

9: The Chef Server



You accomplished a lot so far. You created two cookbooks; one to setup workstation and a second cookbook that set up a web server that delivered a "Hello, world!" message with some pertinent information about your system.

Slide 2

Objectives




After completing this module, you should be able to

- Connect your local workstation (laptop) to a Chef Server
- Upload cookbooks to a Chef Server
- Bootstrap a node
- Manage a node via a Chef Server

In this module you will learn how to connect your local workstation to a Chef Server, upload cookbooks to a Chef Server, bootstrap a node, and manage a node via a Chef Server.

Slide 3




More Web Servers?

More easily manage multiple nodes

Objective:

- ☐ Create a Hosted Chef Account
- ☐ Upload your cookbooks to the Hosted Chef Server
- ☐ Add your old workstation as a managed node

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Currently, your cookbook exists on one webserver. If you wanted to setup additional web servers to serve additional traffic for your soon-to-be highly successful website, what steps would you need to take to setup an identical system?

Slide 4

Managing an Additional System



To manage another system, you would need to:

1. Provision a new node within your company or appropriate cloud provider with the appropriate access to login to administrate the system.
2. Install the Chef tools.
3. Transfer the iis-demo cookbook.
4. Run chef-client on the new node to apply the iis-demo cookbook's default recipe.

As an exercise, roughly estimate the time it would take to accomplish this series of steps of preparing another node.

A new system would require us to provision a new node within your company or appropriate cloud provider with the appropriate access to login to administrate the system.

Install the Chef tools.

Transfer the iis-demo cookbook.

Run chef-client locally to apply the iis-demo cookbook's default recipe.

Slide 5

Managing Additional Systems



Installing the Chef tools, transferring the iis-demo cookbook, and applying the run list is not terribly expensive.

- Chef provides a one-line curl install.
- You could use **git** to clone the repository from a common **git** repository.
- Applying the run list.

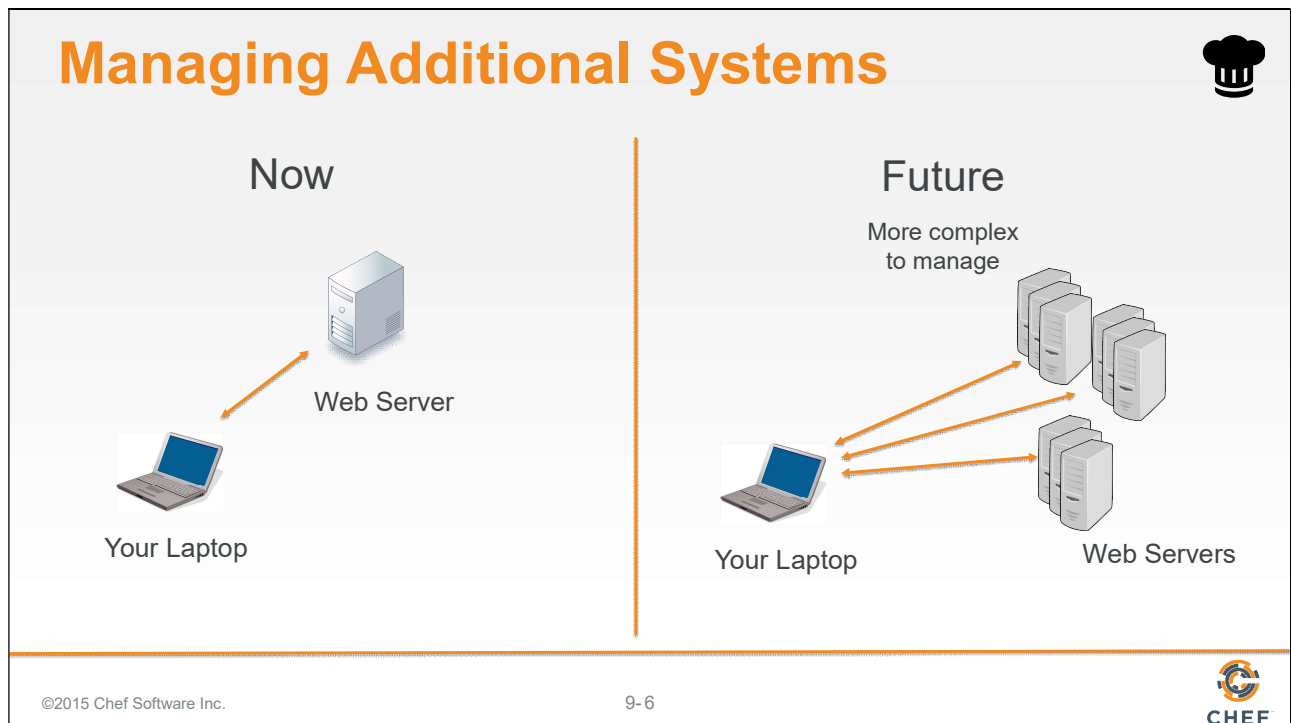
The cost of installing the Chef tools, transferring the iis-demo cookbook, and applying the run list is not terribly expensive.

Chef provides a one-line curl install for the Chef Development Kit (ChefDK).

You could use git to clone the repository from a common git repository. Another option is to archive the cookbook and then using SCP to copy over the contents. A third might be to mount a file share. There are a myriad ways to transfer the cookbooks to the new instance.

Then applying the run list requires the execution of a command on that system.

