

Code-along Week 9

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2023-10-16

Tidy Data

1. Tidy vs Non-Tidy (Slide #8)

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.2      v readr      2.1.4
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.0
## v ggplot2    3.4.3      v tibble    3.2.1
## v lubridate  1.9.2      v tidyr     1.3.0
## v purrr      1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
tidydata <- tribble(
  ~country, ~year, ~cases, ~population,
  "Afghanistan", 1999, 745, 19987071,
  "Afghanistan", 2000, 2666, 20595360,
  "Brazil", 1999, 37737, 172006362,
  "Brazil", 2000, 80488, 174504898,
  "China", 1999, 212258, 1272915272,
  "China", 2000, 213766, 1280428583)
tidydata
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##   country      year  cases population
##   <chr>      <dbl> <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999     745  19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000    2666  20595360
## 3 Brazil      1999   37737  172006362
## 4 Brazil      2000   80488  174504898
## 5 China       1999 212258 1272915272
## 6 China       2000 213766 1280428583
```

```
nontidydata <- tribble(
  ~country, ~year, ~rate,
  "Afghanistan", 1999, "745/19987071",
  "Afghanistan", 2000, "2666/20595360",
  "Brazil", 1999, "37737/172006362",
  "Brazil", 2000, "80488/174504898",
  "China", 1999, "212258/1272915272",
  "China", 2000, "213766/1280428583")
nontidydata
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##   country      year rate
##   <chr>      <dbl> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil      1999 37737/172006362
## 4 Brazil      2000 80488/174504898
## 5 China       1999 212258/1272915272
## 6 China       2000 213766/1280428583
```

Tidy-ing data

2. Example-1 (Slide #11)

```
tidieddata <- nontidydata %>%
  separate(rate, into = c("cases", "population"), sep = "/")
#call the old one for comparison too
nontidydata
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##   country      year rate
##   <chr>      <dbl> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil      1999 37737/172006362
## 4 Brazil      2000 80488/174504898
## 5 China       1999 212258/1272915272
## 6 China       2000 213766/1280428583
```

```
tidieddata
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##   country      year cases population
##   <chr>      <dbl> <chr>   <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745     19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666    20595360
## 3 Brazil      1999 37737   172006362
## 4 Brazil      2000 80488   174504898
## 5 China       1999 212258  1272915272
## 6 China       2000 213766  1280428583
```

3. Example-1 (cont): turning columns into rows (Slide #12)

```
newtidieddata <- tidieddata %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = cases:population,
    names_to = "measurement",
    values_to = "value"
  )
newtidieddata
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
##   country      year measurement value
##   <chr>      <dbl> <chr>      <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 cases       745
## 2 Afghanistan 1999 population 19987071
## 3 Afghanistan 2000 cases       2666
## 4 Afghanistan 2000 population 20595360
## 5 Brazil      1999 cases       37737
## 6 Brazil      1999 population 172006362
## 7 Brazil      2000 cases       80488
## 8 Brazil      2000 population 174504898
## 9 China       1999 cases       212258
## 10 China      1999 population 1272915272
## 11 China      2000 cases       213766
## 12 China      2000 population 1280428583
```

#now the cases and population columns have become rows with columns measurement type and value

4. Example-2 (Slide #14)

```
#make dataframe df
df <- tribble(
  ~id, ~bp1, ~bp2,
  "A", 100, 120,
  "B", 140, 115,
  "C", 120, 125
)
df
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
##   id      bp1  bp2
##   <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 A      100  120
## 2 B      140  115
## 3 C      120  125
```

```
#reshape
df %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = bp1:bp2,
    names_to = "measurement",
    values_to = "value"
  )
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##   id      measurement value
##   <chr> <chr>         <dbl>
## 1 A      bp1           100
## 2 A      bp2           120
## 3 B      bp1           140
## 4 B      bp2           115
## 5 C      bp1           120
## 6 C      bp2           125
```

5. Example-3 (Slide #18)

```
newtidieddata
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
##   country      year measurement value
##   <chr>        <dbl> <chr>      <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 cases      745
## 2 Afghanistan 1999 population 19987071
## 3 Afghanistan 2000 cases      2666
## 4 Afghanistan 2000 population 20595360
## 5 Brazil       1999 cases      37737
## 6 Brazil       1999 population 172006362
## 7 Brazil       2000 cases      80488
## 8 Brazil       2000 population 174504898
## 9 China        1999 cases      212258
## 10 China       1999 population 1272915272
## 11 China       2000 cases      213766
## 12 China       2000 population 1280428583
```

```
newtidieddata %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from="measurement", values_from="value")
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##   country      year cases population
##   <chr>        <dbl> <chr>      <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745      19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666     20595360
## 3 Brazil       1999 37737    172006362
## 4 Brazil       2000 80488    174504898
## 5 China        1999 212258   1272915272
## 6 China        2000 213766   1280428583
```

```
#now it's reverted! wow
```

5. Example-4 (Slide #19)

```
df2 <- tribble(
  ~id, ~measurement, ~value,
```

```

"A", "bp1", 100,
"B", "bp1", 140,
"B", "bp2", 115,
"A", "bp2", 120,
"A", "bp3", 105
)
df2

```

```

## # A tibble: 5 x 3
##   id      measurement value
##   <chr> <chr>         <dbl>
## 1 A      bp1           100
## 2 B      bp1           140
## 3 B      bp2           115
## 4 A      bp2           120
## 5 A      bp3           105

```

```

#reshape
df2 %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = measurement, values_from = value)

```

```

## # A tibble: 2 x 4
##   id      bp1      bp2      bp3
##   <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 A      100     120     105
## 2 B      140     115      NA

```