

Introduction to HDF5

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Why HDF5?

- Have you ever asked yourself:
 - How will I deal with one-file-per-processor in the petascale era?
 - Do I need to be an "MPI and Lustre pro" to do my research?
 - Where is my checkpoint file?
- HDF5 hides all complexity so you can concentrate on Science
 - Optimized I/O to single shared file



Goal

- Introduce you to HDF5
 - HDF5 data model
 - HDF5 programming model
 - Parallel access to HDF5
 - HDF5 performance tuning hints



WHAT IS HDF5?



What is HDF5?

HDF5 == Hierarchical Data Format, v5

- Open file format
 - · Designed for high volume or complex data

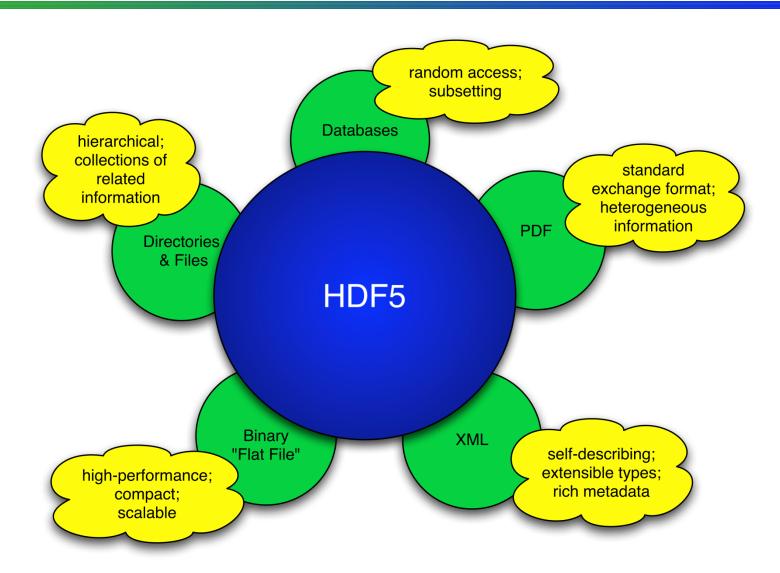
- Open source software
 - Works with data in the format

- A data model
 - Structures for data organization and specification





HDF5 is like ...





HDF5 is designed ...

for high volume and/or complex data

for every size and type of system (portable)

for flexible, efficient storage and I/O

 to enable applications to evolve in their use of HDF5 and to accommodate new models