Slide 6



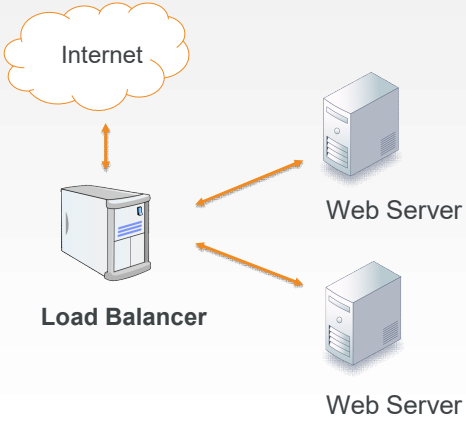
So the overall time required to setup a new instance is not a massive time investment. This manual process will definitely take its toll when requirements demand you manage more than a few additional nodes.

Some may think 10 minutes is not so bad. But what if there were 10 new nodes? 20 new nodes?

As the popularity of your site grows, one server will not be able to keep with all of the web requests. You will need to provision additional machines as demand increases.

Slide 7

Managing User Traffic



A load balancer can forward incoming user web requests to other nodes.

The diagram illustrates a network architecture where the Internet (represented by a cloud) connects to a Load Balancer (represented by a server icon). The Load Balancer then distributes traffic to two separate Web Servers (also represented by server icons). Orange arrows indicate the flow of traffic from the Internet to the Load Balancer, and then from the Load Balancer to each of the two Web Servers.

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CHEF

Let's change topics for a moment to managing user web traffic.


In addition to the complexities of configuring and managing multi-server infrastructure, such as web servers, you also need to develop a way to route incoming traffic to each of those web servers and other nodes.

There are many ways that you can route the traffic from one node to a group of similar nodes. This can be done with services by some of the major cloud providers or it can be done with another instance running as a load balancer.

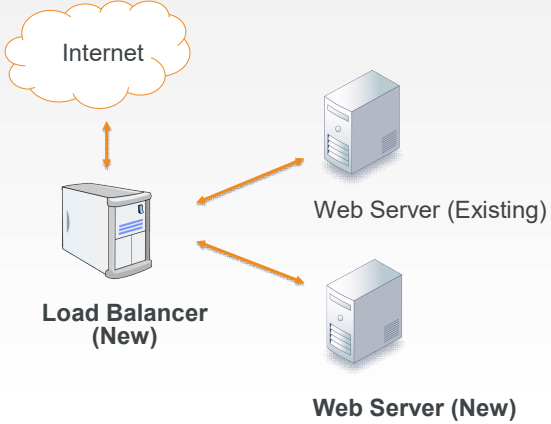
A load balancer allows us to receive incoming requests and forward those requests to other nodes. A load balancer allows us to receive incoming requests and forward those requests to other nodes.

Slide 8

Managing User Traffic




Today you will set up a new load balancer that will direct web requests to similarly-configured nodes.



```
graph TD; Internet((Internet)) <--> LB[Load Balancer (New)]; LB --> WS1[Web Server (Existing)]; LB --> WS2[Web Server (New)];
```

The diagram illustrates a network architecture for managing user traffic. At the top, a cloud labeled 'Internet' is connected via a double-headed orange arrow to a server icon labeled 'Load Balancer (New)'. From the 'Load Balancer (New)', two single-headed orange arrows point to two server icons: 'Web Server (Existing)' and 'Web Server (New)'. The entire slide is enclosed in a black border.

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Today you are going to set up a load balancer that will direct web requests to similar configured nodes. Those nodes will be running your default web page that you deploy with the iis-demo cookbook's default recipe.

You have one system already configured as a web server. You will need to set up another web server.

You will also need to set up a node to act as the load balancer to both of these web servers.

Slide 9

Steps to Set up Load Balancer and Web Servers



Web Server

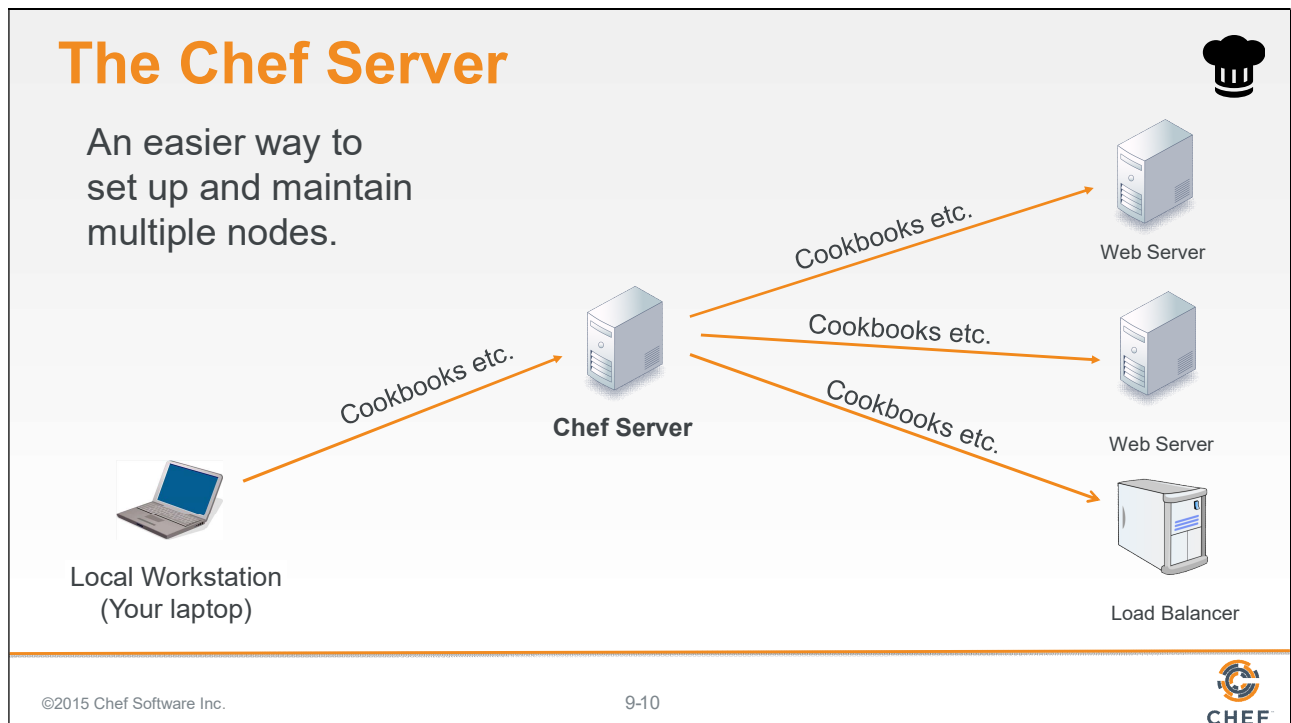
1. Provision the instance
2. Install Chef
3. Copy the Web Server cookbook
4. Apply the cookbook

