

# Assignment 5

Julia Haaf & Nicole Cruz, adapted from Shravan Vasishth

## Exercise 1

We focus on the effect of cognitive load on pupil size, looking at all the subjects:

```
library(brms)
```

```
load("df_pupil_complete.rda")
df_pupil_complete
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,228 x 4
##   subj trial  load p_size
##   <int> <int> <int> <dbl>
## 1   701     1     2  1021.
## 2   701     2     1   951.
## 3   701     3     5  1064.
## 4   701     4     4   913.
## 5   701     5     0   603.
## 6   701     6     3   826.
## 7   701     7     0   464.
## 8   701     8     4   758.
## 9   701     9     2   733.
## 10  701    10     3   591.
## # i 2,218 more rows
```

Try to fit a “maximal” model (correlated varying intercept and slopes for subjects) assuming a normal likelihood, and using these priors:

```
prior = c(
  prior(normal(1000, 500), class = Intercept),
  prior(normal(0, 1000), class = sigma),
  prior(normal(0, 100), class = b, coef = c_load),
  prior(normal(0, 1000), class = sd),
  prior(lkj(2), class = cor))
```

- Examine the effect of (centered) load on pupil size, and the average pupil size. What do you conclude?
- Do a sensitivity analysis for the prior on the intercept ( $\alpha$ ). What is the estimate of the effect ( $\beta$ ) under different priors?
- Is the effect of load consistent across subjects? Investigate this visually.