

EfficientAD - Anomaly Detection Framework

EfficientAD is a PyTorch-based framework designed for anomaly detection tasks. The framework leverages teacher-student architectures, autoencoders, and pre-trained models to efficiently detect anomalies in datasets. This README provides details on the functionality, setup, and usage of the script.

Features

- **Teacher-Student Architecture:** Implements a pre-trained teacher model to guide the training of a student model.
 - **Autoencoder Integration:** Includes an autoencoder to assist with anomaly detection.
 - **Data Augmentation:** Employs various transformations to enhance training robustness.
 - **Pretraining Penalty Option:** Supports optional pretraining penalty using ImageNet datasets.
 - **Anomaly Map Generation:** Generates and visualizes anomaly maps with overlaid heatmaps.
 - **Metrics and Evaluation:** Computes AUROC, precision, recall, F1 score, confusion matrix, and classification report.
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File Structure

- `efficientad.py` : Main script implementing the anomaly detection pipeline.
- `common` : contains utility functions and model definitions:
 - `get_autoencoder`
 - `get_pdn_small`
 - `get_pdn_medium`

- `ImageFolderWithoutTarget`
 - `ImageFolderWithPath`
 - `InfiniteDataLoader`
- **Dataset Directories:** The script expects a specific directory structure for datasets:

```
dataset/  
  subdataset/  
    training/  
      good/  
    validation/  
      defective/  
      good/  
    testing/  
      defective/  
      good/
```

Requirements

Dependencies

- Python 3.8+
- PyTorch 1.10+
- torchvision
- NumPy
- OpenCV
- scikit-learn
- tqdm
- Matplotlib

Install dependencies using:

```
bash
Copy code
pip install torch torchvision numpy opencv-python scikit-learn tqdm matplotlib
```

Usage

Command-Line Arguments

The script supports the following arguments:

- `d, --dataset` : Name of the dataset (default: `anomaly_detection`).
- `s, --subdataset` : Sub-dataset for training, validation, and testing (default: `Flowers`).
- `o, --output_dir` : Directory to save output (default: `output/experiments`).
- `m, --model_size` : Model size (`small` or `medium` , default: `small`).
- `w, --weights` : Path to pre-trained model weights (default: `models/teacher_small_tmp_state.pth`).

(Note : the models are pre-trained using WideResnet-101)

- `i, --imagenet_train_path` : Path to ImageNet training data or set to `none` to disable pretraining penalty.
- `a, --anomaly_detection_path` : Path to the anomaly detection dataset.
- `t, --train_steps` : Number of training steps (default: `10000`).

Running the Script

Example command to run the script:

```
python effecientad.py -d anomaly_detection -s Flowers -a /pat
```

```
h/to/dataset -w /path/to/weights.pth
```

Key Functions

1. Data Loading

- `ImageFolderWithoutTarget`: Loads datasets without targets for unsupervised training.
- `ImageFolderWithPath`: Loads test datasets with image paths for evaluation.

2. Teacher-Student Architecture

- The teacher model generates feature representations.
- The student model learns to replicate these representations, with deviations indicating anomalies.

3. Autoencoder

- Used for reconstructing inputs and detecting anomalies by comparing reconstructions.

4. Training

- The training loop optimizes the student model and autoencoder using:
 - Hard loss: Difference between teacher and student representations.
 - Penalty loss: Penalizes the student for deviating from normal patterns.
 - Reconstruction loss: Error in reconstructing input images.

5. Evaluation

- Generates anomaly maps for test images.
- Evaluates performance using:
 - AUROC
 - Precision-Recall Curve

- F1-Score
- Confusion Matrix

6. Anomaly Map Visualization

- Overlaid heatmaps highlight anomalies on original images.
 - Output saved as `overlayed.png` files in the `test_output_dir`.
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Output

- **Trained Models:** Saved in `output_dir/trainings` as `teacher_final.pth`, `student_final.pth`, and `autoencoder_final.pth`.
 - **Anomaly Maps:** Saved in `output_dir/anomaly_maps`.
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Advanced Options

Pretraining Penalty

If `imagenet_train_path` is set, ImageNet pretraining data is used to improve performance. This can be disabled by setting it to `none`.

Model Size

Choose between `small` and `medium` model sizes to balance performance and computational requirements.

Dataset Preparation

1. Organize the dataset as:

```
dataset/  
  subdataset/  
    training/  
      good/  
    validation/  
      defective/
```

```
    good/  
testing/  
    defective/  
    good/
```

2. Ensure images are properly labeled for evaluation:

- Place normal images in a `good` directory.
- Place anomalous images in separate directories for each defect class.

Evaluation Metrics

Optimal Threshold

- Calculated using precision-recall curves to maximize F1-score.

Confusion Matrix

- Displays True Positives, False Positives, True Negatives, and False Negatives.

AUROC

- Measures the area under the ROC curve for classification performance.

Customization

Models

Modify `get_pdn_small`, `get_pdn_medium`, and `get_autoencoder` in `common` to experiment with different architectures.

Transformations

Adjust data augmentation strategies in the `train_transform` and `default_transform` pipelines.
