1 Lecture 3b: Source code for plots from Lecture 3a + introduction to Seaborn and Plotly libraries

Data Visualization · 1-DAV-105

Lecture by Broňa Brejová

This notebook contains the source code for all the plots shown in the first part of the lecture. In also introduces two new plotting libraries: Seaborn and Plotly.

1.1 Seaborn library

- Seaborn library is an extension of Matplotlib.
- Seaborn is more convenient for many types of plots; we will use it for more complex scatter plots and line plots, for bar plots, strip plots, histograms and heatmaps.
- In Seaborn functions, a whole DataFrame can be added using option data=. DataFrame column names are then used as x, y, hue (color), col (one of subfigures).
- Seaborn creates Matplotlib objects (e.g. figure, axes) which can be then modified using Matplotlib methods.
- The first example of this library is in section Categorical variable via color

1.2 Plotly library for interactive plots

- Another popular library is Plotly.
- It provides some additional plot types and all plots are interactive.
- For example, in the scatter plot, we can find information about each dot by hovering a mouse over it.
- We can also zoom into parts of the plot by selecting a rectangle.
- A menu with additional options appears in the top right corner of the plot.
- Plotly is also used the first time in section Categorical variable via color.

1.3 Used libraries

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from IPython.display import Markdown
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import plotly.express as px
```

1.4 Importing World Bank data

Country indicators from World Bank, https://databank.worldbank.org/home under CC BY 4.0 license.

Country population, surface area in km squared, GDP per capita (current US\$), life expectancy at birth (years), fertility rate (births per woman); in years 2000, 2010, 2020.

[2]: url = 'https://bbrejova.github.io/viz/data/World_bank.csv'
 countries = pd.read_csv(url).set_index('Country')
 display(countries)

	ISO3	Re	egion	Income Group \	
Country					
Afghanistan	AFG	South		Low income	
Albania		rope & Central		iddle income	
Algeria		East & North Af		iddle income	
American Samoa		East Asia & Pac		High income	
Andorra	AND Eu	rope & Central	Asia	High income	
	•	•••		•••	
Virgin Islands		America & Carib		High income	
West Bank and Gaza		East & North Ai	11	iddle income	
Yemen	YEM Middle	East & North Ai	rica	Low income	
Zambia	ZMB	Sub-Saharan Ai	frica Lower m	iddle income	
Zimbabwe	ZWE	Sub-Saharan Ai	frica Lower m	iddle income	
	Population20	00 Population2	2010 Populatio	on2020 Are	ea \
Country					
Afghanistan	19542983	.0 2818967	72.0 3897	2231.0 652860.	. 0
Albania	3089026	.0 291302	21.0 283	7849.0 28750.	. 0
Algeria	30774621	.0 3585634	14.0 4345	1666.0 2381741.	. 0
American Samoa	58229	.0 5484	19.0 40	6189.0 200.	. 0
Andorra	66097	.0 7151	19.0 7	7699.0 470.	. 0
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Virgin Islands	108642	.0 10835	56.0 100	6291.0 350.	. 0
West Bank and Gaza	2922153	.0 378616	31.0 480	3269.0 6020.	. 0
Yemen	18628701	.0 2474394	15.0 3228	4046.0 527970.	. 0
Zambia	9891135	.0 1379208	37.0 1892	7715.0 752610.	. 0
Zimbabwe	11834676	.0 1283977	70.0 15669	9667.0 390760.	. 0
	GDP2000	GDP2010	GDP2020	Expectancy2000) \
Country					
Afghanistan	NaN	562.499219	512.055098	55.298000)
Albania	1126.683340	4094.349686	5343.037704	75.404000)
Algeria	1780.376063	4495.921476	3354.153164	70.478000)
American Samoa	NaN	10446.863206	15609.777220	NaN	J
Andorra	21620.465102	48237.890541	37207.238871	NaN	J
	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Virgin Islands	NaN	39905.128418	39411.045254	76.619512	2
West Bank and Gaza	1476.171850	2557.075624	3233.568638	70.388000)
Yemen	519.591639	1249.063085	578.512010	62.588000)
Zambia	364.026145	1469.361450	956.831729	45.231000)
Zimbabwe	565.284390	937.840340	1372.696674	44.686000)

Expectancy2010 Expectancy2020 Fertility2000 \

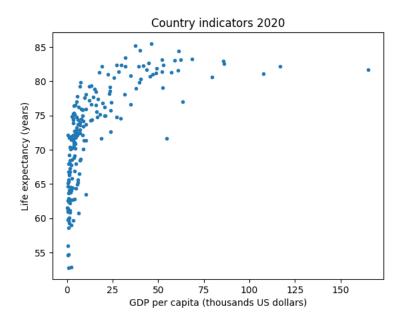
Country			
Afghanistan	60.851000	62.575000	7.534
Albania	77.936000	76.989000	2.231
Algeria	73.808000	74.453000	2.566
American Samoa	NaN	NaN	NaN
Andorra	NaN	NaN	NaN
•••	•••	•••	•••
Virgin Islands	77.865854	79.819512	2.060
West Bank and Gaza	73.004000	74.403000	5.443
Yemen	67.280000	64.650000	6.318
Zambia	56.799000	62.380000	5.926
Zimbabwe	50.652000	61.124000	3.974
	Fertility2010	Fertility2020	
Country	Fertility2010	Fertility2020	
Country Afghanistan	Fertility2010 6.099	Fertility2020 4.750	
· ·	·	·	
Afghanistan	6.099	4.750	
Afghanistan Albania	6.099 1.656	4.750 1.400	
Afghanistan Albania Algeria	6.099 1.656 2.843	4.750 1.400 2.942	
Afghanistan Albania Algeria American Samoa	6.099 1.656 2.843 NaN	4.750 1.400 2.942 NaN	
Afghanistan Albania Algeria American Samoa	6.099 1.656 2.843 NaN	4.750 1.400 2.942 NaN NaN	
Afghanistan Albania Algeria American Samoa Andorra	6.099 1.656 2.843 NaN 1.270	4.750 1.400 2.942 NaN NaN	
Afghanistan Albania Algeria American Samoa Andorra Virgin Islands	6.099 1.656 2.843 NaN 1.270	4.750 1.400 2.942 NaN NaN	
Afghanistan Albania Algeria American Samoa Andorra Virgin Islands West Bank and Gaza	6.099 1.656 2.843 NaN 1.270 2.300 4.383	4.750 1.400 2.942 NaN NaN 2.030 3.570	

[217 rows x 16 columns]

1.5 A simple scatterplot

To create a simple scatterplot, commands from the previous lectures suffice. Note that we divide GDP by 1000 and add this information to the axis title. This makes the axis easier to read.

