I Use cases in LATEX

Documenting a package or class is best done through use cases showing both the code and the corresponding result. 1

1 "Inline" codes

The \tdoclatexin macro ² can be used to type inline code in a similar way to \verb or like a standard macro (see brace management in the last case below). Here are some examples.

```
1: \tdoclatexin|\$a^b = c\$|
2: \tdoclatexin+\tdoclatexin|\$a^b = c\$|+ \\
3: \tdoclatexin\{\tdoclatexin\{\$a^b = c\$}\}

1: \$a^b = c\$

2: \tdoclatexin|\$a^b = c\$|

3: \tdoclatexin\{\$a^b = c\$}
```

Note.

The \t doclatexin macro can be used in a footnote: see below. a In addition, a background color is deliberately used to subtly highlight the codes \t LaTeX.

```
<sup>a</sup>$minted = TOP$ has been typed \tdoclatexin+$minted = TOP$+ in this footnote...
```

2 Directly typed codes

Example I.1 (Side by side). Using \begin{tdoclatex}[sbs]...\end{tdoclatex}, we can display a code and its rendering side by side. Consider the following code.

```
\begin{tdoclatex}[sbs]

$A = B + C$
\end{tdoclatex}
```

This will produce the following.

```
\$A = B + C\$
A = B + C
```

Example I.2 (Following). \begin{tdoclatex} ... \end{tdoclatex} produces the following result, which corresponds to the default option std. 3

```
A = B + C
A = B + C
```

Example I.3 (Just the code). Via \begin{tdoclatex}[code] ... \end{tdoclatex}, we'll just get the code as shown below.

```
$A = B + C$
```

🙎 Warning.

With default formatting, if the code begins with an opening bracket, the default option must be explicitly indicated. Consider the following code.

```
\begin{tdoclatex}[std]
    [Strange... Or not!]
  \end{tdoclatex}
```

This will produce the following.

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{Code}$ is formatted using the minted package.

²The name of the macro \tdoclatexin comes from "in·line LATEX".

³std refers to the "standard" behaviour of tcolorbox in relation to the minted library.

```
[Strange... Or not!]

[Strange... Or not!]

Another method is to use the \string primitive. Consider the following code.

\[
\begin{tdoclatex} \string[Strange... Or not!] \end{tdoclatex} \]

This will produce the following.

[Strange... Or not!]

[Strange... Or not!]
```