

U.S. Stock Market I: Matching SEC Data to Trading Days and Ticker Symbols

In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import requests, zipfile, io
import os
from pathlib import Path

from tiingo import TiingoClient
tiingo = TiingoClient({'api_key': 'XXX'})
```

In [2]:

```
def get_items_from_SEC_files(tags, filename=None):           # Function inp

    directory = 'data/sec/merged/'                         # Read data fr
    filenames = [filename] if filename else os.listdir(directory) # Supplied fil
    filenames = [f for f in filenames if not f.startswith(".")] # Exclude hidd

    results = {} # Dictionary o

    for filename in filenames:                             # Loop over al
        print(filename)
        data = pd.read_csv(directory+filename, parse_dates=['filed', 'ddate']) #

        for t in tags:                                     # Loop over al
            item = data[data.tag==t]                       # Select all d
            short = item.sort_values(['cik', 'filed', 'ddate', 'qtrs'], ascending=[
            long = item.sort_values(['cik', 'filed', 'ddate', 'qtrs'], ascending=[
            short = short.groupby(['cik', 'filed']).last()[['value', 'qtrs']]
            long = long.groupby(['cik', 'filed']).last()[['value', 'qtrs']]
            short_long = short.join(long, lsuffix='_shortest', rsuffix='_longest')
            results[t] = results[t].append( short_long )

        for t in tags:                                     # Now sort all
            if not results[t].empty: results[t] = results[t].sort_index(level='filed')

    return results

def calculate_quarterly_annual_values(item):               # item: tabl
    result = pd.DataFrame()                               # Results go
    all_firms = item.index.get_level_values('cik').unique() # All CIKs.
    all_filing_dates = pd.read_csv('data/sec/dates/filing_dates.csv', index_col=

    for cik in all_firms:                                  # Loop over
        filing_dates = pd.Series(all_filing_dates.filed[cik]) # All filing

    # Quarterly values:
    valuesQ = item.loc[cik].value_shortest.reindex(filing_dates) # Values wi
    qtrsQ = item.loc[cik].qtrs_shortest.astype(int)          # Number of
    for date, q in qtrsQ[qtrsQ>1].iteritems():               # Loop over
        previous_values = valuesQ[:date][-q:-1]             # Example: f
        if len(previous_values) == q-1:                      # If all pre
            valuesQ[date] -= previous_values.sum(skipna=False) # Subtract p
```

```

        else:
            valuesQ[date] = np.nan

    # Annual values:
    valuesA = item.loc[cik].value_longest.reindex(filing_dates) # Values wit
    qtrsA = item.loc[cik].qtrs_longest.astype(int) # Number of
    for date,q in qtrsA[qtrsA<4].iteritems(): # Loop over
        previous_values = valuesQ[:date][-4:-q] # Example: f
        if len(previous_values) == 4-q: # If all pre
            valuesA[date] += previous_values.sum(skipna=False) # Add previo
        else:
            valuesA[date] = np.nan

    result = result.append( pd.DataFrame({'cik':cik, 'filed':filing_dates, '

    return result.set_index(['cik','filed']) # Return a t

```

Get R&D values:

In [3]:

```

tags = ['ResearchAndDevelopmentExpense']
items = get_items_from_SEC_files(tags)
item = items[tags[0]]

rnd = calculate_quarterly_annual_values(item)
rnd

```

2018q4.csv
 2018q3.csv
 2018q2.csv
 2021_01.csv
 2018q1.csv
 2020q2.csv
 2020q3.csv
 2020q1.csv
 2019q4.csv
 2019q1.csv
 2019q3.csv
 2019q2.csv
 2013q4.csv
 2015q2.csv
 2015q3.csv
 2017q1.csv
 2020_12.csv
 2020_10.csv
 2017q3.csv
 2015q1.csv
 2017q2.csv
 2011q4.csv
 2020_11.csv
 2013q2.csv
 2015q4.csv
 2011q1.csv
 2013q3.csv
 2013q1.csv
 2011q3.csv
 2017q4.csv
 2011q2.csv
 2009q4.csv
 2014q1.csv
 2016q3.csv
 2010q4.csv
 2016q2.csv

2014q2.csv
 2012q4.csv
 2016q1.csv
 2014q3.csv
 2009q2.csv
 2010q3.csv
 2012q1.csv
 2010q2.csv
 2016q4.csv
 2009q3.csv
 2009q1.csv
 2014q4.csv
 2012q2.csv
 2012q3.csv
 2010q1.csv

Out[3]:

		valueQ	valueA
cik	filed		
883984	2009-04-23	738000.0	NaN
	2009-07-24	617000.0	NaN
	2009-10-22	661000.0	NaN
	2010-02-19	629000.0	2645000.0
	2010-04-23	918000.0	2825000.0
...
1436229	2020-03-23	NaN	NaN
	2020-05-11	NaN	NaN
	2020-08-05	NaN	NaN
	2020-11-04	NaN	NaN
	2021-01-26	NaN	45450.0

93660 rows × 2 columns

Save this table:

```
In [4]: rnd.to_csv('data/sec/items/RnD.csv')
```

And now we can read the file like this:

```
In [5]: rnd = pd.read_csv('data/sec/items/RnD.csv', parse_dates=['filed'], index_col=['c  
rnd
```

Out[5]:

		valueQ	valueA
cik	filed		
883984	2009-04-23	738000.0	NaN
	2009-07-24	617000.0	NaN
	2009-10-22	661000.0	NaN
	2010-02-19	629000.0	2645000.0

		valueQ	valueA
cik	filed		
	2010-04-23	918000.0	2825000.0
...
1436229	2020-03-23	NaN	NaN
	2020-05-11	NaN	NaN
	2020-08-05	NaN	NaN
	2020-11-04	NaN	NaN
	2021-01-26	NaN	45450.0

93660 rows × 2 columns

Unstack the quarterly table (put cik as column):

In [6]:

```
rndQ = rnd.valueQ.unstack('cik')
rndQ
```

Out[6]:

	cik	1800	2034	2098	2186	2488	2491	2969	3116	3570	4127	...	1809
	filed												
	2009-04-23	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
	2009-04-29	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
	2009-04-30	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
	2009-05-07	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
	2009-05-14	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
	
	2021-01-25	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
	2021-01-26	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
	2021-01-27	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
	2021-01-28	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
	2021-01-29	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	573000000.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	121600000.0	...	

2712 rows × 4038 columns

Get data for SPY:

```
In [7]: tiingo.get_dataframe('SPY', '2009-04-1')
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	close	high	low	open	volume	adjClose	
date							
2009-04-01 00:00:00+00:00	81.059998	81.419998	78.330002	78.529999	377018300	64.099701	64
2009-04-02 00:00:00+00:00	83.430000	84.610001	81.129997	83.080002	476230700	65.973824	65
2009-04-03 00:00:00+00:00	84.260002	84.279999	82.669998	83.489998	284646300	66.630163	66
2009-04-06 00:00:00+00:00	83.599998	84.279999	82.290001	83.339996	264866600	66.108253	66
2009-04-07 00:00:00+00:00	81.650002	82.650002	81.510002	82.250000	258947800	64.566257	64
...
2021-02-24 00:00:00+00:00	391.770000	392.230000	385.270000	386.330000	72433946	391.770000	391
2021-02-25 00:00:00+00:00	382.330000	391.880000	380.778900	390.410000	144712701	382.330000	391
2021-02-26 00:00:00+00:00	380.360000	385.580000	378.230000	384.350000	149530614	380.360000	385
2021-03-01 00:00:00+00:00	389.580000	390.920000	380.572000	385.590000	105348798	389.580000	390
2021-03-02 00:00:00+00:00	386.540000	390.070000	386.000000	389.820000	77930773	386.540000	390

3000 rows × 12 columns

Use these dates as "trading days":

```
In [8]: trading_days = tiingo.get_dataframe('SPY', '2009-04-1').index.tz_convert(None)
trading_days
```

```
Out[8]: DatetimeIndex(['2009-04-01', '2009-04-02', '2009-04-03', '2009-04-06',
                        '2009-04-07', '2009-04-08', '2009-04-09', '2009-04-13',
                        '2009-04-14', '2009-04-15',
                        ...,
                        '2021-02-17', '2021-02-18', '2021-02-19', '2021-02-22',
                        '2021-02-23', '2021-02-24', '2021-02-25', '2021-02-26',
                        '2021-03-01', '2021-03-02'],
                        dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='date', length=3000, freq=None)
```

