## Problem 1

My numerical calculus library is contained in numerical\_calculus.py.

## Problem 2

M(r),  $\frac{dM(r)}{dr}$ , and  $M_{enc}(r)$  are all shown below for varying values of c and  $v_{200}$ . One obvious thing worth noting is that higher c values have a drastic impact on the mass at larger radii. In the case of c=15, the mass at large radii falls off much quicker.

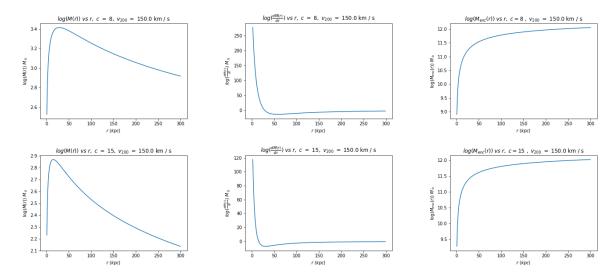


Figure 1: M(r),  $\frac{dM(r)}{dr}$ , and  $M_{enc}(r)$  for c=8,15 and  $v_{200}=150km/s$ 

I also used my code to calculate the mass of the dark matter halo, assuming the radial extent of the Milky Way's luminous matter is 15 kpc and the radius of the dark matter halo is 100 kpc, to be  $1.68110^{12}M_{\odot}$ .

## Problem 3

The library of matrix functions can be found in matrix.py.

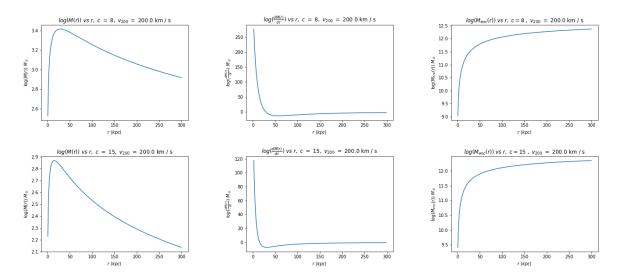


Figure 2: M(r),  $\frac{dM(r)}{dr}$ , and  $M_{enc}(r)$  for c=8,15 and  $v_{200}=200km/s$ 

## Problem 4

The unittest features are stored in matrix\_test.py. Running the script will automatically test matrix.py.

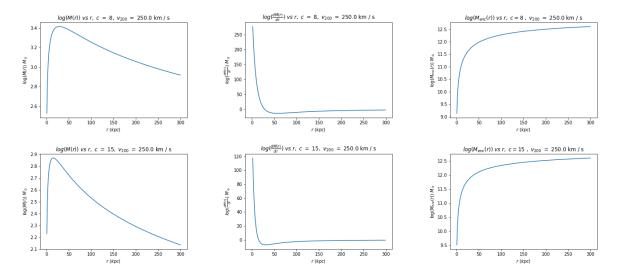


Figure 3: M(r),  $\frac{dM(r)}{dr}$ , and  $M_{enc}(r)$  for c=8,15 and  $v_{200}=250km/s$