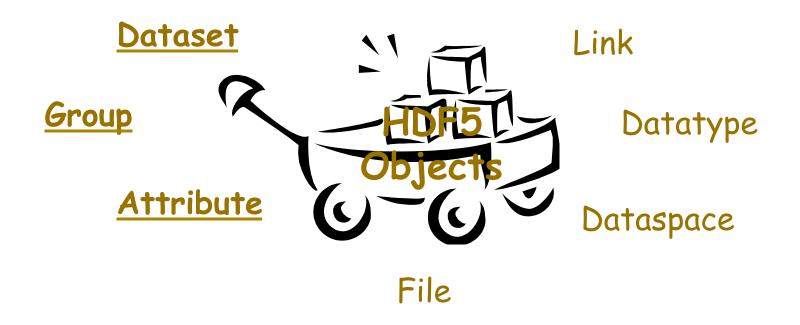
to support long-term data preservation



HDF5 DATA MODEL



HDF5 Data Model

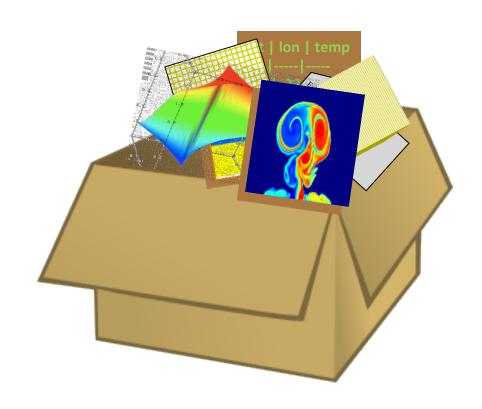


a.k.a. HDF5 Abstract Data Model a.k.a. HDF5 Logical Data Model



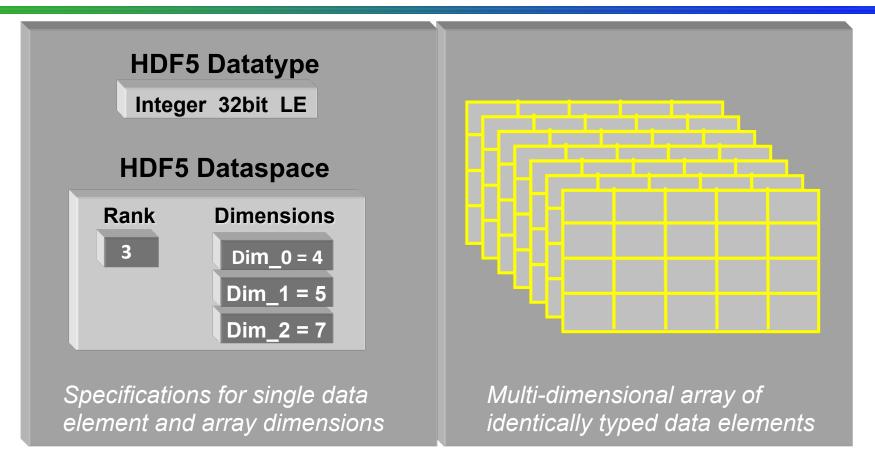
HDF5 File

An HDF5 file is a **container** that holds data objects.





HDF5 Dataset



- HDF5 datasets organize and contain "raw data values".
 - HDF5 datatype describes individual data elements.
 - HDF5 dataspace describes the logical layout of the data elements.



HDF5 Dataspace

- Describes the logical layout of the elements in an HDF5 dataset
 - NULL
 - no elements
 - Scalar
 - single element
 - Simple array (most common)
 - multiple elements organized in a rectangular array
 - rank = number of dimensions
 - dimension sizes = number of elements in each dimension
 - maximum number of elements in each dimension
 - may be fixed or unlimited

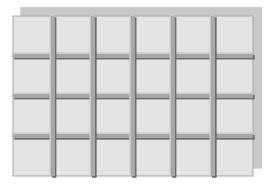


HDF5 Dataspace

Two roles:

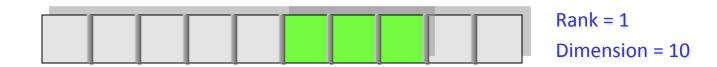
Dataspace contains spatial information

- Rank and dimensions
- Permanent part of dataset definition



Rank = 2Dimensions = 4x6

Partial I/0: Dataspace describes application's data buffer and data elements participating in I/O



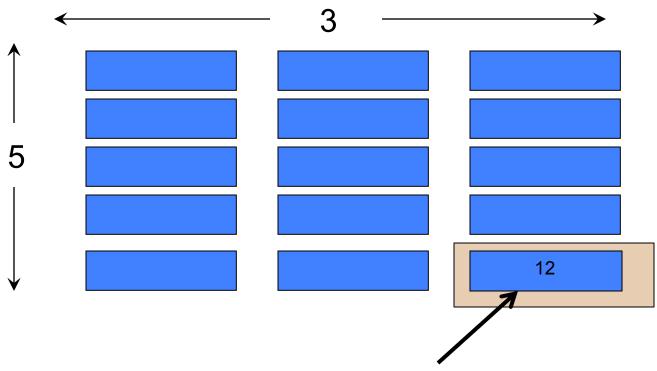


HDF5 Datatypes

- Describe individual data elements in an HDF5 dataset
- Wide range of datatypes supported
 - Integer
 - Float
 - Enum
 - Array
 - User-defined (e.g., 13-bit integer)
 - Variable length types (e.g., strings)
 - Compound (similar to C structs)
 - Many more ...