Combine the trading days and the dates from the R&D table:

```
In [9]: trading_days.union(rndQ.index)
```

```
Out[9]: DatetimeIndex(['2009-04-01', '2009-04-02', '2009-04-03', '2009-04-06',
                        '2009-04-07', '2009-04-08', '2009-04-09', '2009-04-13',
                        '2009-04-14', '2009-04-15',
```

```
...
'2021-02-17', '2021-02-18', '2021-02-19', '2021-02-22',
'2021-02-23', '2021-02-24', '2021-02-25', '2021-02-26',
'2021-03-01', '2021-03-02'],
dtype='datetime64[ns]', length=3014, freq=None)
```

Add these dates to the R&D table:

```
In [10]: rndQ = rndQ.reindex( trading_days.union(rndQ.index) ).sort_index()
         rndQ
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	cik	1800	2034	2098	2186	2488	2491	2969	3116	3570	4127	...	1809519	1810182
2009-04-01		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN
2009-04-02		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN
2009-04-03		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN
2009-04-06		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN
2009-04-07		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN
...
2021-02-24		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN
2021-02-25		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN
2021-02-26		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN
2021-03-01		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN
2021-03-02		NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	NaN	NaN

3014 rows × 4038 columns

Get all filing dates (we saved this file previously):

```
In [11]: filing_dates = pd.read_csv('data/sec/dates/filing_dates.csv', index_col='cik', p
         filing_dates
```

```
Out[11]: cik
1750      2010-09-23
1750      2010-12-21
1750      2011-03-22
1750      2011-07-13
1750      2011-09-23
...
1824920    2020-12-18
1824963    2020-12-10
1825024    2020-12-04
1825042    2020-12-29
```

1825079 2021-01-15

Name: filed, Length: 250421, dtype: datetime64[ns]

Last filing date for our data:

```
In [12]: last_filing_date_all_firms = filing_dates.max()
last_filing_date_all_firms
```

Out[12]: Timestamp('2021-01-29 00:00:00')

When was the last filing date for Red Hat?

```
In [13]: symbols = pd.read_json('https://www.sec.gov/files/company_tickers.json').transpose()
cik = symbols[symbols.ticker=='RHT'].index[0]    # Red Hat

last_filing_date = filing_dates[cik].iloc[-1]
last_filing_date
```

Out[13]: Timestamp('2019-06-28 00:00:00')

How many days since Red Hat last filed?

```
In [14]: days_since_last_filed = (last_filing_date_all_firms - last_filing_date).days
days_since_last_filed
```

Out[14]: 581

Assumption: if firm filed within last 120 days, then firm still active:

```
In [15]: last_date_this_firm = trading_days[-1] if days_since_last_filed < 120 else last_
last_date_this_firm
```

Out[15]: Timestamp('2019-06-28 00:00:00')

Now fill missing values for Red Hat with previously reported value (ffill) until last day of Red Hat:

```
In [16]: rndQ.loc[:last_date_this_firm, cik].ffill()#.plot()
```

```
Out[16]: 2009-04-01      NaN
2009-04-02      NaN
2009-04-03      NaN
2009-04-06      NaN
2009-04-07      NaN
...
2019-06-24    171461000.0
2019-06-25    171461000.0
2019-06-26    171461000.0
2019-06-27    171461000.0
2019-06-28    182961000.0
Name: 1087423, Length: 2592, dtype: float64
```

Last filing date for Microsoft:

```
In [17]: cik = symbols[symbols.ticker=='MSFT'].index[0]
```

```
last_filing_date = filing_dates[cik].iloc[-1]
last_filing_date
```

Out[17]: Timestamp('2021-01-26 00:00:00')

How many days since Microsoft last filed?

