## Algorithm and Theory of Computation 2012 Aug.

## 1 Short Questions

[S<sub>1</sub>] Let  $P(n) = a_k n^k + a_{k-1} n^{k-1} + \dots + a_1 n + a_0$ , where  $a_k > 0$ . Prove  $P(n) = \Theta(n^k).$ 

 $[S_2]$  Ordering by asymptotic growth rate from slowest to fastest:

$$7^{n^{1.008}}, (100n+2)^2, n^3, lg^5n, e^n, log_5n, 8^{n^{1/007}}.$$

[S<sub>3</sub>] Calculate  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i \times (i+1) \times (i+2) \times (i+3) \times (i+4) \times (i+5)$ .

## 2 Long Questions

 $[L_1]$  From the following recurrence determine the growth rate of T(n):

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} T(n) = & T(n-1) + T(n-2) \\ T(0) = 1 & T(1) = 1 \end{array} \right. .$$

[ $L_2$ ] Using dynamic programming algorithm to calculate the matrix product  $A_1 \times A_2 \times A_3 \times A_4 \times A_5$ , where  $A_1: 30 \times 35$ ,  $A_2: 35 \times 15$ ,  $A_3: 15 \times 5$ ,  $A_4: 5 \times 10$  and  $A_5: 10 \times 20$ .

 $[L_3]$  Suppose we have an instance of TSP given by the cost matrix:

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\begin{bmatrix} \infty & 3 & 5 & 8 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & \infty & 6 & 4 & 5 & 9 \\ 5 & 6 & \infty & 2 & 4 & 1 \\ 8 & 4 & 2 & \infty & 7 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 & 4 & 7 & \infty & 6 \\ 2 & 9 & 1 & 5 & 6 & \infty \end{bmatrix}
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- a) Give the partial solution X = (5, -, -, -, -), calculate B(X) using the reducing technique on the matrix.
- b) For X as in a), use backtracking with branch-and-bound to find the best solution which is an extension of the given partial solution. Draw the portion of the state space tree you are investigating.