HDF5 Dataset



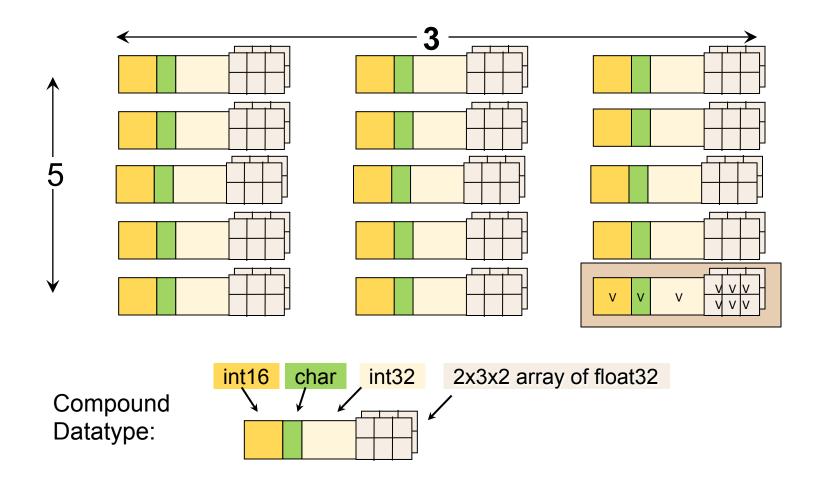
Datatype: 32-bit Integer

Dataspace: Rank = 2

Dimensions = 5×3



HDF5 Dataset with Compound Datatype



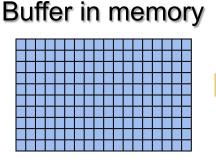
Rank = 2Dataspace:

Dimensions = 5×3

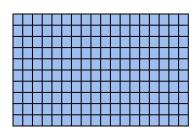


How data is stored?

Contiguous (default)

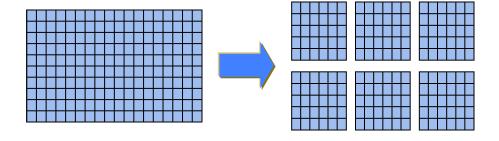


Data in the file



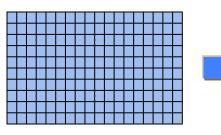
Data elements stored physically adjacent to each other

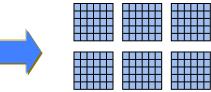
Chunked



Better access time for subsets; extendible

Chunked & Compressed





Improves storage efficiency, transmission speed



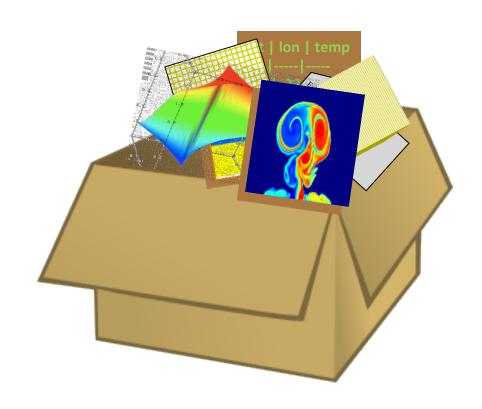
HDF5 Attributes

- Typically contain user metadata
- Have a <u>name</u> and a <u>value</u>
- Attributes "decorate" HDF5 objects
- Value is described by a datatype and a dataspace
- Analogous to a dataset, but do not support partial I/O operations; nor can they be compressed or extended



