

GOLD AND SULFIDE TARGETING USING ADROKS ADR (Atomic Dielectric Resonance) TECHNIQUE



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- **Overview** of Charters Towers geology and mineralisation
- Some of the **problems** with finding gold in Charters Towers
- **ADR RESULTS**
 - Survey locations and overview of results
 - Specific results
 - a) WARRIOR AREA
 - b) CENTRAL AREA
- Some thoughts and **conclusions**



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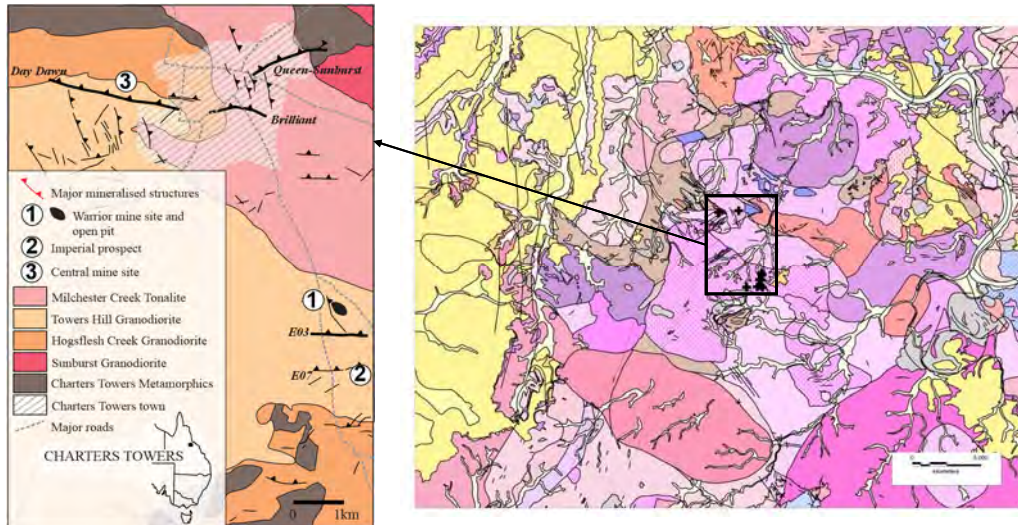
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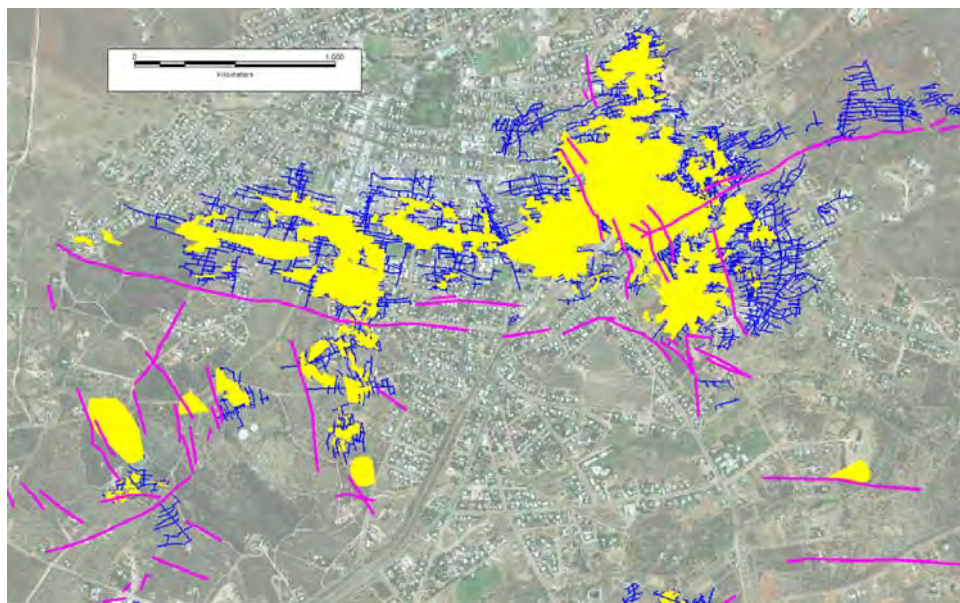
Granite-dominated geology of the Charters Towers area

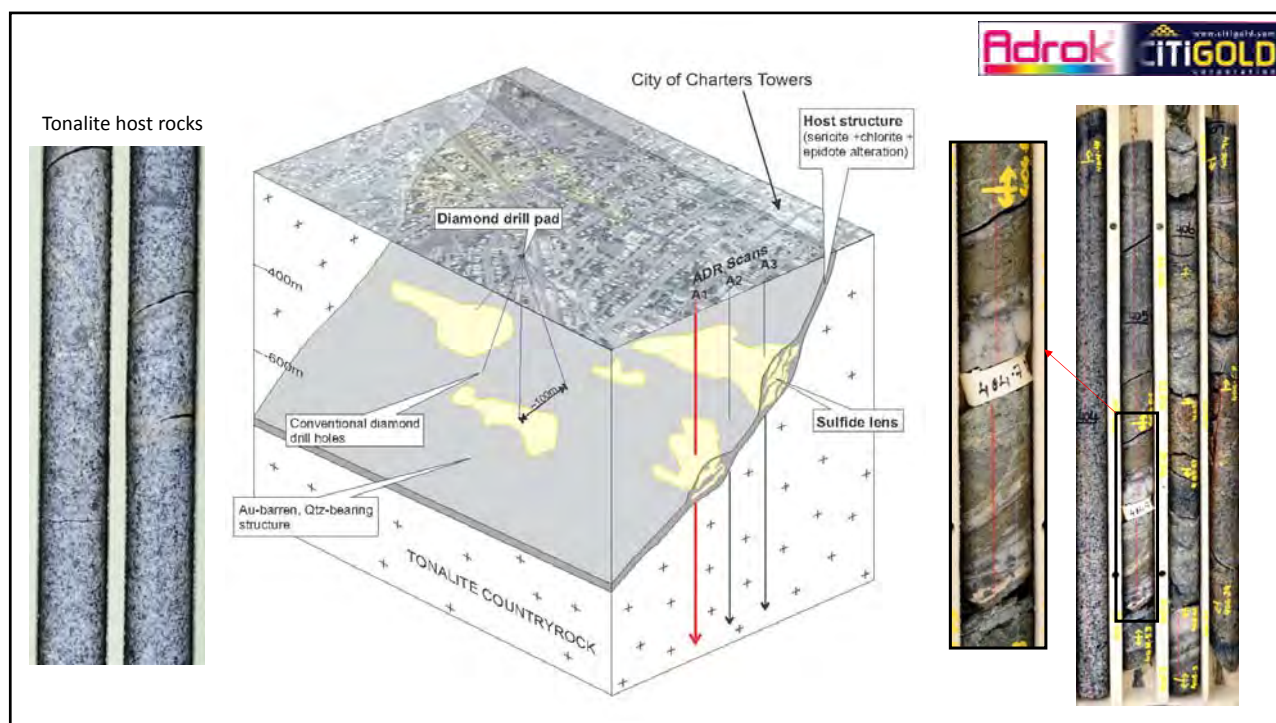


- Over 6.6 million ounces of Gold from the Charters Towers field
- Mineralisation is narrow-vein style with sulfides in fractures within granitic host rocks

