# OHI R Package: Version 0.9.12

## November 16, 2013

2 aggregate\_to\_region

Index	ohi.nature2012 scoring																			
aggre	egate_to_region	Check	and	d A	iss	em	ble	2 L	ay	er	·s									

## Description

Check all the input layers as defined by layers\_navigation.csv, found in dir.layers and assembled out to a consolidated layers\_data.csv for easy data extraction.

## Usage

```
aggregate_by_country(df, col.value=value, col.country=country_id)
aggregate_weighted(df, w, col.value=value, col.country=country_id, col.weight=weight)
aggregate_by_country_year(df, col.value=value, col.country=country_id)
```

## **Arguments**

df	Input data frame.
col.value	Column in data frame containing the value to be aggregated.
col.country	Column in data frame containing the country_id.
col.weight	Column in data frame containing the weight.

## Value

These functions aggregate to region by either country, country and year, or just a weight. These are mostly only used for aggregating a goal's status or trend calculations to region.

```
## Not run:
    aggregate_by_country(df, col.value=value, col.country=country_id)
    aggregate_weighted(df, w, col.value=value, col.country=country_id, col.weight=weight)
    aggregate_by_country_year(df, col.value=value, col.country=country_id)
## End(Not run)
```

allregions 3

allregions

Ocean Health Index: Global regions

## Description

Functions to join with global regions

#### Usage

```
allregions(d = NULL, scope = all)
ohi.global.regions.all
ohi.global.regions.eez
ohi.global.regions.highseas
```

## **Arguments**

d The data frame to join with. If NULL, returns all regions. scope 'all' for all global regions, or 'eez' for EEZ/country regions.

#### Value

Returns a data.frame containing a left join of regions.

#### See Also

merge

## **Examples**

```
d <- data.frame(id=1:50, status=runif(50, 0, 1))
allregions(d) # returns status=NA for all but the first 50 regions
ohi.load(regions_details)</pre>
```

aster

Plot Aster

#### **Description**

Plot flower plot. Created by Jim Regetz. Slight modifications by Darren and Ben.

## Usage

```
aster(lengths, widths, labels, disk=0.5, max.length,
    center=NULL, main=NULL, fill.col=NULL, plot.outline=TRUE,
    label.offset=0.15, xlim=c(-1.2, 1.2), ylim=c(-1.2, 1.2), uin=NULL,
    tol=0.04, cex=1, bty="n", lty=1,
    label.col=black, label.font=3, label.cex=NULL, ...)
```

4 aster

#### **Arguments**

lengths length of petal outward to extent of circle

widths width of petal

labels petal label outside of circel

disk relative radius of a central donut hole

max.length ...

center center value

main fill.col

plot.outline

label.offset

xlim

ylim

uin

tol

cex

bty

lty

label.col

label.font

label.cex

## Value

Generate something akin to a rose plot in which the width and length of each petal are directly specified by the user. Or to put it differently, this is somewhat like a pie chart in which the radius of each wedge is allowed to vary (along with the angular width, as pie charts do). As an additional enhancement, one can specify a central disk of arbitrary radius (from 0 to 1, assuming that the plot itself is scaled to the unit circle), in which case the petal heights are always measured from the edge of the disk rather than the center of the circle; if desired, text can be added in the center.

Although this kind of plot may already be well known in some circles (no pun intended), I haven't seen it clearly defined or labeled anywhere, so I'm anointing it an 'aster' plot because its component parts are reminiscent of composite flower morphology.

The 'lengths' dictates how far out each petal extends, 'widths' dictates the (angular) width of each petal, and 'disk' gives the relative radius of a central donut hole. If no widths are provided, all petals will have equal widths. Additional function arguments can also control whether petals are labeled, whether the petal lengths are rescaled to the maximum score or to a user-input score, whether spokes delineating each petal are extended to an outer circle, and more. I also wrote a quick convenience wrapper for creating a legend plot.