Load Balancer

1. Create the load balancer cookbook
2. Provision the instance
3. Install Chef
4. Copy the load balancer cookbook
5. Apply the cookbook

Whether you tackle installing, configuring, or running a load balancer or re-create a second instance running the iis-demo cookbook's default recipe, you will need to solve the problem of how you can manage multiple systems. Each system would need to have Chef installed, the cookbooks copied onto each system, and a run list of the recipes to apply to each system.

Slide 10



One way to solve that problem is with a Chef Server.

The Chef Server is designed to help us manage multiple nodes in this situation.


The Chef Server acts as a hub for configuration data. The Chef server stores cookbooks, the policies that are applied to nodes, and metadata that describes each registered node that is being managed by 'chef-client'.

Nodes, such as web servers, load balancers, etc., use 'chef-client' to ask the Chef server for configuration details, such as recipes, templates, and file distributions. The chef-client then does as much of the configuration work as possible on the nodes themselves (and not on the Chef server). In a production environment, the 'chef-client' runs in an automated mode—it polls the Chef Server for updates at set intervals and then applies any configuration changes.

This scalable approach distributes the configuration effort throughout the organization.


Flavors of Chef Server

Open Source Chef Server	Chef Server (Support + Premium Features)	Multi-tenant Hosted Chef Server
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At the core we offer Chef Server as an open source project freely available for anyone to deploy. We offer support and additional premium features. Lastly, we have Hosted Chef Server, which is a multi-tenant Chef Server that you host as a service. This by far is the quickest way to get started with and is free as long as you remain under the reasonable node amount.

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GE: Hosted Chef

More easily manage multiple nodes

Objective:

- ☐ Create a Hosted Chef Account
- ☐ Upload your cookbooks to the Hosted Chef Server
- ☐ Add your old workstation as a managed node

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In the interest of getting things done with a relatively small node count, it seems like the Hosted Chef Server option is best.

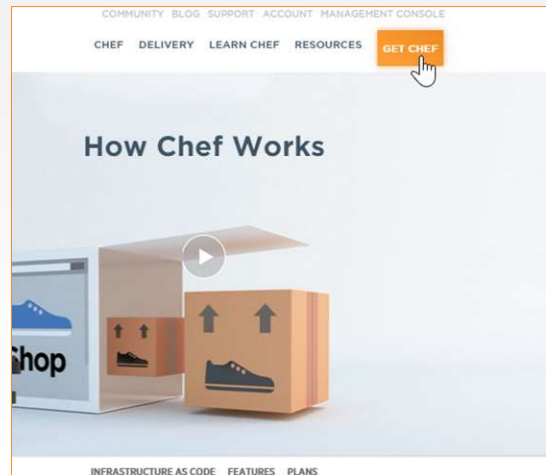
Slide 13

GE: Signing Up for a Hosted Chef Account



Steps

1. Navigate to <https://manage.chef-demo.com>
2. From the resulting window, click **Get Chef**.



To get started with Hosted Chef Server, visit the Chef website and sign up for a Hosted Chef Account.

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GE: Signing Up for a Hosted Chef Account



Steps

3. From the resulting window, click the Hosted Chef **Sign Up** button.

New to Chef? Learn Chef makes it fast and easy. [Get Started](#)

Hosted Chef

Just upload your cookbooks to a highly available, highly scalable Chef server.

[Sign Up](#)

Chef Development Kit

Download and install the latest and greatest version of Chef DK onto your workstation.

[Download](#)

Run Your Own Chef Server

Choose to install Chef server on premises or spin it up quickly on AWS or Microsoft Azure.

Chef Server
[Download](#)

AWS Marketplace
[Learn More](#)

Azure Marketplace
[Learn More](#)

Slide 15

GE: Signing Up for a Hosted Chef Account



Steps

4. Fill out the form as indicated in this image using your name and a valid email address and then click **Get Started**.

Note: You should write down your new user name and remember your password.

Start your free trial of hosted Chef

You're one step away from access to all the power and flexibility of Chef. Get ready to automate your infrastructure, accelerate your time to market, manage scale and complexity, and safeguard your systems. Just complete the form to get started.

Full Name

Email

Username

Password

Company

☒ I agree to the [Terms of Service](#) and the [Master License and Services Agreement](#).

