

CONTROL STATEMENT

- ❑ TO CHANGE THE EXECUTION ORDER OF PROGRAM
- ❑ AS THE METHOD OF CONTROLLING THE EXECUTION ORDER

- 📄 CONDITIONAL STATEMENT : IF St., SWITCH St.
- 📄 REPEAT STATEMENT : FOR St., WHILE St., DO-WHILE St.
- 📄 BRANCH STATEMENT : BREAK St., CONTINUE St., RETURN St.

CONDITIONAL STATEMENT - IF STATEMENT

□ FORM OF IF STATEMENT

📄 IF (<CONDITIONAL EXPRESSION>) <STATEMENT>

📄 IF (< CONDITIONAL EXPRESSION >) <STATEMENT1> ELSE <STATEMENT2>

```
if (a < 0) a = a++;
```

```
if (a > b) m = a; else m = b;
```

(TRUE OR FALSE)

CONDITIONAL STATEMENT - IF STATEMENT

```
if (<cond. expr.>
    if (<cond. expr.>
        // ...
        <statement>
```

□ NESTED

```
if (<cond. expr.1>      <statement 1>
else if (<cond. expr.2>) <statement 2>
...
else if (<cond. expr. n>) <statement n>
else <statement>
```

CONDITIONAL STATEMENT - SWITCH STATEMENT

□ FORM OF SWITCH STATEMENT

```
switch ( <expr.> ) {  
    case <const. expr. 1> : <statement 1>  
    case < const. expr. 2> : < statement 2>  
        :  
    case < const. expr. n> : < statement n>  
    default : < statement>  
}
```


REPEAT STATEMENT - FOR STATEMENT

❑ REPEAT THE SEQUENCE OF STATEMENT AS MANY AS DEFINED.

❑ FORM OF FOR STATEMENT

- **FOR (<EXPR. 1> ; <EXPR. 2> ; <EXPR. 3>)**

<STATEMENT>

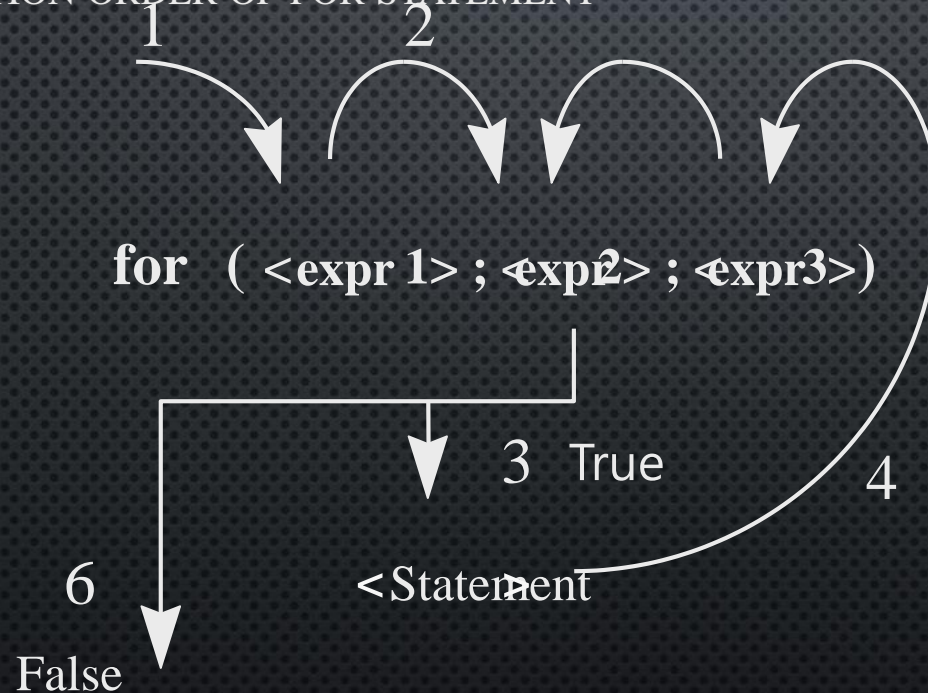
- ▶ <EXPR. 1> : INITIALIZE THE CONTROL VARIABLE

