I. Use cases in LATEX

Documenting a package or class is best done through use cases showing both the code and the corresponding result. 1

Warning. Version 3 of minted cannot be used at the moment, as it contains bugs: see https://github.com/gpoore/minted/issues/401. We therefore force the use of version 2 of minted.

1. "Inline" codes

The \tdocinlatex macro ² can be used to type inline code in a similar way to \verb. Here are some examples.

1: \tdocinlatex|\\$a^b = c\\$|
2: \tdocinlatex+\tdocinlatex|\\$a^b = |
3: \tdocinlatex+\tdocinlatex|\\$a^b = |
4: \\$a^b = c\\$
2: \tdocinlatex|\\$a^b = c\\$|
4: \\$a^b = c\\$

Note. The \tdocinlatex macro can be used in a footnote: see below. a In addition, a background color is deliberately used to subtly highlight the codes \LaTeX.

^a\$minted = TOP\$ has been typed \tdocinlatex+\$minted = TOP\$+ in this footnote...

2. Directly typed codes

Example 1 (Side by side). Using \begin{tdoclatex}[sbs]...\end{tdoclatex}, we can display a code and its rendering side by side. Consider the following code.

```
\begin{tdoclatex}[sbs]

$A = B + C$
\end{tdoclatex}
```

This will produce the following.

$$A = B + C$$

Example 2 (Following). \begin{tdoclatex} ... \end{tdoclatex} produces the following result, which corresponds to the default option std. 3

```
A = B + C
A = B + C
```

Example 3 (Just the code). Via \begin{tdoclatex}[code] ... \end{tdoclatex}, we'll just get the code as shown below.

$$$A = B + C$$$

Warning. With default formatting, if the code begins with an opening bracket, the default option must be explicitly indicated. Consider the following code.

¹Code is formatted using the minted package.

²The name of the macro \t docinlatex comes from "in-line \t TEX".

³std refers to the "standard" behaviour of tcolorbox in relation to the minted library.

```
| \begin{tdoclatex} [std] | [Strange... Or not!] | \end{tdoclatex} |

This will produce the following.

| [Strange... Or not!] |
| [Strange... Or not!] |

Another method is to use the \string primitive. Consider the following code.

| \begin{tdoclatex} \ \string[Strange... Or not!] \ \end{tdoclatex} \
  \ \string[Strange... Or not!] \ \end{tdoclatex} \

This will produce the following.

| [Strange... Or not!] |
| [Strange... Or not!] |
```