Get Started

Already
Click here
Looking
Start with
and check
Join the
Join our v

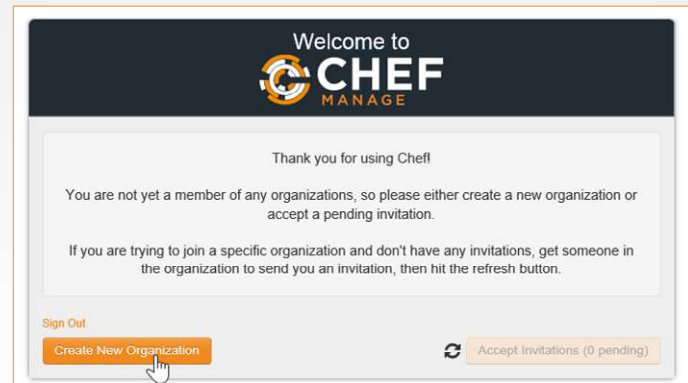
Slide 16

GE: Signing Up for a Hosted Chef Account



Steps

5. From the resulting page, click the **Create New Organization** button.



Slide 17

GE: Signing Up for a Hosted Chef Account



Steps

6. Fill out the resulting Create Organization form and then click **Create Organization**.

An organization is a structure within managed Chef that allows multiple companies or entities to exist on the same Chef Server without your paths ever crossing. You might think of it as like setting up a unique username for your organization.

All of the cookbooks, instances and other configuration details that you manage with Chef will be stored on the Chef Server for this particular organization. No other organization will have access to it.

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GE: Signing Up for a Hosted Chef Account



Steps

7. From the resulting page, click your new organization to highlight it and then click **Starter Kit**.

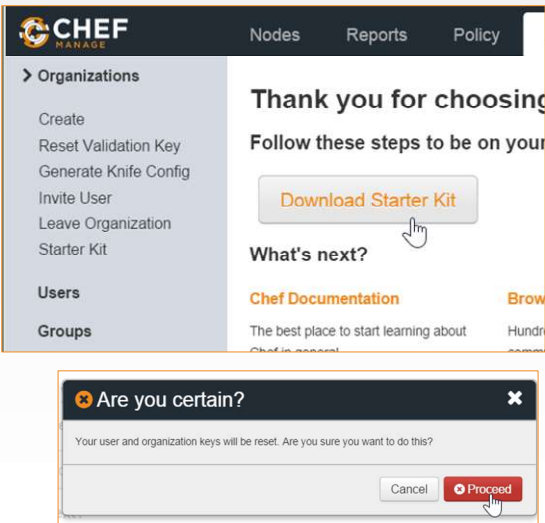


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GE: Signing Up for a Hosted Chef Account

Steps

- From the resulting window, click the **Download Starter Kit** button.
- Click the **Proceed** button when prompted.



The screenshot shows the Chef Manage web interface. On the left is a sidebar with 'Organizations' selected, containing links like 'Create', 'Reset Validation Key', 'Generate Knife Config', 'Invite User', 'Leave Organization', and 'Starter Kit'. The main content area displays a 'Thank you for choosing' message and a 'Download Starter Kit' button. Below this is a 'What's next?' section with links to 'Chef Documentation' and 'Browse'. A confirmation dialog box titled 'Are you certain?' is shown at the bottom, warning that 'Your user and organization keys will be reset' and providing 'Cancel' and 'Proceed' buttons.

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The starter kit will warn that it will reset your organization key and personal key. If this is a new account and new organization this reset is totally fine. If you already have an account or this is an existing organization please understand that you are destroying the existing keys that already exist on a workstation.

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GE: Signing Up for a Hosted Chef Account



Steps

10. Open the downloaded zip file and copy chef-repo folder that's contained in the zip file.
11. Paste the chef-repo folder to a location on your laptop, such as your home directory.


Note: Ensure that the path to the chef-repo does not have a space in it. Examples:

Mac: `/home/username/chef-repo`

Windows: `C:\Users\username\chef-repo`

A screenshot of a file explorer window. At the top, there is a text input field labeled "Name". Below it, a folder icon is shown next to the text "chef-repo". The folder is highlighted with a blue selection bar.


Slide 21



GE: Download a Repository

A repository containing a similar copy of the work you did previously in this course can be downloaded from here:

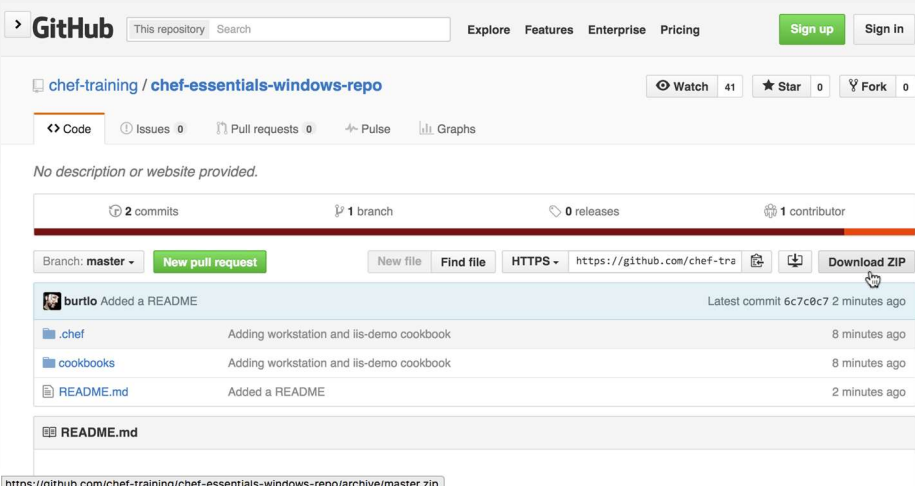
<https://github.com/chef-training/chef-essentials-windows-repo>

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The cookbooks that were created during the first modules can be found here. These are not the exact cookbooks that you created but ones that have been completed with additional comments and details added.