```
In [18]: days_since_last_filed = (last_filing_date_all_firms - last_filing_date).days
days_since_last_filed
```

Out[18]: 3

Last date for Microsoft:

```
In [19]: last_date_this_firm = trading_days[-1] if days_since_last_filed < 120 else last_
last_date_this_firm
```

Out[19]: Timestamp('2021-03-02 00:00:00')

Forward fill R&D values:

```
In [20]: rndQ.loc[:last_date_this_firm, cik].ffill()
```

```
Out[20]: 2009-04-01      NaN
2009-04-02      NaN
2009-04-03      NaN
2009-04-06      NaN
2009-04-07      NaN
...
2021-02-24    4.899000e+09
2021-02-25    4.899000e+09
2021-02-26    4.899000e+09
2021-03-01    4.899000e+09
2021-03-02    4.899000e+09
Name: 789019, Length: 3014, dtype: float64
```

Put this into a function:

```
In [21]: def ffill_values(item, dates):
data = item.unstack('cik')
data = data.reindex(dates.union(data.index)).sort_index() # Add sp
filing_dates = pd.read_csv('data/sec/dates/filing_dates.csv', index_col='cik' # Most r
last_filing_date_all_firms = filing_dates.max()

for cik in data.columns: # Loop o
last_filing_date = pd.Series(filing_dates[cik]).iloc[-1] # Last d
days_since_last_filed = (last_filing_date_all_firms - last_filing_date).
last_date_this_firm = dates[-1] if days_since_last_filed < 120 else la
data.loc[:last_date_this_firm, cik].ffill(inplace=True) # Forwar

return data.loc[dates] # Return
```

Use function like this:

```
In [22]: rndQ = ffill_values(rnd.valueQ, trading_days)
```



```
rndQ
```

```
Out[22]:
```

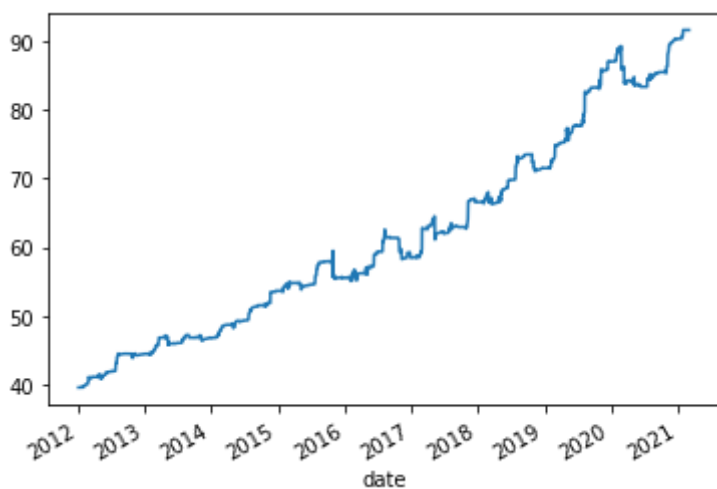
cik	1800	2034	2098	2186	2488	2491	2969	3116	3570	41
date										
2009-04-01	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
2009-04-02	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
2009-04-03	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
2009-04-06	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
2009-04-07	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
...
2021-02-24	5800000000.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	5730000000.0	NaN	27100000.0	NaN	0.0	12160000
2021-02-25	5800000000.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	5730000000.0	NaN	27100000.0	NaN	0.0	12160000
2021-02-26	5800000000.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	5730000000.0	NaN	27100000.0	NaN	0.0	12160000
2021-03-01	5800000000.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	5730000000.0	NaN	27100000.0	NaN	0.0	12160000
2021-03-02	5800000000.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	5730000000.0	NaN	27100000.0	NaN	0.0	12160000

3000 rows x 4038 columns

Total R&D for U.S. stock market:

```
In [23]: rndQ.sum('columns').div(10**9)['2012:'].plot()
```

```
Out[23]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='date'>
```



Match CIKs to ticker symbols

Ticker symbol file from SEC:

```
In [24]: sec = pd.read_json('https://www.sec.gov/files/company_tickers.json').transpose()
sec = sec.rename(columns={'cik_str': 'cik'})
sec
```