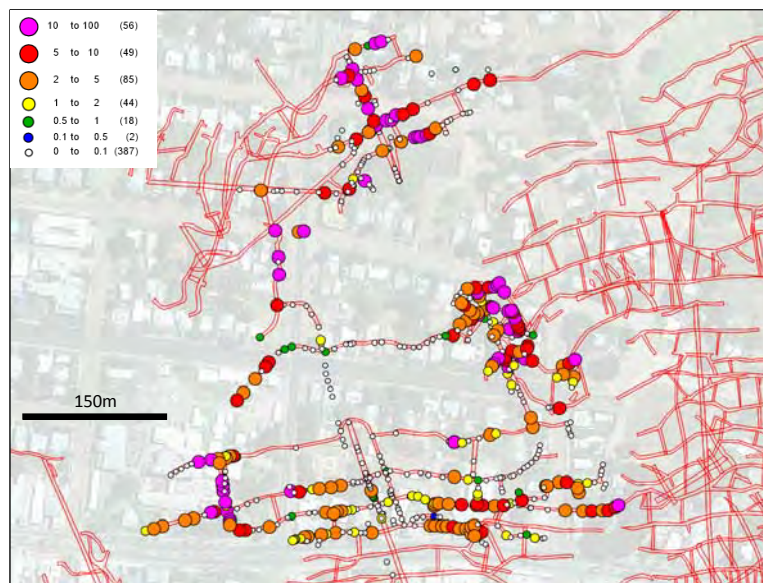
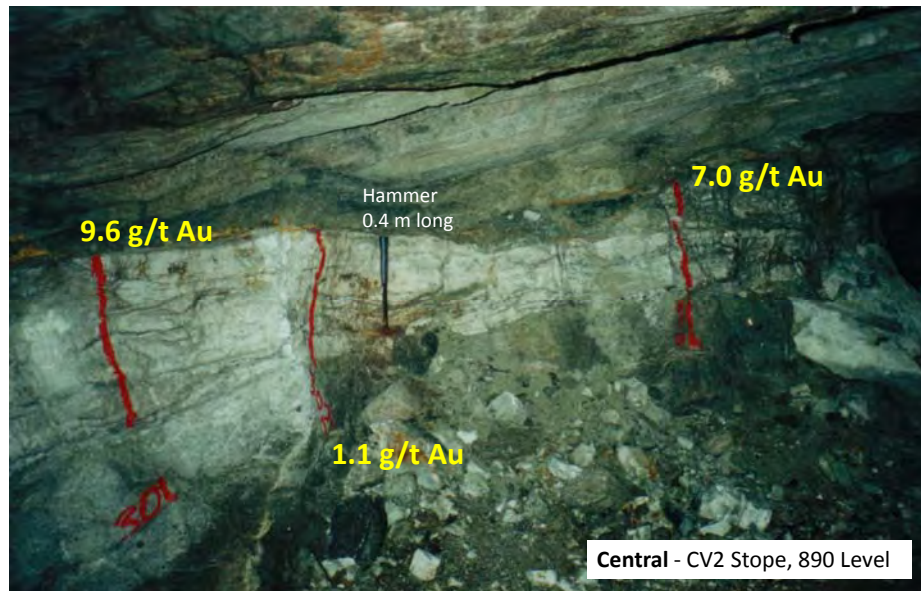


"PODDY" style mineralisation hosted by N-dipping and NE-dipping fractures





The issue with drilling – is it a waste of time?

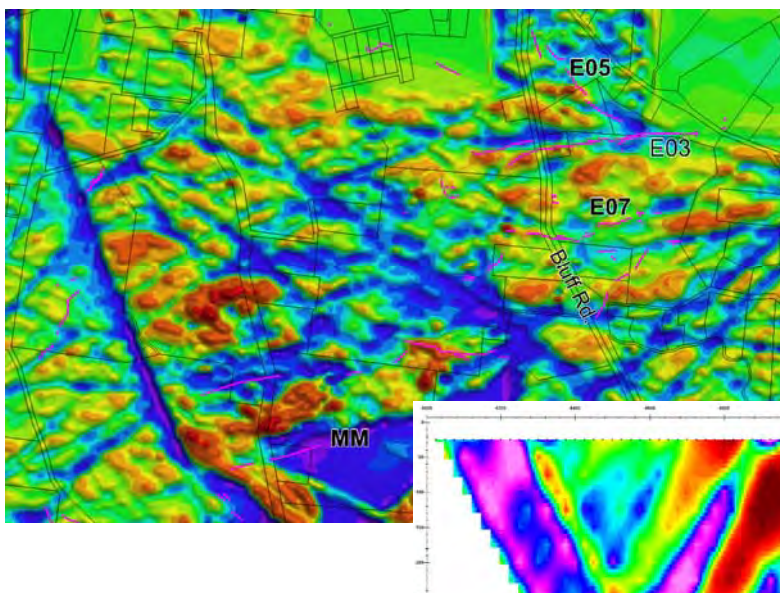


THE PROBLEM WITH GRADE DISTRIBUTION

- Extremely irregular distribution of gold grades
- High grade “pods” are typically <100m in longest dimension.
- Grade variable on the meter-scale
- Overall grade of the Charters Towers gold field is ~27g/t Au (average from drilling) to 32.3 g/t Au (average from historical production).

Even at 25m spacing, DRILLING IS UNRELIABLE, EXPENSIVE, INACCURATE and TIME CONSUMING.

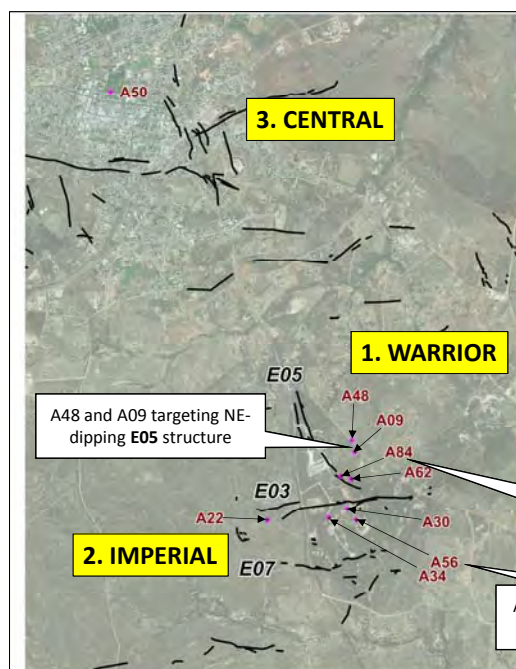
Pinpointing host fractures in the Charters Towers area



Aeromag (RTP) used to aid in the definition of possible host structures.

- No use in built up areas
- Variable results
- Other techniques have been tried but also unsuccessful – mainly due to the style of mineralisation.

DCIP Result: IP Data for C/S to a depth of -250m with a range of ~0.5 (purple) to 1.35 (red) mSec.