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GE: Download the Repository



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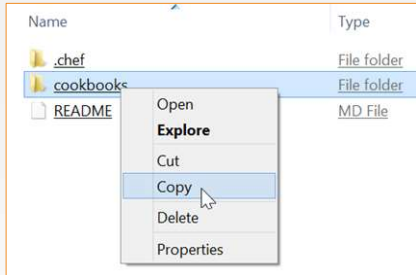



You may clone the repository or download the zip file. Both of those links can be found in the bottom right.

GE: Paste the cookbooks Folder

Steps

- Open the downloaded chefdk-fundamentals-repo-master zip file and then copy **only** the **cookbooks** folder that's contained in the zip file.
- Replace the **cookbooks** folder that's in your chef-repo folder with the copied cookbooks folder.



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After you download and open the chef-essentials-windows-master archive, copy the included cookbooks folder and paste it into your chef-repo that you unzipped from the Start Kit. Let the new cookbooks folder (that you got from the chef-essentials-windows-master) overwrite the existing cookbooks folder that was in your chef-repo folder.

Important: If you had an existing chef-repo prior to class that you want to preserve, save a copy of your old cookbooks folder before pasting the new one into your chef-repo.

Slide 24

GE: Navigate to the chef-repo



```
$ cd ~\chef-repo
```

The starter kit contains the configuration to reach the Chef Server and your credentials to validate the communication between your workstation and the Chef Server.

To verify the connection with the Chef Server you will need to run commands within the repository you downloaded.


Open a terminal or command prompt and navigate to the chef-repo directory.

Slide 25

CONCEPT


knife

knife is a command-line tool that provides an interface between a local chef-repo and the Chef Server.



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CHEF

knife is a command-line tool that allows us to request and send information to the Chef Server.

knife

helps

users

manage:

- Nodes
- Cookbooks and recipes
- Roles
- and more

knife provides a number of sub-commands.

Slide 26

GE: knife --help



```
$ knife --help
```

```
Available subcommands: (for details, knife SUB-COMMAND --help)
```

```
** BOOTSTRAP COMMANDS **
```

```
knife bootstrap FQDN (options)
```

```
knife bootstrap windows ssh FQDN (options)
```

```
knife bootstrap windows winrm FQDN (options)
```

```
** CLIENT COMMANDS **
```

```
knife client bulk delete REGEX (options)
```

```
knife client create CLIENT (options)
```

```
knife client delete CLIENT (options)
```

```
knife client edit CLIENT (options)
```

You can look at all the commands with 'knife --help'.

This will display all the sub-commands available. In your case you want to verify that the client list contains a single entry so you need to look for help for the specific command 'knife client --help'.

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GE: knife client --help



```
$ knife client --help
```

```
Available client subcommands: (for details, knife SUB-COMMAND --help)
```

```
** CLIENT COMMANDS **
```

```
knife client bulk delete REGEX (options)
```

```
knife client create CLIENT (options)
```

```
knife client delete CLIENT (options)
```

```
knife client edit CLIENT (options)
```

```
knife client list (options)
```

```
knife client reregister CLIENT (options)
```

```
knife client show CLIENT (options)
```

This will give us an even smaller subset of the commands related specifically to asking the Chef Server about client information. A general command is the list command which will output all the clients that the Chef Server currently maintains.

GE: knife client list



```
$ knife client list
```

```
ORGNAME-validator
```

For your Chef Server account there should be a single client that is the organization name: validator. This is a special key that has access to the Chef Server. The important thing is that the result does not contain an error with the configuration or authenticating with the Chef Server.

If you receive an error ensure that you:


- typed the command correctly

- executed the command within the chef repository

- are connected to the internet and not blocking ssl connections from your own system's proxy servers or virtual private networks

- have a .chef directory, within the chef repository, which contains the knife configuration file (knife.rb), personal key, and organizational key

Slide 29




Hosted Chef

More easily manage multiple nodes

Objective:

- ✓ Create a Hosted Chef Account
- ❑ Upload your cookbooks to the Hosted Chef Server
- ❑ Add your old workstation as a managed node

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With all that complete, you are now able to communicate with the Chef Server. At this point we will refer to the system in front of you, with the chef repository, the configuration, and the keys installed as your workstation.

When working with Chef with a Chef Server, the workstation is the location where you will compose your cookbook code. When that code is complete, you will then upload it to the Chef Server.

GE: knife cookbook --help



```
$ knife cookbook --help
```


```
** COOKBOOK COMMANDS **  
knife cookbook bulk delete REGEX (options)  
knife cookbook create COOKBOOK (options)  
knife cookbook delete COOKBOOK VERSION (options)  
knife cookbook download COOKBOOK [VERSION] (options)  
knife cookbook list (options)  
knife cookbook metadata COOKBOOK (options)  
knife cookbook metadata from FILE (options)  
knife cookbook show COOKBOOK [VERSION] [PART] [FILENAME] (options)  
knife cookbook test [COOKBOOKS...] (options)  
knife cookbook upload [COOKBOOKS...] (options)
```

Similar to asking the Chef Server about the list of available clients, you can also ask for information about cookbooks. You can find all the commands related to the cookbooks subcommand by running `knife cookbook --help`.

Similar to the list of clients, you can examine a list of cookbooks.


Slide 31

GE: knife cookbook list



```
$ knife cookbook list
```

The image shows a terminal window with a dark background. The command `$ knife cookbook list` is entered at the prompt. Below the command line is a large, empty rectangular area, indicating that the command has been executed but has not yet returned any output.

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Running this command will return the cookbooks currently uploaded to the Chef Server. The empty response should come as no surprise.

You want to change that. So you are going to upload each of your cookbooks to the Chef Server.