```
[3]: figure, axes = plt.subplots()
   axes.plot(countries.GDP2020 / 1000, countries.Expectancy2020, '.')
   axes.set_xlabel('GDP per capita (thousands US dollars)')
   axes.set_ylabel('Life expectancy (years)')
   axes.set_title('Country indicators 2020')
   pass
```



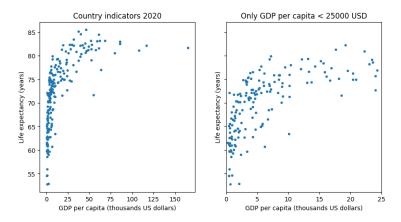
1.6 Zooming in

Limits on x axis are set using set_xlim method in order to zoom in on countries with lower GDP.

```
[4]: # create two subplots
figure, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(10, 5), sharey=True)

# the left subplot - full range of data
axes[0].plot(countries.GDP2020 / 1000, countries.Expectancy2020, '.')
axes[0].set_xlabel('GDP per capita (thousands US dollars)')
axes[0].set_ylabel('Life expectancy (years)')
axes[0].set_title('Country indicators 2020')

# the right subplot - smaller values of GDP
axes[1].plot(countries.GDP2020 / 1000, countries.Expectancy2020, '.')
axes[1].set_xlabel('GDP per capita (thousands US dollars)')
axes[1].set_ylabel('Life expectancy (years)')
axes[1].set_title('Only GDP per capita < 25000 USD')
axes[1].set_xlim(0, 25)
pass</pre>
```



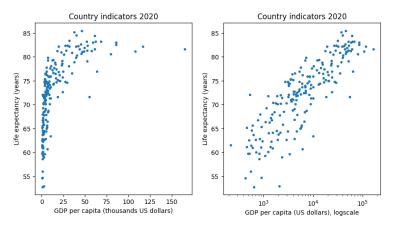
1.7 Log-scale plot

In this plot, the log-scale on the x-axis is switched on by semilogx method; similarly there is semilogy for the y-axis and loglog for both axes.

```
[5]: figure, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(10, 5))

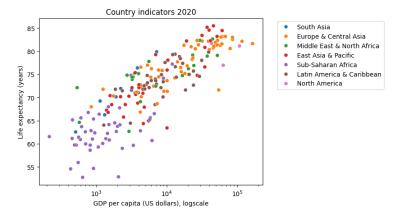
# linear scale plot
axes[0].plot(countries.GDP2020 / 1000, countries.Expectancy2020, '.')
axes[0].set_xlabel('GDP per capita (thousands US dollars)')
axes[0].set_ylabel('Life expectancy (years)')
axes[0].set_title('Country indicators 2020')

# log scale plot
axes[1].plot(countries.GDP2020, countries.Expectancy2020, '.')
axes[1].set_xlabel('GDP per capita (US dollars), logscale')
axes[1].set_ylabel('Life expectancy (years)')
axes[1].set_title('Country indicators 2020')
axes[1].semilogx()
pass
```



1.8 Categorical variable via color

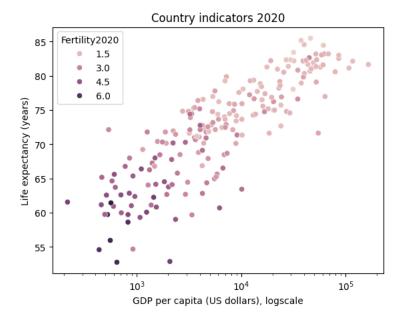
Here we color countries by their region. Seaborn function scatterplot can do this easily via hue parameter. This function returns Matplotlib axes which can be then modified by familiar methods such as set_xlabel.



- The same plot in Plotly is even easier and interactive.
- Both Plotly and Seaborn automatically label axes with column names, such as GDP2020.
- Here we override such automated labels with longer ones using a dictionary fig labels.

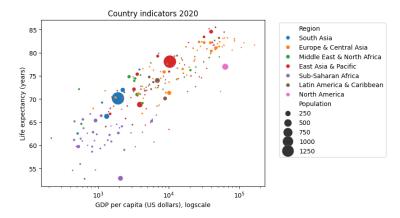
1.9 Numerical variable via color

Seaborn automatically detects if the column used as hue is a categorical or numerical variable. In the previous graph, regions were used as hue and Seaborn chose a color palette with a different color for each category. Here we have a numerical variable so a continuous palette with different shades of pink and purple is used by default. We will discuss color palettes later in the course.



1.10 Numerical variable as point size

We will now use the population of each country as the size of each point (also called bubble), and we will color countries by regions. Sizing points according to the values in a specified table column is again simple to do in Seaborn using paremeter size in sns.scatterplot. Parameter sizes sets the minimum and maximum point size to be used. For simplicity, population in millions is added as a new column to countries.



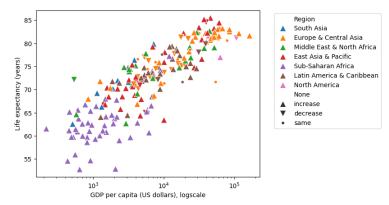
1.11 Categorical variable as marker type

- We add a new column named Population change with categories increase, decrease and same depedning on how the population of a country changed between 2010 and 2020. Category same is applied to countries with population change less than 1% in either direction.
- This column is created using apply command, which applies a function (here a lambda expression) to diff Series containing relative change in population.
- This column is then used as argument style in sns.scatterplot. Size of markers is set to 100 (more than default) by argument s. Particular markers are selected by markers argument.
- Note that in the scatterplot we use both columns of countries table and separate Series.