- ▶ <EXPR. 2> : CHECK THE CONTROL VARIABLE

```
s = 0;  
for (i=1; i<=N; ++i) // sum from 1 to N : i increment  
    s += i;
```

REPEAT STATEMENT - FOR STATEMENT

❑ EXECUTION ORDER OF FOR STATEMENT



REPEAT STATEMENT - FOR STATEMENT

❑ INF

```
for ( ; ; )  
    <statement>
```

📖 TO STOP THE LOOP : BREAK STATEMENT, RETURN STATEMENT

❑ NESTED FOR STATEMENT

📖 MULTI DIMENSIONAL ARRAY

```
for (i=0; i<N; ++i)  
    for (j=0; j<M; ++j)  
        matrix[i][j] = 0;
```

REPEAT STATEMENT - WHILE STATEMENT

□ FORM OF WHILE STATEMENT

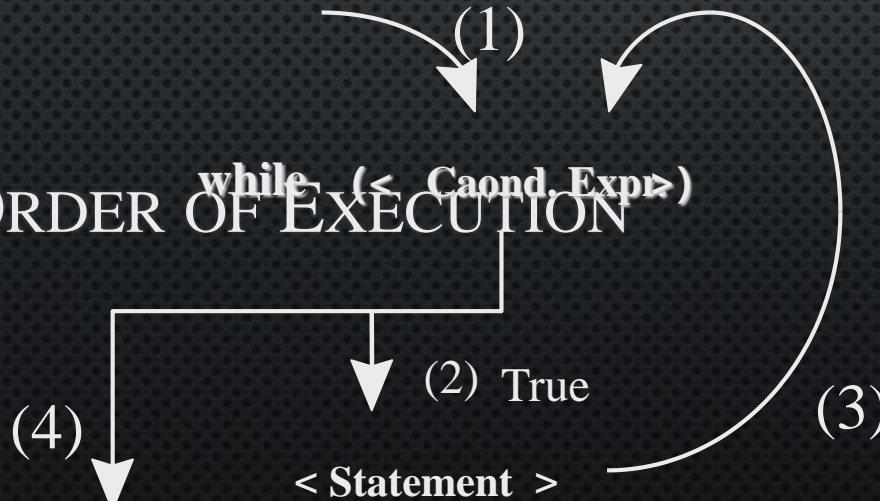
WHILE (COND. EXPR.

```
i = 1; s = 0;
while (i <= N) { // summation from 1 to N
    s += i; ++i;
}
```

<STATEMENT>

□ ORDER OF EXECUTION

while (< Cond. Expr. >)



REPEAT STATEMENT - WHILE STATEMENT

□

```
for (i = 0; i < N; ++i)  
    s += i;
```



EMENT AND

```
i = 0;  
while (i < N) {  
    s += i;  
    ++i;  
}
```

REPEAT STATEMENT – DO - WHILE STATEMENT

- ❑ AFTER EXECUTING THE REPEATING STATEMENTS, THEN CHECK THE CONDITIONAL EXPRESSION
- ❑ FORM OF DO-WHILE STATEMENT

DO

<STATEMENT>

WHILE (<CONDITIONAL EXPRESSION>);

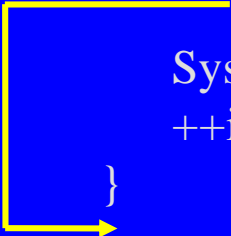
Although the conditional expression is false, execute the statement one time above at least

BRANCH STATEMENT - BREAK STATEMENT

- ❑ TO MOVE CONTROL TO THE OUT OF THE BLOCK
- ❑ FROM OF BREAK STATEMENT

B

```
int i = 1;
while (true) {
    if (i == 3)
        break;
    System.out.println("This is a " + i + " iteration");
    ++i;
}
```

A yellow arrow originates from the `break;` statement and points to the closing curly brace of the `while` loop, illustrating that the `break` statement exits the loop.

BRANCH STATEMENT – CONTINUE STATEMENT

- ❑ TO MOVE CONTROL TO THE START OF NEXT REPEATATION
- ❑ FROM OF CONTINUE STATEMENT
- **CONTINUE [LABEL] ;**

❑ V

```
for (i=0; i<=5; ++i) {  
    if (i % 2 == 0)  
        continue;  
    System.out.println("This is a " + i + " iteration");  
}
```

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