**Number and Timing of Ambulatory Blood Pressure Monitoring Measurements**

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Short title: Number and Timing of ABPM

**Abstract**

Ambulatory blood pressure (BP) monitoring (ABPM) may cause sleep disturbances. Some home BP monitoring (HBPM) devices are able to obtain a limited number of readings at specific times during sleep. Determining whether a smaller subset BP measurements taken at specific times could reliably assess BP during sleep could inform the use of these devices. We used data from the Jackson Heart Study (JHS) and the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) study to evaluate 74 different approaches to sample BP measurements during sleep. We sampled 2 to 4 BP measurements from a full ABPM assessment (i.e., approximately 14 to 21 measurements taken during sleep) obtained at specific clock times and times relative to the start of sleep. We assessed chance-corrected agreement (i.e., Kappa statistic) for classification of nocturnal hypertension (i.e., mean asleep systolic/diastolic BP ≥ 120/70 mm Hg) between each BP sampling approach and a full ABPM assessment during sleep. We computed a concordance (C-) statistic for left ventricular hypertrophy and albuminuria using a model that adjusted for asleep BP using each BP sampling approach, separately. Sampling BP at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after falling asleep provided the highest overall Kappa statistic (Overall: 0.836; CARDIA: 0.839, JHS: 0.832). There was no evidence of a difference in C-statistics for left-ventricular hypertrophy or albuminuria when BP was sampled at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after falling asleep compared to sampling BP throughout sleep (p = 0.67). These results suggest that using four BP measurements at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after falling asleep provides high agreement with a full ABPM assessment.

**Introduction**

Higher blood pressure (BP) levels during sleep have been associated with an increased risk for cardiovascular disease (CVD) and target organ damage, independent of BP measured in a clinical setting.1–6 Ambulatory BP monitoring (ABPM) typically measures BP every 15 to 30 minutes throughout the day and night.7 Although most participants find ABPM acceptable, it may cause sleep disturbances for some individuals.8–10 Home BP monitoring (HBPM) is another approach for measuring BP outside of the office setting. HBPM devices have been developed that can be programmed to measure BP at pre-specific time periods including when someone is asleep. For instance, Kario et. al., reported on an HBPM device that is put on before going to sleep and measures BP at 2:00, 3:00, and 4:00 AM.11 Also, some BP monitoring devices allow users to specify daytime and nighttime periods (e.g., daytime is from 6am to 10pm and nighttime is from 10pm to 6am) as well as time intervals between BP measurements (i.e., 15, 20, 30, or 60-minute intervals).

Obtaining fewer BP readings during sleep using a HBPM versus ABPM device may reduce discomfort and disrupted sleep. However, less frequent measurement implies a loss of information that may weaken associations with outcomes.12 Few studies have considered the number and timing of BP measurements required to obtain an estimate of BP during sleep similar to that obtained by a full ABPM recording (i.e., using ABPM throughout sleep). Yang et. al., and Rinfret et. al., independently examined the question of how many readings should be collected in order to obtain a reasonably accurate estimate of mean daytime and nighttime BP or mean BP using HBPM.13,14 However, these analyses examined scenarios where BP measurements were randomly sampled from a larger set of BP measurements.

We evaluated a total of 74 different variations on sampling BP during sleep, each selecting a subset of 2 - 4 BP measurements from the approximately 14 to 21 BP measurements taken during sleep. We assessed each BP sampling variations’ chance-corrected agreement (i.e., Kappa statistic) with sampling BP throughout sleep for classification of nocturnal hypertension (i.e., mean asleep systolic/diastolic BP ≥ 120/70 mm Hg).15 We also computed a concordance (C-) statistic for prediction of left ventricular hypertrophy and albuminuria using a model that included sleep BP according to each BP sampling approach, and tested whether this C-statistic was different from that of a model using sleep BP according to full ABPM. Last, we assessed the association (i.e., prevalence ratio) of systolic BP (SBP) and diastolic BP (DBP) during sleep according to each BP sampling variation with left-ventricular hypertrophy and albuminuria.

**Methods**

*Study population*

We used data from participants in the Jackson Heart Study (JHS) and the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) study who underwent 24‐hour ABPM.

The JHS, a community-based prospective cohort study, was designed to evaluate the etiology of CVD among African Americans living in or near Jackson, MS.16 The JHS enrolled a total of 5,306 non-institutionalized African Americans aged ≥21 years between 2000 and 2004. At the baseline JHS visit, 1,146 participants elected to undergo ABPM. The CARDIA study was designed to examine the development and determinants of clinical and subclinical CVD and their risk factors.17 The CARDIA study recruited 5,115 participants, 18 to 30 years of age, at four field centers in the United States (Birmingham, AL; Chicago, IL; Minneapolis, MN; and Oakland, CA) in 1985-1986. During the Year 30 Exam (2015–2016), 831 CARDIA participants enrolled in an ABPM ancillary study conducted in the Birmingham, AL and Chicago, IL field centers.

We included participants who slept ≥5 hours during their ABPM assessment and recorded ≥1 valid BP measurement within 30 minutes of all times required by the BP sampling variations we studied (N=621 JHS and 458 CARDIA participants; **Table** **S1**). Conduct of each study was approved by institutional review boards at the participating institutions and the current analysis was approved by the University of Alabama at Birmingham Institutional Review Board. Written informed consent was obtained from all participants.

*Ambulatory blood pressure monitoring*

In the JHS, ABPM was conducted using the SpaceLabs model 90207 device (SpaceLabs Healthcare, Snoqualmie, WA), which has been previously validated, and BP was measured every 20 minutes over a 24-hour period.19 JHS participants self-reported the times they went to sleep and woke up while wearing the ABPM device. In CARDIA, ABPM was conducted using the SpaceLabs OnTrak model 90227 device (SpaceLabs Healthcare, Snoqualmie, WA), which has also been previously validated, with an appropriately sized cuff andBP was measured every 30 minutes over a 24-hour period.20. CARDIA participants also wore an Actiwatch activity monitor (Philips Respironics, Murrysville, PA) on the wrist of their non-dominant arm. In CARDIA, awake and asleep time periods were determined using the activity monitor data in conjunction with participants’ self-reported awake and asleep times.

*Blood pressure sampling strategies and variations*

We considered ‘distributed’ and ‘consecutive’ strategies to sample BP during sleep. The distributed strategy used BP with intervals between measurements spanning at least 1 hour, whereas the consecutive strategy used consecutive measurements of BP (**Figure 1**). We considered 25 and 12 variations of the distributed and consecutive strategies, respectively, and implemented each variation according to 2 separate time structures: time since midnight and time since falling asleep. In total, we evaluated (25 + 12) \* 2 = 74 different variations on sampling BP.

*Nocturnal hypertension*

For JHS and CARDIA participants, nocturnal hypertension according to ABPM was defined by a mean SBP ≥120 mm Hg or mean DBP ≥70 mm Hg based on all valid BP measurements during sleep. For all BP sampling variations, nocturnal hypertension was defined with the same BP thresholds but using the mean of the 2 to 4 sampled BP measurements.

*Left ventricular hypertrophy and albuminuria*

Echocardiograms and urine specimens were assessed during the Year 30 Exam for CARDIA participants and during the baseline study visit for JHS participants. Left ventricular mass was determined and indexed to body surface area to obtain left ventricular mass index (LMVI) according to recommendations from the American Society of Echocardiography and European Association of Cardiovascular Imaging.18 Left ventricular hypertrophy (LVH) was defined as LVMI >95 g/m2 in women and >115 g/m2 in men. Urine specimens were used to measure urinary albumin and creatinine excretion, which were used to calculate the urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio (ACR). Albuminuria was defined as an ACR ≥30 mg/g. Albuminuria was quantified using a 24-hour urine sample in the JHS, if available. Otherwise, a spot urine sample was used. In CARDIA, a spot urine sample was collected for all willing participants.

*Statistical analyses*

Participant characteristics were tabulated overall and by study cohort. The count and percent of missing values for each study variable were examined. Differences in mean SBP and DBP during sleep, LVH, and albuminuria were compared between study cohorts using t- and chi-square tests for continuous and categorical variables, respectively. Analyses were conducted using R version 4.0.0 or later.21–24

We computed each BP sampling variations’ chance-corrected agreement (i.e., Kappa statistic) with sampling BP throughout sleep for identifying nocturnal hypertension. To assess the consistency of our findings, we calculated the Spearman rank order correlation coefficient for rankings of BP sampling variations by Kappa statistic in the JHS and CARDIA study. We also computed the mean absolute difference between mean SBP and DBP during sleep according to each BP sampling variation and sampling BP throughout sleep.

We defined 12 groups of BP sampling variations (**Table S2**), each containing BP sampling variations using the same number of measurements (i.e., 2, 3, or 4), strategy (i.e., consecutive or distributed), and time structure (i.e., time since midnight or time since falling asleep). We identified the 12 ‘best’ BP sampling variations (1 from each group) that obtained the highest overall Kappa statistics within their group and applied bootstrap resampling with bias correction and acceleration to estimate differences in Kappa statistics between these BP sampling variations.25

*Asleep BP, left-ventricular hypertrophy, and albuminuria*

Poisson regression models with robust standard errors were applied to estimate associations of asleep BP with LVH and albuminuria.26 Models were fitted (1) using SBP and DBP according to full ABPM, (2) foregoing SBP and DBP, and (3) using SBP and DBP from each BP sampling variation, separately. Prevalence ratios and C-statistics were estimated overall and among JHS and CARDIA participants, separately. DeLong’s test was applied to assess whether any BP sampling variation changed the model’s C-statistic compared to measuring BP throughout sleep. All models included adjustment for age, sex, race (for CARDIA participants only; all JHS participants are black), smoking status, diabetes, antihypertensive medication use, and sleep duration.

**Results**

Among participants included in the current analysis, the mean (standard deviation; SD) age was 57.1 (8.6) years. Additionally 32.0% of participants were male and 81.0% were black. Among JHS and CARDIA participants, the mean (SD) asleep SBP was 120 (14.7) mm Hg and 111 (15.1) mm Hg, respectively (**Table 1**; p <0.001). There was no evidence of a difference in the prevalence of LVH and albuminuria between JHS and CARDIA participants (p=0.29 and 0.30, respectively). There were no missing data for the primary study variables (asleep SBP and DBP), so a complete case analysis was performed.

*Evaluation of blood pressure sampling variations*

Kappa statistics for BP sampling variations ranged from 0.68 to 0.85 in CARDIA and 0.66 to 0.83 in the JHS (**Table 2** [top 12 variations] and **Table S3** [all 74 variations]). Among all 74 variations, mean absolute error for SBP (DBP) ranged from 2.95 (2.41) to 5.94 (4.79) mm Hg in CARDIA and 3.12 (2.53) to 6.45 (5.30) in the JHS. The highest Kappa statistic overall and for JHS participants was obtained from sampling BP at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after sleep (CARDIA: 0.84, JHS: 0.83). For CARDIA participants, the highest Kappa statistic was obtained from sampling BP at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight (CARDIA: 0.85, JHS: 0.78). The overall correlations between the JHS and CARDIA study rankings of BP sampling variants according to the mean absolute difference in SBP, mean absolute difference in DBP, and Kappa statistics were 0.92, 0.93, and 0.78, respectively.

*Comparisons of Kappa statistics among blood pressure sampling variants*

There was no evidence that a consecutive BP sampling variation obtained a higher Kappa statistic than a distributed BP sampling variation using the same number of measurements. Sampling BP at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after falling asleep increased the Kappa statistic by at least 0.0362 (95% CI -0.0028 – 0.0779) and 0.0045 (95% CI -0.0398 – 0.0494) among JHS and CARDIA participants, respectively, compared to other BP sampling variations that measured time relative to falling asleep (**Figure 2**). Sampling BP at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight yielded a higher Kappa statistic by at least 0.0099 (95% CI -0.0289 – 0.0491) and 0.0562 (95% CI 0.0139 – 0.102) among JHS and CARDIA participants, respectively, compared to other BP sampling variations that measured time relative to midnight (**Figure S1).**

*Asleep BP, left-ventricular hypertrophy, and albuminuria*

The overall prevalence ratio for LVH corresponding with 10 mm Hg higher asleep SBP was 1.22 (95% CI 1.02 – 1.46) when BP was measured throughout sleep versus 1.24 (95% CI 1.04 – 1.48) when BP was measured at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after falling asleep (**Table 3**). Prevalence ratios for albuminuria using the same BP sampling variations were 1.27 (95% CI 1.07 – 1.52) versus 1.35 (95% CI 1.15 – 1.60) (**Table S4**). For multi-variable Poisson regression models, when BP was measured throughout sleep versus at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after falling asleep, the model’s C-statistic was 0.712 (95% CI 0.659 - 0.765) versus 0.705 (0.651, 0.760) for LVH (p-value for difference: 0.31; **Table 4**) and 0.774 (95% CI 0.719 - 0.829) versus 0.776 (0.720 - 0.832) for albuminuria (p-value for difference: 0.72; **Table S5**).