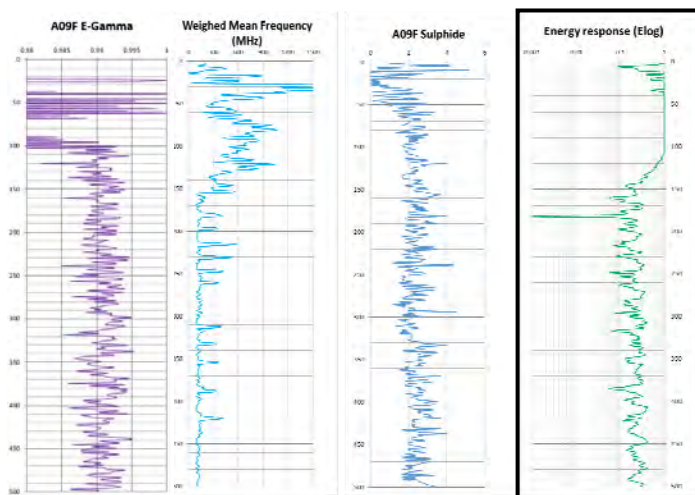
ADR SCAN LOCATION SELECTION

A48 and A09 targeting NE-dipping E05 structure

A84 and A62 targeting N-dipping E03 structure

A30, A56, A34 and A22 targeting NE-dipping E07 structure

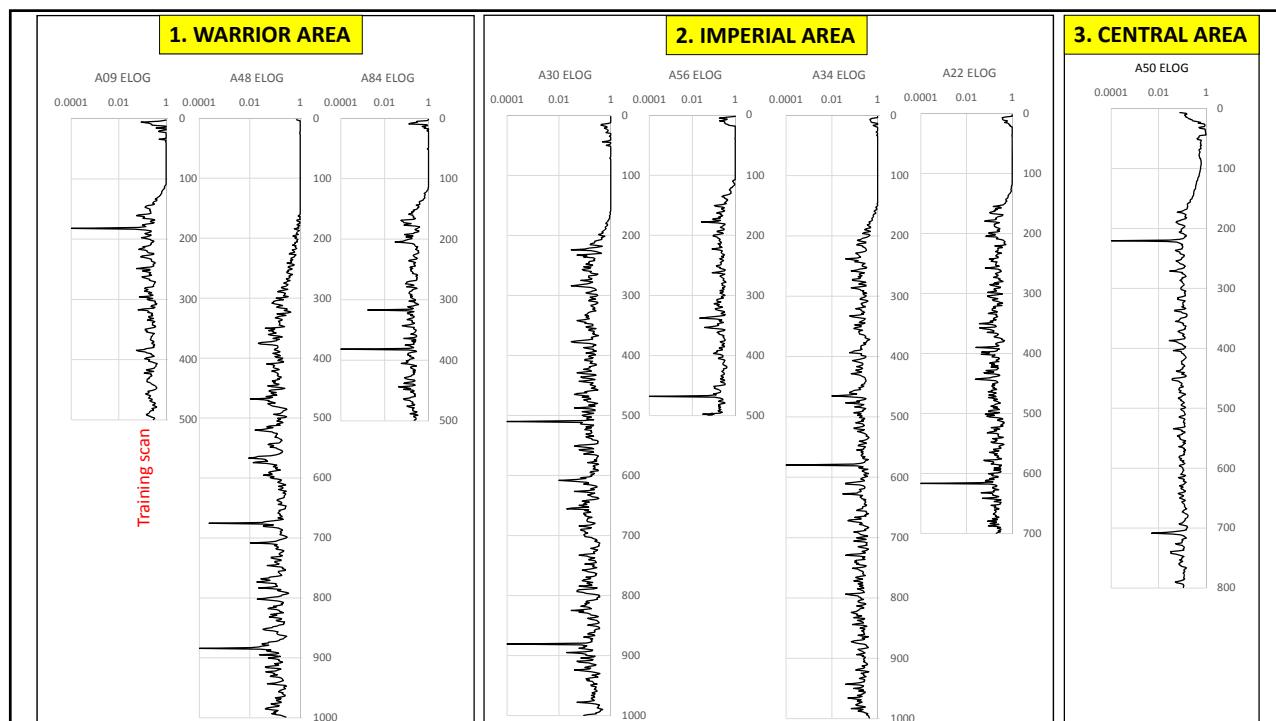
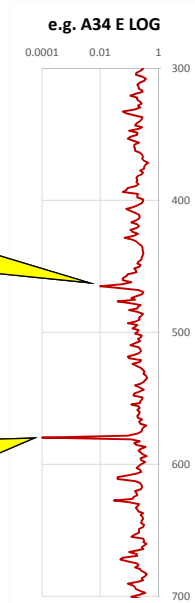
ADR RESULTS – how the results are presented and *interpreted*



Lowest value assigned a value of 0.001 resulting in artificial exaggeration of apparent anomaly when plotted

0.01 considered "anomalous and significant"

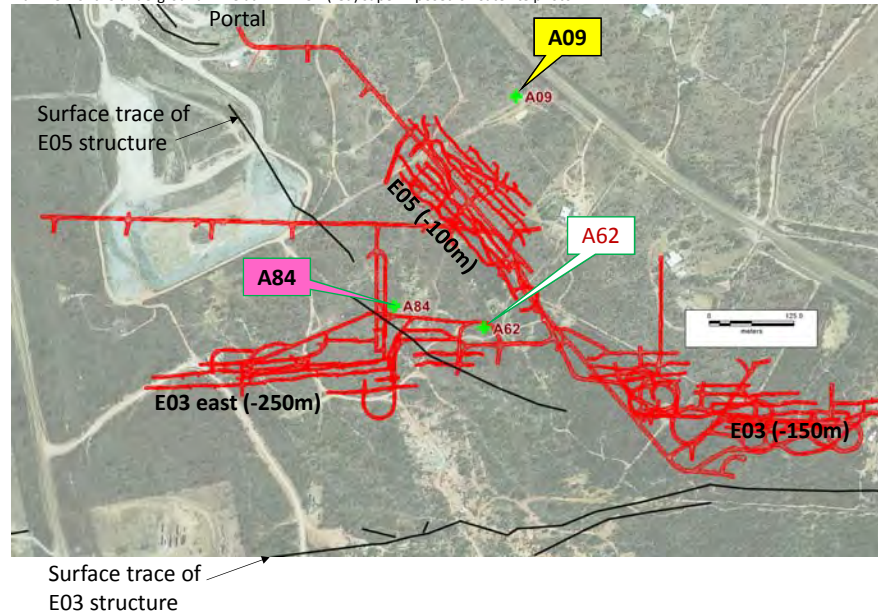
Lowest value(s) considered major anomalies



1. ADR scans completed in the "WARRIOR" area



Plan view of the underground mine at WARRIOR (red) superimposed on satellite photo



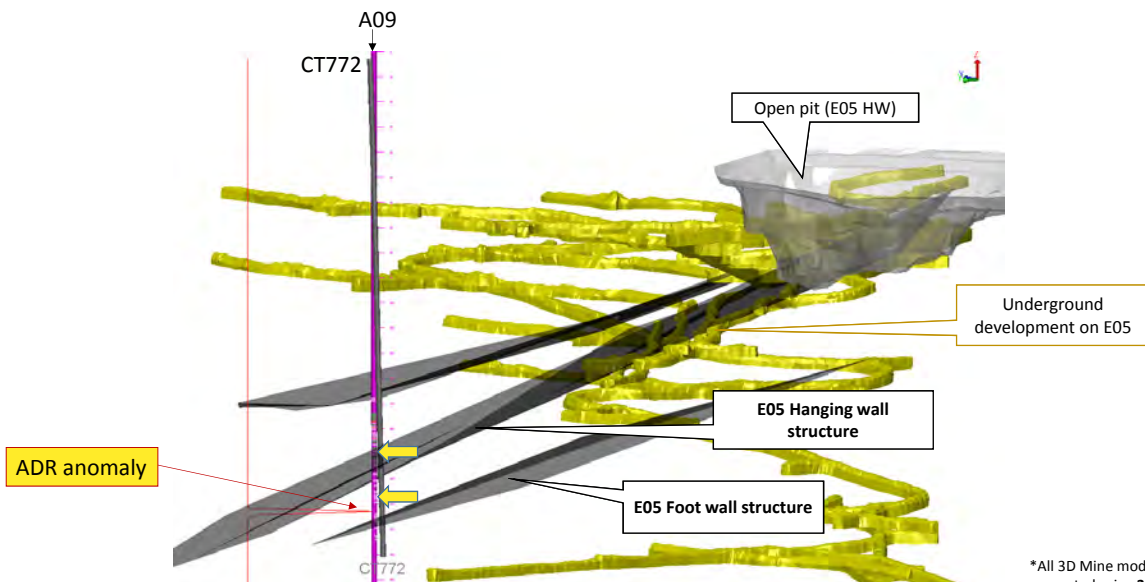
- Extensive drilling around mine.
- Sulfides remaining in pillars and unstopped areas of the mine – exact location known.

A09 – test/training scan targeting E05.