```
[10]: # compute relative differences in population between years 2010 and 2020 diff = (countries.Population2020 - countries.Population2010) / countries.

→Population2010

# new series with values 'increase', 'decrease' and 'same' diff_class = diff.apply(lambda x : 'decrease' if x < -0.01 else 'increase' if x > 0.01 else 'same')
```



1.12 Importing Gapminder life expectancy

We import life expectancy data provided free by the Gapminder foundation under the CC-BY license. The data set gives for each year and each country an estimate of how may years would newborn babies live on average if the trends in mortality of different age groups that were prevailing in the year of their birth would prevail through their entire life.

```
[11]: url="https://bbrejova.github.io/viz/data/life_expectancy_years.csv"
      life_exp = pd.read_csv(url, index_col=0)
      life_exp_years = life_exp.iloc[:, 1:]
      display(life_exp)
                          IS03
                                1900
                                      1901
                                            1902 1903
                                                        1904
                                                               1905
                                                                     1906
                                                                           1907 \
     Country
     Afghanistan
                                                  29.6
                           AFG
                                29.4
                                      29.5
                                            29.5
                                                         29.7
                                                               29.7
                                                                     29.8
                                                                           29.9
     Albania
                           ALB
                                35.4 35.4
                                            35.4
                                                  35.4
                                                         35.4
                                                               35.4
                                                                     35.4
                                                                           35.4
     Algeria
                           DZA
                                30.2
                                      30.3
                                            30.4
                                                  31.4
                                                         25.4
                                                               28.1
                                                                     29.6
                                                                           29.5
```

```
23.5
Yemen
                      YEM
                           23.5
                                 23.5
                                       23.5
                                                    23.5
                                                          23.6
                                                                23.6
                                                                       23.6
                           33.6
Zambia
                                 33.6
                                       33.6
                                                                33.8
                                                                       33.8
                      ZMB
                                              33.7
                                                    33.7
                                                          33.8
Zimbabwe
                      ZWE
                           34.1
                                 34.1
                                       34.1
                                              34.1
                                                    34.1
                                                          34.1
                                                                34.1
                                                                       34.1
                               2012 2013 2014 2015
                                                        2016
                                                              2017
                      1908
                                                                       2018
                                                                            \
Country
Afghanistan
                      29.9
                               60.8
                                     61.3
                                           61.2
                                                  61.2
                                                        61.2
                                                              63.4
                                                                     63.081
Albania
                                           77.9
                      35.4
                               77.8
                                     77.9
                                                  78.0
                                                        78.1
                                                              78.2
                                                                    79.184
Algeria
                      29.5
                               76.8
                                     76.9
                                           77.0
                                                 77.1
                                                        77.4
                                                              77.7
                                                                    76.066
Angola
                               61.3
                                                  63.3
                      29.6
                                     61.9
                                           62.8
                                                        63.8
                                                              64.2
                                                                    62.144
                               76.7
                                     76.8
                                           76.8
                                                 76.9
                                                        77.0
                                                              77.0 78.511
Antigua and Barbuda
                     33.8
                               75.2
                                                        75.3
                                                              75.3
Venezuela
                      32.5
                                     75.2
                                           75.0
                                                  75.0
                                                                    71.979
                      30.9
                               73.8
                                     74.0
                                           74.1
                                                  74.3
                                                        74.4
                                                              74.5
                                                                    73.976
Vietnam
                                           69.0
                                                        68.1
                                                              68.1
Yemen
                      23.6
                               68.3
                                     68.9
                                                  68.6
                                                                    64.575
Zambia
                      33.9
                               58.8
                                     60.0
                                           61.1
                                                 62.0
                                                        62.8
                                                              63.2
                                                                    62.342
Zimbabwe
                      34.2
                               54.9
                                     56.8
                                           58.5
                                                 59.6
                                                       60.5
                                                              61.4 61.414
                        2019
                                2020
                                        2021
Country
                              62.575
Afghanistan
                      63.565
                                      61.982
Albania
                      79.282
                              76.989
                                      76.463
Algeria
                      76.474 74.453
                                      76.377
Angola
                      62.448
                              62.261
                                      61.643
                     78.691 78.841
Antigua and Barbuda
                                      78.497
Venezuela
                      72.161
                              71.095
                                      70.554
Vietnam
                      74.093 75.378
                                      73.618
Yemen
                      65.092
                              64.650
                                      63.753
Zambia
                      62.793
                              62.380
                                      61.223
Zimbabwe
                      61.292 61.124
                                      59.253
```

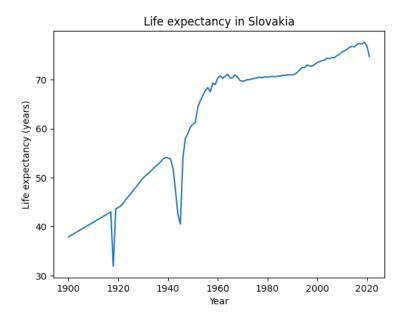
[184 rows x 123 columns]

1.13 A simple line graph

Here we use plot from matplotlib to plot life expectancy over the years for Slovakia. Years are column names which need to be converted from string to integer using Python list comprehension.