Note that the function here is a repurposed and very heavily modified version of the windrose() function contained in the 'circular' package, although sufficiently rewritten so as not to depend on any functionality in that package.

launchApp 5

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# generate some fake data
set.seed(1)
scores <- sample(1:10)</pre>
weights <- sample(1:10)</pre>
labels <- paste(LETTERS[1:10], "X", sep="")</pre>
# do some plots
par(mfrow=c(2,2), xpd=NA)
aster(lengths=scores, widths=weights, disk=0, main="Example 1",
    plot.outline=FALSE)
aster(lengths=scores, widths=weights, labels=labels, main="Example 2",
    lty=2, fill.col="gray", plot.outline=FALSE)
aster.legend(labels=labels, widths=weights)
aster(lengths=scores, widths=weights, disk=0.5, main="Example 3",
    center="Hello world")
## End(Not run)
```

launchApp

Ocean Health Index: Launch Application

#### **Description**

Launch a graphical user interface to inspect and do basic calculations of OHI.

#### Usage

```
launchApp(config.R)
```

## Arguments

config.R

Full path to the configuration file. See Details below.

## Value

Opens an application in your local browser using the Shiny R package to interface between the web browser and R.

```
## Not run:
    launchApp(~/ohi/scenarios/global_2012_nature/conf/config.R)
## End(Not run)
```

6 layers\_navigation

layers\_navigation

Check and Assemble Layers

### Description

Check all the input layers as defined by layers\_navigation.csv, found in dir.layers and assembled out to a consolidated layers\_data.csv for easy data extraction.

## Usage

```
check.layers_navigation(layers_navigation.csv, dir.layers, layers_id_fields)
assemble.layers_data(layers_navigation.csv, dir.layers, layers_data.csv, layers_id_fields)
```

## **Arguments**

```
layers_navigation.csv
```

Full path to the layers\_navigation.csv file.

dir.layers

Full path to the directory containing the layers files.

layers\_data.csv

Combined data table output of all layers dir.layers based on descriptions in layers\_navigation.

layers\_id\_fields

Character vector of unique identifiers typically spatial (eg region\_id, country\_id, saup\_id).

#### Value

All of these parameters should be defined in config.R.

The check.layers\_navigation() function iterates through the layers\_navigation.csv and checks for the existence of all the input files and looks for matching fields. Any unused fields should be dealt with before moving onto using assemble.layers\_data.

The assemble.layers\_data() function reads in all data layers and combines them into a single data table layers\_data.csv.

```
## Not run:
    config.R = ~/ohi/scenarios/global_2012_nature/conf/config.R
    source(config.R)
    check.layers_navigation(layers_navigation.csv, dir.layers, layers_id_fields)
    assemble.layers_data(layers_navigation.csv, dir.layers, layers_data.csv, layers_id_fields)
## End(Not run)
```

ohi 7

ohi Ocean Health Index

## Description

The Ocean Health Index package provides goal model functions and data from global study results.

## **Examples**

ohi.version

ohi-file

Ocean Health Index: Data file format

## **Description**

Simple read/write utility functions for the CSV and RData data file format.

#### Usage

```
ohi.read.csv(file, na.strings = "", row.names = NULL, ...)
ohi.write.csv(x, file, digits = NULL, row.names = F, na = "", ...)

ohi.load(name, dir=data, method=c(RData, csv), envir=.GlobalEnv)
ohi.save(name, dir=data, method=c(RData, csv), ...)

ohi.loadbin(name, dir=data, envir=.GlobalEnv)
ohi.savebin(name, dir=data, ...)
ohi.savetxt(name, dir=data, ...)

ohi.save.results(xdim, dir)
ohi.save.status(dir=..)
ohi.save.pressures(dir=..)
ohi.save.resilience(dir=..)
```

## **Arguments**

file	Full path to input/output file.
x	A data frame with data to write.
digits	Use to restrict ASCII representation of doubles.
row.names	Do not use them by default
na.strings	Use blanks for NA.
na	Use blanks for NA.

8 ohi-tbd

dir The directory to use.

method The data file format method.

envir Environment in which to assign name

The variable to which data will be assigned, and used for the filename – e.g., name = 'regions' will look for 'regions.csv', etc.

xdim The name of a dimension, and expects get(dimension) to return a valid data frame with 2 columns: region\_code, and dimension – e.g., ('region\_code', 'status').

... Arguments passed onto read.csv, write.csv, load, save.

Value

Returns a data.frame with the input data.

#### See Also

```
read.csv, write.csv
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    d <- ohi.read.csv(data/regions.csv)
    names(d)
    head(d)

    d$label <- toupper(d$label)
    ohi.write.csv(d, data/regions.veryloud.csv)

    status <- data.frame(region_code=d$region_code, status=rnorm(nrow(d)))
    ohi.save.status()

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

ohi-tbd

Ocean Health Index: TBD

## **Description**

TBD

#### Usage

pkey

## Source

tbd

ohi-vars 9

#### References

tbd

#### **Examples**

```
Sys.info()
```

ohi-vars

Ocean Health Index: Global variables

## Description

Various variable constants for goals, dimensions, labels, etc.