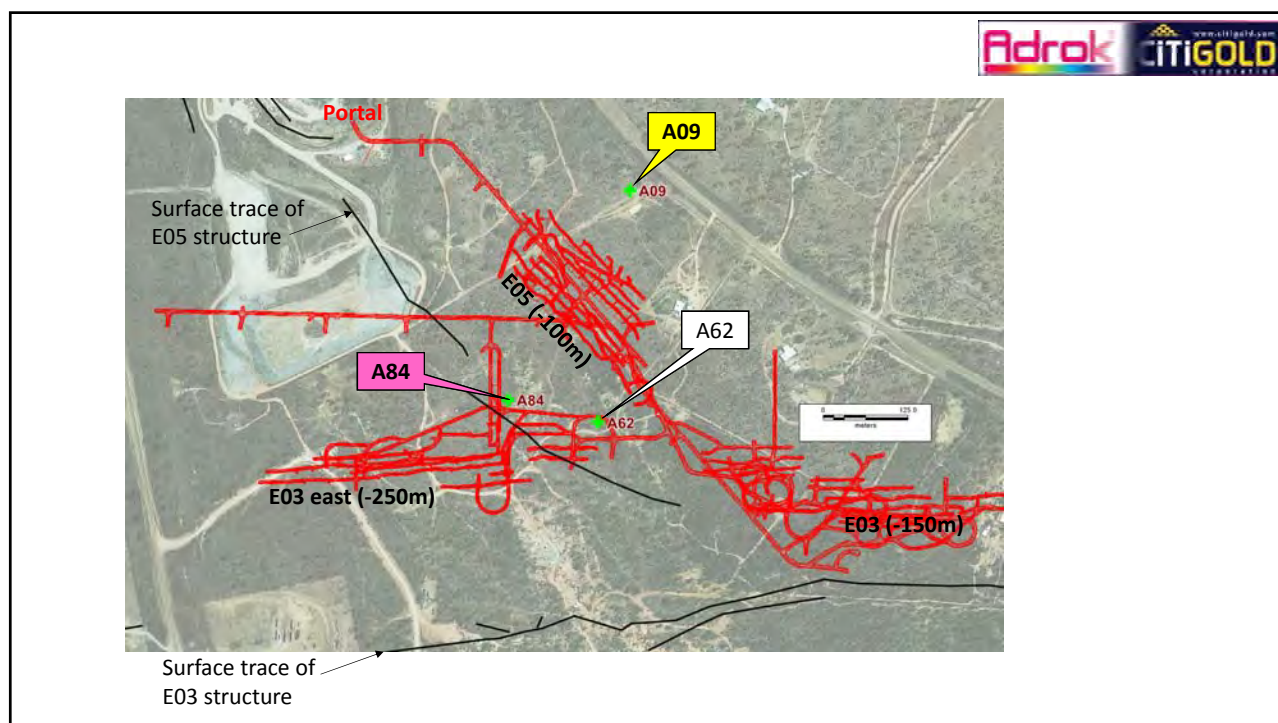
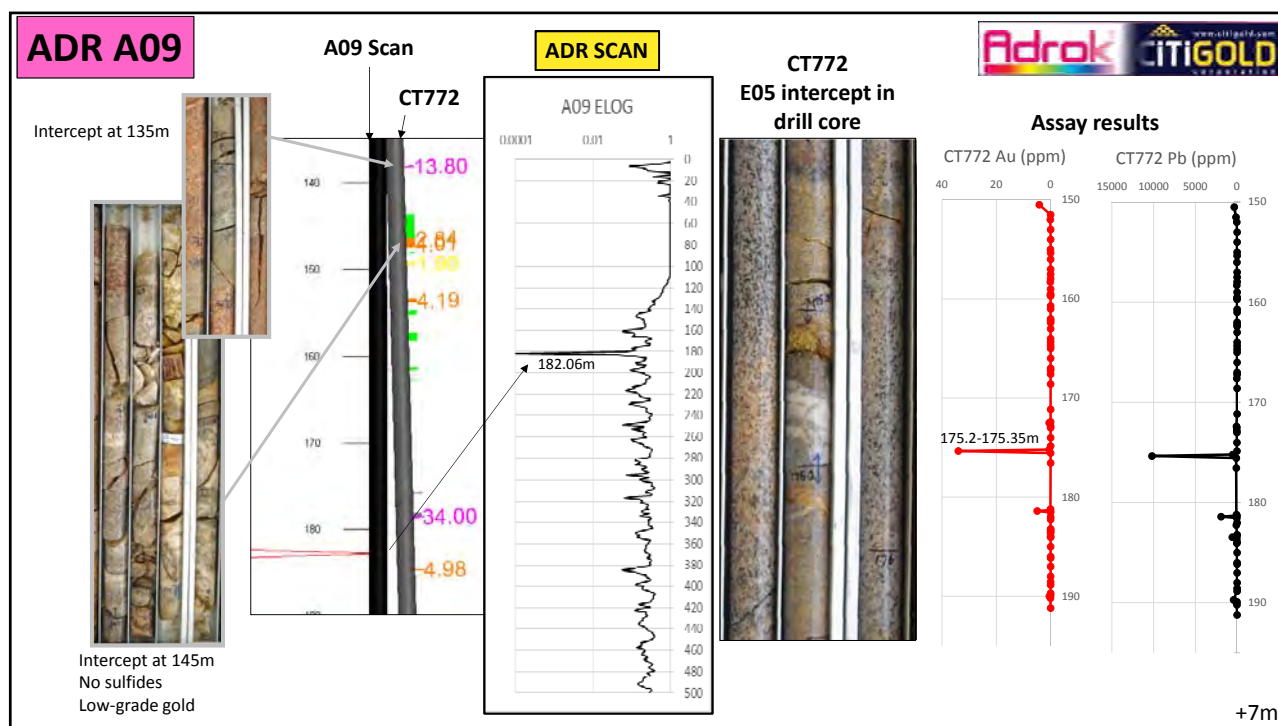
A84 and A62 – Scan targeting areas of known sulfides (A84) and inferred sulfides (A62) on the N-dipping E03 structure.

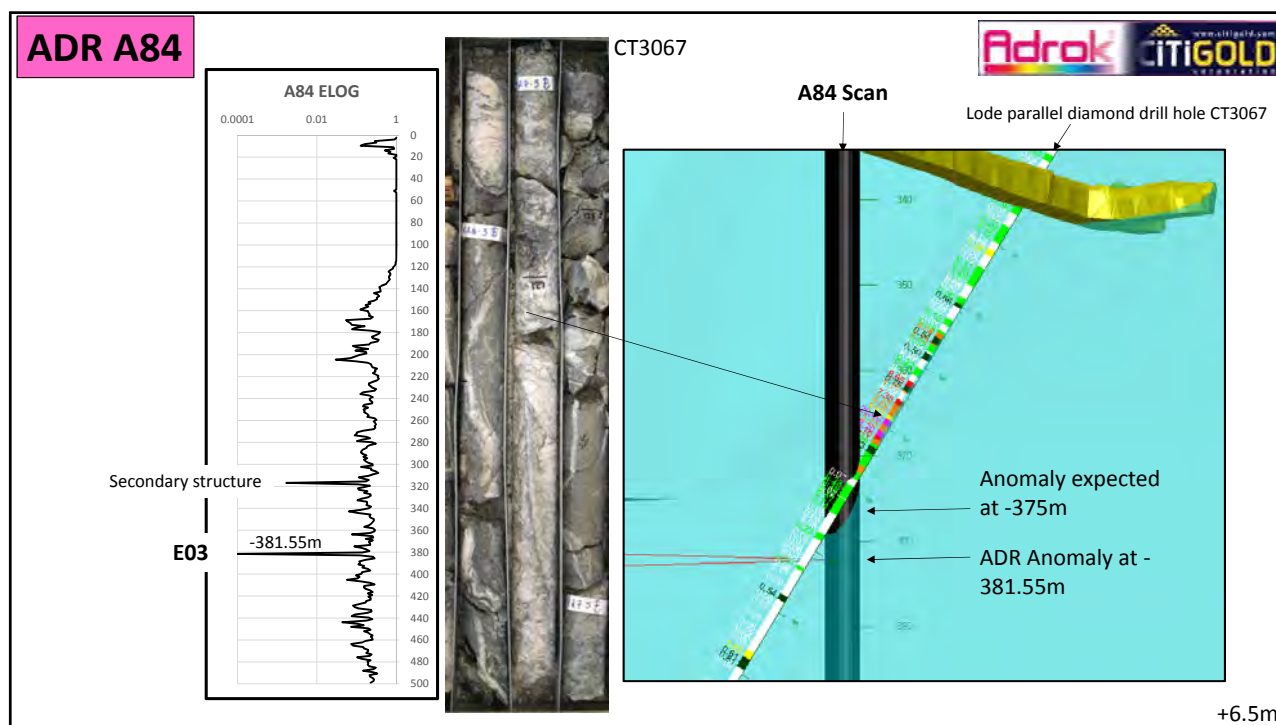
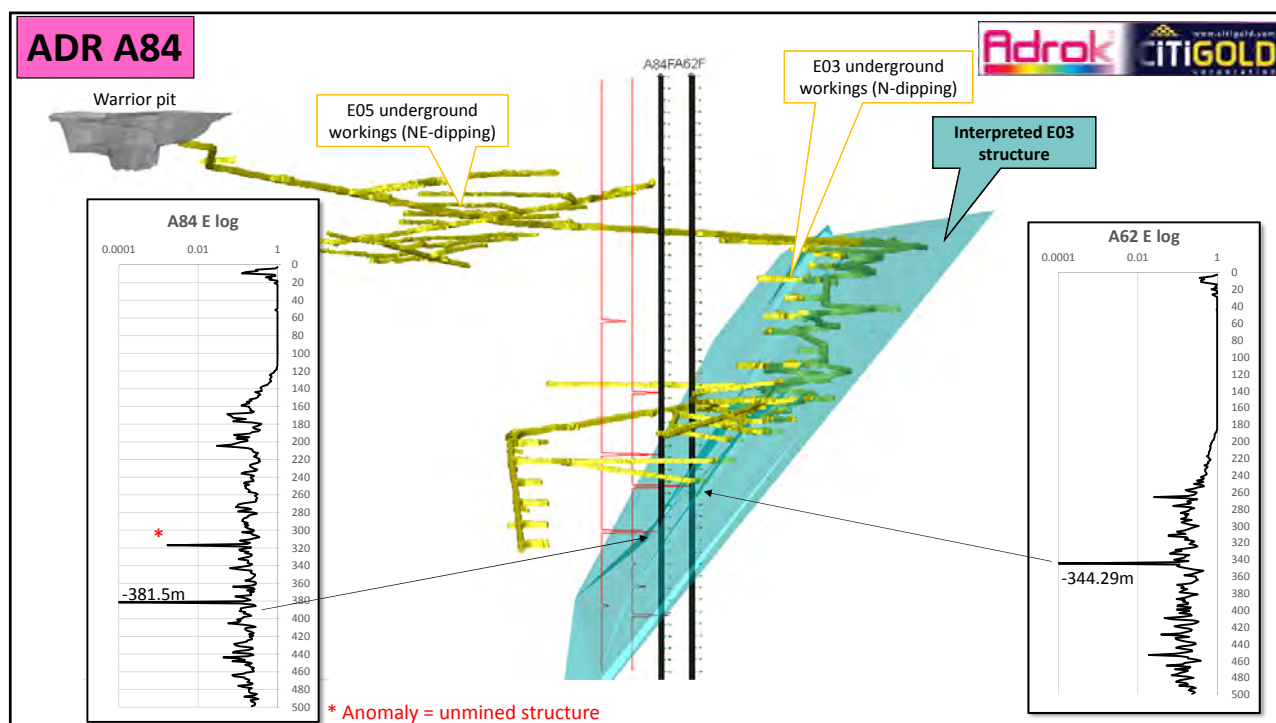
ADR A09