```
[12]: # list of numerical years from column names
years = [int(x) for x in life_exp_years.columns]
# simple plot for one row of the table
figure, axes = plt.subplots()
axes.plot(years, life_exp_years.loc['Slovak Republic'])
# plot settings
axes.set_xlabel('Year')
axes.set_ylabel('Life expectancy (years)')
axes.set_title('Life expectancy in Slovakia')
```

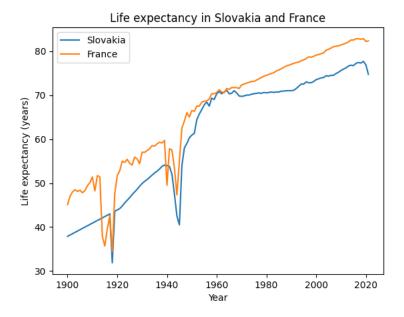
pass



1.14 A line graph with multiple lines

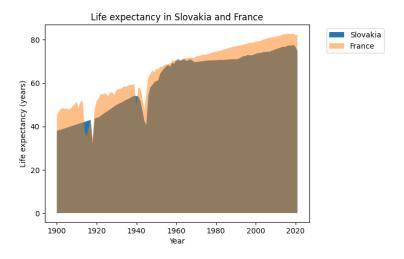
Here we plot two lines, each by a separate call to plot. Each line has a label to show in the legend.

```
figure, axes = plt.subplots()
    # plot two lines
axes.plot(years, life_exp_years.loc['Slovak Republic'], label='Slovakia')
axes.plot(years, life_exp_years.loc['France'], label='France')
# plot settings
axes.set_xlabel('Year')
axes.set_ylabel('Life expectancy (years)')
axes.set_title('Life expectancy in Slovakia and France')
axes.legend()
pass
```



1.15 Area graph

Here we fill in the area between x-axis (value 0) and a table row using fill_between method. France is plotted on top and is set to be semi-transparent using alpha=0.5.



1.16 Line graph with many lines

- Here we want to plot lines for all countries alphabetically between Si and Sz and having at least million inhabitants.
- First we select such countries from countries to table selection.
- Using intersection, we get only countries from our selection that are also in Gapminder table (life_exp).
- Part of the Gapminder table for these coutnries is then stored as life_exp_sel.

```
[15]: selection = countries.query('Population2020 > 1e6 and Country >= "Si" and
       ⇔Country <= "Sz"')
      life_exp_iso3 = life_exp.reset_index().set_index('ISO3')
      life_exp_sel = life_exp_iso3.loc[life_exp_iso3.index.intersection(selection.

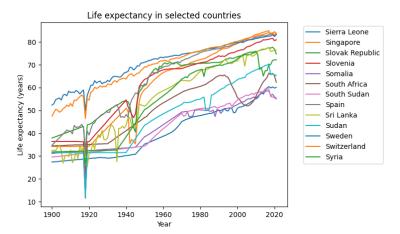
¬ISO3), :].set_index('Country')
      display(life_exp_sel)
                              1901
                                    1902
                                           1903
                                                 1904
                                                       1905
                                                              1906
                                                                    1907
                                                                           1908
                                                                                 1909
                        1900
     Country
     Sierra Leone
                        27.4
                              27.5
                                    27.5
                                           27.6
                                                 27.7
                                                        27.8
                                                              27.9
                                                                    27.9
                                                                           28.0
                                                                                 28.1
     Singapore
                        34.2
                              34.2
                                    34.2
                                           34.2
                                                 34.2
                                                        34.2
                                                              34.2
                                                                    34.2
                                                                           34.2
                                                                                 34.2
     Slovak Republic
                       37.9
                              38.2
                                    38.5
                                           38.8
                                                 39.1
                                                        39.4
                                                              39.7
                                                                    40.0
                                                                           40.3
                                                                                 40.6
     Slovenia
                        36.4
                              36.4
                                    36.4
                                           36.4
                                                 36.4
                                                        36.4
                                                              36.4
                                                                    36.4
                                                                           36.4
                                                                                 36.4
     Somalia
                        31.2
                              31.2
                                    31.3
                                           31.4
                                                 31.4
                                                        31.5
                                                              31.5
                                                                    31.6
                                                                           31.7
                                                                                 31.7
                                                                                 34.8
                        34.5
                              34.5
                                    34.5
                                                              34.6
                                                                           34.7
     South Africa
                                           34.6
                                                 34.6
                                                        34.6
                                                                    34.7
     South Sudan
                              29.6
                                    29.8
                                           29.8
                                                                           30.3
                                                                                 30.4
                        29.6
                                                 29.9
                                                        30.0
                                                              30.1
                                                                     30.2
     Spain
                        34.7
                              35.6
                                    36.4
                                           37.2
                                                 38.0
                                                        38.9
                                                              39.7
                                                                    40.5
                                                                           41.4
                                                                                 41.0
     Sri Lanka
                        32.5
                              32.5
                                    32.5
                                           33.9
                                                 34.7
                                                              26.9
                                                                    30.0
                                                                           30.4
                                                                                 29.8
                                                        32.4
     Sudan
                        31.5
                              31.5
                                    31.5
                                           31.5
                                                 31.5
                                                        31.5
                                                              31.5
                                                                    31.5
                                                                           31.5
                                                                                 31.5
     Sweden
                        52.3
                             52.9
                                    54.7
                                           55.1
                                                 55.4
                                                       54.5
                                                              56.7
                                                                    57.0
                                                                           56.4
                                                                                 58.4
     Switzerland
                        47.5
                              49.0
                                    50.5
                                          50.1
                                                 49.2
                                                        49.7
                                                              50.8
                                                                    51.3
                                                                           52.3
                                                                                 51.7
                       31.8 31.8
                                   31.9
                                          31.9 31.9
                                                       31.9
                                                              31.9
                                                                    32.0
                                                                           32.0
     Syria
                                                                                 32.0
```