#### Usage

```
goals
goals_subgoals
goal_subgoals
ohi.global.regions
ohi.global.regions.eez.noATA
ohi.global.regions.max
ohi.global.regions.noATA
ohi.goal.all
ohi.goal.labels
ohi.goal.subgoal.all
ohi.goal.subgoal.unique
ohi.labels
ohi.model.dimensions
ohi.casestudies
ohi.model.labels
ohi.subgoal.all
ohi.subgoal.parent
ohi.valuesets
schemes
subgoals
```

#### **Format**

- 1. ohi.subgoal.all is the list of only the subgoals, or the goal if only 1 subgoal.
- 2. ohi.goal.subgoal.unique is the list of only the subgoals, or the goal if only 1 subgoal.
- 3. ohi.goal.subgoal.all the union of all goals and subgoals.
- 4. ohi.subgoal.parent is the list of subgoals and their parent goal.
- 5. labels is a list to map codes into text labels.

10 ohi.model.goal

## **Examples**

```
ohi.labels[[A0]]
ohi.labels[ohi.goal.all]
ohi.labels[ohi.goal.subgoal.all]
ohi.subgoal.parent[ohi.subgoal.all]
```

ohi.model.goal Ocean Health Index: Goal Model

## Description

The goal model function.

## Usage

## **Arguments**

id Region identifiers.

status Status scores.

trend Trend values for 5 year outlook.

resilience Resilience scores.

pressure Pressures scores.

DISCOUNT Discount multiplier.

BETA Multiplier used in likely future status calculation.

default.trend The default trend value (0) if region has NA.

#### Value

Returns a data.frame with the input data, and a likely future status and OHI score.

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
## run a model with 50 regions using random data,
## using 5 year 1-percent discount rate and beta=0.67
require(ohi)
d <- ohi.model.goal(id=1:50,</pre>
                     status=runif(50, 0, 1),
                     trend=runif(50, -1, 1),
                     resilience=runif(50, 0, 1),
                     pressure=runif(50, 0, 1),
                     DISCOUNT = (1 + 0.01)^{-5},
                    BETA = 0.67,
                     default.trend = 0.0)
## view model output
names(d)
d[,c(id,score,xF)]
## End(Not run)
```

ohi.model.pressures

Ocean Health Index: Pressures Model

#### **Description**

The pressures model function computes a pressures score for each region given a weighting matrix for a goal and the individual pressures values.

#### Usage