**Discussion**

In two independent cohorts, we investigated 74 BP sampling variations based on the number and timing of BP measurements. The largest overall Kappa statistic resulted from sampling BP at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after falling asleep. This BP sampling variation also provided a relatively low mean absolute error for SBP/DBP during sleep (SBP: 3.11 mm Hg, DBP: 2.65 mm Hg). Bootstrapped comparisons of Kappa statistics identified 16 instances where a distributed BP sampling obtained a higher Kappa statistic than a consecutive BP sampling variation and found no evidence of a consecutive BP sampling variation obtaining a higher Kappa statistic than a distributed BP sampling variation. The prevalence ratios for LVH and albuminuria based on measurements at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after falling asleep were within 1 standard error of the prevalence ratios based on measuring BP throughout sleep, and there was no evidence of a difference in model discrimination (i.e., C-statistic) based on these two BP sampling variations. The high correlation of Kappa statistic and mean absolute error rankings for BP sampling variations in CARDIA and the JHS indicated that results were consistent among participants in the two cohorts, suggesting that findings from the current study are not overly influenced by results from a single cohort.

In a previous study, Yang et al concluded that randomly measuring BP four times during sleep versus measuring BP throughout sleep does not lead to a meaningful loss of information in hypertension categorization or risk stratification.13 In the current study, we found substantial variability in the information retained by BP sampling variations that used four measurements. Specifically, among CARDIA participants, the Kappa statistic ranged from 0.745 (4 consecutive BP measurements starting at 3am) to 0.854 (4 distributed BP measurements at 1, 2, 4, and 5 am). Among JHS participants, the Kappa statistic ranged from 0.674 (four consecutive measurements starting at 4am) to 0.832 (four distributed measurements at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after the onset of sleep). Our results are consistent with and extend findings from Yang et al by indicating that four BP measurements are sufficient for measuring BP during sleep and that the timing of BP measurements substantially impacts the accuracy of mean BP during sleep. Given that the median (interquartile range) number of successful BP readings during sleep for JHS and CARDIA participants in the current study was 24 (22 - 27) and 16 (14 – 18), respectively, BP monitoring may cause substantially less sleep disturbance if only four BP measurements are taken during sleep.

Among variants that used three or four BP measurements, several appear to be accurate. In total, five and nine BP sampling variations using three and four BP measurements during sleep, respectively, obtained an estimated Kappa statistic > 0.80, suggesting strong agreement with measuring BP throughout sleep. For example, sampling BP at 2, 3, and 4 hours after sleep (the sampling variant studied by Kario et al.) obtained an overall Kappa statistic of 0.81 (95% CI 0.78 – 0.85). However, the current study did not find any BP sampling variations using two measurements that obtained Kappa statistics exceeding 0.80. These results suggest that some flexibility is warranted for choosing the timing of three or four BP measurements during sleep, as many of these variations obtained excellent agreement with measuring BP throughout sleep.

The current study has several strengths. We analyzed data from two independent cohorts that collected ABPM data. We investigated a comprehensive set of variants for sampling BP during sleep, allowing us to identify several variants that exhibited high agreement with full ABPM. We conducted analyses separately by study, and the parallel assessment of each BP sampling variant reduced the likelihood of finding spurious results that would not generalize to broader settings. In addition, the current study is subject to some limitations. While sleep was monitored using actigraphy in the CARDIA study, the JHS relied on self-reported sleep diaries to identify awake and asleep times. Due to strict inclusion criteria, the current study excluded a substantial proportion of participants from each cohort. Results from the current study may not generalize to settings where participants sleep for <5 hours or miss any planned BP measurements.

In summary, measuring BP 3 or 4 times during sleep may provide mean asleep BP estimates that have high agreement with measuring BP throughout sleep. Additionally, measuring BP at 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after sleep or 1, 2, 4, and 5 hours after midnight may obtain high agreement with measuring BP throughout sleep.

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Table 1: Participant characteristics overall and stratified by study.

|  | | **Study** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Characteristic\*** | **Overall (N = 1079)** | **CARDIA (N = 458)** | **JHS (N = 621)** |
| Age, years | 57.1 (8.57) | 54.7 (3.70) | 58.8 (10.5) |
| Male, % | 32.0 | 37.8 | 27.7 |
| Black, % | 81.0 | 55.2 | 100 |
| Education, % |  |  |  |
| College graduate | 62.3 | 61.1 | 63.2 |
| High School graduate/GED | 10.5 | 0.00 | 18.2 |
| Less than High School | 27.2 | 38.9 | 18.5 |
| Current smoker, %† | 10.8 | 12.9 | 9.25 |
| Diabetes, %‡ | 22.3 | 17.7 | 25.6 |
| Albuminuria, % | 8.06 | 6.99 | 9.09 |
| Left ventricular mass indexed to BSA, g/m2 | 77.5 (21.1) | 78.8 (20.2) | 76.7 (21.7) |
| Left ventricular hypertrophy, % | 9.78 | 8.59 | 10.6 |
| Sleep duration, hours | 8.00 (1.47) | 7.62 (1.43) | 8.29 (1.44) |
| Nocturnal hypertension, %§ | 46.9 | 36.7 | 54.4 |
| Antihypertensive medication use, % | 53.3 | 43.5 | 60.6 |
| Blood pressure, mm Hg | | | |
| Asleep systolic | 116 (15.6) | 111 (15.1) | 120 (14.7) |
| Asleep diastolic | 67.2 (8.95) | 66.3 (8.59) | 67.8 (9.16) |
| Clinic systolic | 124 (16.2) | 119 (15.1) | 128 (16.0) |
| Clinic diastolic | 73.8 (9.25) | 72.9 (9.86) | 74.5 (8.71) |
| \*Table values are mean (standard deviation) and percent for continuous and categorical variables, respectively. | | | |
| †Smoking status was defined as self-reporting cigarette use within the past year. | | | |
| ‡Diabetes was defined as fasting (8+ hours) glucose of at least 126 mg/dL or current use of anti-diabetes medication. | | | |
| §Nocturnal hypertension was defined as asleep systolic/diastolic blood pressure ≥120/70 mm Hg. | | | |
|  | | | |
| Missing counts (%): albuminuria: 148 (14%); left ventricular mass and hypertrophy: 57 (5.3%); antihypertensive medication use: 8 (0.74%); Smoking status: 6 (0.56%); diabetes: 2 (0.19%); education: 1 (0.09%) | | | |
| BSA = body surface area; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; GED = General Educational Development; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | |

Table 2: summary of 12 blood pressure sampling variations that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement (i.e., Kappa statistic) with ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep.

| **BP sampling variation\*** | **Kappa statistic (95% CI)†** | | | **Mean absolute error (95% CI) for mean systolic BP during sleep** | | | **Mean absolute error (95% CI) for mean diastolic BP during sleep** | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** | **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** | **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.76) | 5.32 (5.06, 5.58) | 5.47 (5.08, 5.88) | 5.20 (4.87, 5.54) | 4.55 (4.33, 4.76) | 4.65 (4.32, 5.00) | 4.47 (4.19, 4.76) |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.77) | 5.52 (5.25, 5.80) | 5.42 (5.00, 5.88) | 5.58 (5.23, 5.94) | 4.53 (4.30, 4.76) | 4.44 (4.09, 4.81) | 4.59 (4.29, 4.89) |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.70 (0.65, 0.76) | 4.86 (4.64, 5.10) | 4.72 (4.37, 5.09) | 4.97 (4.68, 5.26) | 3.96 (3.75, 4.16) | 3.75 (3.44, 4.09) | 4.10 (3.83, 4.37) |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.75 (0.69, 0.80) | 4.67 (4.46, 4.89) | 4.54 (4.21, 4.88) | 4.77 (4.50, 5.06) | 3.80 (3.61, 3.99) | 3.56 (3.27, 3.86) | 3.99 (3.75, 4.23) |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.75 (0.68, 0.81) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.77) | 4.88 (4.64, 5.13) | 4.78 (4.41, 5.17) | 4.95 (4.63, 5.29) | 4.08 (3.87, 4.30) | 3.97 (3.65, 4.30) | 4.16 (3.88, 4.44) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.77 (0.71, 0.83) | 0.73 (0.68, 0.78) | 5.27 (5.02, 5.54) | 4.78 (4.42, 5.15) | 5.63 (5.29, 6.00) | 4.27 (4.06, 4.48) | 3.87 (3.59, 4.18) | 4.55 (4.27, 4.86) |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.83) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.77 (0.72, 0.82) | 3.82 (3.64, 4.00) | 3.93 (3.65, 4.22) | 3.73 (3.49, 3.98) | 3.25 (3.09, 3.42) | 3.24 (2.98, 3.51) | 3.27 (3.06, 3.48) |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.83 (0.78, 0.89) | 0.80 (0.75, 0.84) | 4.01 (3.82, 4.20) | 4.01 (3.73, 4.29) | 4.01 (3.76, 4.27) | 3.31 (3.16, 3.47) | 3.07 (2.85, 3.30) | 3.48 (3.28, 3.69) |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.31 (4.10, 4.51) | 4.09 (3.79, 4.40) | 4.46 (4.18, 4.75) | 3.66 (3.47, 3.84) | 3.40 (3.13, 3.70) | 3.85 (3.60, 4.10) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.78 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 4.58 (4.36, 4.81) | 4.16 (3.86, 4.47) | 4.89 (4.58, 5.22) | 3.72 (3.53, 3.90) | 3.32 (3.08, 3.56) | 4.01 (3.76, 4.26) |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.85 (0.81, 0.90) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.17 (3.01, 3.32) | 3.15 (2.93, 3.38) | 3.18 (2.98, 3.38) | 2.61 (2.48, 2.75) | 2.60 (2.38, 2.85) | 2.62 (2.46, 2.78) |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.84 (0.81, 0.87) | 0.84 (0.79, 0.89) | 0.83 (0.79, 0.88) | 3.11 (2.97, 3.26) | 3.10 (2.89, 3.33) | 3.12 (2.93, 3.32) | 2.66 (2.53, 2.78) | 2.48 (2.30, 2.67) | 2.79 (2.62, 2.96) |
| BP = blood pressure; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | | | | |
| †Kappa statistics measure the chance-corrected agreement in classification of nocturnal hypertension between ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep and a blood pressure sampling variation. | | | | | | | | | |

Table 3: Prevalence ratios (95% confidence intervals) for the association between mean systolic blood pressure during sleep and left ventricular hypertrophy using the 12 blood pressure sampling strategies that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement (i.e., Kappa statistic) with measuring blood pressure throughout sleep.