Oblique cross sectional view of the Warrior pit and underground mine
View looking to the SE*

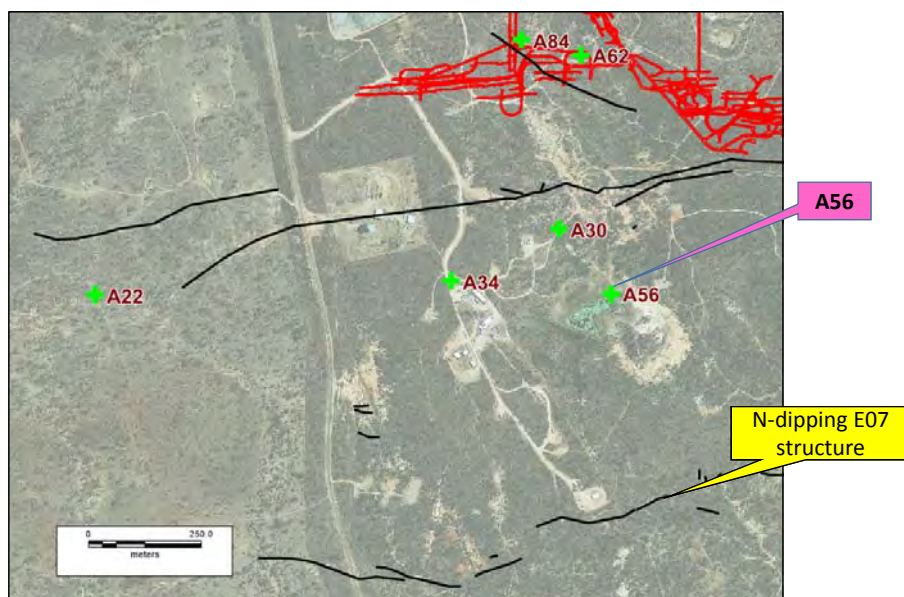


*All 3D Mine models generated using 3DMine and SURPAC software.

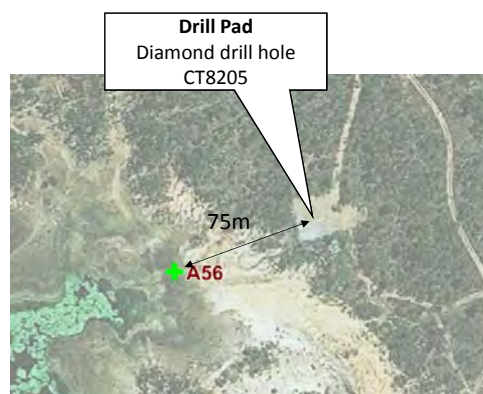




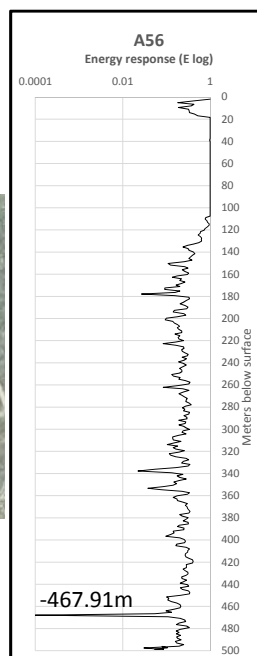
2. ADR scans completed in the "IMPERIAL" area



ADR A56



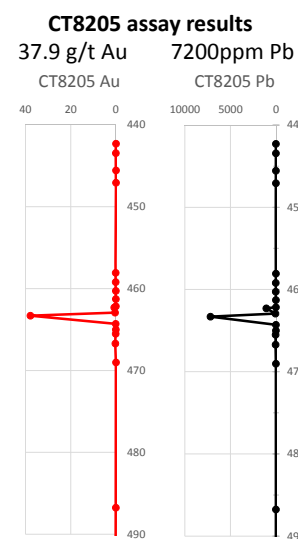
- Scan completed prior to drilling CT8205
- Single target identified at -467.91m
- Drilling confirmed target at -463m down hole



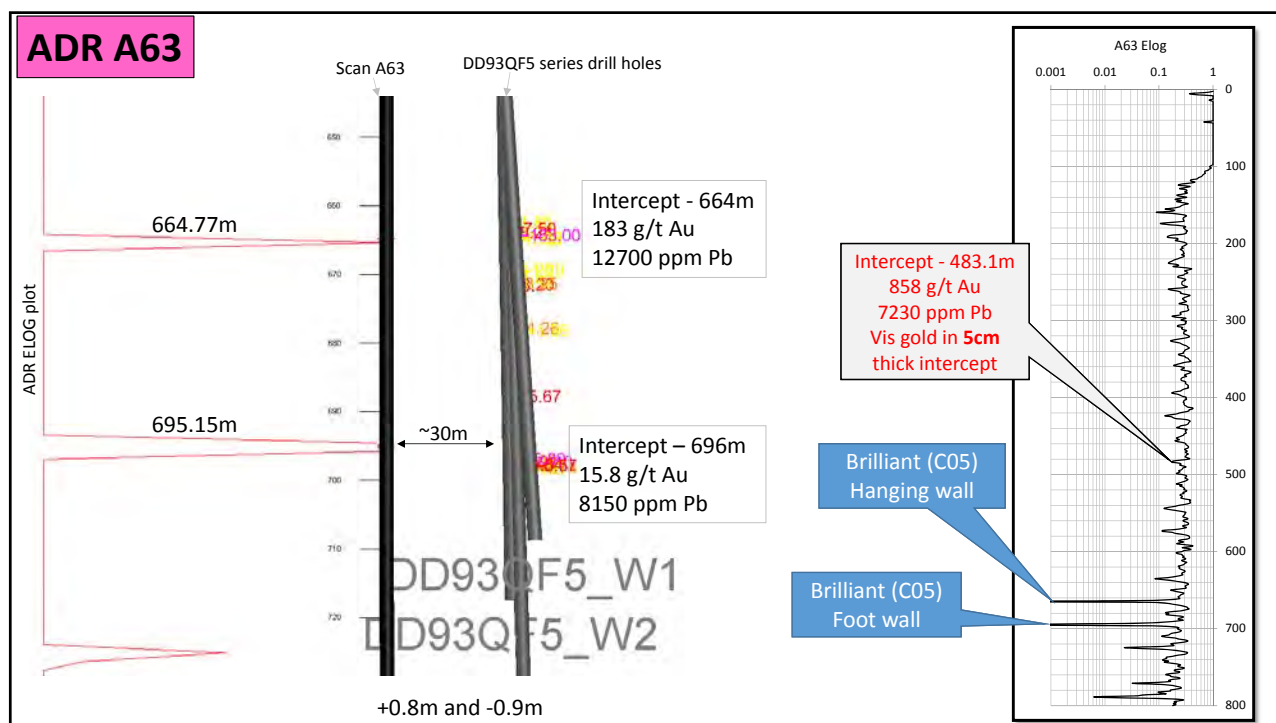
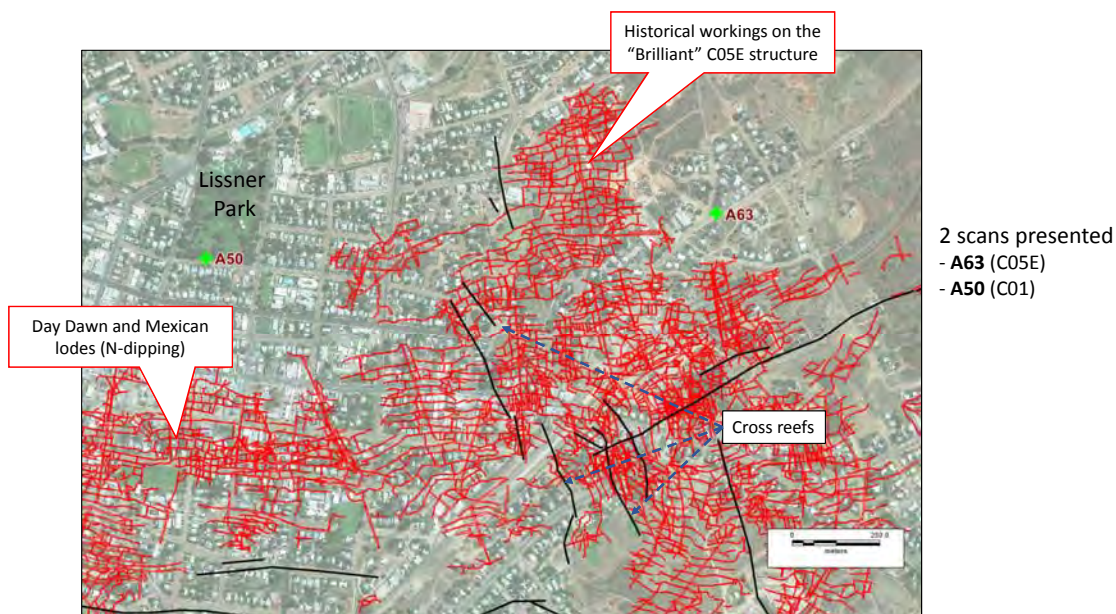
+5m

