## INHERITANCE

- ☐ A CLASS CAN BE A SUB-TYPE OF ANOTHER CLASS.
- ☐ THE INHERITING CLASS CONTAINS ALL THE METHODS AND FIELDS OF THE CLASS IT INHERITED FROM PLUS ANY METHODS AND FIELDS IT DEFINES.
- ☐ THE INHERITING CLASS CAN OVERRIDE THE DEFINITION OF EXISTING METHODS BY PROVIDING ITS OWN IMPLEMENTATION.

# INHERITANCE IN REAL LIFE

☐ A NEW DESIGN CREATED BY THE MODIFICATION OF AN ALREADY EXISTING DESIGN.

☐ THE NEW DESIGN CONSISTS OF ONLY THE CHANGES OR ADDITIONS FROM THE BASE DESIGN.

## INHERITANCE IN JAVA: EXTENDS

```
CLASS SUPERCLASS
{

CLASS SUBCLASS EXTENDS SUPERCLASS
{

}
```

## **PROTECTED**

ATTRIBUTES AND METHODS MARKED AS

- **PUBLIC** ARE ALWAYS ACCESSIBLE.
- PRIVATE ARE ACCESSIBLE WITHIN THE CLASS.
- PROTECTED ARE ACCESSIBLE WITHIN THE CLASS

AND ITS SUBCLASSES

#### **EXAMPLE**

```
CLASS BASE
 PROTECTED INT A,B;
 VOID INIT()
   A=10; B=20;
CLASS DERIVED EXTENDS BASE {
 VOID SWAP() {
A=A+B; B=A-B; A=A-B;
SYSTEM.OUT.PRINTLN("A: "+A+"
  B : "_Bellingr(CS) Barata n
```

```
PUBLIC CLASS INHERITANCEDEMO {
PUBLIC STATIC VOID MAIN(STRING
  ARGS[])
  DERIVED OBJ=NEW DERIVED();
  OBJ.INIT();
  OBJ.SWAP();
```

## **OVERRIDING**

THE INHERITING CLASS CAN OVERRIDE THE DEFINITION OF EXISTING METHODS BY PROVIDING ITS OWN IMPLEMENTATION.

#### **EXAMPLE**

```
CLASS ANIMAL {
PUBLIC VOID EAT() {
SYSTEM.OUT.PRINTLN("GENERIC
     ANIMAL EATING
     GENERICALLY");
CLASS HORSE EXTENDS ANIMAL {
PUBLIC VOID EAT() {
SYSTEM.OUT.PRINTLN("HORSE
     EATING HAY, OATS, AND HORSE
     TREATS");
     ChandraSekhar(CS) Baratam
```

```
PUBLIC CLASS OVERRIDING {
PUBLIC STATIC VOID
     MAIN(STRING ARGS[])
  HORSE OBJ=NEW•HORSE();
 OBJ.EAT();
                   Overriding
                   is based on
                     Object
```

### DYNAMIC METHOD DISPATCH

```
CLASS BASE{
  VOID SHOW(){
   SYSTEM.OUT.PRINTLN("BASE");
  } }
CLASS SUB1 EXTENDS BASE{
  VOID SHOW(){
   SYSTEM.OUT.PRINTLN("SUB1");
CLASS SUB2 EXTENDS BASE{
  VOID SHOW(){
   SYSTEM.OUT.PRINTLN("SUB2");
```

```
CLASS MAIN{
  PUBLIC STATIC VOID
     MAIN(STRING ARGS[]){
   BASE B;
   B=NEW SUB2();
   B.SHOW();
```

## SUPER KEYWORD

- "THIS" IS A REFERENCE TO THE CURRENT OBJECT
- "SUPER" IS A REFERENCE TO THE PARENT CLASS