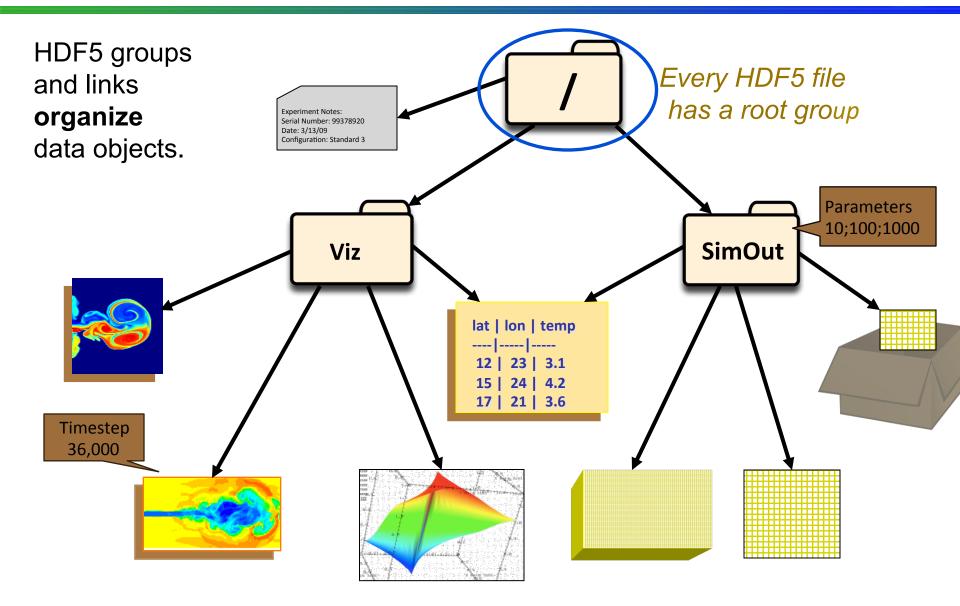
HDF5 File

An HDF5 file is a smart container that holds data objects.





HDF5 Groups and Links





HDF5 SOFTWARE



HDF5 Home Page

HDF5 home page: http://hdfgroup.org/HDF5/

 Latest release: HDF5 1.8.11 (1.8.12 coming in November 2013)

HDF5 source code:

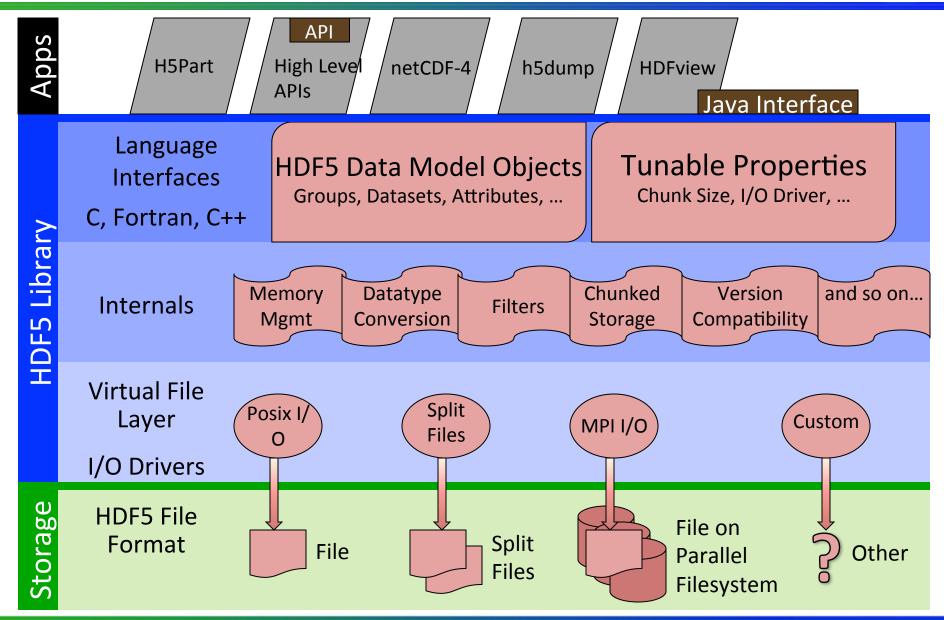
- Written in C, and includes optional C++, Fortran 90
 APIs, and High Level APIs
- Contains command-line utilities (h5dump, h5repack, h5diff, ..) and compile scripts

HDF5 pre-built binaries:

- When possible, include C, C++, F90, and High Level libraries. Check ./lib/libhdf5.settings file.
- Built with and require the SZIP and ZLIB external libraries



HDF5 Software Layers & Storage





Useful Tools For New Users

h5dump:

Tool to "dump" or display contents of HDF5 files

h5cc, h5c++, h5fc: Scripts to compile applications

HDFView:

Java browser to view HDF5 files http://www.hdfgroup.org/hdf-java-html/hdfview/

HDF5 Examples (C, Fortran, Java, Python, Matlab) http://www.hdfgroup.org/ftp/HDF5/examples/



HDF5 PROGRAMMING MODEL AND API



General Programming Paradigm

- Object is opened or created
- Object is accessed, possibly many times
- Object is closed

- Properties of object are <u>optionally</u> defined
 - ✓ Creation properties (e.g., use chunking storage)
 - ✓ Access properties



The General HDF5 API

- C, Fortran, Java, C++, and .NET bindings
- IDL, MATLAB, Python (H5Py, PyTables)
- C routines begin with prefix H5?