```
2012 2013 2014
                                      2015
                                            2016
                                                   2017
                                                              2018 \
Country
Sierra Leone
                    56.9
                          57.9
                                57.1
                                      58.5
                                             59.8
                                                   60.4
                                                         59.796000
                    83.6
                          83.9
                                84.2
Singapore
                                      84.4
                                             84.7
                                                   84.8
                                                         83.297561
Slovak Republic
                    76.2
                          76.6
                               76.8
                                      76.7
                                             77.2
                                                   77.4
                                                         77.265854
Slovenia
                    79.9
                          80.2 80.9
                                      80.8
                                             81.0
                                                   81.1
                                                         81.378049
Somalia
                    56.8
                          57.4 57.9
                                      58.3
                                             58.5
                                                   58.5
                                                         56.375000
South Africa
                    59.5
                         61.1
                                62.5 63.4
                                             64.4
                                                   66.3
                                                         65.674000
                    58.2 58.0 58.3 59.4
South Sudan
                                            59.4
                                                   59.3
                                                         55.950000
                    82.3
                          82.6 82.7
                                      82.6
                                            82.9
                                                   83.1
Spain
                                                         83.431707
                   76.1
                          76.4 76.5
                                      76.9
                                            77.2
                                                   77.5
Sri Lanka
                                                         75.748000
                    68.4
Sudan
                         68.7
                                69.1
                                      69.6
                                            69.8
                                                   70.3
                                                         65.681000
                    81.8
                          81.9 82.1
Sweden
                                      82.2
                                            82.4
                                                   82.5
                                                         82.558537
                 ...
                    82.9
                                83.3
Switzerland
                          83.0
                                      83.5
                                            83.8
                                                   84.0
                                                         83.753659
                    67.9
                         68.7
                                65.0 67.3
                                            67.4
                                                   69.8
Syria
                                                         70.145000
                      2019
                                 2020
                                             2021
Country
Sierra Leone
                 60.255000
                            59.763000
                                       60.062000
Singapore
                 83.595122
                            84.465854
                                        83.441463
Slovak Republic
                 77.665854
                            76.865854
                                       74.714634
Slovenia
                 81.529268
                            80.531707
                                        80.875610
Somalia
                 57.078000
                            55.967000
                                       55.280000
South Africa
                 66.175000
                            65.252000
                                       62.341000
South Sudan
                 55.912000
                            55.480000
                                        54.975000
Spain
                 83.831707
                            82.331707
                                        83.178049
Sri Lanka
                 76.008000
                            76.393000
                                       76.399000
Sudan
                 65.876000
                            65.614000
                                        65.267000
Sweden
                 83.109756
                            82.356098
                                        83.156098
                            83.000000
Switzerland
                 83.904878
                                       83.851220
Syria
                 71.822000
                            72.140000
                                       72.063000
```

[13 rows x 122 columns]

- In Matplotlib, each country from life_exp_sel is plotted separately in a for-loop, similarly as for two countries above.
- Note that colors repeat because the default palette is not large enough.

```
axes.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc=2)
pass
```



- To use Seaborn for the same plot, it is better to change life_exp_sel table from wide to long format using melt method. Year is converted from strings to integers.
- This creates a table with columns Country, Year, Expectancy.

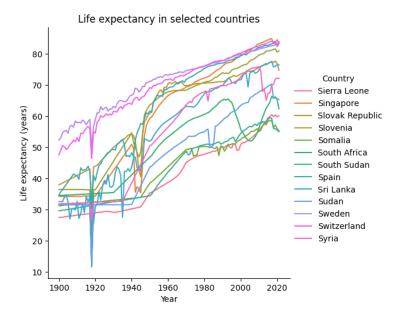
```
[17]: life_exp_sel_long = (
        life_exp_sel.reset_index()
        .melt(id_vars=['Country'])
        .rename(columns={'variable':'Year', 'value':'Expectancy'})
        .astype({'Year':'int32'})
    )
    display(life_exp_sel_long)
```

