# I. Highlighting content

## 1 Note.

The environments presented in this section <sup>a</sup> add a short title indicating the type of information provided. This short text will always be translated into the language indicated when the tutodoc package is loaded.

<sup>a</sup>The formatting comes from the keytheorems package.

### 1. Examples

Numbered or unnumbered examples can be indicated using the \begin{tdocexa} ...\end{tdocexa} environment, which offers two optional arguments.

- 1. The 1<sup>st</sup> argument between brackets <...> can take the values **nb** to number, which is the default setting, and **nonb** to not number.
- 2. The 2<sup>nd</sup> argument in square brackets [...] is used to add a mini-title..

Here are some possible uses.

```
Bla, bla, bla...
\begin{tdocexa}
    Ble, ble, ble...
\end{tdocexa}
                                                    Bla, bla, bla...
\begin{tdocexa}[Wonderful]
                                                    Example 1. Ble, ble, ble...
    Bli, bli, bli...
\end{tdocexa}
                                                    Example 2 (Wonderful). Bli, bli, bli...
                                                    Example. Blo, blo, blo...
\begin{tdocexa}<nonb>
    Blo, blo, blo...
                                                    Example (Superb). Blu, blu, blu...
\end{tdocexa}
\begin{tdocexa}<nonb>[Superb]
    Blu, blu, blu...
\end{tdocexa}
```

#### Mark Important.

The numbering of the examples is reset to zero as soon as a section with a level at least equal to a \subsubsection is opened.

### • Tip.

It can sometimes be useful to return to the line at the start of the content. The code below shows how to proceed (this trick remains valid for the environments presented in the following sub-sections). Note in passing that the numbering follows that of the previous example as desired.

\begin{tdocexa} \leavevmode	 	
\begin{enumerate}	Example 3.	
\item Point 1.	1. Point 1.	
\item Point 2. \end{enumerate} \end{tdocexa}	2. Point 2.	