? is a character corresponding to the type of object the function acts on

Example Functions:

H5D: Dataset interface *e.g.*, **H5Dread**

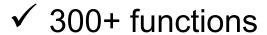
H5F: File interface *e.g.,* **H5Fopen**

H5S: dataSpace interface e.g., H5Sclose



The HDF5 API

For flexibility, the API is extensive





This can be daunting... but there is hope



- ✓ A few functions can do a lot
- √ Start simple
- ✓ Build up knowledge as more features are needed



Basic Functions

```
H5Fcreate (H5Fopen)
                              create (open) File
  H5Screate simple/H5Screate create dataSpace
      H5Dcreate (H5Dopen)
                              create (open) Dataset
        H5Dread, H5Dwrite
                              access Dataset
      H5Dclose
                               close Dataset
  H5Sclose
                              close dataSpace
H5Fclose
                              close File
```



Other Common Functions

DataSpaces: H5Sselect hyperslab (Partial I/O)

H5Sselect elements (Partial I/O)

H5Dget space

H5Gcreate, H5Gopen, H5Gclose Groups:

Attributes: H5Acreate, H5Aopen name,

H5Aclose, H5Aread, H5Awrite

Property lists: H5Pcreate, H5Pclose

H5Pset chunk, H5Pset deflate



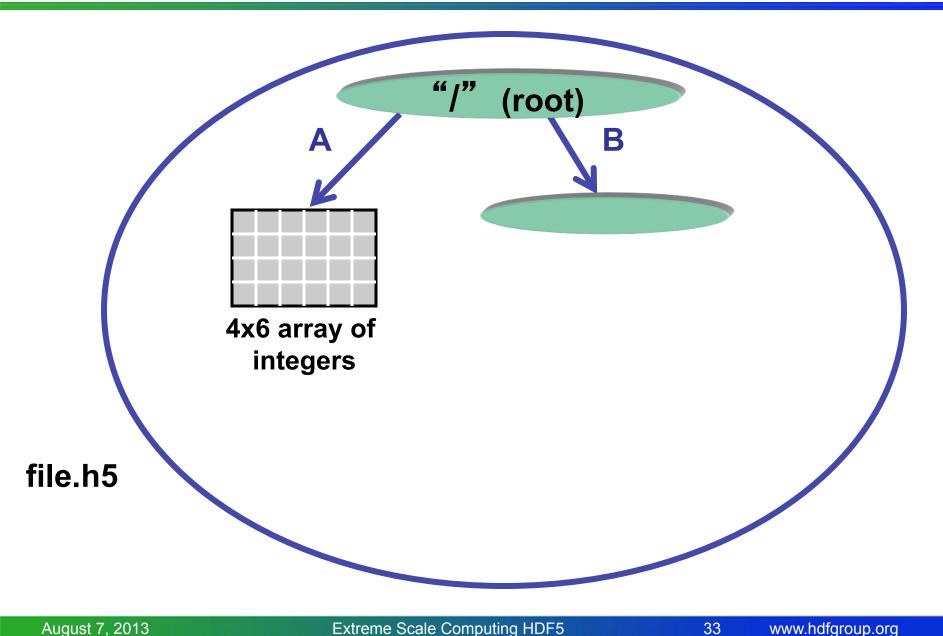
C EXAMPLES



- h5cc HDF5 C compiler command
- h5fc HDF5 F90 compiler command
- h5c++ HDF5 C++ compiler command
- To compile:
 - % h5cc h5prog.c
 - % h5fc h5prog.f90
 - % h5c++ h5prog.cpp

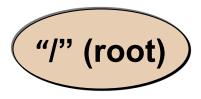


Example: Create a Group





Code: Create a File



Note: Return codes not checked for errors in code samples.