```
ohi.model.pressures(p, w, GAMMA = 0.5)
ohi.pressure.category
```

#### Arguments

р

the pressures value matrix [region\_id x pressure]. Each score must be a real number between 0 and 1 inclusive, or NA. The pressure names must be of the form *category\_pressure* where *category* is one of the categories listed in ohi.pressure.category. Use ss to denote the social category.

7	0.846	0.410 0.677	0.000
8	0.806	0.671 0.752	NA
9	0.844	0.595 0.678	NA
10	0.860	0.575 0.781	0.109

the weighting matrix of the form [region\_id x pressure]. Each rank weight must be a real number between 0 and 3 inclusive, or NA.

ŗ	pressure			
region_id	cc_acid	cc_sst	cc_uv	fp_art_hb
1	2	1	0.6	NA
2	2	1	0.5	NA
3	2	1	2.1	NA
4	2	1	3.0	NA
5	2	1	2.8	1
6	2	1	2.2	1
7	2	1	1.3	1
8	2	1	1.7	NA
9	2	1	3.0	NA
10	2	1	1.2	1

GAMMA Multiplier used to combine environmental and social pressures.

#### **Details**

W

Each pressure layer p(i,j) is either environmental or social, belongs to a pressures category  $K \in \{cc, fp, hd, po, sp, ss\}$ , and has a value (0..1) for each region i and pressures layer j. Each goal has a weight matrix w that has a rank weight between 0 and 3 inclusive, or NoData, for each region i and each pressure layer j on a per goal g basis.

The pressures scores calculations go through 5 steps, using a complex weighting scheme that varies across goals, subgoals, pressures categories, and regions:

- g is the goal or subgoal (e.g., AO, CW, LIV, ECO, ...),
- *i* is the region (e.g., 1, 2, 3, ...),
- *j* is the pressures layer or stressor (e.g., cc\_acid, fp\_art\_lb, etc.).

#### Calculations

1. Apply weights for each goal g, region i, and pressure layer j: Each weighted pressure  $p_w(g,i,j)$  is the pressure layer value p(i,j) per region i and pressure layer j multiplied by the rank weight w(g,i,j) for that goal g, region i, and pressure layer j. If the w(g,i,j) is NoData or 0, the weighted pressure  $p_w(g,i,j)$  is NoData.

$$p_w(g, i, j) = w(g, i, j) * p(i, j)$$

2. Category-level aggregation: The pressures category score  $p_K$  is the sum of all  $p_w$  within each category, then rescaled to 0..1 using a linear scale range transformation (from 0..3 to 0..1). Any score  $p_K$  greater than 1 is capped to 1:

$$p_K(g, i) = \frac{\min(\sum_{j \in K} p_w(g, i, j), 3)}{3}$$

3. Environmental aggregation: The environmental pressures score  $p_E(g,i)$  is the weighted sum of  $p_K(g,i)$ , where each weight is the maximum weight in the pressure category K, and then divided by the sum of the maximum weights:

$$w_{K,max}(g,i) = max(\{\forall_i \in K | w(g,i,j)\})$$

$$p_E(g,i) = \frac{\sum_K w_{K,max}(g,i) p_K(g,i)}{\sum_K w_{K,max}(g,i)}$$

4. Social aggregation: The social pressures score  $p_S(g,i)$  is the mean of the *unweighted* social pressure scores p(i,j):

$$p_S(g,i) = \frac{\sum_{j \in S} p(i,j)}{N}$$

5. Gamma combination: The pressures score  $p_X(g, i)$ :

$$p_X(g,i) = \gamma p_E(g,i) + (1 - \gamma)p_S(g,i)$$

#### Value

Returns a named vector with the pressures score for each named region.

## See Also

```
ohi.model.pressures.matrix
```

```
## Not run:
> ohi.pressure.category
$environmental
[1] "po" "hd" "fp" "sp" "cc"
$social
[1] "ss"
> p
region_id fp_art_hb fp_art_lb fp_com_hb fp_com_lb hd_intertidal
                         0.25
                                    0.35
                                             0.395
       1
              0.122
                                                           0.954
                         0.94
       2
              0.096
                                    0.85
                                             0.252
                                                           0.649
       3
              0.858
                         0.46
                                    0.84
                                             0.097
                                                           0.425
              0.814
       4
                         0.63
                                    0.60
                                             0.672
                                                           0.659
       5
              0.247
                         0.51
                                    0.58
                                             0.941
                                                           0.046
       6
              0.853
                         0.34
                                    0.15
                                             0.370
                                                           0.385
       7
              0.601
                         0.31
                                    0.39
                                             0.873
                                                           0.064
       8
              0.355
                         0.89
                                    0.74
                                             0.159
                                                           0.273
              0.289
                         0.94
                                    0.52
                                             0.743
                                                           0.094
       10
              0.887
                         0.89
                                    0.87
                                             0.660
                                                            0.746
         pressure
```