```
Country
                        Year
                               Expectancy
         Sierra Leone
0
                        1900
                                27.400000
1
            Singapore
                        1900
                                34.200000
2
      Slovak Republic
                        1900
                                37.900000
              Slovenia
3
                        1900
                                36.400000
4
               Somalia
                        1900
                                31.200000
1581
            Sri Lanka
                        2021
                                76.399000
                        2021
                                65.267000
1582
                 Sudan
1583
                Sweden
                        2021
                                83.156098
1584
          Switzerland
                        2021
                                83.851220
1585
                 Syria
                        2021
                                72.063000
```

[1586 rows x 3 columns]

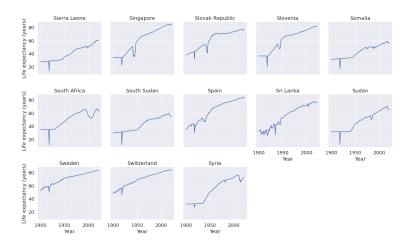
• Now we use Seaborn function relplot, setting parameters x, y and hue to column names in our long table and specifying that we want lineplit using kind="line".

- The function returns FacetGrid, which potentially contains multiple axes, so we ned to use slightly different methods to set labels.
- Seaborn created a sufficiently large color palette but some colors are then hard to distinguish.



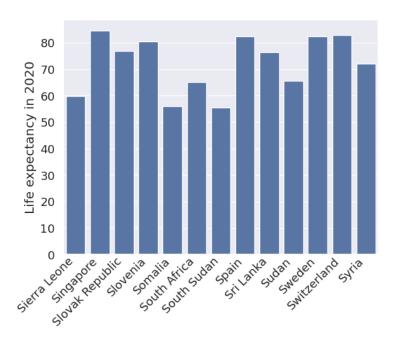
1.17 Small multiples

- Small multiples, with each country in our selection as a separate plot, is very easy to do in Seaborn from a long-format table using relplot, using column Country in option col which selects one of subplots for each data point.
- Option col_wrap selects how many subplots will be placed ion one row of the overall figure.



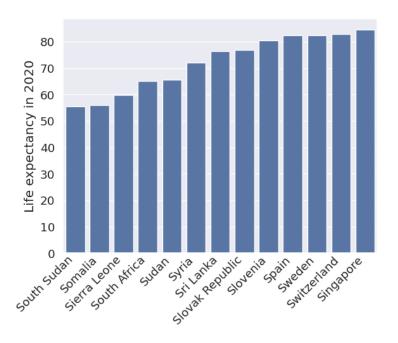
1.18 Bar graph

- We plot a bargraph of life expectancy in our selected countries by Seaborn function barplot.
- All bars are plotted by the same color using setting color="C0".
- We rotate tick labels on the x axes to fit them in the given space.



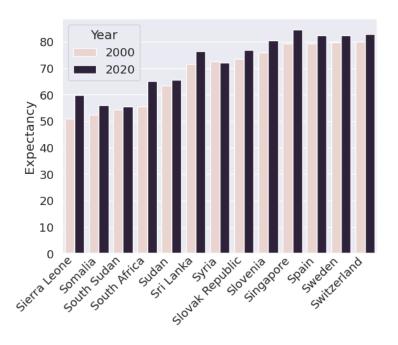
1.19 Bar graph with sorted columns

Countries are sorted by value in preprocessing, then plotted as before.



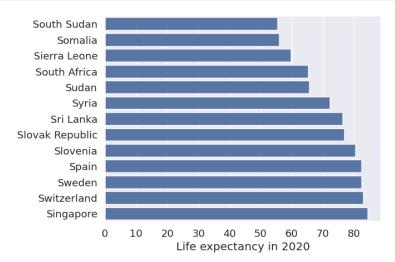
1.20 Bar graph with multiple colors

- Now we compare life expectancy in two years in a bargraph with the colors of columns.
- After selecting appropriate rows of the long table, we use column Year in the hue parameter of barplot.



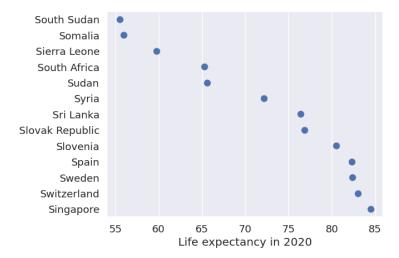
1.21 Horizontal bar graph

- Longer bar labels are easier to read in a horizontal barplot.
- In Seaborn, it is sufficent to switch x and y arguments.



1.22 Dot plot

- Dot plot shows only the end of each bar as a dot.
- Seaborn's pointplot joins these dots by lines by default, linestyle='none' prevents this.
- Note that in contrast to barplots, the x axis does not start at 0 (we could make it so by set_xlim).



1.23 Heatmap

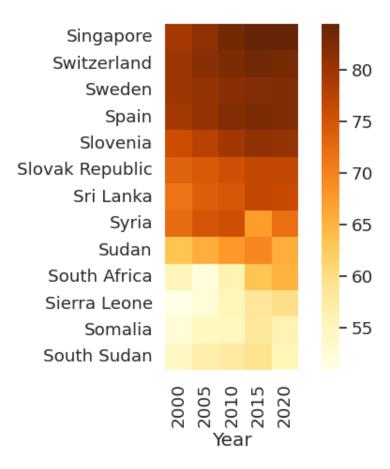
- The goal is to create heatmap with countries as rows, several years as columns and life expectancy values as colors.
- We first need to create a DataFrame with these values in such an arrangment by selecting rows with appropriate years from our long table and pivoting the table by year to make it wide.
- Finally we sort the table by the expectancy in the last year.

display(life_exp_sel_wide)

```
Year
                2000
                     2005
                           2010
                                 2015
                                           2020
Country
Singapore
                79.3
                     81.1
                           83.2
                                84.4
                                      84.465854
Switzerland
                80.1
                     81.5
                           82.5
                                83.5
                                      83.000000
                79.8
                     80.6 81.5
Sweden
                                82.2
                                      82.356098
Spain
                79.4 80.5 82.0 82.6 82.331707
                76.0 77.7
Slovenia
                          79.5
                                80.8
                                     80.531707
Slovak Republic 73.5 74.3 75.6 76.7 76.865854
Sri Lanka
                71.6 73.8 74.7 76.9 76.393000
                72.5 75.0 75.8 67.3 72.140000
Syria
Sudan
                63.4 65.7 67.7
                                69.6
                                      65.614000
                55.6 52.0 56.1 63.4
South Africa
                                      65.252000
Sierra Leone
                50.9 52.6 55.4 58.5
                                      59.763000
Somalia
                52.5 54.7 55.0 58.3
                                      55.967000
South Sudan
                54.4 56.7 57.8 59.4 55.480000
```

- Heatmap is plotted by sns.heatmap function.
- We have used options to set the shape of individual cells to square and change the color palette ('cmap').