Code: Create a Dataset

```
file id, dataset id, dataspace id;
  hid t
            dims[2];
2 hsize t
3
  herr t
              status;
   file id = H5Fcreate ("file.h5", H5F ACC TRUNC,
4
                        H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT);
5
  dims[0] = 4;
6 dims[1] = 6;
7 dataspace id = H5Screate simple (2, dims, NULL);
  dataset id = H5Dcreate (file id, "A", H5T STD I32BE,
8
                   dataspace id, H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT,
                   H5P DEFAULT);
                                               (root)
9 status = H5Dclose (dataset id);
                                       A
10 status = H5Sclose (dataspace id);
11 status = H5Fclose (file id);
```



Code: Create a Group

```
hid t file id, group id;
/* Open "file.h5" */
file id = H5Fopen ("file.h5", H5F ACC RDWR,
                         H5P DEFAULT);
/* Create group "/B" in file. */
group id = H5Gcreate (file id, "B", H5P DEFAULT,
                      H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT);
/* Close group and file. */
status = H5Gclose (group id);
status = H5Fclose (file id);
```



Output of h5dump

```
$ h5dump file.h5
HDF5 "file.h5" {
GROUP "/" {
  DATASET "A" {
      DATATYPE H5T STD I32BE
      DATASPACE SIMPLE \{ (4, 6) / (4, 6) \}
      DATA {
      (0,0): 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
      (1,0): 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
      (2,0): 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
      (3,0): 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
   GROUP "B" {
```



Example Code - H5Dwrite

38



Output of h5dump after writing

```
$ h5dump file.h5
HDF5 "file.h5" {
GROUP "/" {
   DATASET "A" {
      DATATYPE H5T STD I32BE
      DATASPACE SIMPLE { ( 4, 6 ) / ( 4, 6 ) }
      DATA {
      (0,0): 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,
      (1,0): 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,
      (2,0): 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18,
      (3,0): 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24
   GROUP "B" {
```



PARTIAL I/O IN HDF5

40



How to write a row?

```
$ h5dump file.h5
HDF5 "file.h5" {
GROUP "/" {
  DATASET "A" {
      DATATYPE H5T STD I32BE
      DATASPACE SIMPLE \{ (4, 6) / (4, 6) \}
      DATA {
      (0,0): 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
      (1,0): 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,
      (2,0): 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
      (3,0): 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
   GROUP "B" {
```



How to Describe a Subset in HDF5?

- Before writing and reading a subset of data one has to describe it to the HDF5 Library.
- HDF5 APIs and documentation refer to a subset as a "selection" or "hyperslab selection".
- If specified, HDF5 Library will perform I/O on a selection only and not on all elements of a dataset.

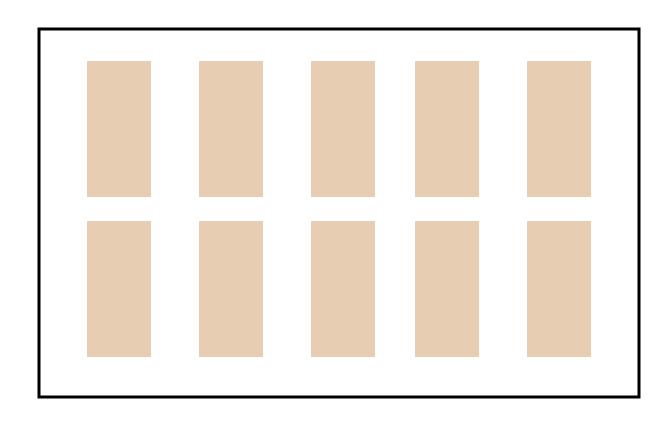


Types of Selections in HDF5

- Two types of selections
 - Hyperslab selection
 - Regular hyperslab
 - Simple hyperslab
 - Result of set operations on hyperslabs (union, difference, ...)
 - Point selection
- Hyperslab selection is especially important for doing parallel I/O in HDF5 (See Parallel HDF5 Tutorial)