```
region_id hd_subtidal_hb hd_subtidal_sb po_chemicals po_nutrients
      1
                  0.535
                                0.651
                                             0.042
                                                          0.931
      2
                  0.454
                                0.069
                                             0.234
                                                          0.025
      3
                  0.297
                                0.428
                                             0.970
                                                          0.679
                  0.953
                                0.485
                                             0.063
                                                          0.565
      4
      5
                  0.963
                                0.045
                                             0.552
                                                         0.828
      6
                  0.598
                                0.213
                                             0.907
                                                         0.220
      7
                  0.476
                                0.641
                                             0.980
                                                         0.214
      8
                  0.285
                                0.858
                                             0.447
                                                          0.793
                                0.702
                                             0.719
                                                          0.472
      9
                  0.591
      10
                                0.431
                                             0.685
                                                          0.102
                  0.072
        pressure
region_id sp_alien sp_genetic ss_wgi
      1
            0.979
                       0.761 0.181
      2
            0.345
                       0.091 0.631
      3
            0.223
                       0.986 0.646
                      0.078 0.559
      4
            0.035
      5
            0.992
                      0.643 0.432
            0.963
                       0.416 0.221
      6
      7
            0.752
                       0.627 0.257
      8
            0.100
                       0.245 0.333
      9
            0.316
                       0.373 0.347
                       0.224 0.031
      10
            0.283
> w
        pressure
region_id fp_art_hb fp_art_lb fp_com_hb fp_com_lb hd_intertidal
                 2
                      1
                                 0.92
      2
                 2
                                 0.48
                                                           1
      3
                 2
                           1
                                 2.81
                                                           1
      4
                 2
                          1
                                 1.19
      5
                 2
                                 2.82
                          1
      6
                 2
                                 1.07
                          1
      7
                 2
                                 1.48
                          1
                 2
                                 0.46
      8
      9
                 2
                                 0.56
      10
                 2
                                 0.90
        pressure
region_id hd_subtidal_hb hd_subtidal_sb po_chemicals po_nutrients
                      2
                                    2
                                              1.00
      1
                                    2
                                              0.79
      2
                      2
                                                             1
      3
                      2
                                    2
                                              0.37
                      2
                                    2
                                              0.91
      5
                      2
                                    2
                                              1.06
      6
                      2
                                    2
                                              0.72
                      2
                                    2
                                              0.49
                      2
                                    2
                                              1.18
      9
                                    2
                                              0.18
      10
                                              0.28
        pressure
region_id sp_alien sp_genetic ss_wgi
                   1
      1
              1
                                 1
      2
                1
                           1
                                 1
      3
                1
                           1
```

```
4
                1
      6
                1
                           1
      7
                1
                           1
      8
                1
                           1
                                 1
      9
                1
                          1
                                 1
      10
                1
> p_x <- ohi.model.pressures(p, w)</pre>
> p_x
            3 4
                      5 6 7 8
0.40\ 0.53\ 0.68\ 0.63\ 0.60\ 0.43\ 0.48\ 0.47\ 0.50\ 0.30
> data.frame(region_id=names(p_x), pressure=p_x)
   region_id pressure
          1
                0.40
2
          2
                0.53
3
          3
                0.68
          4
                0.63
5
          5
                0.60
6
                0.43
          6
7
         7
                0.48
8
                0.47
9
                0.50
10
       10
                0.30
## End(Not run)
```

ohi.model.pressures.matrix

Ocean Health Index: Pressures Matrix Model

## Description

The pressures matrix model function computes a pressures weighting matrix based on regional attributes per category.

## Usage

```
ohi.model.pressures.matrix(alpha, beta, calc)
```

## **Arguments**

alpha	the weighting matrix of the form [category x pressure]. Each rank weight must be an integer between 0 and 3 inclusive, or NA.
beta	the aggregation matrix of the form [region_id x category] to collapse across each category.
calc	type of calculation, whether avg (default), mean (diff't from avg?) or presence (results in 1 or 0).

#### **Details**

Given:

- g is the goal or subgoal (e.g., AO, CW, LIV, ECO, ...),
- *i* is the region (e.g., 1, 2, 3, ...),
- *j* is the pressures layer or stressor (e.g., cc\_acid, fp\_art\_lb, etc.).
- *k* is the category (e.g., habitat, sector, product, etc.)

There may be a component k for a given goal g such that  $p_w(g, i, j, k)$  and w(g, i, j, k).

$$p_w(g, i, j, k) = w(g, i, j, k) * p(i, j)$$

In these cases where there is a component k for goal g, there's an additional aggregation or formula to calculate w(g,i,j) based on the core rank weight  $\alpha(g,j,k)$  from the original pressures matrix (as written in Halpern et al. (2012)) and some region-specific data for each category k  $\beta(i,k)$ .

This function ohi.model.pressures.matrix will aggregate a category-specific weighting matrix  $\alpha(g,j,k)$  [category x pressure] using region-specific data  $\beta(g,i,k)$  into a [region\_id x pressure] matrix w(g,i,j) used in ohi.model.pressures, such that:

$$w(g,i,j) = \frac{\sum_k \alpha(g,j,k) * \beta(g,i,k)}{\sum_k \beta(g,i,k)}$$

1. For the CP, CS goals, the weight depends on the extent A of habitat k in region i:

$$\beta(i,k) = A(i,k)$$

2. For the HAB goal, the weight depends on the presence of habitat k (i.e., if A(i,k) > 0) in region i:

$$\beta(i,k) = hasHabitat(i,k)$$

3. For the LIV and ECO goals, the weight depends on the presence of sector *k* if data available for region *i* and sector *k*:

$$\beta(i,k) = hasSector(i,k)$$

4. For the NP goal, the weight depends on the peak dollar value of each product k across all years (see  $w_p$  from SI Equation S27) if data available for region i and product k:

$$\beta(i,k) = w_p(i,k)$$

#### Value

Returns a weight matrix w [region\_id x pressure] suitable for ohi.model.pressures.

## See Also

ohi.model.pressures

ohi.model.resilience 17

ohi.model.resilience Ocean Health Index: Resilience Model

### **Description**

The resilience model function computes a resilience score for each region given a weighting matrix for a goal and the individual resilience values.

## Usage