```
[26]: axes = sns.heatmap(data=life_exp_sel_wide, square=True, cmap="Y10rBr")
axes.set_ylabel(None)
pass
```



1.24 Pie chart

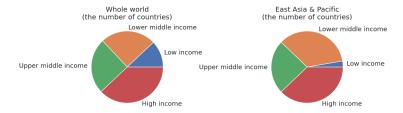
- To prepare data for pie chart, we use two features of Pandas which we will cover in a later lecture: converting the Income Group column to a categorical type and computing the number of countries in various income groups using groupby.
- In this way we create two Series: groups with counts for the whole world and groups_asia for just East Asian countries.

display(groups)

```
Income Group
Low income 26
Lower middle income 54
Upper middle income 54
High income 82
Name: Count, dtype: int64
```

- The plotting is done by the pie function from Matplotlib.
- It gets the series with counts as parameter x and country names as labels.

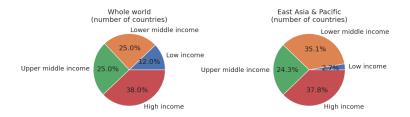
```
[28]: figure, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(10,5))
    axes[0].pie(x=groups, labels=groups.index)
    axes[0].set_title('Whole world\n(the number of countries)')
    axes[1].pie(x=groups_asia, labels=groups_asia.index)
    axes[1].set_title('East Asia & Pacific\n(the number of countries)')
    figure.subplots_adjust(wspace=1)
    pass
```



1.25 Pie chart with labels

• Labels are added by autopct setting in pie. This setting provides a formatting string for the values, here we print one decimal place.

```
[29]: figure, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(10,5))
    axes[0].pie(x=groups, labels=groups.index, autopct="%.1f%%")
    axes[0].set_title('Whole world\n(number of countries)')
    axes[1].pie(x=groups_asia, labels=groups_asia.index, autopct="%.1f%%")
    axes[1].set_title('East Asia & Pacific\n(number of countries)')
    figure.subplots_adjust(wspace=1)
    pass
```



1.26 Stacked bar graph instead of pie chart

- To prepare data for stacked bar graph, we need to combine our two count Series (groups and groups_asia) to one long table groups_concat.
- This is a DataFrame, because Income Group was moved from index to a column.
- We also add percentage column, which will be used in the plot. Percentage is computed by divided counts with the sum of all counts.
- We also add a column with region name, because we will consider two regions (East Asia and the whole world).

```
[30]: # first create DataFrame for East Asia
    # add Income Group index as a column
    temp_asia = groups_asia.reset_index()
    # compute percentages and add as a new column
    temp_asia['Percentage'] = temp_asia['Count'] * 100 / temp_asia['Count'].sum()
    # add Region as a new column, filled with copies of the same string
    temp_asia['Region'] = ["East Asia & Pacific"] * len(groups_asia)

# the same three steps for World
    temp_world = groups.reset_index()
    temp_world['Percentage'] = temp_world['Count'] * 100 / temp_world['Count'].sum()
    temp_world['Region'] = ["World"] * len(groups)

# concatenate two DataFrames and display
    groups_concat = pd.concat([temp_asia, temp_world], axis=0)
    display(groups_concat)
```

	Income (Group	Count	Percentage	Region
0	Low in	ncome	1	2.702703	East Asia & Pacific
1	Lower middle in	ncome	13	35.135135	East Asia & Pacific
2	Upper middle in	ncome	9	24.324324	East Asia & Pacific
3	High in	ncome	14	37.837838	East Asia & Pacific
0	Low in	ncome	26	12.037037	World
1	Lower middle in	ncome	54	25.000000	World
2	Upper middle in	ncome	54	25.000000	World
3	High in	ncome	82	37.962963	World

• Stacked bar graph is not very automated in Matplotib.

- Left coordinate for each rectangle needs to be computed manually, then function barh is used (see also tutorial).
- Each bar is labeled with the percentage using bar_label function.

```
[31]: # list of regions and income groups
      tmp_regions = groups_concat['Region'].unique()
      tmp_groups = groups_concat['Income Group'].unique()
      # the first rectangles start at 0
      starts = pd.Series([0] * tmp regions.shape[0])
      # create plot
      figure, axes = plt.subplots()
      # iterate through income groups
      for group in tmp groups:
          # select data for this income group from both regions
          tmp data = groups concat.query("'Income Group' == @group")
          rectangles = axes.barh(y=tmp data['Region'], width=tmp data['Percentage'],
       →left=starts, label=group)
          # add labels
          axes.bar_label(rectangles, label_type='center', fmt="%.0f%%")
          # move starts by the size of each rectangle
          starts += tmp_data['Percentage'].reset_index(drop=True)
      axes.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1, 1), loc=2)
      # hide plot frame and x-axis ticks
      axes.xaxis.set_visible(False)
      axes.set_frame_on(False)
      pass
```



• Stacked bar charts are much easier in Plotly using px.bar function.

It can also be drawn easily directly by Pandas, but values (sizes of rectangles) are not shown. The table is first converted to wide form with different income groups as columns.

```
groups_concat_wide = groups_concat.pivot(columns='Income Group', u index='Region', values='Percentage')

display(groups_concat_wide)

axes = groups_concat_wide.plot(kind='barh', stacked=True)

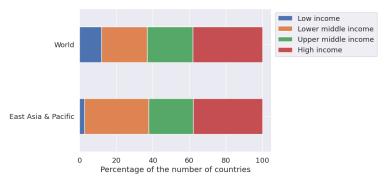
axes.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1, 1), loc=2)

axes.set_ylabel(None)

axes.set_xlabel('Percentage of the number of countries')