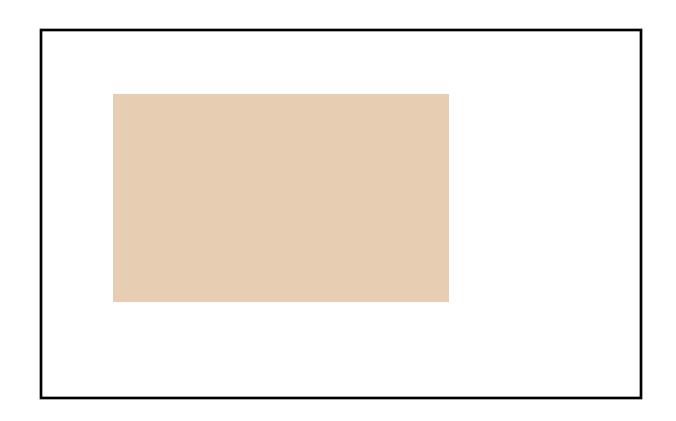
Regular Hyperslab



Collection of regularly spaced blocks of equal size



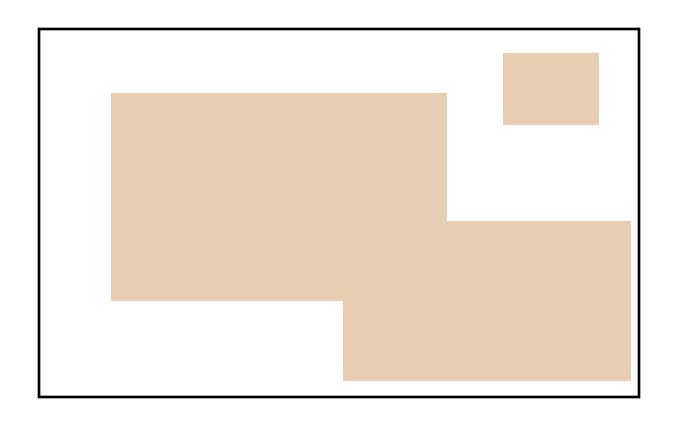
Simple Hyperslab



Contiguous subset or sub-array



Hyperslab Selection

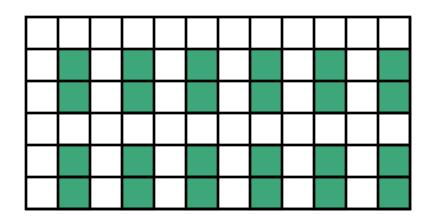


Result of union operation on three simple hyperslabs



HDF5 Hyperslab Description

- Everything is "measured" in number of elements
- Start starting location of a hyperslab (1,1)
- Stride number of elements that separate each block (3,2)
- Count number of blocks (2,6)
- Block block size (2,1)





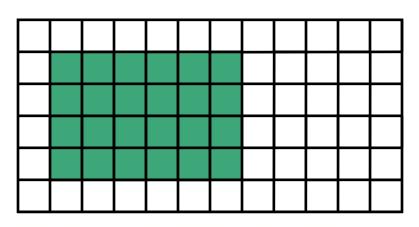
Simple Hyperslab Description

- Two ways to describe a simple hyperslab
- As several blocks
 - Stride (1,1)
 - Count -(2,6)
 - Block -(2,1)
- As one block
 - Stride (1,1)
 - Count (1,1)
 - Block -(4,6)

No performance penalty for one way or another









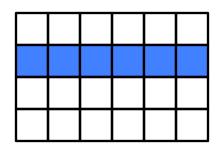
Writing a row

Memory space selection is 1-dim array of size 6



File space selection

start =
$$\{1,0\}$$
, stride = $\{1,1\}$, count = $\{1,6\}$, block = $\{1,1\}$



Number of elements selected in memory should be the same as selected in the file



Writing a row

```
hsize t dims[1] = \{6\};
hsize t start[2], count[2];
... • •
/* Create memory dataspace */
mspace id = H5Screate simple(RANK, dims, NULL);
/* Get file space identifier from the dataset */
fspace id = H5Dget space(dataset id);
/* Select hyperslab in the dataset to write too */
start[0] = 1;
start[1] = 0;
count[0] = 1;
count[1] = 6;
status = H5Sselect hyperslab(fspace id, H5S SELECT SET,
        start, NULL, count, NULL);
H5Dwrite (dataset id, H5T NATIVE INT, mspace id, fspace id,
        H5P DEFAULT, wdata);
```



HDF5 FILE FORMAT



HDF5 File Format

Defined by the HDF5 File Format Specification.

http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5/doc/H5.format.html

- Specifies the bit-level organization of an HDF5 file on storage media.
- HDF5 library adheres to the File Format, users do not need to know the guts of this information.

52



Thank You!

Questions?