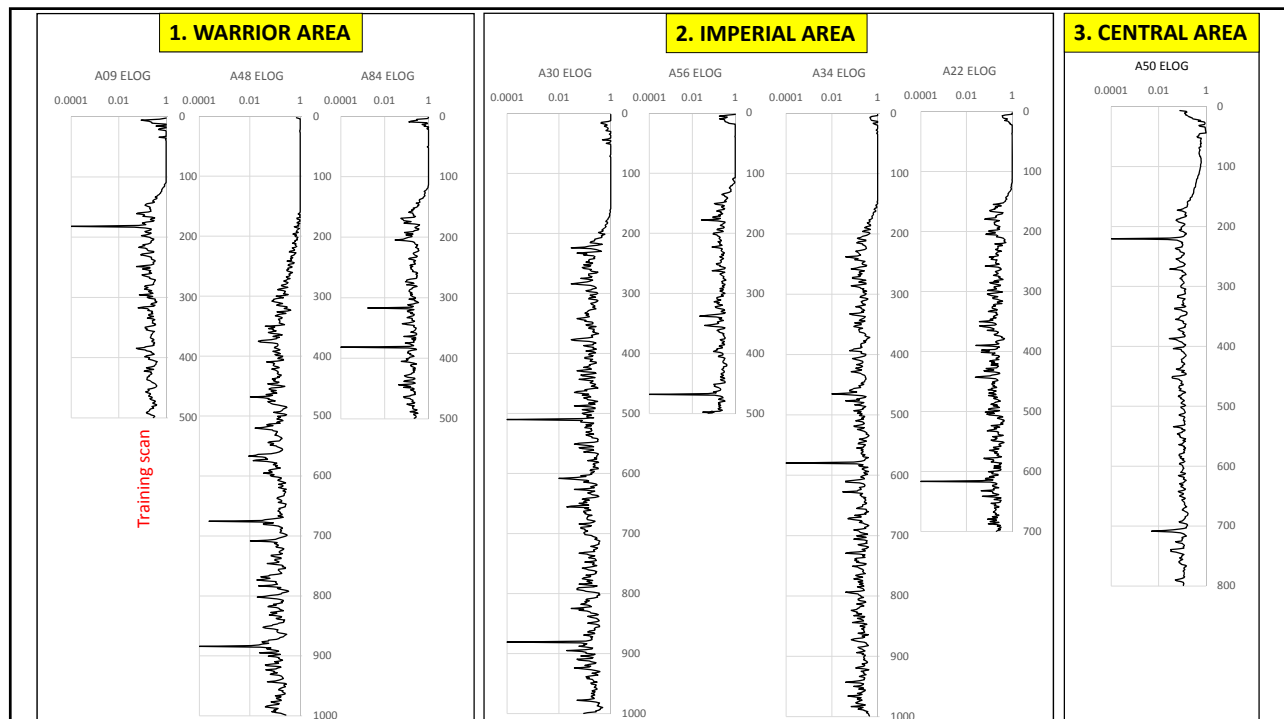
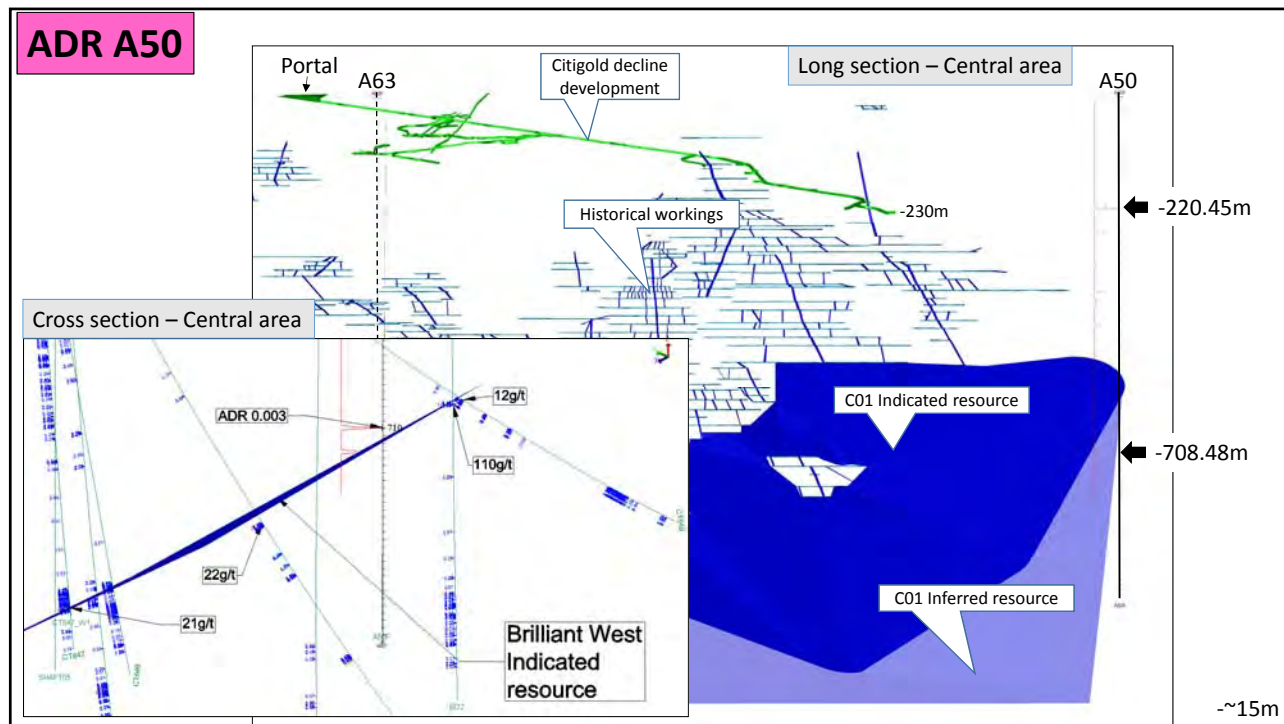


~40cm thick intercept at -463m



3. ADR scans completed in the "CENTRAL" area





Conclusions

Charters Towers type narrow vein gold is a relatively unique style of mineralisation – Diamond drilling will not provide an adequate information for reserve definition purposes.

