Permutations of a String

Challenge:

Write a method in Java that prints all permutations of the characters in a string.

Input: String object

Output: Display of all possible orderings of the characters in the string

Example:

String: "bat"

Output: "bat", "bta", "abt", "tab", "tab", "tba" (order/formatting does not matter)

String: "aa"

Output: "aa", "aa" (each character is distinct)

Method Signature:

void permute(String str)

$$\frac{1}{a} = \frac{2}{b} = \frac{3}{abc}$$

$$a = \frac{3}{abc$$

$$0 < \alpha - c : bac 3$$

$$0 < \alpha - \alpha : bca 9$$

$$\frac{b - a : cba(6)}{3 \times 2 \times 1 = 31 = 6}$$

▶ Number of possibilities = n!

- ▶ Formalize process:
 - Choose first character
 - Obtain all permutations with first character fixed
 - Choose second character
 - Obtain all permutation with first+second characters fixed

. . .

▶ Choosing characters:

- Character picked in previous recursion cannot be chosen again
- Scan previously chosen characters OR
- Array of booleans corresponding to positions of characters in string

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▶ Algorithm
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if we picked all characters in string:
     print permutation
  else:
     for each character in string:
         if character already used
              skip character
         else
              place character in current position
              mark character as used
              permute remaning characters starting from position+1
              unmark character
▶ Code
  public static void permute(String str){
      int length=str.length()
      boolean[] used=new boolean[length];
      StringBuffer output=new StringBuffer(length);
      permutation(str,length,output,used,0);
  }
  static void permutation(String str, int length, StringBuffer output, boolean[] used, int position){
           if (position==length){
                System.out.println(output.toString());
                return;
           }
           else{
                for(int i=0;i<length;i++){</pre>
                    /* skip already used characters */
                    if (used[i]) continue;
                    /* add fixed character to output, and mark it as used */
                    output.append(str.charAt(i));
                    used[i]=true;
                    /* permute over remaining characters starting at position+1 */
```

/* remove fixed character from output, and unmark it */

permutation(str,length,output,used,position+1);

output.deleteCharAt(output.length()-1);

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used[i]=false;
}
}
```

Pasted from < http://pastebin.com/u2ZG9HiN>