```
ohi.model.resilience(r, t, w=NA, gamma=0.5)
ohi.model.resilience.matrix(b, w.layers=NA)
ohi.resilience.category
```

### **Arguments**

r	the resilience value matrix [region_id x layer]. Each score must be a real number between 0 and 1 inclusive, or NA.
t	the typing vector $t[layer]$ where values are from ohi.resilience.category.
W	the weighting matrix of the form [region_id x layer]. Each rank weight must be a real number $>= 0$ , or NA for even weighting.
w.layers	the weighting vector of the form [layer]. Each rank weight must be a real number >= 0, or NA for even weighting.
gamma	the gamma constant for $r_{i,x}$ calculation.
b	a boolean value matrix [region_id x layer] which is TRUE if the given region id should include layer, and FALSE otherwise.

## **Details**

To calculate Resilience for each goal g and region i (r(g,i)) we assess three types of resilience measures j: ecological integrity  $(Y_E(g,i))$ , goal-specific regulations aimed at addressing ecological pressures (G(g,i)), and social integrity  $(Y_S(g,i))$ . The first two measures address ecological resilience while the third addresses social resilience. When all three aspects are relevant to a goal, Resilience is calculated for each goal g and each region i:

$$r(g,i) = \gamma * \left(\frac{Y_E(g,i) + G(g,i)}{2}\right) + (1 - \gamma) * Y_S(g,i)$$

where each goal g is comprised of several resilience layers j where  $w_j$  is a configuration-time weight to aggregate across resilience categories:

$$G(g, i) = \frac{\sum_{j \in g} w_j G(i, j)}{\sum_{j \in g} w_j}$$

$$Y_E(g, i) = \frac{\sum_{j \in g} Y_E(i, j)}{N}$$

$$Y_S(g, i) = \frac{\sum_{j \in g} Y_S(i, j)}{N}$$

18 ohi.model.resilience

## Value

ohi.model.resilience returns resilience score for each region. ohi.model.resilience.matrix returns a weighting matrix suitable for ohi.model.resilience.

```
## Not run:
> ohi.resilience.category
[1] "environmental" "regulatory"
                                     "social"
> b
         layer
region_id fishing-v1 habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm wgi-all
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                              TRUE
      104
                                                      TRUE
      105
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                              TRUE
                                                      TRUE
      106
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                      TRUE
                                                              TRUE
      107
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                      TRUE
                                                              TRUE
      108
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                      TRUE
                                                              TRUE
      109
                TRUE
                                                              TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                      TRUE
      110
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                      TRUE
                                                              TRUE
      111
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                      TRUE
                                                              TRUE
      112
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                      TRUE
                                                              TRUE
      113
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                      TRUE
                                                              TRUE
      114
                TRUE
                               TRUE
                                                      TRUE
                                                              TRUE
> w
           fishing-v1
                               habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm
                                           2
                    2
              wgi-all
> w < -ohi.model.resilience.matrix(b, w)</pre>
         layer
region_id fishing-v1 habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm wgi-all
                   2
                                  2
      104
      105
                   2
                                  2
                                                                 1
      106
                   2
                                  2
      107
                   2
                                  2
      108
                   2
                                  2
      109
                   2
                                  2
                                                         1
                   2
                                  2
      110
                                                         1
                                                                 1
                                  2
                   2
      111
                                                                 1
                                  2
      112
                   2
      113
                   2
                                  2
                                                         1
                                                                 1
                   2
      114
                                                                 1
> r
region_id fishing-v1 habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm wgi-all
      104
              0.4870
                             0.4495
                                                    0.8679 0.4385
      105
              0.5162
                             0.5905
                                                    0.8748 0.2460
      106
              0.4811
                             0.4051
                                                   0.8852 0.6465
              0.3618
                                                   0.8260 0.8007
      107
                             0.2583
              0.5322
                             0.4703
                                                    0.9318 0.5579
      108
```

ohi.nature2012

