

Introduction(week 1, part 3)

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books

- ESL and ADA cover very similar material
- both compare linear regression and nearest-neighbour methods as opposite ends of a spectrum

Fisher's irises

- Canadian content (irises of the Gaspé peninsula) (Fisher 1936)
- Fisher was a eugenicist (Bodmer et al. 2021)
- multiple versions/errors! (Bezdek et al. 1999)
- alternative: [Palmer penguins dataset](#)

Fisher, R. A. 1936. "The Use of Multiple Measurements in Taxonomic Problems." *Annals of Eugenics* 7 (2): 179–88. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1469-1809.1936.tb02137.x>.

Bodmer, Walter, R. A. Bailey, Brian Charlesworth, Adam Eyre-Walker, Vernon Farewell, Andrew Mead, and Stephen Senn. 2021. "The Outstanding Scientist, R.A. Fisher: His Views on Eugenics and Race." *Heredity* 126 (4): 565–76. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41437-020-00394-6>.

Bezdek, J. C., J. M. Keller, R. Krishnapuram, L. I. Kuncheva, and N. R. Pal. 1999. "Will the Real Iris Data Please Stand Up?" *IEEE Transactions on Fuzzy Systems* 7 (3): 368–69. <https://doi.org/10.1109/91.771092>.

linear models

- can write out as $\hat{Y} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \sum X_j \hat{\beta}_j$
- go almost immediately to $\hat{Y} = X^\top \hat{\beta}$ or $\langle X, \beta \rangle$ or $\mathbf{X}\beta$

bias-variance expansion

linear regression

nearest-neighbor

dimensionality

references