Slide 32

GE: Change to the cookbooks/iis-demo Directory



```
$ cd cookbooks/iis-demo
```

To upload a cookbook to the Chef Server you need to be within the directory of the cookbook. Let us start with the iis-demo cookbook. Change directory into the iis-demo cookbook directory which is within the cookbooks directory.



Slide 33

CONCEPT

Berkshelf

Berkshelf is a cookbook management tool that allows us to upload your cookbooks and all of its dependencies to the Chef Server.

berkshelf.com



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CHEF

To upload the cookbook you will need to use another tool called Berkshelf.

Berkshelf is a cookbook management tool that allows us to upload your cookbooks and all of its dependencies to the Chef Server. In this instance, your current cookbooks have no dependencies, but in the future when they do, Berkshelf will assist you in ensuring those are all uploaded.

Slide 34

GE: Run berks --help



```
$ berks --help
```

Commands:

```
berks apply ENVIRONMENT # Apply version locks from Berksfile.lock to a Chef
environment
berks contingent COOKBOOK # List all cookbooks that depend on the given cookbook in
your
berks cookbook NAME [PATH] # Create a skeleton for a new cookbook
berks help [COMMAND] # Describe available commands or one specific command
berks info [COOKBOOK] # Display name, author, copyright, and dependency information
berks init [PATH] # Initialize Berkshelf in the given directory
berks install # Install the cookbooks specified in the Berksfile
berks list # List cookbooks and their dependencies specified by your
berks outdated [COOKBOOKS] # List dependencies that have new versions available that
berks package [PATH] # Vendor and archive the dependencies of a Berksfile
berks search NAME # Search the remote source for cookbooks matching the partial
```

Berkshelf is a command-line tool that you can ask to see available the commands.

GE: Run berks install



```
$ berks install
```

```
Resolving cookbook dependencies...  
Fetching 'iis-demo' from source at .  
Fetching cookbook index from https://supermarket.chef.io...  
Using iis-demo (0.2.1) from source at .
```

Berkshelf is used on a per-cookbook basis. As dependencies are often per cookbook you'll need to change into the directory of the cookbook.

You should install any dependencies that your cookbook might have. Again, in this instance there are no dependencies external to this cookbook but Berkshelf ensures that this is the case when it runs the 'berks install' command.

You'll see that it finds the current cookbook within your current directory, it contacts the Supermarket for any external dependencies, and then ...

Slide 36

GE: See the Berksfile.lock



```
$ dir
```

```
drwxr-xr-x 7 chef chef 4096 Aug 27 18:44 .  
drwxr-xr-x 4 chef chef 4096 Aug 27 16:17 ..  
drwxr-xr-x 8 chef chef 4096 Aug 27 16:07 .git  
-rw-r--r-- 1 chef chef 126 Aug 27 15:46 .gitignore  
drwxr-xr-x 3 chef chef 4096 Aug 27 18:45 .kitchen  
-rw-r--r-- 1 chef chef 183 Aug 27 18:44 .kitchen.yml  
-rw-r--r-- 1 chef chef 47 Aug 27 15:46 Berksfile  
-rw----- 1 chef chef 77 Aug 27 18:45 Berksfile.lock  
-rw-r--r-- 1 chef chef 54 Aug 27 15:46 README.md  
-rw-r--r-- 1 chef chef 974 Aug 27 15:46 chefignore  
-rw-r--r-- 1 chef chef 198 Aug 27 15:46 metadata.rb  
drwxr-xr-x 2 chef chef 4096 Aug 27 16:34 recipes
```

...it completes by writing a Berksfile.lock to the file system.

The Berksfile.lock is a receipt of all the cookbooks and dependencies found at the exact moment that you ran 'berks install'.

Slide 37

GE: See the Contents of the Berksfile.lock



```
$ cat Berksfile.lock
```

DEPENDENCIES

```
iis-demo  
  path: .  
  metadata: true
```

GRAPH

```
iis-demo (0.2.1)
```

This lock file is useful to ensure that in the future you use the same dependencies when working with the cookbook.

Slide 38

GE: Upload the Cookbook to the Chef Server



```
$ berks upload
```

```
Uploaded iis-demo (0.2.1) to:  
'https://api.opscode.com:443/organizations/steveessentials2'
```

With the dependencies accounted for, it is time to upload the to the Chef Server. This is another sub-command that Berkshelf provides called 'upload'. Run the command to upload the iis-demo cookbook to the Chef Server.

Slide 39

GE: Display Cookbooks within Your Org




```
$ knife cookbook list
```

```
iis-demo      0.2.1
```

When that is complete you can return to the cookbook command that allows you to display the cookbooks within your organization by running this command. This will show you that the Chef Server has the iis-demo cookbook that you have uploaded.


Slide 40

Lab



Lab: Upload Cookbooks

- ☐ Upload your remaining cookbooks
- ☐ Verify that all cookbooks are uploaded

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As a lab, upload the remaining cookbooks within the cookbooks directory. After you have done that verify that the cookbooks have been uploaded.

Slide 41

Lab: cd and Run knife cookbook list



```
$ cd ~\chef-repo\cookbooks\workstation  
$ knife cookbook list
```

```
iis-demo      0.2.1
```

The one remaining cookbook is the workstation cookbook. Berkshelf is a cookbook management tool that examines the contents and dependencies of a single cookbook.

Change into the cookbooks directory.

Verify that the cookbook is not currently uploaded.

Lab: Install the Cookbook Dependencies



```
$ berks install
```

```
Resolving cookbook dependencies...  
Fetching 'workstation' from source at .  
Fetching cookbook index from https://supermarket.chef.io...  
Using workstation (0.1.0) from source at .
```

Run "berks install" to install all the cookbook dependencies.