```
109
             0.5053
                           0.4703
                                                0.9313 0.5579
      110
             0.6491
                           0.5690
                                                0.9239
                                                        0.5703
     111
             0.3629
                           0.1562
                                                0.9230 0.6375
             0.5670
                           0.5000
     112
                                                0.9273 0.5718
     113
             0.3807
                           0.2530
                                                0.9339 0.4484
     114
             0.6508
                           0.5690
                                                0.9275 0.5703
> t
          fishing-v1
                             habitat-combo species-diversity-3nm
         "regulatory"
                              "regulatory"
                                                "environmental"
             wgi-all
             "social"
> ohi.model.resilience(r, t, w)
         105 106
                     107 108
                                    109
                                           110
                                                  111
0.5533 0.4800 0.6553 0.6844 0.6372 0.6337 0.6684 0.6144 0.6511 0.5369
  114
0.6695
## End(Not run)
```

ohi.nature2012

Ocean Health Index: Global Results

#### **Description**

This data set contains the scores and model outputs from the Ocean Health Index global study (Halpern et al. 2012).

## Usage

ohi.nature2012

#### **Format**

A list containing:

- 1. regions is a data frame with the id and label for each reporting region (country EEZs).
- 2. global is a data frame with area-weighted and unweighted global OHI scores, including pergoal scores.
- 3. valueset is a data frame with the 5 value set (weighting combinations) scores per region.
- 4. goal is an array of scores as goal ~ dimension ~ region.
- 5. labels is a list to map codes into text labels.
- 6. layers is a list of layers data from the file archive.
- 7. countries is a list of country-level data to aggregate into regions.

20 scoring

#### References

Halpern, BS, C Longo, D Hardy, KL McLeod, JF Samhouri, SK Katona, K Kleisner, SE Lester, J O'Leary, M Ranelletti, AA Rosenberg, C Scarborough, LR Selig, BD Best, DR Brumbaugh, FS Chapin III, LB Crowder, KL Daly, SC Doney, C Elfes, MJ Fogarty, SD Gaines, K Jacobsen, LB Karrer, HM Leslie, E Neeley, D Pauly, S Polasky, B Ris, K St. Martin, GS Stone, UR Sumaila, and D Zeller. 2012. *An index to assess the health and benefits of the global ocean*. **Nature** 488, 615–620 (30 August 2012). doi:10.1038/nature11397.

#### See Also

File archive

#### **Examples**

```
options(max.print=10)
options(digits=3)
data(ohi.nature2012, package=ohi)
## Find the Region ID number for the United States
region_id <- with(ohi.nature2012$regions, id[label == "United States"])</pre>
region_id
## Show the Artisanal Fishing Opportunities goal score
with(ohi.nature2012, goal[AO, score, region_id])
## Show the status and trend for the Food Provision: Fisheries (FIS) subgoal
with(ohi.nature2012, goal[FIS, c(status, trend), region_id])
## Show all goals and dimensions
with(ohi.nature2012, goal[ , , region_id])
## Show the unweighted OHI score for Region 116
subset(ohi.nature2012[[valueset]], id == region_id)[[unweighted]]
## Show the attributes for Region 116
subset(ohi.nature2012[[regions]], id == region_id)
## Show all countries part of Region 116
subset(ohi.nature2012[[countries]][[regions]], region_id == region_id)
## Show data for CP Extent layer for Region 116
subset(ohi.nature2012[[layers]][[data]],
       layer_id == i_cp_extent & region_id == region_id)
```

scoring

Ocean Health Index: Scoring

#### **Description**

Scoring functions

scoring 21

## Usage