| **Blood pressure sampling variation\*** | **Overall** | | **CARDIA** | | **JHS** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** | **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** | **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** |
| Measuring BP throughout sleep | 1.22 (1.02, 1.46) | 0.03 | 1.44 (1.13, 1.83) | 0.004 | 1.14 (0.88, 1.48) | 0.33 |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 1.25 (1.06, 1.47) | 0.009 | 1.57 (1.24, 1.99) | <0.001 | 1.14 (0.90, 1.43) | 0.28 |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 1.25 (1.06, 1.46) | 0.006 | 1.42 (1.13, 1.78) | 0.003 | 1.19 (0.96, 1.49) | 0.11 |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 1.18 (1.01, 1.39) | 0.04 | 1.31 (1.07, 1.60) | 0.009 | 1.10 (0.86, 1.42) | 0.45 |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 1.27 (1.07, 1.50) | 0.005 | 1.41 (1.13, 1.75) | 0.002 | 1.20 (0.96, 1.49) | 0.10 |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 1.23 (1.03, 1.46) | 0.02 | 1.35 (1.04, 1.74) | 0.02 | 1.18 (0.92, 1.51) | 0.20 |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 1.23 (1.04, 1.45) | 0.01 | 1.33 (1.05, 1.68) | 0.02 | 1.22 (0.97, 1.52) | 0.09 |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 1.20 (1.02, 1.41) | 0.02 | 1.33 (1.06, 1.67) | 0.01 | 1.15 (0.91, 1.45) | 0.25 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 1.18 (1.01, 1.39) | 0.04 | 1.39 (1.12, 1.72) | 0.003 | 1.10 (0.87, 1.38) | 0.45 |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 1.24 (1.04, 1.48) | 0.01 | 1.42 (1.10, 1.83) | 0.007 | 1.18 (0.93, 1.51) | 0.18 |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 1.20 (1.02, 1.43) | 0.03 | 1.30 (1.01, 1.67) | 0.04 | 1.19 (0.95, 1.50) | 0.13 |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 1.21 (1.02, 1.42) | 0.03 | 1.35 (1.07, 1.70) | 0.01 | 1.13 (0.89, 1.44) | 0.31 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 1.23 (1.05, 1.45) | 0.01 | 1.45 (1.15, 1.82) | 0.002 | 1.15 (0.91, 1.46) | 0.24 |
| CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | |
| †Prevalence ratios are adjusted for participant age, sex, diabetes status, smoking status, antihypertensive medication use and sleep duration | | | | | | |
| ‡Prevalence ratios correspond to 10 mm Hg higher systolic blood pressure | | | | | | |

Table 4: Concordance statistics for left-ventricular hypertrophy based on models using the 12 blood pressure sampling strategies, separately, that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement with ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep.

|  | **Overall** | | **CARDIA** | | **JHS** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Blood pressure sampling variation\*** | **C-statistic (95% CI)†‡** | **P-value for difference§** | **C-statistic (95% CI)** | **P-value for difference** | **C-statistic (95% CI)** | **P-value for difference** |
| Measuring BP throughout sleep | 0.712 (0.659, 0.765) | reference | 0.708 (0.622, 0.793) | reference | 0.717 (0.650, 0.783) | reference |
| Foregoing BP measurement | 0.678 (0.623, 0.734) | 0.05 | 0.664 (0.578, 0.750) | 0.18 | 0.695 (0.625, 0.765) | 0.28 |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.713 (0.659, 0.768) | 0.85 | 0.722 (0.635, 0.809) | 0.32 | 0.712 (0.642, 0.782) | 0.53 |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.705 (0.651, 0.759) | 0.42 | 0.711 (0.632, 0.791) | 0.80 | 0.709 (0.639, 0.778) | 0.47 |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.705 (0.650, 0.760) | 0.37 | 0.703 (0.615, 0.790) | 0.76 | 0.708 (0.639, 0.777) | 0.37 |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.710 (0.657, 0.763) | 0.85 | 0.700 (0.615, 0.786) | 0.71 | 0.716 (0.650, 0.782) | 0.93 |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.698 (0.643, 0.753) | 0.14 | 0.694 (0.610, 0.779) | 0.30 | 0.704 (0.634, 0.774) | 0.34 |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.706 (0.653, 0.760) | 0.44 | 0.698 (0.616, 0.780) | 0.58 | 0.716 (0.648, 0.785) | 0.95 |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.699 (0.643, 0.754) | 0.12 | 0.697 (0.610, 0.784) | 0.40 | 0.704 (0.634, 0.773) | 0.28 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.711 (0.658, 0.765) | 0.94 | 0.716 (0.632, 0.801) | 0.51 | 0.712 (0.643, 0.781) | 0.53 |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.705 (0.651, 0.760) | 0.31 | 0.704 (0.621, 0.788) | 0.74 | 0.709 (0.640, 0.778) | 0.41 |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.705 (0.652, 0.758) | 0.36 | 0.692 (0.610, 0.774) | 0.40 | 0.715 (0.648, 0.782) | 0.79 |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.700 (0.644, 0.756) | 0.15 | 0.696 (0.608, 0.784) | 0.28 | 0.703 (0.634, 0.773) | 0.27 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.714 (0.660, 0.768) | 0.72 | 0.724 (0.636, 0.811) | 0.20 | 0.712 (0.643, 0.781) | 0.55 |
| BP = blood pressure; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; CI = confidence interval; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | |
| †Overall concordance was defined as the concordance statistic resulting from concatenating predicted probabilities and observed status across the two cohorts and two outcome variables. | | | | | | |
| ‡All concordance statistics obtained from blood pressure sampling variations were compared to the concordance statistic obtained when blood pressure was measured throughout sleep. | | | | | | |
| §P-values were obtained using DeLong's test for correlated concordance statistics. | | | | | | |

Figure 1: Illustration of blood pressure sampling variations following a consecutive and distributed sampling strategy.



Figure 2: Summary of Kappa statistics (multiplied by 100) for the 6 blood pressure sampling variations with highest overall Kappa statistics among those that measured time in hours since falling asleep. Panels on the diagonal (white background) show the Kappa statistic values for participants in the JHS (lower left) and CARDIA study (upper right). Panels on the off-diagonal show bootstrapped differences between the Kappa statistics presented on the corresponding diagonal tiles; differences between the JHS Kappa statistics are shown below the diagonal while differences between the CARDIA Kappa statistics are shown above the diagonal.



Confidence intervals were estimated using bootstrap resampling with bias correction and acceleration. Each interval was based on the aggregate of 10,000 bootstrap replicates.

Table S1: Participant inclusion cascade.

| **Inclusion criteria** | **CARDIA participants** | **JHS participants** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| All study participants | 5,115 | 5,306 |
| Participants who underwent 24-hour ABPM. | 831 | 1,146 |
| Participants with ≥5 asleep blood pressure measurements. | 788 | 941 |
| Participants who were asleep for all measurements between 1am and 5am. | 645 | 854 |
| Participants with at least 1 blood pressure measurement within 30 minutes of all sampling times | 458 | 621 |
| ABPM = ambulatory blood pressure monitoring; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | |

Table S2: Summary of 12 groups of blood pressure sampling variations

| **Group description** | **BP sampling variations** |
| --- | --- |
| 2 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 2 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since midnight | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 2 Distributed BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | at 1 and 2; at 1 and 3; at 1 and 4; at 1 and 5; at 2 and 3; at 2 and 4; at 2 and 5; at 3 and 4; at 3 and 5; and at 4 and 5 |
| 2 Distributed BP measurements, hours since midnight | at 1 and 2; at 1 and 3; at 1 and 4; at 1 and 5; at 2 and 3; at 2 and 4; at 2 and 5; at 3 and 4; at 3 and 5; and at 4 and 5 |
| 3 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 3 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since midnight | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 3 Distributed BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | at 1, 2 and 3; at 1, 2 and 4; at 1, 2 and 5; at 1, 3 and 4; at 1, 3 and 5; at 1, 4 and 5; at 2, 3 and 4; at 2, 3 and 5; at 2, 4 and 5; and at 3, 4 and 5 |
| 3 Distributed BP measurements, hours since midnight | at 1, 2 and 3; at 1, 2 and 4; at 1, 2 and 5; at 1, 3 and 4; at 1, 3 and 5; at 1, 4 and 5; at 2, 3 and 4; at 2, 3 and 5; at 2, 4 and 5; and at 3, 4 and 5 |
| 4 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 4 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since midnight | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 4 Distributed BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | at 1, 2, 3 and 4; at 1, 2, 3 and 5; at 1, 2, 4 and 5; at 1, 3, 4 and 5; and at 2, 3, 4 and 5 |
| 4 Distributed BP measurements, hours since midnight | at 1, 2, 3 and 4; at 1, 2, 3 and 5; at 1, 2, 4 and 5; at 1, 3, 4 and 5; and at 2, 3, 4 and 5 |
| BP = blood pressure | |

Table S3: Summary of all 74 blood pressure sampling variations that were evaluated in the current study.

