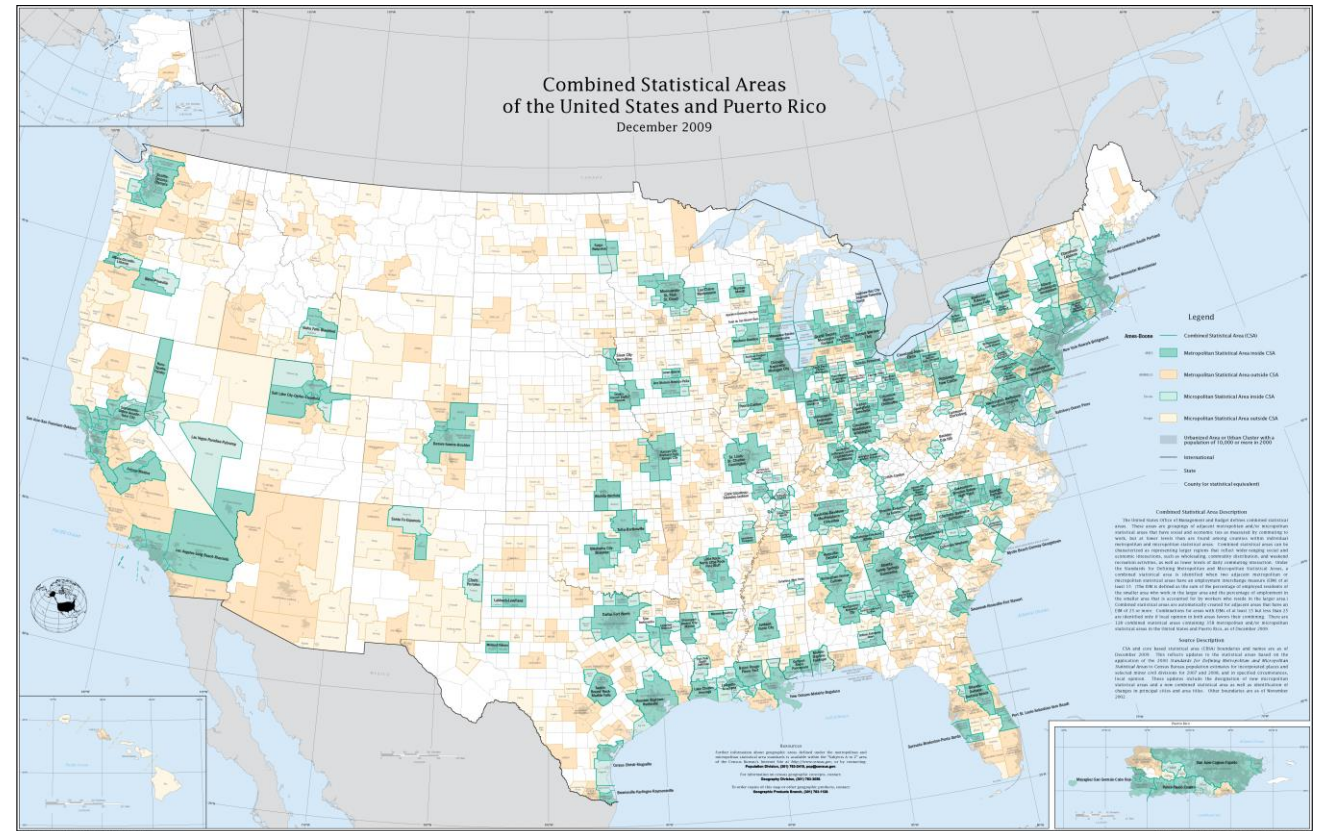
Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Advantages

- Smaller Units
- Less loss of information

Disadvantages

- Longer rendering time (simplify polygons?)
- Less border sharing (Moran's I)



Future Directions

Explore Additional Data

Demographic

- Age / Sex
- Survey responses

Charity

- Donations
- Changes over time