```
score.rescale(x, xlim=NULL, method=linear, ...) score.max(x, p=0.0, ...) score.clamp(x, xlim=c(0,1), ...)
```

## Arguments

x A numeric vector of data.

xlim The scoring range. If null, derives range from data.

p A percentage buffer to add to the maximum value.

method Only 'linear' is supported.

... Arguments for min, max, pmin, pmax.

#### Value

Returns scores.

## See Also

min, max, pmin, pmax

```
score.max(c(0.5, 1, 2))
score.max(c(0.5, 1, 2), p=0.25)
score.rescale(c(0.5, 1, 2))
score.clamp(c(-0.5, 1, 2))
score.clamp(c(-0.5, 1, 2), xlim=c(-1, 1))
```

## **Index**

*Topic datasets	launchApp, 5
ohi-vars, 9	layers_navigation, 6
ohi.nature2012, 19	Tayer 3_mavigation, 0
*Topic layers_navigation	mangle (ohi-tbd), 8
aggregate_to_region, 2	md.table(ohi-tbd), 8
aster, 3	
layers_navigation, 6	ohi, 7
*Topic <b>ohi</b>	ohi-file, 7
allregions, 3	ohi-package (ohi), 7
launchApp, 5	ohi-tbd, 8
ohi, 7	ohi-vars,9
ohi-file,7	ohi.casestudies(ohi-vars),9
ohi.model.goal, 10	ohi.find.file(ohi-tbd),8
ohi.model.godi, 10	ohi.global.regions(ohi-vars),9
ohi.model.pressures.matrix, 15	ohi.global.regions.all(allregions), 3
ohi.model.resilience, 17	ohi.global.regions.eez(allregions), 3
scoring, 20	ohi.global.regions.highseas
3001 1118, 20	(allregions), 3
aggregate_by_country	ohi.goal.all(ohi-vars),9
(aggregate_to_region), 2	ohi.goal.labels(ohi-vars),9
aggregate_by_country_year	ohi.goal.subgoal.all(ohi-vars),9
(aggregate_to_region), 2	ohi.goal.subgoal.unique(ohi-vars), 9
aggregate_to_region, 2	ohi.goal.to.old.goal.component
aggregate_weighted	(ohi-tbd), 8
(aggregate_to_region), 2	ohi.labels(ohi-vars),9
allregions, 3	ohi.load(ohi-file),7
apply.bycol (ohi-tbd), 8	ohi.loadbin(ohi-file),7
apply.byrow(ohi-tbd),8	ohi.model.dimensions(ohi-vars), $9$
assemble.layers_data	ohi.model.goal, 10
(layers_navigation), 6	ohi.model.keys(ohi-tbd),8
aster, 3	ohi.model.labels(ohi-vars),9
,	ohi.model.pressures, 11, 16
<pre>check.layers_navigation</pre>	ohi.model.pressures.matrix, 13, 15
(layers_navigation), 6	ohi.model.resilience, 17
	ohi.nature2012, <u>19</u>
ends.with(ohi-tbd),8	ohi.old.goal.component(ohi-tbd), $8$
	ohi.options(ohi-tbd),8
<pre>goal_subgoals (ohi-vars), 9</pre>	ohi.pressure.category
goals(ohi-vars),9	(ohi.model.pressures), 11
<pre>goals_subgoals (ohi-vars), 9</pre>	ohi.read.csv(ohi-file),7

INDEX 23

```
ohi.resilience.category
        (ohi.model.resilience), 17
ohi.save(ohi-file), 7
ohi.savebin(ohi-file),7
ohi.savetxt(ohi-file),7
ohi.subgoal.all(ohi-vars), 9
ohi.subgoal.parent(ohi-vars),9
ohi.valuesets(ohi-vars),9
ohi.version(ohi), 7
ohi.write.csv(ohi-file), 7
ohi.write.results(ohi-tbd), 8
pkey (ohi-tbd), 8
{\sf read.csv}, 8
scenario.to.beta(ohi-tbd), 8
scenarios.cases(ohi-tbd), 8
scenarios.compare (ohi-tbd), 8
schemes (ohi-vars), 9
score.clamp (scoring), 20
score.max (scoring), 20
score.rescale (scoring), 20
scoring, 20
starts.with(ohi-tbd),8
subgoals (ohi-vars), 9
vcat (ohi-tbd), 8
write.csv, 8
zstats.load(ohi-tbd), 8
```