| **BP sampling variation** | **Kappa statistic (95% CI)\*** | | | **Mean absolute error (95% CI) for mean systolic BP during sleep** | | | **Mean absolute error (95% CI) for mean diastolic BP during sleep** | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** | **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** | **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.70 (0.66, 0.75) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.68 (0.62, 0.74) | 5.83 (5.55, 6.12) | 5.94 (5.51, 6.40) | 5.74 (5.39, 6.11) | 4.69 (4.45, 4.95) | 4.78 (4.40, 5.22) | 4.63 (4.32, 4.94) |
| starting at 2 hours after midnight | 0.69 (0.65, 0.74) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.66 (0.61, 0.72) | 5.36 (5.10, 5.62) | 5.03 (4.65, 5.43) | 5.60 (5.26, 5.94) | 4.49 (4.27, 4.71) | 4.24 (3.93, 4.58) | 4.67 (4.37, 4.97) |
| starting at 3 hours after midnight | 0.70 (0.66, 0.74) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.68 (0.63, 0.74) | 5.36 (5.10, 5.62) | 5.01 (4.62, 5.41) | 5.61 (5.27, 5.96) | 4.62 (4.40, 4.84) | 4.50 (4.16, 4.85) | 4.71 (4.42, 5.00) |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.76) | 5.32 (5.06, 5.58) | 5.47 (5.08, 5.88) | 5.20 (4.87, 5.54) | 4.55 (4.33, 4.76) | 4.65 (4.32, 5.00) | 4.47 (4.19, 4.76) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.70 (0.66, 0.74) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.66 (0.60, 0.72) | 6.03 (5.76, 6.32) | 5.47 (5.07, 5.89) | 6.46 (6.08, 6.84) | 5.01 (4.77, 5.25) | 4.61 (4.28, 4.95) | 5.30 (4.97, 5.62) |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.77) | 5.52 (5.25, 5.80) | 5.42 (5.00, 5.88) | 5.58 (5.23, 5.94) | 4.53 (4.30, 4.76) | 4.44 (4.09, 4.81) | 4.59 (4.29, 4.89) |
| starting at 3 hours after sleep | 0.71 (0.67, 0.75) | 0.74 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.67 (0.62, 0.73) | 5.29 (5.03, 5.55) | 5.20 (4.79, 5.61) | 5.36 (5.02, 5.71) | 4.54 (4.32, 4.77) | 4.27 (3.96, 4.61) | 4.74 (4.45, 5.04) |
| starting at 4 hours after sleep | 0.72 (0.67, 0.76) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.69 (0.64, 0.75) | 5.27 (5.03, 5.52) | 4.99 (4.62, 5.38) | 5.48 (5.15, 5.81) | 4.50 (4.29, 4.72) | 4.41 (4.09, 4.73) | 4.56 (4.28, 4.86) |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 2 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.74 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.78) | 5.02 (4.78, 5.27) | 5.04 (4.67, 5.43) | 5.00 (4.69, 5.32) | 4.30 (4.09, 4.51) | 4.20 (3.87, 4.54) | 4.38 (4.11, 4.66) |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.70 (0.65, 0.76) | 4.86 (4.64, 5.10) | 4.72 (4.37, 5.09) | 4.97 (4.68, 5.26) | 3.96 (3.75, 4.16) | 3.75 (3.44, 4.09) | 4.10 (3.83, 4.37) |
| at 1 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.76) | 4.47 (4.25, 4.69) | 4.74 (4.40, 5.09) | 4.26 (3.99, 4.54) | 3.85 (3.65, 4.05) | 3.98 (3.66, 4.32) | 3.75 (3.51, 4.00) |
| at 1 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.79) | 0.72 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.56 (4.35, 4.77) | 4.72 (4.40, 5.08) | 4.43 (4.16, 4.71) | 3.71 (3.53, 3.90) | 3.76 (3.47, 4.08) | 3.67 (3.44, 3.90) |
| at 2 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.69 (0.65, 0.73) | 0.69 (0.62, 0.76) | 0.68 (0.62, 0.74) | 4.98 (4.75, 5.22) | 4.75 (4.38, 5.12) | 5.16 (4.86, 5.47) | 4.10 (3.89, 4.30) | 3.97 (3.66, 4.31) | 4.19 (3.93, 4.46) |
| at 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.72 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.79 (4.56, 5.02) | 4.88 (4.54, 5.23) | 4.72 (4.42, 5.01) | 3.96 (3.77, 4.16) | 3.97 (3.65, 4.29) | 3.96 (3.72, 4.21) |
| at 2 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.77) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.69 (0.63, 0.75) | 4.69 (4.47, 4.92) | 4.46 (4.14, 4.78) | 4.86 (4.57, 5.17) | 3.74 (3.55, 3.96) | 3.57 (3.25, 3.93) | 3.86 (3.62, 4.11) |
| at 3 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.74 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.70 (0.64, 0.76) | 4.80 (4.59, 5.02) | 4.78 (4.45, 5.12) | 4.81 (4.53, 5.10) | 3.96 (3.77, 4.16) | 3.96 (3.65, 4.31) | 3.97 (3.73, 4.21) |
| at 3 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.70 (0.66, 0.75) | 0.70 (0.63, 0.77) | 0.70 (0.64, 0.75) | 4.75 (4.52, 4.99) | 4.57 (4.22, 4.95) | 4.89 (4.59, 5.19) | 3.85 (3.66, 4.04) | 3.83 (3.54, 4.16) | 3.85 (3.61, 4.10) |
| at 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.71 (0.67, 0.75) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.79) | 0.69 (0.63, 0.75) | 5.02 (4.78, 5.27) | 5.06 (4.67, 5.47) | 4.99 (4.69, 5.30) | 4.05 (3.85, 4.26) | 4.12 (3.78, 4.49) | 4.00 (3.76, 4.25) |
| at 1 and 2 hours after sleep | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.77) | 5.33 (5.08, 5.61) | 5.39 (5.00, 5.81) | 5.29 (4.96, 5.64) | 4.39 (4.19, 4.61) | 4.23 (3.92, 4.54) | 4.52 (4.24, 4.80) |
| at 1 and 3 hours after sleep | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.76 (0.69, 0.82) | 0.69 (0.64, 0.75) | 5.05 (4.82, 5.30) | 4.87 (4.54, 5.22) | 5.19 (4.88, 5.52) | 4.21 (4.01, 4.40) | 3.91 (3.64, 4.20) | 4.42 (4.16, 4.70) |
| at 1 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.77 (0.71, 0.83) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.72 (4.50, 4.95) | 4.80 (4.48, 5.14) | 4.67 (4.37, 4.98) | 3.96 (3.76, 4.16) | 3.86 (3.57, 4.16) | 4.04 (3.78, 4.30) |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.75 (0.69, 0.80) | 4.67 (4.46, 4.89) | 4.54 (4.21, 4.88) | 4.77 (4.50, 5.06) | 3.80 (3.61, 3.99) | 3.56 (3.27, 3.86) | 3.99 (3.75, 4.23) |
| at 2 and 3 hours after sleep | 0.70 (0.66, 0.75) | 0.68 (0.61, 0.75) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.76) | 5.11 (4.85, 5.36) | 5.13 (4.73, 5.54) | 5.10 (4.79, 5.42) | 4.25 (4.04, 4.46) | 4.12 (3.79, 4.46) | 4.34 (4.07, 4.62) |
| at 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.80) | 4.70 (4.48, 4.92) | 4.66 (4.32, 5.01) | 4.73 (4.46, 5.01) | 3.90 (3.72, 4.10) | 3.65 (3.36, 3.96) | 4.09 (3.85, 4.34) |
| at 2 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.75 (0.68, 0.81) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 4.49 (4.29, 4.70) | 4.53 (4.20, 4.86) | 4.46 (4.20, 4.74) | 3.79 (3.61, 3.99) | 3.80 (3.49, 4.13) | 3.79 (3.56, 4.04) |
| at 3 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.75 (0.69, 0.81) | 0.73 (0.68, 0.79) | 4.91 (4.67, 5.15) | 4.98 (4.63, 5.35) | 4.85 (4.53, 5.17) | 4.01 (3.82, 4.21) | 3.98 (3.69, 4.28) | 4.03 (3.78, 4.30) |
| at 3 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.71 (0.64, 0.77) | 0.74 (0.68, 0.79) | 4.75 (4.53, 4.98) | 4.75 (4.42, 5.10) | 4.76 (4.47, 5.05) | 3.79 (3.61, 3.97) | 3.80 (3.53, 4.08) | 3.78 (3.55, 4.02) |
| at 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.90 (4.67, 5.14) | 5.04 (4.66, 5.43) | 4.80 (4.51, 5.09) | 4.17 (3.98, 4.37) | 4.11 (3.79, 4.43) | 4.22 (3.97, 4.48) |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.75 (0.68, 0.81) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.77) | 4.88 (4.64, 5.13) | 4.78 (4.41, 5.17) | 4.95 (4.63, 5.29) | 4.08 (3.87, 4.30) | 3.97 (3.65, 4.30) | 4.16 (3.88, 4.44) |
| starting at 2 hours after midnight | 0.71 (0.67, 0.75) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.69 (0.64, 0.75) | 4.71 (4.49, 4.94) | 4.27 (3.94, 4.61) | 5.03 (4.73, 5.33) | 3.92 (3.73, 4.12) | 3.56 (3.30, 3.85) | 4.19 (3.92, 4.45) |
| starting at 3 hours after midnight | 0.71 (0.66, 0.75) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.69 (0.63, 0.74) | 4.66 (4.43, 4.89) | 4.33 (4.03, 4.66) | 4.89 (4.59, 5.20) | 4.01 (3.82, 4.21) | 3.77 (3.48, 4.08) | 4.18 (3.94, 4.44) |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.69 (0.63, 0.74) | 4.68 (4.45, 4.92) | 4.60 (4.26, 4.96) | 4.73 (4.44, 5.04) | 3.89 (3.71, 4.08) | 3.86 (3.58, 4.16) | 3.92 (3.67, 4.16) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.77 (0.71, 0.83) | 0.73 (0.68, 0.78) | 5.27 (5.02, 5.54) | 4.78 (4.42, 5.15) | 5.63 (5.29, 6.00) | 4.27 (4.06, 4.48) | 3.87 (3.59, 4.18) | 4.55 (4.27, 4.86) |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.75 (0.71, 0.79) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.80) | 4.77 (4.54, 5.02) | 4.65 (4.29, 5.03) | 4.86 (4.55, 5.18) | 3.95 (3.75, 4.16) | 3.71 (3.43, 4.02) | 4.12 (3.85, 4.39) |
| starting at 3 hours after sleep | 0.74 (0.69, 0.78) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.69 (0.64, 0.75) | 4.64 (4.43, 4.86) | 4.58 (4.26, 4.93) | 4.69 (4.41, 4.99) | 3.96 (3.77, 4.15) | 3.73 (3.46, 4.01) | 4.12 (3.87, 4.39) |
| starting at 4 hours after sleep | 0.75 (0.71, 0.79) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.56 (4.34, 4.77) | 4.34 (4.02, 4.67) | 4.71 (4.41, 5.01) | 3.98 (3.78, 4.18) | 3.70 (3.42, 3.99) | 4.18 (3.91, 4.45) |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.77 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.81 (0.75, 0.86) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.08 (3.88, 4.28) | 3.87 (3.57, 4.19) | 4.23 (3.98, 4.49) | 3.34 (3.17, 3.52) | 3.09 (2.83, 3.36) | 3.53 (3.30, 3.76) |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.83) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.77 (0.72, 0.82) | 3.82 (3.64, 4.00) | 3.93 (3.65, 4.22) | 3.73 (3.49, 3.98) | 3.25 (3.09, 3.42) | 3.24 (2.98, 3.51) | 3.27 (3.06, 3.48) |
| at 1, 2 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.78 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.79 (0.74, 0.85) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.81) | 3.74 (3.57, 3.92) | 3.64 (3.38, 3.92) | 3.81 (3.58, 4.05) | 3.08 (2.93, 3.24) | 3.01 (2.76, 3.29) | 3.13 (2.94, 3.33) |
| at 1, 3 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.78 (0.74, 0.82) | 0.80 (0.75, 0.86) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.81) | 3.65 (3.47, 3.83) | 3.63 (3.37, 3.91) | 3.66 (3.44, 3.89) | 3.08 (2.92, 3.23) | 3.01 (2.77, 3.26) | 3.13 (2.92, 3.34) |
| at 1, 3 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.82) | 0.81 (0.76, 0.87) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 3.65 (3.48, 3.82) | 3.54 (3.28, 3.82) | 3.73 (3.51, 3.95) | 2.91 (2.77, 3.06) | 2.80 (2.58, 3.04) | 3.00 (2.81, 3.19) |
| at 1, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.82) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.63 (3.47, 3.81) | 3.74 (3.46, 4.02) | 3.56 (3.34, 3.77) | 2.95 (2.80, 3.11) | 3.05 (2.81, 3.33) | 2.87 (2.69, 3.06) |
| at 2, 3 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.75 (0.69, 0.80) | 4.01 (3.83, 4.21) | 3.93 (3.64, 4.21) | 4.08 (3.83, 4.33) | 3.26 (3.09, 3.42) | 3.20 (2.96, 3.46) | 3.30 (3.09, 3.52) |
| at 2, 3 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 3.90 (3.72, 4.09) | 3.60 (3.32, 3.88) | 4.13 (3.88, 4.38) | 3.07 (2.91, 3.24) | 2.94 (2.69, 3.22) | 3.17 (2.97, 3.38) |
| at 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 3.95 (3.76, 4.14) | 3.87 (3.60, 4.17) | 4.00 (3.76, 4.26) | 3.15 (2.98, 3.31) | 3.13 (2.86, 3.43) | 3.15 (2.96, 3.35) |
| at 3, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.76 (0.73, 0.80) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.83) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.81) | 3.98 (3.80, 4.18) | 3.91 (3.63, 4.21) | 4.04 (3.81, 4.29) | 3.19 (3.03, 3.35) | 3.19 (2.94, 3.46) | 3.19 (2.99, 3.39) |
| at 1, 2 and 3 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.84) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.80) | 4.42 (4.21, 4.63) | 4.33 (4.01, 4.66) | 4.47 (4.21, 4.75) | 3.59 (3.43, 3.76) | 3.36 (3.12, 3.61) | 3.76 (3.54, 3.99) |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.83 (0.78, 0.89) | 0.80 (0.75, 0.84) | 4.01 (3.82, 4.20) | 4.01 (3.73, 4.29) | 4.01 (3.76, 4.27) | 3.31 (3.16, 3.47) | 3.07 (2.85, 3.30) | 3.48 (3.28, 3.69) |
| at 1, 2 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.80 (0.77, 0.84) | 0.82 (0.76, 0.87) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.78 (3.60, 3.96) | 3.79 (3.54, 4.06) | 3.77 (3.53, 4.01) | 3.10 (2.95, 3.25) | 2.95 (2.73, 3.19) | 3.20 (3.01, 3.41) |
| at 1, 3 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.79 (0.75, 0.83) | 0.81 (0.75, 0.86) | 0.77 (0.72, 0.82) | 3.93 (3.74, 4.11) | 3.87 (3.60, 4.14) | 3.97 (3.71, 4.23) | 3.26 (3.10, 3.41) | 3.12 (2.89, 3.35) | 3.36 (3.15, 3.57) |
| at 1, 3 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.79 (0.75, 0.82) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.76 (3.58, 3.93) | 3.56 (3.31, 3.82) | 3.90 (3.67, 4.13) | 3.04 (2.91, 3.18) | 2.79 (2.59, 3.01) | 3.22 (3.04, 3.41) |
| at 1, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.81 (0.77, 0.84) | 0.80 (0.75, 0.86) | 0.80 (0.76, 0.85) | 3.64 (3.47, 3.82) | 3.67 (3.40, 3.95) | 3.62 (3.40, 3.84) | 3.14 (2.99, 3.29) | 2.98 (2.75, 3.23) | 3.25 (3.05, 3.44) |
| at 2, 3 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.81 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.81 (0.76, 0.87) | 0.80 (0.76, 0.85) | 4.11 (3.92, 4.30) | 4.07 (3.78, 4.37) | 4.13 (3.88, 4.39) | 3.34 (3.18, 3.50) | 3.15 (2.91, 3.40) | 3.48 (3.27, 3.70) |
| at 2, 3 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.79 (0.75, 0.82) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.83) | 0.79 (0.75, 0.84) | 3.81 (3.63, 4.00) | 3.75 (3.48, 4.04) | 3.85 (3.62, 4.09) | 3.13 (2.98, 3.29) | 3.02 (2.79, 3.27) | 3.21 (3.02, 3.40) |
| at 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.80 (0.76, 0.84) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.81 (0.76, 0.85) | 3.66 (3.49, 3.83) | 3.62 (3.35, 3.90) | 3.69 (3.47, 3.91) | 3.16 (3.01, 3.31) | 3.04 (2.81, 3.28) | 3.24 (3.05, 3.44) |
| at 3, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.78 (0.74, 0.82) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.77 (0.72, 0.82) | 3.95 (3.77, 4.14) | 3.95 (3.66, 4.27) | 3.95 (3.70, 4.19) | 3.21 (3.06, 3.37) | 3.13 (2.89, 3.37) | 3.27 (3.08, 3.47) |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.31 (4.10, 4.51) | 4.09 (3.79, 4.40) | 4.46 (4.18, 4.75) | 3.66 (3.47, 3.84) | 3.40 (3.13, 3.70) | 3.85 (3.60, 4.10) |
| starting at 2 hours after midnight | 0.75 (0.71, 0.79) | 0.77 (0.70, 0.83) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.18 (3.99, 4.38) | 3.73 (3.46, 4.01) | 4.51 (4.25, 4.78) | 3.40 (3.24, 3.58) | 3.04 (2.82, 3.27) | 3.67 (3.44, 3.91) |
| starting at 3 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.74 (0.68, 0.81) | 0.73 (0.68, 0.78) | 4.14 (3.94, 4.35) | 3.83 (3.53, 4.14) | 4.37 (4.10, 4.65) | 3.54 (3.37, 3.70) | 3.32 (3.07, 3.58) | 3.69 (3.47, 3.91) |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.67, 0.76) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.83) | 0.67 (0.62, 0.73) | 4.43 (4.22, 4.65) | 4.28 (3.94, 4.64) | 4.54 (4.27, 4.82) | 3.53 (3.36, 3.71) | 3.48 (3.23, 3.76) | 3.56 (3.34, 3.78) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.78 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 4.58 (4.36, 4.81) | 4.16 (3.86, 4.47) | 4.89 (4.58, 5.22) | 3.72 (3.53, 3.90) | 3.32 (3.08, 3.56) | 4.01 (3.76, 4.26) |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.78 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.81) | 4.22 (4.02, 4.45) | 4.00 (3.68, 4.33) | 4.39 (4.10, 4.69) | 3.49 (3.31, 3.68) | 3.18 (2.93, 3.45) | 3.73 (3.48, 3.98) |
| starting at 3 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.77 (0.71, 0.83) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 4.07 (3.88, 4.26) | 3.81 (3.52, 4.10) | 4.26 (4.00, 4.52) | 3.43 (3.26, 3.60) | 3.22 (2.99, 3.46) | 3.59 (3.37, 3.83) |
| starting at 4 hours after sleep | 0.75 (0.71, 0.79) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.72 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.12 (3.93, 4.32) | 3.87 (3.59, 4.18) | 4.31 (4.05, 4.58) | 3.54 (3.37, 3.70) | 3.27 (3.05, 3.51) | 3.73 (3.49, 3.96) |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 3 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.81 (0.77, 0.84) | 0.84 (0.78, 0.89) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.39 (3.23, 3.55) | 3.29 (3.06, 3.54) | 3.46 (3.25, 3.67) | 2.79 (2.65, 2.94) | 2.64 (2.44, 2.86) | 2.90 (2.71, 3.08) |
| at 1, 2, 3 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.81 (0.77, 0.84) | 0.84 (0.78, 0.89) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.20 (3.04, 3.36) | 2.95 (2.72, 3.19) | 3.38 (3.17, 3.60) | 2.59 (2.46, 2.73) | 2.44 (2.24, 2.66) | 2.70 (2.53, 2.88) |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.85 (0.81, 0.90) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.17 (3.01, 3.32) | 3.15 (2.93, 3.38) | 3.18 (2.98, 3.38) | 2.61 (2.48, 2.75) | 2.60 (2.38, 2.85) | 2.62 (2.46, 2.78) |
| at 1, 3, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.81 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.85 (0.80, 0.90) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.12 (2.98, 3.27) | 3.05 (2.83, 3.28) | 3.18 (2.99, 3.37) | 2.48 (2.36, 2.61) | 2.42 (2.22, 2.63) | 2.53 (2.37, 2.70) |
| at 2, 3, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.83) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.40 (3.23, 3.57) | 3.27 (3.04, 3.52) | 3.50 (3.28, 3.73) | 2.71 (2.57, 2.85) | 2.65 (2.43, 2.89) | 2.75 (2.58, 2.92) |
| at 1, 2, 3 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.84 (0.79, 0.90) | 0.79 (0.74, 0.84) | 3.57 (3.40, 3.75) | 3.52 (3.27, 3.77) | 3.61 (3.38, 3.85) | 2.90 (2.76, 3.04) | 2.68 (2.49, 2.88) | 3.06 (2.87, 3.25) |
| at 1, 2, 3 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.79, 0.86) | 0.83 (0.77, 0.88) | 0.81 (0.76, 0.86) | 3.33 (3.17, 3.49) | 3.21 (2.98, 3.45) | 3.42 (3.22, 3.63) | 2.68 (2.56, 2.81) | 2.49 (2.30, 2.69) | 2.82 (2.65, 3.00) |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.84 (0.81, 0.87) | 0.84 (0.79, 0.89) | 0.83 (0.79, 0.88) | 3.11 (2.97, 3.26) | 3.10 (2.89, 3.33) | 3.12 (2.93, 3.32) | 2.66 (2.53, 2.78) | 2.48 (2.30, 2.67) | 2.79 (2.62, 2.96) |
| at 1, 3, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.83 (0.79, 0.86) | 0.83 (0.78, 0.88) | 0.82 (0.77, 0.86) | 3.20 (3.05, 3.36) | 3.11 (2.88, 3.35) | 3.26 (3.07, 3.47) | 2.62 (2.50, 2.75) | 2.47 (2.29, 2.67) | 2.74 (2.57, 2.91) |
| at 2, 3, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.83 (0.78, 0.87) | 3.29 (3.14, 3.45) | 3.23 (3.00, 3.48) | 3.34 (3.13, 3.55) | 2.74 (2.61, 2.87) | 2.57 (2.37, 2.77) | 2.87 (2.70, 3.05) |
| BP = blood pressure; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | | | | |
| \*Kappa statistics measure the chance-corrected agreement in classification of nocturnal hypertension between ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep and a blood pressure sampling variation. | | | | | | | | | |