Slide 43

Lab: Upload the Cookbook to the Chef Server



```
$ berks upload
```

```
Uploaded workstation (0.1.0) to:  
'https://api.opscode.com:443/organizations/steveessentials2'
```

Run "berks upload" to upload the cookbook and all its dependencies to the Chef Server.

Slide 44

Lab: Is the workstation Cookbook Uploaded?




```
$ knife cookbook list
```

```
iis-demo      0.2.1  
workstation   0.1.0
```

Lastly, run "knife cookbook list" to validate that the workstation cookbook is now uploaded to the Chef Server.

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Hosted Chef

More easily manage multiple nodes

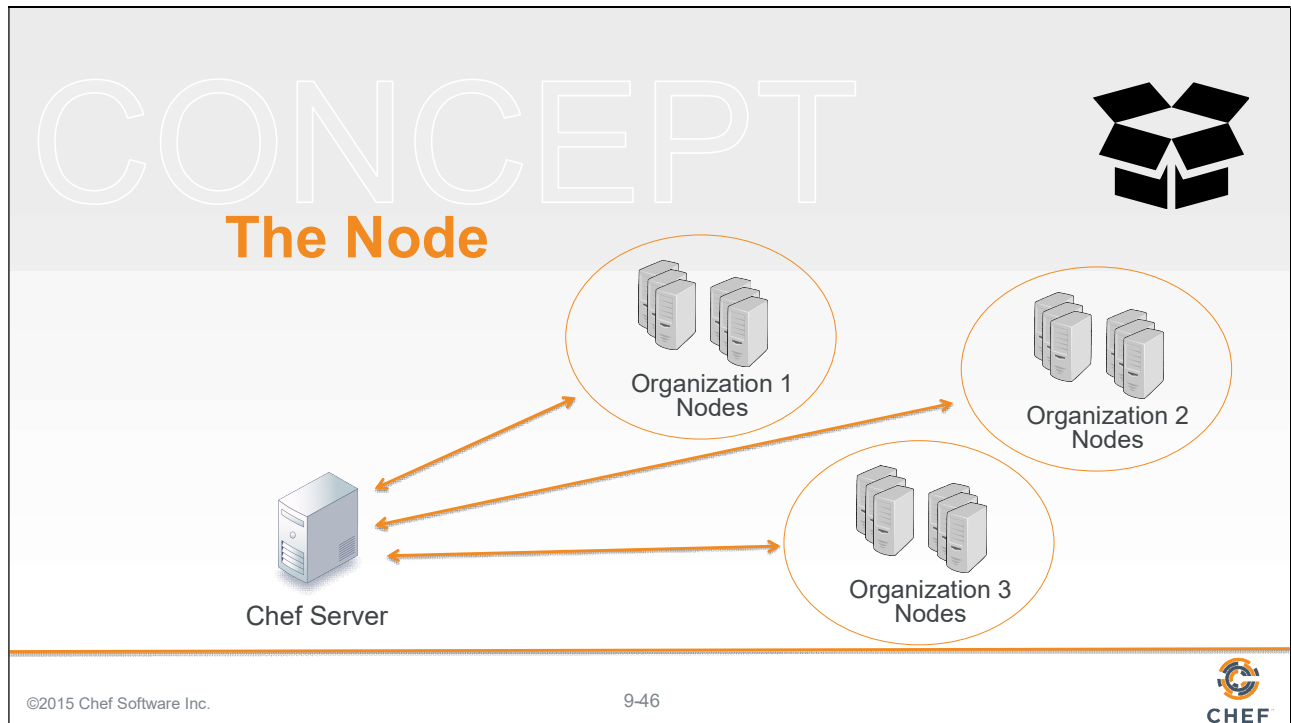
Objective:

- ✓ Create a Hosted Chef Account
- ✓ Upload your cookbooks to the Hosted Chef Server
- ❑ Add your old workstation as a managed node

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You have one remaining objective and that is to add an instance as a node within your organization.

Slide 46



As you know by now, a node is a server that Chef is managing. A node could be a web server, an application server, a database server, a load balancer, and so on.

A node can only join one organization. To be a node means that it has Chef installed, has configuration files in place, and when you run the chef-client application with no parameters it will successfully contact the Chef Server and ask it for the run list that it should apply and the cookbooks required to execute that run list.

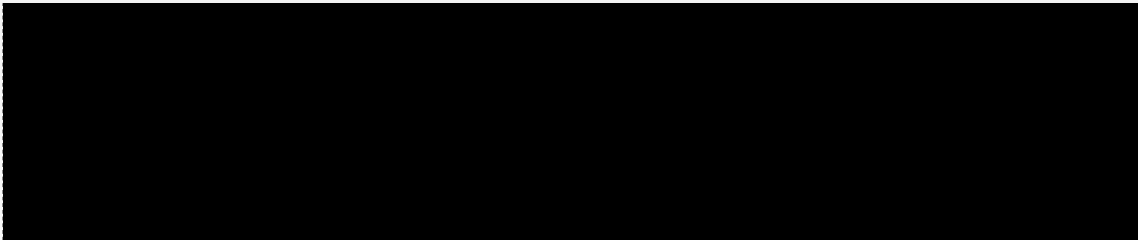
When a node is part of the organization you manage that information on the Chef Server as well. A Chef Server can manage multiple organizations. Managing that information in a Chef Server allows us to use for inventory, querying and searching.

Slide 47

GE: Change to the chef-repo



```
$ cd ~\chef-repo
```



Let's add the instance we used previously as a workstation now as a managed node.
Return to the root of the chef repository.