```
Out[24]:
```

	cik	ticker	title
0	320193	AAPL	Apple Inc.
1	789019	MSFT	MICROSOFT CORP
2	1018724	AMZN	AMAZON COM INC
3	1652044	GOOG	Alphabet Inc.
4	1293451	TCEHY	Tencent Holdings Ltd
...
11185	1830081	CFVIU	CF Acquisition Corp. VI
11186	1830210	STPC-UN	Star Peak Corp II
11187	1830188	DHHCU	DiamondHead Holdings Corp.
11188	1830531	PAQCU	Provident Acquisition Corp.
11189	1830795	QFTA-UN	Quantum FinTech Acquisition Corp

11190 rows × 3 columns

Get Google CIK:

```
In [25]: sec[sec.ticker=='GOOG']
```

```
Out[25]:
```

	cik	ticker	title
3	1652044	GOOG	Alphabet Inc.

Get all rows for this CIK:

```
In [26]: sec[sec.cik==1652044]
```

```
Out[26]:
```

	cik	ticker	title
3	1652044	GOOG	Alphabet Inc.
8583	1652044	GOOGL	Alphabet Inc.

So Google has 2 share classes. Which one should we use? We need more information for this decision.

Get ticker symbol file from tiingo:

```
In [27]: r = requests.get('https://apimedia.tiingo.com/docs/tiingo/daily/supported_ticker')
```

```
z = zipfile.ZipFile(io.BytesIO(r.content))

z.namelist()
```

Out[27]: ['supported_tickers.csv']

Open this file:

```
In [28]: tngo = pd.read_csv(z.open('supported_tickers.csv'))
tngo
```

Out[28]:

	ticker	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	endDate
0	000001	SHE	Stock	CNY	2007-08-30	2021-03-01
1	000002	SHE	Stock	CNY	2000-01-04	2021-03-01
2	000003	SHE	Stock	CNY	NaN	NaN
3	000004	SHE	Stock	CNY	2007-08-31	2021-03-01
4	000005	SHE	Stock	CNY	2001-01-02	2021-03-01
...
92268	ZZK	NYSE ARCA	Stock	USD	2020-07-22	2021-03-01
92269	ZZLL	OTCQB	Stock	USD	2017-09-26	2021-03-01
92270	ZZLLD	OTCBB	Stock	USD	2017-10-06	2017-10-30
92271	ZZZ	NYSE ARCA	Stock	USD	2014-10-31	2021-03-01
92272	ZZZOF	PINK	Stock	USD	2017-09-22	2021-03-01

92273 rows × 6 columns

Merge the SEC and the tiingo table:

```
In [29]: all_shares = sec.merge(tngo, on='ticker', how='outer')
all_shares
```

Out[29]:

	cik	ticker	title	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	endDate
0	320193	AAPL	Apple Inc.	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	1980-12-12	2021-03-01
1	789019	MSFT	MICROSOFT CORP	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	1986-03-13	2021-03-01
2	1018724	AMZN	AMAZON COM INC	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	1997-05-15	2021-03-01
3	1652044	GOOG	Alphabet Inc.	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	2014-03-27	2021-03-01
4	1293451	TCEHY	Tencent Holdings Ltd	PINK	Stock	USD	2008-11-03	2021-03-01
...

	cik	ticker	title	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	endDate
93397	NaN	ZZHGY	NaN	PINK	Stock	USD	NaN	NaN
93398	NaN	ZZK	NaN	NYSE ARCA	Stock	USD	2020-07-22	2021-03-01
93399	NaN	ZZLLD	NaN	OTCBB	Stock	USD	2017-10-06	2017-10-30
93400	NaN	ZZZ	NaN	NYSE ARCA	Stock	USD	2014-10-31	2021-03-01
93401	NaN	ZZZOF	NaN	PINK	Stock	USD	2017-09-22	2021-03-01

93402 rows × 8 columns

Check SPY:

```
In [30]: all_shares[all_shares.ticker=='SPY']
```

```
Out[30]:
```

	cik	ticker	title	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	endDate
15	884394	SPY	SPDR S&P 500 ETF TRUST	NYSE ARCA	ETF	USD	1993-01-29	2021-03-01

Exclude ETFs:

```
In [31]: all_shares = all_shares[all_shares.assetType!='ETF']
```

Check Alphabet again:

```
In [32]: all_shares[all_shares.cik==1652044] # CIK Alphabet
```

```
Out[32]:
```

	cik	ticker	title	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	endDate
3	1652044	GOOG	Alphabet Inc.	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	2014-03-27	2021-03-01
8879	1652044	GOOGL	Alphabet Inc.	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	2004-08-19	2021-03-01

We will assume that the shares first issued are the "primary shares".

Lets select the first share for each firm:

```
In [33]: symbols = all_shares.sort_values(['cik', 'startDate']).groupby('cik', as_index=False).first()
symbols
```

```
Out[33]:
```

	ticker	title	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	endDate
cik							
1750	AIR	AAR CORP	NYSE	Stock	USD	1984-07-19	2021-03-01

	ticker	title	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	endDate
cik							
1800	ABT	ABBOTT LABORATORIES	NYSE	Stock	USD	1983-04-06	2021-03-01
1961	WDDD	WORLDS INC	OTCQB	Stock	USD	1998-10-20	2021-03-01
2098	ACU	ACME UNITED CORP	NYSE MKT	Stock	USD	1984-09-07	2021-03-01
2178	AE	ADAMS RESOURCES & ENERGY, INC.	NYSE MKT	Stock	USD	1984-09-07	2021-03-01
...
1846163	TIOA	Tio Tech A	None	None	None	None	None
1846189	JAAC	Just Another Acquisition Corp.	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	None	None
1846996	MSDA	MSD ACQUISITION CORP. / NEW	None	None	None	None	None
1847090	TPBA	TPB Acquisition Corp I	None	None	None	None	None
1847127	GGPI	Gores Guggenheim, Inc.	None	None	None	None	None

8307 rows × 7 columns

Check Alphabet:

```
In [34]: symbols.loc[[1652044]]
```

```
Out[34]:
```

	ticker	title	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	endDate
cik							
1652044	GOOGL	Alphabet Inc.	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	2004-08-19	2021-03-01

Note now we have the shares the Alphabe originally issued (in 2004).

Save the symbols table:

```
In [35]: Path('data/ticker_symbols/').mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True) # Generate the
symbols.to_csv('data/ticker_symbols/symbols.csv')
```

What are the top 10 firms with highest most recent R&D?

```
In [36]: rndQ.iloc[-1].nlargest(10)
```

```
Out[36]: cik
1652044    6.856000e+09
1326801    5.207000e+09
```

```

320193      5.163000e+09
789019      4.899000e+09
50863       3.655000e+09
310158      3.390000e+09
14272       2.499000e+09
858877      1.612000e+09
1341439     1.601000e+09
804328      1.581000e+09
Name: 2021-03-02 00:00:00, dtype: float64

```

Put this into a dataframe:

```

In [37]: top_10 = rndQ.iloc[-1].nlargest(10).to_frame('Value')
         top_10

```

Out[37]:

	Value
cik	
1652044	6.856000e+09
1326801	5.207000e+09
320193	5.163000e+09
789019	4.899000e+09
50863	3.655000e+09
310158	3.390000e+09
14272	2.499000e+09
858877	1.612000e+09
1341439	1.601000e+09
804328	1.581000e+09

Which firms are these?

```

In [38]: top_10.join(symbols)

```

Out[38]:

	Value	ticker	title	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	er
cik								
1652044	6.856000e+09	GOOGL	Alphabet Inc.	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	2004-08-19	
1326801	5.207000e+09	FB	Facebook Inc	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	2012-05-18	
320193	5.163000e+09	AAPL	Apple Inc.	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	1980-12-12	
789019	4.899000e+09	MSFT	MICROSOFT CORP	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	1986-03-13	
50863	3.655000e+09	INTC	INTEL CORP	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	1980-03-17	
310158	3.390000e+09	MRK	Merck & Co., Inc.	NYSE	Stock	USD	1970-01-02	

	Value	ticker	title	exchange	assetType	priceCurrency	startDate	er
cik								
14272	2.499000e+09	BMJ	BRISTOL MYERS SQUIBB CO	NYSE	Stock	USD	1972-06-01	
858877	1.612000e+09	CSCO	CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	1990-03-26	
1341439	1.601000e+09	ORCL	ORACLE CORP	NYSE	Stock	USD	1986-03-12	
804328	1.581000e+09	QCOM	QUALCOMM INC/DE	NASDAQ	Stock	USD	1991-12-16	