Table S4: Prevalence ratios (95% confidence intervals) for the association between mean systolic blood pressure during sleep and albuminuria using the 12 blood pressure sampling strategies that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement (i.e., Kappa statistic) with measuring blood pressure throughout sleep.

| **Blood pressure sampling variation\*** | **Overall** | | **CARDIA** | | **JHS** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** | **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** | **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** |
| Measuring BP throughout sleep | 1.27 (1.07, 1.52) | 0.008 | 1.08 (0.76, 1.53) | 0.68 | 1.38 (1.10, 1.73) | 0.006 |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 1.35 (1.17, 1.56) | <0.001 | 1.17 (0.91, 1.50) | 0.22 | 1.40 (1.15, 1.70) | <0.001 |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 1.30 (1.11, 1.52) | 0.001 | 1.17 (0.86, 1.59) | 0.33 | 1.38 (1.12, 1.70) | 0.002 |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 1.41 (1.23, 1.62) | <0.001 | 1.24 (1.01, 1.52) | 0.04 | 1.57 (1.30, 1.90) | <0.001 |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 1.27 (1.07, 1.50) | 0.007 | 1.10 (0.81, 1.50) | 0.53 | 1.34 (1.08, 1.67) | 0.008 |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 1.34 (1.14, 1.58) | <0.001 | 1.14 (0.86, 1.53) | 0.36 | 1.48 (1.19, 1.83) | <0.001 |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 1.23 (1.05, 1.45) | 0.01 | 0.93 (0.70, 1.23) | 0.60 | 1.37 (1.12, 1.67) | 0.003 |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 1.24 (1.07, 1.44) | 0.004 | 1.08 (0.83, 1.41) | 0.57 | 1.35 (1.08, 1.68) | 0.008 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 1.24 (1.08, 1.43) | 0.003 | 1.04 (0.82, 1.32) | 0.75 | 1.33 (1.10, 1.59) | 0.002 |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 1.35 (1.15, 1.60) | <0.001 | 1.15 (0.84, 1.57) | 0.39 | 1.51 (1.22, 1.86) | <0.001 |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 1.19 (1.01, 1.41) | 0.04 | 0.93 (0.69, 1.25) | 0.62 | 1.33 (1.08, 1.63) | 0.008 |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 1.30 (1.11, 1.52) | 0.001 | 1.12 (0.85, 1.47) | 0.42 | 1.42 (1.15, 1.77) | 0.001 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 1.26 (1.09, 1.47) | 0.003 | 1.04 (0.80, 1.36) | 0.76 | 1.36 (1.12, 1.65) | 0.002 |
| CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | |
| †Prevalence ratios are adjusted for participant age, sex, diabetes status, smoking status, antihypertensive medication use and sleep duration | | | | | | |
| ‡Prevalence ratios correspond to 10 mm Hg higher systolic blood pressure | | | | | | |

Table S5: Concordance statistics for albuminuria based on models using the 12 blood pressure sampling strategies, separately, that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement with ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep.

|  | **Overall** | | **CARDIA** | | **JHS** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Blood pressure sampling variation\*** | **C-statistic (95% CI)†‡** | **P-value for difference§** | **C-statistic (95% CI)** | **P-value for difference** | **C-statistic (95% CI)** | **P-value for difference** |
| Measuring BP throughout sleep | 0.774 (0.719, 0.829) | reference | 0.833 (0.768, 0.897) | reference | 0.728 (0.643, 0.813) | reference |
| Foregoing BP measurement | 0.727 (0.666, 0.788) | 0.02 | 0.813 (0.741, 0.885) | 0.14 | 0.662 (0.571, 0.753) | 0.11 |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.776 (0.720, 0.832) | 0.76 | 0.836 (0.770, 0.901) | 0.71 | 0.733 (0.649, 0.817) | 0.72 |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.759 (0.700, 0.817) | 0.03 | 0.821 (0.751, 0.891) | 0.10 | 0.718 (0.633, 0.804) | 0.38 |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.781 (0.724, 0.839) | 0.49 | 0.826 (0.751, 0.902) | 0.53 | 0.753 (0.676, 0.831) | 0.21 |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.766 (0.710, 0.822) | 0.49 | 0.834 (0.772, 0.896) | 0.94 | 0.716 (0.629, 0.804) | 0.54 |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.780 (0.724, 0.836) | 0.36 | 0.834 (0.766, 0.901) | 0.89 | 0.742 (0.659, 0.825) | 0.18 |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.775 (0.719, 0.831) | 0.92 | 0.840 (0.776, 0.905) | 0.58 | 0.721 (0.637, 0.804) | 0.51 |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.771 (0.714, 0.828) | 0.75 | 0.832 (0.762, 0.903) | 0.95 | 0.726 (0.642, 0.811) | 0.90 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.767 (0.710, 0.824) | 0.38 | 0.829 (0.759, 0.898) | 0.67 | 0.725 (0.644, 0.807) | 0.81 |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.776 (0.720, 0.832) | 0.72 | 0.829 (0.761, 0.897) | 0.45 | 0.741 (0.658, 0.824) | 0.14 |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.773 (0.718, 0.828) | 0.90 | 0.838 (0.775, 0.901) | 0.62 | 0.716 (0.630, 0.802) | 0.16 |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.775 (0.718, 0.832) | 0.91 | 0.831 (0.761, 0.902) | 0.82 | 0.734 (0.651, 0.817) | 0.72 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.772 (0.716, 0.828) | 0.78 | 0.835 (0.768, 0.902) | 0.79 | 0.730 (0.648, 0.811) | 0.91 |
| BP = blood pressure; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; CI = confidence interval; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | |
| †Overall concordance was defined as the concordance statistic resulting from concatenating predicted probabilities and observed status across the two cohorts and two outcome variables. | | | | | | |
| ‡All concordance statistics obtained from blood pressure sampling variations were compared to the concordance statistic obtained when blood pressure was measured throughout sleep. | | | | | | |
| §P-values were obtained using DeLong's test for correlated concordance statistics. | | | | | | |

Figure S1: Summary of Kappa statistics (multiplied by 100) for the 6 blood pressure sampling variations with highest overall Kappa statistics among those that measured time in hours since midnight. Panels on the diagonal (white background) show the Kappa statistic values for participants in the JHS (lower left) and CARDIA study (upper right). Panels on the off-diagonal show bootstrapped differences between the Kappa statistics presented on the corresponding diagonal tiles; differences between the JHS Kappa statistics are shown below the diagonal while differences between the CARDIA Kappa statistics are shown above the diagonal.