Slide 48

GE: Run 'knife node --help'



```
$ knife node --help
```

```
** NODE COMMANDS **  
knife node bulk delete REGEX (options)  
knife node create NODE (options)  
knife node delete NODE (options)  
knife node edit NODE (options)  
knife node environment set NODE ENVIRONMENT  
knife node from file FILE (options)  
knife node list (options)  
knife node run_list add [NODE] [ENTRY[,ENTRY]] (options)  
knife node run_list remove [NODE] [ENTRY[,ENTRY]] (options)  
knife node run_list set NODE ENTRIES (options)  
knife node show NODE (options)
```

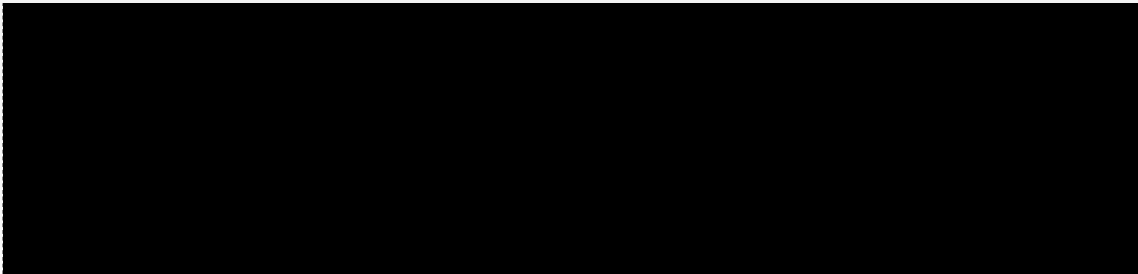
Verify that you have no existing nodes within your organization. You can use the 'knife node --help' command to see that you can ask for the list of all nodes within your organization with the list command.

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GE: Run 'knife node list'



```
$ knife node list
```



Run "knife node list" to see that you have no nodes currently registered with your Chef Server. At this point the results should be blank.

GE: Run 'knife bootstrap --help'



```
$ knife bootstrap --help
```

```
knife bootstrap FQDN (options)
  --bootstrap-curl-options OPTIONS
                                Add options to curl when install chef-client
  --bootstrap-install-command COMMANDS
                                Custom command to install chef-client
  --bootstrap-no-proxy [NO_PROXY_URL|NO_PROXY_IP]
                                Do not proxy locations for the node being
bootstrap; this option is used interna
lly by Opscode
  --bootstrap-proxy PROXY_URL  The proxy server for the node being
bootstrap
  -t TEMPLATE,
template. Set to the full path of an erb
template or use one of the built-in templates.
```

Knife provides a bootstrap subcommand that takes a number of options.

When you bootstrap an instance it is performing the following:

- * Installing chef tools if they are not already installed
- * Configuring Chef to communicate with the Chef Server
- * Running chef-client to apply a default run list

GE: Bootstrap Your Node



```
$ knife bootstrap windows winrm IP -x USER -P PWD -N node1
```

```
Creating new client for node1
Creating new node for node1
Connecting to ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com
ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com Starting first Chef Client run...
ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com Starting Chef Client, version 12.3.0
ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com resolving cookbooks for run list: []
ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com Synchronizing Cookbooks:
ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com Compiling Cookbooks...
ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com [2015-09-16T16:51:21+00:00] WARN: Node
node1 has an empty run list.
ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com Converging 0 resources
ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com
ec2-54-175-46-24.compute-1.amazonaws.com Running handlers:
```

To communicate with the remote instance you need to provide it the credentials to connect to the system. Use the user name with the '-x' flag and the password '-P' flag.

Include the '--sudo' flag because you are installing software and writing configuration to directories traditionally owned by the root user.

Name the node with the '-N' flag. This is optional but makes it easier for us to communicate. When we ask you to look at the details of node 1 or login to node 1, it will be easier to remember than the fully-qualified domain name.

When executing the command, the output will tell us what it installed and ran.

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GE: Run 'knife node list' Again



```
$ knife node list
```

```
node1
```

When bootstrapping is done, you can see that your organization knows about the new node by again running the command "knife node list". You now see that you have a new node, node1, uploaded to the Chef Server.

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GE: View More Information About Your Node



```
$ knife node show node1
```

```
Node Name:    node1
Environment:  _default
FQDN:         ip-172-31-8-68.ec2.internal
IP:           54.175.46.24
Run List:
Roles:
Recipes:
Platform:    centos 6.7
Tags:
```

You can see more information about a particular node with the command 'knife node show node1'. This will display a summary of the node information that the Chef Server stores.

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GE: Add a Recipe to a Run List



```
$ knife node run_list add node1 "recipe[iis-demo]"
```

```
node1:  
  run_list: recipe[iis-demo]
```

node1 does not have a list of recipes that it applies to the system by default. You can make Chef Server tell node1 to apply a specific run-list the next time node 1 runs 'chef-client'.

You can do that through the 'knife node run_list add' command. In this example, you are adding to node1's run-list the iis-demo cookbook's default recipe.

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Hosted Chef


More easily manage multiple nodes

Objective:

- ✓ Create a Hosted Chef Account
- ✓ Upload your cookbooks to the Hosted Chef Server
- ✓ Add your old workstation as a managed node

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DISCUSSION



Discussion


What is the benefit of storing cookbooks in a central repository?

What is the primary tool for communicating with the Chef Server?

How did you add a node to your organization?

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Answer these questions.

With your answers, turn to another person and alternate asking each other asking these questions and sharing your answers.

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DISCUSSION




Q&A

What questions can you help you answer?

- Chef Server
- Managed Chef
- Berkshelf
- Bootstrapping Nodes

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CHEF

With all of the objectives complete you are finished with this section. What question can you answer for you?

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