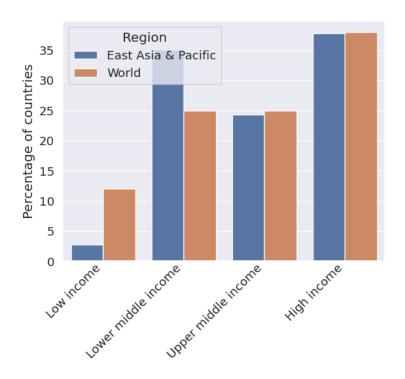
pass
```

Income Group Region	Low income	Lower middle income	Upper middle income \
East Asia & Pacific	2.702703	35.135135	24.324324
World	12.037037	25.000000	25.000000
Income Group	High income		
Region			
East Asia & Pacific	37.837838		
World	37.962963		



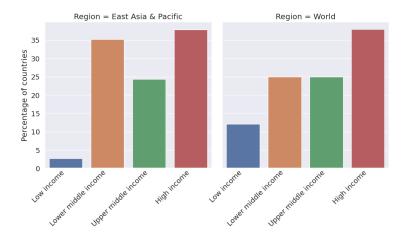
1.27 Colored bar graphs insteads of pie chart

- As we have seen before, colored bar graphs are easy in Seaborn from a long table.
- Therefore we use groups concat DataFrame.



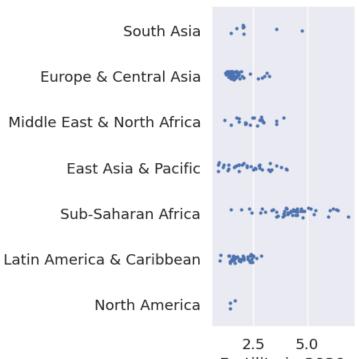
1.28 Multiple bar graphs instead of pie chart

- In the next plot a separte bar graph for each region.
- This is also very simple in Seaborn using catplot with setting col='Region' and kind='bar'.
- Labels are rotated in each subplot using a for-loop.



1.29Strip plot

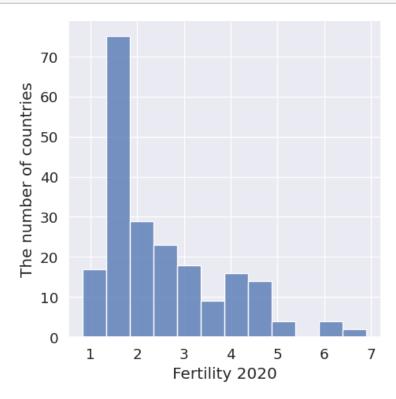
- Strip plot of fertility per region is also very simple in sns.catplot.
- Setting kind='strip' is default for catplot, so it is omitted here.
- Size of dots is reduced to limit overlapping markers.



Fertility in 2020

1.30 Histogram

```
[37]: grid = sns.displot(countries, x="Fertility2020", binwidth=0.5)
    grid.set_axis_labels("Fertility 2020", "The number of countries")
    pass
```



1.31 Parallel coordinates

- We want to display various properties of individual countries as parallel coordinate plot.
- We first create table for_parallel with selected columns and express all numbers as percentage of the maximum value.
- We add selected column which has True in row for Slovakia and False elsewhere. This is used to highlight Slovakia in the plot.
- Also ordering is changed to draw Slovakia the last.

```
# creating column of booleans called 'selected' which highlights Slovakia withus True

for_parallel['selected'] = countries.index=="Slovak Republic"

# sort by 'selected' to put Slovakia last

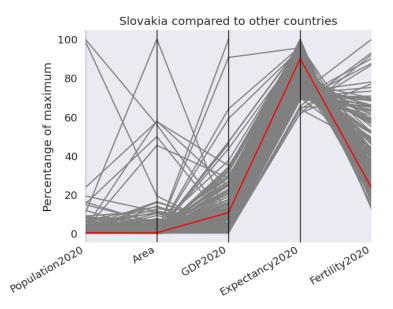
for_parallel.sort_values('selected', inplace=True)

# show end of the table

display(for_parallel.tail())
```

_	Population2020	Area	GDP2020	Expectancy2020	\
Country					
Greece	0.758174	0.771775	9.651333	95.076168	
Greenland	0.003995	2.400538	29.962671	83.788155	
Fiji	0.065227	0.106853	2.638193	79.445541	
Zimbabwe	1.110458	2.285380	0.752009	71.492098	
Slovak Republic	0.386849	0.286754	10.711280	89.904148	
	Fertility2020	selected			
Country					
Greece	20.168311	False			
Greenland	29.294835	False			
Fiji	36.201393	False			
Zimbabwe	51.436448	False			
Slovak Republic	23.070226	True			

• Parallel coordinates are drawn using Pandas parallel_coordinates function, which internally calls Matplotlib and returns Axes object.



1.32 Parallel categories

- We will use two categorical columns from the countries table, but more categorical columns could be easily added.
- We use the version of the table with a categorical income groups and sort countries by income.
- Now we use parallel-categories function from Plotly.
- This function orders each column of the figure by size. By calling update_traces, we reorder the first column by the same order as they first occur in our table.

1.33 Radar chart

- Radar charts are not well supported in any of the used libraries.
- Below we compute angles of each axis manually, then use plot from Matplotlib.
- When creating axes, we specify polar coordinates subplot_kw={'projection': 'polar'}.
- We also use set_thetagrids

```
[41]: # skip 'selected' column, use only 3 countries
for_radar = for_parallel.loc[['India','China','United States'], :].iloc[:, 0:-1]
display(for_radar.head())
```

```
# setup plot with polar coordinates
sns.set_theme(style="whitegrid")
figure, axes = plt.subplots(subplot_kw={'projection': 'polar'})
categories = list(for_radar.columns)
import math
angles = [ i * 2 * math.pi / len(categories) for i in range(len(categories))]
angles_deg = [x / math.pi * 180 for x in angles]
axes.set_thetagrids(angles_deg, labels=categories)
# for plotting, we will need to return to starting point in each line
angles.append(angles[0])
# for each country create list of values, add the starting point, plot
for country in for_radar.index:
   values = list(for_radar.loc[country, :])
   values.append(values[0])
   axes.plot(angles, values, label=country)
axes.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc=2)
pass
```

	Population2020	Area	GDP2020	Expectancy2020	\
Country					
India	98.957347	19.225710	1.048125	82.049124	
China	100.000000	55.929174	5.702240	91.320734	
United States	23.493127	57.500095	34.803081	90.038227	

Fertility2020

Country

India 29.759141 China 18.586767 United States 23.817470