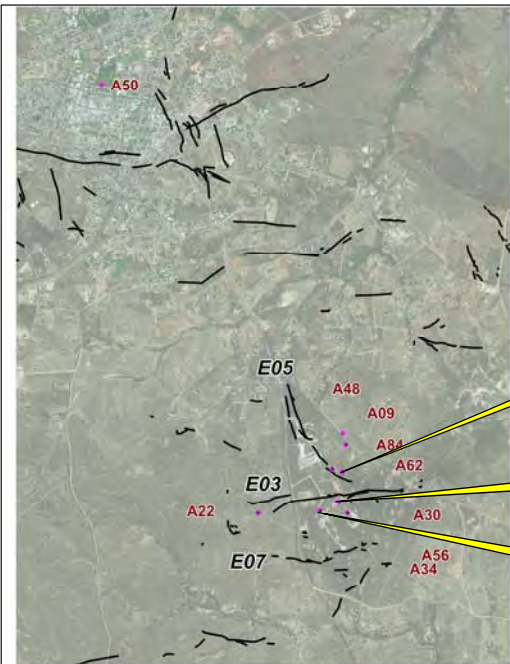
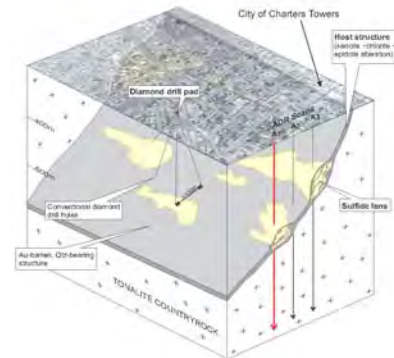
Traditional geophysical techniques are not suitable and have been unsuccessful due to:

- 1) the small size of gold-bearing lenses (meters to tens of meters scale),
- 2) the presence of a town over the primary target area,
- 3) the depth of mineralisation (>400m),
- 4) other masking factors including dykes, altered faults.

The ADR technique appears to have successfully imaged target structures in three separate locations.

Drilling has confirmed the presence of gold and sulfides indicated by ADR.

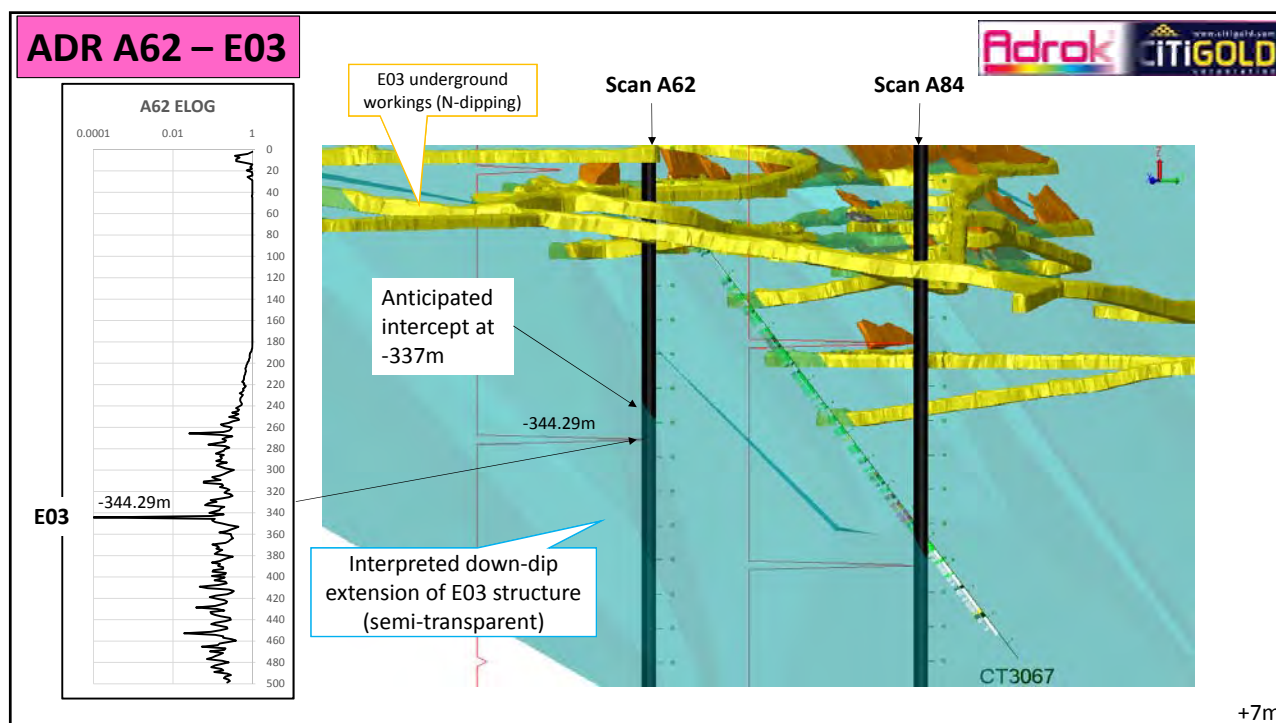
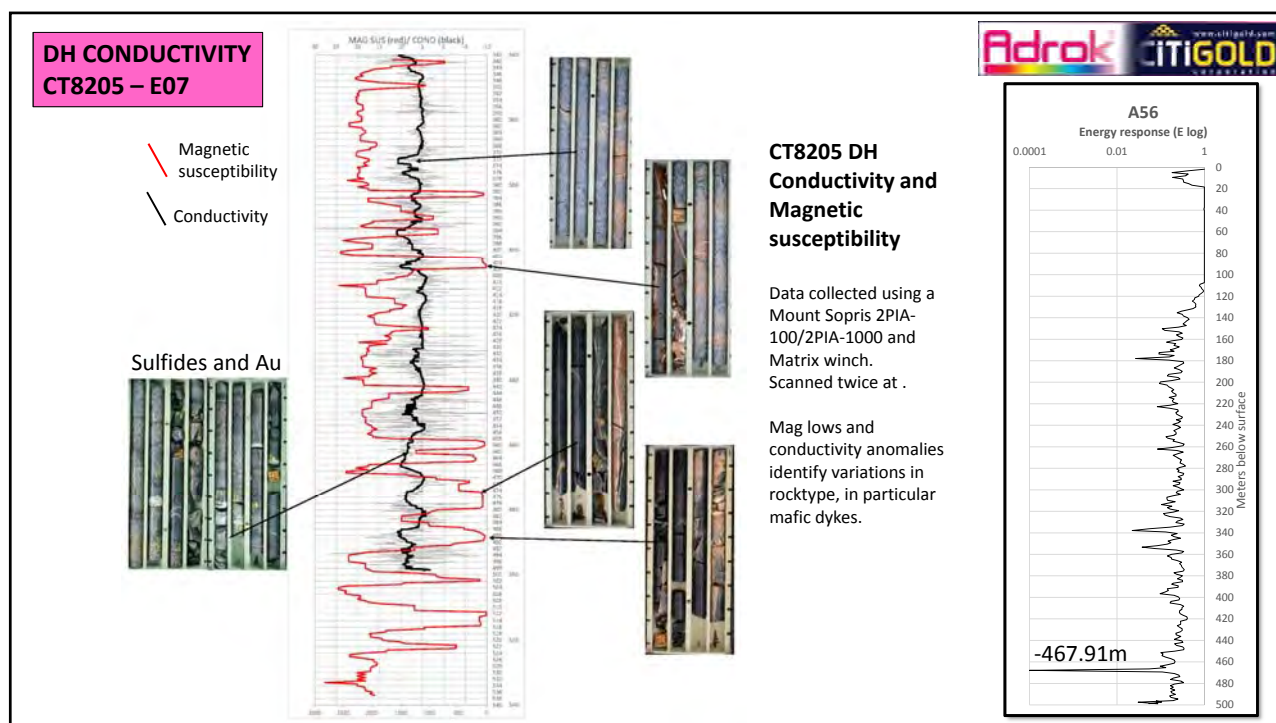
Simple geology and markedly different dielectric properties between the host granite and Galena (Pb)-bearing sulfides may be key to the success.



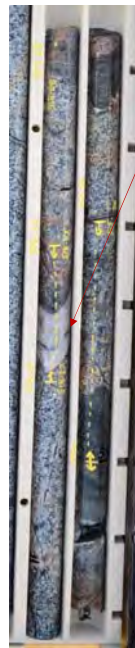
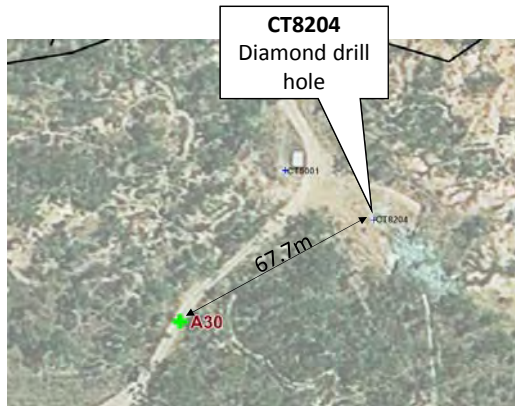
Additional results



1. DH Induction CT8205 – A56 @ Imperial E07
2. Additional ADR results



ADR A30 – E07



Diamond drilling intercepted two structures:

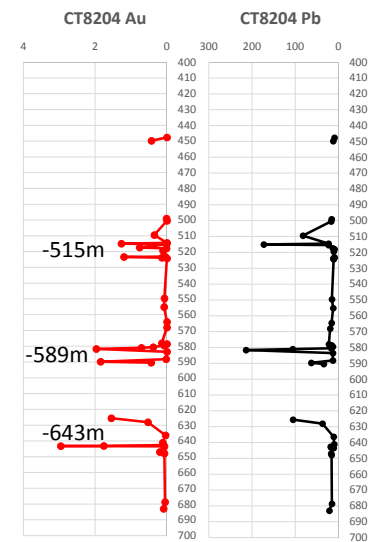
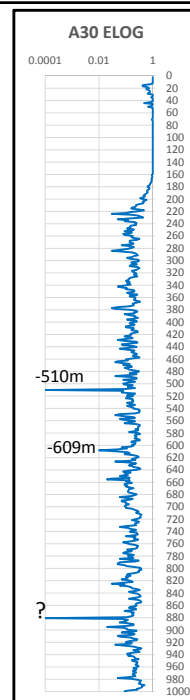
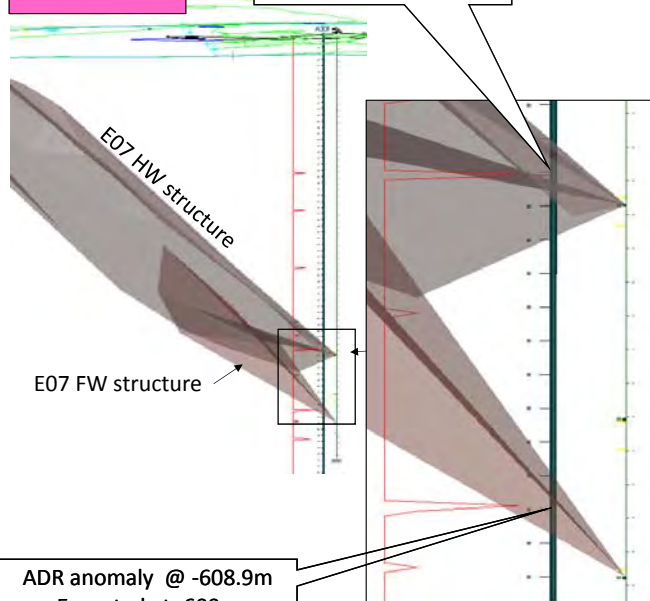
- E07 Hanging wall (-514.27m)
- New E07 Footwall (-589.5m)

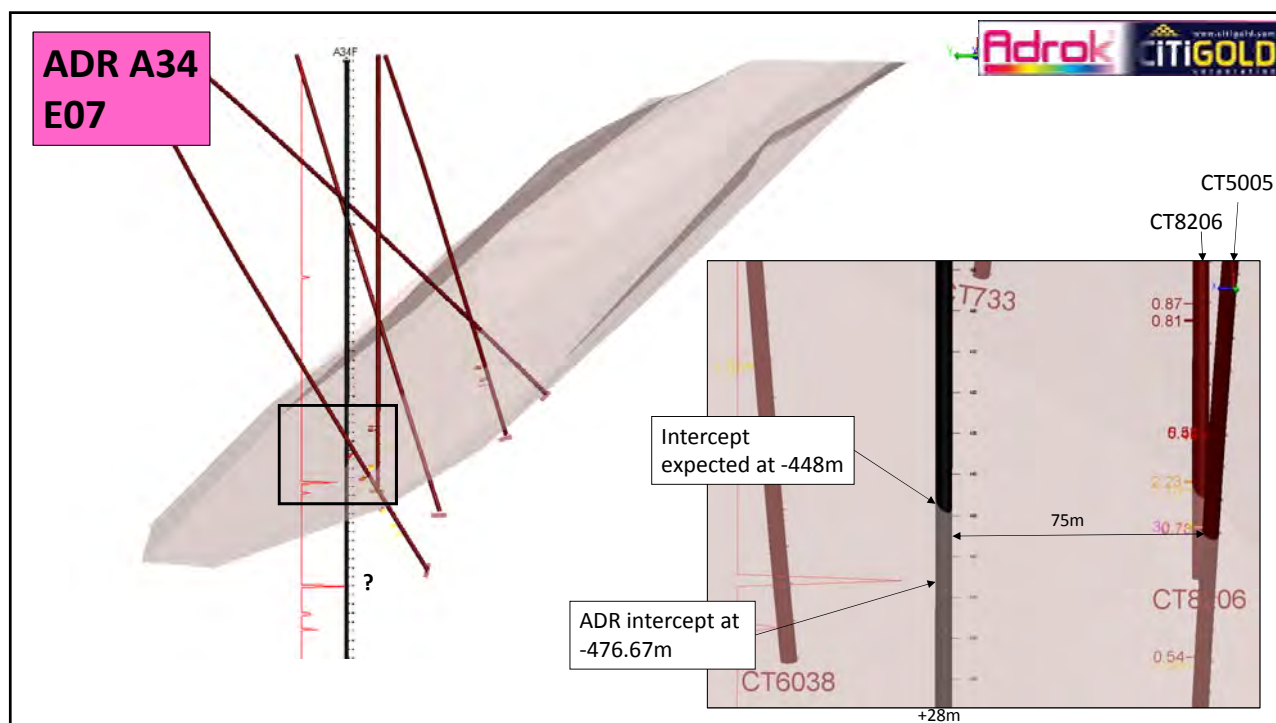
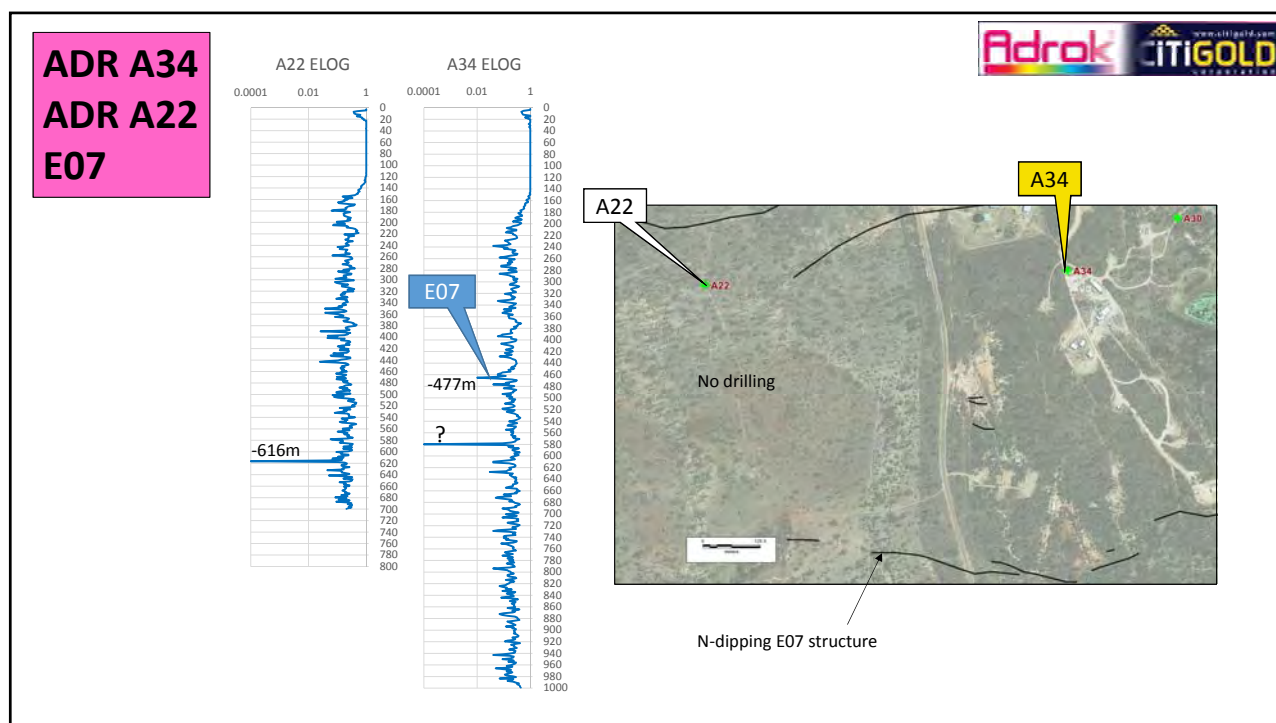
- Both structures were very low grade in both gold and lead.
- Both structures were <10cm in thickness.
- No significant structures were intercepted in this hole.



ADR A30

ADR anomaly @ -510m
Expected at -501m





ADR A34
ADR A22
E07