Confidence intervals were estimated using bootstrap resampling with bias correction and acceleration. Each interval was based on the aggregate of 10,000 bootstrap replicates.

Table 1: Participant characteristics overall and stratified by study.

|  | | **Study** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Characteristic\*** | **Overall (N = 1079)** | **CARDIA (N = 458)** | **JHS (N = 621)** |
| Age, years | 57.1 (8.57) | 54.7 (3.70) | 58.8 (10.5) |
| Male, % | 32.0 | 37.8 | 27.7 |
| Black, % | 81.0 | 55.2 | 100 |
| Education, % |  |  |  |
| College graduate | 62.3 | 61.1 | 63.2 |
| High School graduate/GED | 10.5 | 0.00 | 18.2 |
| Less than High School | 27.2 | 38.9 | 18.5 |
| Current smoker, %† | 10.8 | 12.9 | 9.25 |
| Diabetes, %‡ | 22.3 | 17.7 | 25.6 |
| Albuminuria, % | 8.06 | 6.99 | 9.09 |
| Left ventricular mass indexed to BSA, g/m2 | 77.5 (21.1) | 78.8 (20.2) | 76.7 (21.7) |
| Left ventricular hypertrophy, % | 9.78 | 8.59 | 10.6 |
| Sleep duration, hours | 8.00 (1.47) | 7.62 (1.43) | 8.29 (1.44) |
| Nocturnal hypertension, %§ | 46.9 | 36.7 | 54.4 |
| Antihypertensive medication use, % | 53.3 | 43.5 | 60.6 |
| Blood pressure, mm Hg | | | |
| Asleep systolic | 116 (15.6) | 111 (15.1) | 120 (14.7) |
| Asleep diastolic | 67.2 (8.95) | 66.3 (8.59) | 67.8 (9.16) |
| Clinic systolic | 124 (16.2) | 119 (15.1) | 128 (16.0) |
| Clinic diastolic | 73.8 (9.25) | 72.9 (9.86) | 74.5 (8.71) |
| \*Table values are mean (standard deviation) and percent for continuous and categorical variables, respectively. | | | |
| †Smoking status was defined as self-reporting cigarette use within the past year. | | | |
| ‡Diabetes was defined as fasting (8+ hours) glucose of at least 126 mg/dL or current use of anti-diabetes medication. | | | |
| §Nocturnal hypertension was defined as asleep systolic/diastolic blood pressure ≥120/70 mm Hg. | | | |
|  | | | |
| Missing counts (%): albuminuria: 148 (14%); left ventricular mass and hypertrophy: 57 (5.3%); antihypertensive medication use: 8 (0.74%); Smoking status: 6 (0.56%); diabetes: 2 (0.19%); education: 1 (0.09%) | | | |
| BSA = body surface area; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; GED = General Educational Development; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | |

Table 2: summary of 12 blood pressure sampling variations that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement (i.e., Kappa statistic) with ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep.

| **BP sampling variation\*** | **Kappa statistic (95% CI)†** | | | **Mean absolute error (95% CI) for mean systolic BP during sleep** | | | **Mean absolute error (95% CI) for mean diastolic BP during sleep** | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** | **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** | **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.76) | 5.32 (5.06, 5.58) | 5.47 (5.08, 5.88) | 5.20 (4.87, 5.54) | 4.55 (4.33, 4.76) | 4.65 (4.32, 5.00) | 4.47 (4.19, 4.76) |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.77) | 5.52 (5.25, 5.80) | 5.42 (5.00, 5.88) | 5.58 (5.23, 5.94) | 4.53 (4.30, 4.76) | 4.44 (4.09, 4.81) | 4.59 (4.29, 4.89) |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.70 (0.65, 0.76) | 4.86 (4.64, 5.10) | 4.72 (4.37, 5.09) | 4.97 (4.68, 5.26) | 3.96 (3.75, 4.16) | 3.75 (3.44, 4.09) | 4.10 (3.83, 4.37) |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.75 (0.69, 0.80) | 4.67 (4.46, 4.89) | 4.54 (4.21, 4.88) | 4.77 (4.50, 5.06) | 3.80 (3.61, 3.99) | 3.56 (3.27, 3.86) | 3.99 (3.75, 4.23) |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.75 (0.68, 0.81) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.77) | 4.88 (4.64, 5.13) | 4.78 (4.41, 5.17) | 4.95 (4.63, 5.29) | 4.08 (3.87, 4.30) | 3.97 (3.65, 4.30) | 4.16 (3.88, 4.44) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.77 (0.71, 0.83) | 0.73 (0.68, 0.78) | 5.27 (5.02, 5.54) | 4.78 (4.42, 5.15) | 5.63 (5.29, 6.00) | 4.27 (4.06, 4.48) | 3.87 (3.59, 4.18) | 4.55 (4.27, 4.86) |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.83) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.77 (0.72, 0.82) | 3.82 (3.64, 4.00) | 3.93 (3.65, 4.22) | 3.73 (3.49, 3.98) | 3.25 (3.09, 3.42) | 3.24 (2.98, 3.51) | 3.27 (3.06, 3.48) |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.83 (0.78, 0.89) | 0.80 (0.75, 0.84) | 4.01 (3.82, 4.20) | 4.01 (3.73, 4.29) | 4.01 (3.76, 4.27) | 3.31 (3.16, 3.47) | 3.07 (2.85, 3.30) | 3.48 (3.28, 3.69) |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.31 (4.10, 4.51) | 4.09 (3.79, 4.40) | 4.46 (4.18, 4.75) | 3.66 (3.47, 3.84) | 3.40 (3.13, 3.70) | 3.85 (3.60, 4.10) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.78 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 4.58 (4.36, 4.81) | 4.16 (3.86, 4.47) | 4.89 (4.58, 5.22) | 3.72 (3.53, 3.90) | 3.32 (3.08, 3.56) | 4.01 (3.76, 4.26) |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.85 (0.81, 0.90) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.17 (3.01, 3.32) | 3.15 (2.93, 3.38) | 3.18 (2.98, 3.38) | 2.61 (2.48, 2.75) | 2.60 (2.38, 2.85) | 2.62 (2.46, 2.78) |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.84 (0.81, 0.87) | 0.84 (0.79, 0.89) | 0.83 (0.79, 0.88) | 3.11 (2.97, 3.26) | 3.10 (2.89, 3.33) | 3.12 (2.93, 3.32) | 2.66 (2.53, 2.78) | 2.48 (2.30, 2.67) | 2.79 (2.62, 2.96) |
| BP = blood pressure; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | | | | |
| †Kappa statistics measure the chance-corrected agreement in classification of nocturnal hypertension between ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep and a blood pressure sampling variation. | | | | | | | | | |

Table 3: Prevalence ratios (95% confidence intervals) for the association between mean systolic blood pressure during sleep and left ventricular hypertrophy using the 12 blood pressure sampling strategies that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement (i.e., Kappa statistic) with measuring blood pressure throughout sleep.

| **Blood pressure sampling variation\*** | **Overall** | | **CARDIA** | | **JHS** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** | **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** | **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** |
| Measuring BP throughout sleep | 1.22 (0.02, 0.38) | 0.03 | 1.44 (0.12, 0.61) | 0.004 | 1.14 (-0.13, 0.39) | 0.33 |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 1.25 (0.06, 0.39) | 0.009 | 1.57 (0.21, 0.69) | <0.001 | 1.14 (-0.11, 0.36) | 0.28 |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 1.25 (0.06, 0.38) | 0.006 | 1.42 (0.12, 0.58) | 0.003 | 1.19 (-0.04, 0.40) | 0.11 |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 1.18 (0.01, 0.33) | 0.04 | 1.31 (0.07, 0.47) | 0.009 | 1.10 (-0.16, 0.35) | 0.45 |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 1.27 (0.07, 0.40) | 0.005 | 1.41 (0.12, 0.56) | 0.002 | 1.20 (-0.04, 0.40) | 0.10 |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 1.23 (0.03, 0.38) | 0.02 | 1.35 (0.04, 0.56) | 0.02 | 1.18 (-0.09, 0.41) | 0.20 |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 1.23 (0.04, 0.37) | 0.01 | 1.33 (0.05, 0.52) | 0.02 | 1.22 (-0.03, 0.42) | 0.09 |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 1.20 (0.02, 0.35) | 0.02 | 1.33 (0.06, 0.51) | 0.01 | 1.15 (-0.09, 0.37) | 0.25 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 1.18 (0.01, 0.33) | 0.04 | 1.39 (0.11, 0.54) | 0.003 | 1.10 (-0.14, 0.33) | 0.45 |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 1.24 (0.04, 0.39) | 0.01 | 1.42 (0.10, 0.60) | 0.007 | 1.18 (-0.08, 0.41) | 0.18 |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 1.20 (0.02, 0.35) | 0.03 | 1.30 (0.01, 0.51) | 0.04 | 1.19 (-0.05, 0.41) | 0.13 |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 1.21 (0.02, 0.35) | 0.03 | 1.35 (0.07, 0.53) | 0.01 | 1.13 (-0.12, 0.37) | 0.31 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 1.23 (0.04, 0.37) | 0.01 | 1.45 (0.14, 0.60) | 0.002 | 1.15 (-0.10, 0.38) | 0.24 |
| CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | |
| †Prevalence ratios are adjusted for participant age, sex, diabetes status, smoking status, antihypertensive medication use and sleep duration | | | | | | |
| ‡Prevalence ratios correspond to 10 mm Hg higher systolic blood pressure | | | | | | |

Table 4: Concordance statistics for left-ventricular hypertrophy based on models using the 12 blood pressure sampling strategies, separately, that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement with ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep.

|  | **Overall** | | **CARDIA** | | **JHS** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Blood pressure sampling variation\*** | **C-statistic (95% CI)†‡** | **P-value for difference§** | **C-statistic (95% CI)** | **P-value for difference** | **C-statistic (95% CI)** | **P-value for difference** |
| Measuring BP throughout sleep | 0.712 (0.659, 0.765) | reference | 0.708 (0.622, 0.793) | reference | 0.717 (0.650, 0.783) | reference |
| Foregoing BP measurement | 0.678 (0.623, 0.734) | 0.05 | 0.664 (0.578, 0.750) | 0.18 | 0.695 (0.625, 0.765) | 0.28 |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.713 (0.659, 0.768) | 0.85 | 0.722 (0.635, 0.809) | 0.32 | 0.712 (0.642, 0.782) | 0.53 |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.705 (0.651, 0.759) | 0.42 | 0.711 (0.632, 0.791) | 0.80 | 0.709 (0.639, 0.778) | 0.47 |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.705 (0.650, 0.760) | 0.37 | 0.703 (0.615, 0.790) | 0.76 | 0.708 (0.639, 0.777) | 0.37 |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.710 (0.657, 0.763) | 0.85 | 0.700 (0.615, 0.786) | 0.71 | 0.716 (0.650, 0.782) | 0.93 |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.698 (0.643, 0.753) | 0.14 | 0.694 (0.610, 0.779) | 0.30 | 0.704 (0.634, 0.774) | 0.34 |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.706 (0.653, 0.760) | 0.44 | 0.698 (0.616, 0.780) | 0.58 | 0.716 (0.648, 0.785) | 0.95 |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.699 (0.643, 0.754) | 0.12 | 0.697 (0.610, 0.784) | 0.40 | 0.704 (0.634, 0.773) | 0.28 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.711 (0.658, 0.765) | 0.94 | 0.716 (0.632, 0.801) | 0.51 | 0.712 (0.643, 0.781) | 0.53 |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.705 (0.651, 0.760) | 0.31 | 0.704 (0.621, 0.788) | 0.74 | 0.709 (0.640, 0.778) | 0.41 |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.705 (0.652, 0.758) | 0.36 | 0.692 (0.610, 0.774) | 0.40 | 0.715 (0.648, 0.782) | 0.79 |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.700 (0.644, 0.756) | 0.15 | 0.696 (0.608, 0.784) | 0.28 | 0.703 (0.634, 0.773) | 0.27 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.714 (0.660, 0.768) | 0.72 | 0.724 (0.636, 0.811) | 0.20 | 0.712 (0.643, 0.781) | 0.55 |
| BP = blood pressure; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; CI = confidence interval; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | |
| †Overall concordance was defined as the concordance statistic resulting from concatenating predicted probabilities and observed status across the two cohorts and two outcome variables. | | | | | | |
| ‡All concordance statistics obtained from blood pressure sampling variations were compared to the concordance statistic obtained when blood pressure was measured throughout sleep. | | | | | | |
| §P-values were obtained using DeLong's test for correlated concordance statistics. | | | | | | |

Figure 1: Illustration of blood pressure sampling variations following a consecutive and distributed sampling strategy.



Figure 2: Summary of Kappa statistics (multiplied by 100) for the 6 blood pressure sampling variations with highest overall Kappa statistics among those that measured time in hours since falling asleep. Panels on the diagonal (white background) show the Kappa statistic values for participants in the JHS (lower left) and CARDIA study (upper right). Panels on the off-diagonal show bootstrapped differences between the Kappa statistics presented on the corresponding diagonal tiles; differences between the JHS Kappa statistics are shown below the diagonal while differences between the CARDIA Kappa statistics are shown above the diagonal.



Confidence intervals were estimated using bootstrap resampling with bias correction and acceleration. Each interval was based on the aggregate of 10,000 bootstrap replicates.

Table S1: Participant inclusion cascade.

| **Inclusion criteria** | **CARDIA participants** | **JHS participants** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| All study participants | 5,115 | 5,306 |
| Participants who underwent 24-hour ABPM. | 831 | 1,146 |
| Participants with ≥5 asleep blood pressure measurements. | 788 | 941 |
| Participants who were asleep for all measurements between 1am and 5am. | 645 | 854 |
| Participants with at least 1 blood pressure measurement within 30 minutes of all sampling times | 458 | 621 |
| ABPM = ambulatory blood pressure monitoring; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | |

Table S2: Summary of 12 groups of blood pressure sampling variations

| **Group description** | **BP sampling variations** |
| --- | --- |
| 2 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 2 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since midnight | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 2 Distributed BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | at 1 and 2; at 1 and 3; at 1 and 4; at 1 and 5; at 2 and 3; at 2 and 4; at 2 and 5; at 3 and 4; at 3 and 5; and at 4 and 5 |
| 2 Distributed BP measurements, hours since midnight | at 1 and 2; at 1 and 3; at 1 and 4; at 1 and 5; at 2 and 3; at 2 and 4; at 2 and 5; at 3 and 4; at 3 and 5; and at 4 and 5 |
| 3 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 3 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since midnight | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 3 Distributed BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | at 1, 2 and 3; at 1, 2 and 4; at 1, 2 and 5; at 1, 3 and 4; at 1, 3 and 5; at 1, 4 and 5; at 2, 3 and 4; at 2, 3 and 5; at 2, 4 and 5; and at 3, 4 and 5 |
| 3 Distributed BP measurements, hours since midnight | at 1, 2 and 3; at 1, 2 and 4; at 1, 2 and 5; at 1, 3 and 4; at 1, 3 and 5; at 1, 4 and 5; at 2, 3 and 4; at 2, 3 and 5; at 2, 4 and 5; and at 3, 4 and 5 |
| 4 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 4 Consecutive BP measurements, hours since midnight | starting at 1; starting at 2; starting at 3; and starting at 4 |
| 4 Distributed BP measurements, hours since falling asleep | at 1, 2, 3 and 4; at 1, 2, 3 and 5; at 1, 2, 4 and 5; at 1, 3, 4 and 5; and at 2, 3, 4 and 5 |
| 4 Distributed BP measurements, hours since midnight | at 1, 2, 3 and 4; at 1, 2, 3 and 5; at 1, 2, 4 and 5; at 1, 3, 4 and 5; and at 2, 3, 4 and 5 |
| BP = blood pressure | |

Table S3: Summary of all 74 blood pressure sampling variations that were evaluated in the current study.

| **BP sampling variation** | **Kappa statistic (95% CI)\*** | | | **Mean absolute error (95% CI) for mean systolic BP during sleep** | | | **Mean absolute error (95% CI) for mean diastolic BP during sleep** | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** | **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** | **Overall** | **CARDIA** | **JHS** |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.70 (0.66, 0.75) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.68 (0.62, 0.74) | 5.83 (5.55, 6.12) | 5.94 (5.51, 6.40) | 5.74 (5.39, 6.11) | 4.69 (4.45, 4.95) | 4.78 (4.40, 5.22) | 4.63 (4.32, 4.94) |
| starting at 2 hours after midnight | 0.69 (0.65, 0.74) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.66 (0.61, 0.72) | 5.36 (5.10, 5.62) | 5.03 (4.65, 5.43) | 5.60 (5.26, 5.94) | 4.49 (4.27, 4.71) | 4.24 (3.93, 4.58) | 4.67 (4.37, 4.97) |
| starting at 3 hours after midnight | 0.70 (0.66, 0.74) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.68 (0.63, 0.74) | 5.36 (5.10, 5.62) | 5.01 (4.62, 5.41) | 5.61 (5.27, 5.96) | 4.62 (4.40, 4.84) | 4.50 (4.16, 4.85) | 4.71 (4.42, 5.00) |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.76) | 5.32 (5.06, 5.58) | 5.47 (5.08, 5.88) | 5.20 (4.87, 5.54) | 4.55 (4.33, 4.76) | 4.65 (4.32, 5.00) | 4.47 (4.19, 4.76) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.70 (0.66, 0.74) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.66 (0.60, 0.72) | 6.03 (5.76, 6.32) | 5.47 (5.07, 5.89) | 6.46 (6.08, 6.84) | 5.01 (4.77, 5.25) | 4.61 (4.28, 4.95) | 5.30 (4.97, 5.62) |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.77) | 5.52 (5.25, 5.80) | 5.42 (5.00, 5.88) | 5.58 (5.23, 5.94) | 4.53 (4.30, 4.76) | 4.44 (4.09, 4.81) | 4.59 (4.29, 4.89) |
| starting at 3 hours after sleep | 0.71 (0.67, 0.75) | 0.74 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.67 (0.62, 0.73) | 5.29 (5.03, 5.55) | 5.20 (4.79, 5.61) | 5.36 (5.02, 5.71) | 4.54 (4.32, 4.77) | 4.27 (3.96, 4.61) | 4.74 (4.45, 5.04) |
| starting at 4 hours after sleep | 0.72 (0.67, 0.76) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.69 (0.64, 0.75) | 5.27 (5.03, 5.52) | 4.99 (4.62, 5.38) | 5.48 (5.15, 5.81) | 4.50 (4.29, 4.72) | 4.41 (4.09, 4.73) | 4.56 (4.28, 4.86) |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 2 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.74 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.78) | 5.02 (4.78, 5.27) | 5.04 (4.67, 5.43) | 5.00 (4.69, 5.32) | 4.30 (4.09, 4.51) | 4.20 (3.87, 4.54) | 4.38 (4.11, 4.66) |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.70 (0.65, 0.76) | 4.86 (4.64, 5.10) | 4.72 (4.37, 5.09) | 4.97 (4.68, 5.26) | 3.96 (3.75, 4.16) | 3.75 (3.44, 4.09) | 4.10 (3.83, 4.37) |
| at 1 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.76) | 4.47 (4.25, 4.69) | 4.74 (4.40, 5.09) | 4.26 (3.99, 4.54) | 3.85 (3.65, 4.05) | 3.98 (3.66, 4.32) | 3.75 (3.51, 4.00) |
| at 1 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.79) | 0.72 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.56 (4.35, 4.77) | 4.72 (4.40, 5.08) | 4.43 (4.16, 4.71) | 3.71 (3.53, 3.90) | 3.76 (3.47, 4.08) | 3.67 (3.44, 3.90) |
| at 2 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.69 (0.65, 0.73) | 0.69 (0.62, 0.76) | 0.68 (0.62, 0.74) | 4.98 (4.75, 5.22) | 4.75 (4.38, 5.12) | 5.16 (4.86, 5.47) | 4.10 (3.89, 4.30) | 3.97 (3.66, 4.31) | 4.19 (3.93, 4.46) |
| at 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.72 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.79 (4.56, 5.02) | 4.88 (4.54, 5.23) | 4.72 (4.42, 5.01) | 3.96 (3.77, 4.16) | 3.97 (3.65, 4.29) | 3.96 (3.72, 4.21) |
| at 2 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.77) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.69 (0.63, 0.75) | 4.69 (4.47, 4.92) | 4.46 (4.14, 4.78) | 4.86 (4.57, 5.17) | 3.74 (3.55, 3.96) | 3.57 (3.25, 3.93) | 3.86 (3.62, 4.11) |
| at 3 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.74 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.70 (0.64, 0.76) | 4.80 (4.59, 5.02) | 4.78 (4.45, 5.12) | 4.81 (4.53, 5.10) | 3.96 (3.77, 4.16) | 3.96 (3.65, 4.31) | 3.97 (3.73, 4.21) |
| at 3 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.70 (0.66, 0.75) | 0.70 (0.63, 0.77) | 0.70 (0.64, 0.75) | 4.75 (4.52, 4.99) | 4.57 (4.22, 4.95) | 4.89 (4.59, 5.19) | 3.85 (3.66, 4.04) | 3.83 (3.54, 4.16) | 3.85 (3.61, 4.10) |
| at 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.71 (0.67, 0.75) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.79) | 0.69 (0.63, 0.75) | 5.02 (4.78, 5.27) | 5.06 (4.67, 5.47) | 4.99 (4.69, 5.30) | 4.05 (3.85, 4.26) | 4.12 (3.78, 4.49) | 4.00 (3.76, 4.25) |
| at 1 and 2 hours after sleep | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.77) | 5.33 (5.08, 5.61) | 5.39 (5.00, 5.81) | 5.29 (4.96, 5.64) | 4.39 (4.19, 4.61) | 4.23 (3.92, 4.54) | 4.52 (4.24, 4.80) |
| at 1 and 3 hours after sleep | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.76 (0.69, 0.82) | 0.69 (0.64, 0.75) | 5.05 (4.82, 5.30) | 4.87 (4.54, 5.22) | 5.19 (4.88, 5.52) | 4.21 (4.01, 4.40) | 3.91 (3.64, 4.20) | 4.42 (4.16, 4.70) |
| at 1 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.77 (0.71, 0.83) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.72 (4.50, 4.95) | 4.80 (4.48, 5.14) | 4.67 (4.37, 4.98) | 3.96 (3.76, 4.16) | 3.86 (3.57, 4.16) | 4.04 (3.78, 4.30) |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.75 (0.69, 0.80) | 4.67 (4.46, 4.89) | 4.54 (4.21, 4.88) | 4.77 (4.50, 5.06) | 3.80 (3.61, 3.99) | 3.56 (3.27, 3.86) | 3.99 (3.75, 4.23) |
| at 2 and 3 hours after sleep | 0.70 (0.66, 0.75) | 0.68 (0.61, 0.75) | 0.71 (0.65, 0.76) | 5.11 (4.85, 5.36) | 5.13 (4.73, 5.54) | 5.10 (4.79, 5.42) | 4.25 (4.04, 4.46) | 4.12 (3.79, 4.46) | 4.34 (4.07, 4.62) |
| at 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.80) | 4.70 (4.48, 4.92) | 4.66 (4.32, 5.01) | 4.73 (4.46, 5.01) | 3.90 (3.72, 4.10) | 3.65 (3.36, 3.96) | 4.09 (3.85, 4.34) |
| at 2 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.75 (0.68, 0.81) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 4.49 (4.29, 4.70) | 4.53 (4.20, 4.86) | 4.46 (4.20, 4.74) | 3.79 (3.61, 3.99) | 3.80 (3.49, 4.13) | 3.79 (3.56, 4.04) |
| at 3 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.75 (0.69, 0.81) | 0.73 (0.68, 0.79) | 4.91 (4.67, 5.15) | 4.98 (4.63, 5.35) | 4.85 (4.53, 5.17) | 4.01 (3.82, 4.21) | 3.98 (3.69, 4.28) | 4.03 (3.78, 4.30) |
| at 3 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.73 (0.69, 0.77) | 0.71 (0.64, 0.77) | 0.74 (0.68, 0.79) | 4.75 (4.53, 4.98) | 4.75 (4.42, 5.10) | 4.76 (4.47, 5.05) | 3.79 (3.61, 3.97) | 3.80 (3.53, 4.08) | 3.78 (3.55, 4.02) |
| at 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.90 (4.67, 5.14) | 5.04 (4.66, 5.43) | 4.80 (4.51, 5.09) | 4.17 (3.98, 4.37) | 4.11 (3.79, 4.43) | 4.22 (3.97, 4.48) |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.75 (0.68, 0.81) | 0.72 (0.66, 0.77) | 4.88 (4.64, 5.13) | 4.78 (4.41, 5.17) | 4.95 (4.63, 5.29) | 4.08 (3.87, 4.30) | 3.97 (3.65, 4.30) | 4.16 (3.88, 4.44) |
| starting at 2 hours after midnight | 0.71 (0.67, 0.75) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.79) | 0.69 (0.64, 0.75) | 4.71 (4.49, 4.94) | 4.27 (3.94, 4.61) | 5.03 (4.73, 5.33) | 3.92 (3.73, 4.12) | 3.56 (3.30, 3.85) | 4.19 (3.92, 4.45) |
| starting at 3 hours after midnight | 0.71 (0.66, 0.75) | 0.72 (0.65, 0.78) | 0.69 (0.63, 0.74) | 4.66 (4.43, 4.89) | 4.33 (4.03, 4.66) | 4.89 (4.59, 5.20) | 4.01 (3.82, 4.21) | 3.77 (3.48, 4.08) | 4.18 (3.94, 4.44) |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.68, 0.76) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.69 (0.63, 0.74) | 4.68 (4.45, 4.92) | 4.60 (4.26, 4.96) | 4.73 (4.44, 5.04) | 3.89 (3.71, 4.08) | 3.86 (3.58, 4.16) | 3.92 (3.67, 4.16) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.77 (0.71, 0.83) | 0.73 (0.68, 0.78) | 5.27 (5.02, 5.54) | 4.78 (4.42, 5.15) | 5.63 (5.29, 6.00) | 4.27 (4.06, 4.48) | 3.87 (3.59, 4.18) | 4.55 (4.27, 4.86) |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.75 (0.71, 0.79) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.80) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.80) | 4.77 (4.54, 5.02) | 4.65 (4.29, 5.03) | 4.86 (4.55, 5.18) | 3.95 (3.75, 4.16) | 3.71 (3.43, 4.02) | 4.12 (3.85, 4.39) |
| starting at 3 hours after sleep | 0.74 (0.69, 0.78) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.69 (0.64, 0.75) | 4.64 (4.43, 4.86) | 4.58 (4.26, 4.93) | 4.69 (4.41, 4.99) | 3.96 (3.77, 4.15) | 3.73 (3.46, 4.01) | 4.12 (3.87, 4.39) |
| starting at 4 hours after sleep | 0.75 (0.71, 0.79) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.56 (4.34, 4.77) | 4.34 (4.02, 4.67) | 4.71 (4.41, 5.01) | 3.98 (3.78, 4.18) | 3.70 (3.42, 3.99) | 4.18 (3.91, 4.45) |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.77 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.81 (0.75, 0.86) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.08 (3.88, 4.28) | 3.87 (3.57, 4.19) | 4.23 (3.98, 4.49) | 3.34 (3.17, 3.52) | 3.09 (2.83, 3.36) | 3.53 (3.30, 3.76) |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.83) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.77 (0.72, 0.82) | 3.82 (3.64, 4.00) | 3.93 (3.65, 4.22) | 3.73 (3.49, 3.98) | 3.25 (3.09, 3.42) | 3.24 (2.98, 3.51) | 3.27 (3.06, 3.48) |
| at 1, 2 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.78 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.79 (0.74, 0.85) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.81) | 3.74 (3.57, 3.92) | 3.64 (3.38, 3.92) | 3.81 (3.58, 4.05) | 3.08 (2.93, 3.24) | 3.01 (2.76, 3.29) | 3.13 (2.94, 3.33) |
| at 1, 3 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.78 (0.74, 0.82) | 0.80 (0.75, 0.86) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.81) | 3.65 (3.47, 3.83) | 3.63 (3.37, 3.91) | 3.66 (3.44, 3.89) | 3.08 (2.92, 3.23) | 3.01 (2.77, 3.26) | 3.13 (2.92, 3.34) |
| at 1, 3 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.82) | 0.81 (0.76, 0.87) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 3.65 (3.48, 3.82) | 3.54 (3.28, 3.82) | 3.73 (3.51, 3.95) | 2.91 (2.77, 3.06) | 2.80 (2.58, 3.04) | 3.00 (2.81, 3.19) |
| at 1, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.82) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.63 (3.47, 3.81) | 3.74 (3.46, 4.02) | 3.56 (3.34, 3.77) | 2.95 (2.80, 3.11) | 3.05 (2.81, 3.33) | 2.87 (2.69, 3.06) |
| at 2, 3 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.75 (0.69, 0.80) | 4.01 (3.83, 4.21) | 3.93 (3.64, 4.21) | 4.08 (3.83, 4.33) | 3.26 (3.09, 3.42) | 3.20 (2.96, 3.46) | 3.30 (3.09, 3.52) |
| at 2, 3 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 3.90 (3.72, 4.09) | 3.60 (3.32, 3.88) | 4.13 (3.88, 4.38) | 3.07 (2.91, 3.24) | 2.94 (2.69, 3.22) | 3.17 (2.97, 3.38) |
| at 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.76 (0.72, 0.80) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.82) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 3.95 (3.76, 4.14) | 3.87 (3.60, 4.17) | 4.00 (3.76, 4.26) | 3.15 (2.98, 3.31) | 3.13 (2.86, 3.43) | 3.15 (2.96, 3.35) |
| at 3, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.76 (0.73, 0.80) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.83) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.81) | 3.98 (3.80, 4.18) | 3.91 (3.63, 4.21) | 4.04 (3.81, 4.29) | 3.19 (3.03, 3.35) | 3.19 (2.94, 3.46) | 3.19 (2.99, 3.39) |
| at 1, 2 and 3 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.84) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.80) | 4.42 (4.21, 4.63) | 4.33 (4.01, 4.66) | 4.47 (4.21, 4.75) | 3.59 (3.43, 3.76) | 3.36 (3.12, 3.61) | 3.76 (3.54, 3.99) |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.83 (0.78, 0.89) | 0.80 (0.75, 0.84) | 4.01 (3.82, 4.20) | 4.01 (3.73, 4.29) | 4.01 (3.76, 4.27) | 3.31 (3.16, 3.47) | 3.07 (2.85, 3.30) | 3.48 (3.28, 3.69) |
| at 1, 2 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.80 (0.77, 0.84) | 0.82 (0.76, 0.87) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.78 (3.60, 3.96) | 3.79 (3.54, 4.06) | 3.77 (3.53, 4.01) | 3.10 (2.95, 3.25) | 2.95 (2.73, 3.19) | 3.20 (3.01, 3.41) |
| at 1, 3 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.79 (0.75, 0.83) | 0.81 (0.75, 0.86) | 0.77 (0.72, 0.82) | 3.93 (3.74, 4.11) | 3.87 (3.60, 4.14) | 3.97 (3.71, 4.23) | 3.26 (3.10, 3.41) | 3.12 (2.89, 3.35) | 3.36 (3.15, 3.57) |
| at 1, 3 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.79 (0.75, 0.82) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.76 (3.58, 3.93) | 3.56 (3.31, 3.82) | 3.90 (3.67, 4.13) | 3.04 (2.91, 3.18) | 2.79 (2.59, 3.01) | 3.22 (3.04, 3.41) |
| at 1, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.81 (0.77, 0.84) | 0.80 (0.75, 0.86) | 0.80 (0.76, 0.85) | 3.64 (3.47, 3.82) | 3.67 (3.40, 3.95) | 3.62 (3.40, 3.84) | 3.14 (2.99, 3.29) | 2.98 (2.75, 3.23) | 3.25 (3.05, 3.44) |
| at 2, 3 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.81 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.81 (0.76, 0.87) | 0.80 (0.76, 0.85) | 4.11 (3.92, 4.30) | 4.07 (3.78, 4.37) | 4.13 (3.88, 4.39) | 3.34 (3.18, 3.50) | 3.15 (2.91, 3.40) | 3.48 (3.27, 3.70) |
| at 2, 3 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.79 (0.75, 0.82) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.83) | 0.79 (0.75, 0.84) | 3.81 (3.63, 4.00) | 3.75 (3.48, 4.04) | 3.85 (3.62, 4.09) | 3.13 (2.98, 3.29) | 3.02 (2.79, 3.27) | 3.21 (3.02, 3.40) |
| at 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.80 (0.76, 0.84) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.81 (0.76, 0.85) | 3.66 (3.49, 3.83) | 3.62 (3.35, 3.90) | 3.69 (3.47, 3.91) | 3.16 (3.01, 3.31) | 3.04 (2.81, 3.28) | 3.24 (3.05, 3.44) |
| at 3, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.78 (0.74, 0.82) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.77 (0.72, 0.82) | 3.95 (3.77, 4.14) | 3.95 (3.66, 4.27) | 3.95 (3.70, 4.19) | 3.21 (3.06, 3.37) | 3.13 (2.89, 3.37) | 3.27 (3.08, 3.47) |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.80 (0.74, 0.86) | 0.74 (0.69, 0.79) | 4.31 (4.10, 4.51) | 4.09 (3.79, 4.40) | 4.46 (4.18, 4.75) | 3.66 (3.47, 3.84) | 3.40 (3.13, 3.70) | 3.85 (3.60, 4.10) |
| starting at 2 hours after midnight | 0.75 (0.71, 0.79) | 0.77 (0.70, 0.83) | 0.73 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.18 (3.99, 4.38) | 3.73 (3.46, 4.01) | 4.51 (4.25, 4.78) | 3.40 (3.24, 3.58) | 3.04 (2.82, 3.27) | 3.67 (3.44, 3.91) |
| starting at 3 hours after midnight | 0.74 (0.70, 0.78) | 0.74 (0.68, 0.81) | 0.73 (0.68, 0.78) | 4.14 (3.94, 4.35) | 3.83 (3.53, 4.14) | 4.37 (4.10, 4.65) | 3.54 (3.37, 3.70) | 3.32 (3.07, 3.58) | 3.69 (3.47, 3.91) |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.72 (0.67, 0.76) | 0.76 (0.70, 0.83) | 0.67 (0.62, 0.73) | 4.43 (4.22, 4.65) | 4.28 (3.94, 4.64) | 4.54 (4.27, 4.82) | 3.53 (3.36, 3.71) | 3.48 (3.23, 3.76) | 3.56 (3.34, 3.78) |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.78 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 4.58 (4.36, 4.81) | 4.16 (3.86, 4.47) | 4.89 (4.58, 5.22) | 3.72 (3.53, 3.90) | 3.32 (3.08, 3.56) | 4.01 (3.76, 4.26) |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.78 (0.74, 0.81) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.75 (0.70, 0.81) | 4.22 (4.02, 4.45) | 4.00 (3.68, 4.33) | 4.39 (4.10, 4.69) | 3.49 (3.31, 3.68) | 3.18 (2.93, 3.45) | 3.73 (3.48, 3.98) |
| starting at 3 hours after sleep | 0.77 (0.73, 0.81) | 0.77 (0.71, 0.83) | 0.76 (0.71, 0.81) | 4.07 (3.88, 4.26) | 3.81 (3.52, 4.10) | 4.26 (4.00, 4.52) | 3.43 (3.26, 3.60) | 3.22 (2.99, 3.46) | 3.59 (3.37, 3.83) |
| starting at 4 hours after sleep | 0.75 (0.71, 0.79) | 0.78 (0.72, 0.84) | 0.72 (0.67, 0.78) | 4.12 (3.93, 4.32) | 3.87 (3.59, 4.18) | 4.31 (4.05, 4.58) | 3.54 (3.37, 3.70) | 3.27 (3.05, 3.51) | 3.73 (3.49, 3.96) |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 3 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.81 (0.77, 0.84) | 0.84 (0.78, 0.89) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.39 (3.23, 3.55) | 3.29 (3.06, 3.54) | 3.46 (3.25, 3.67) | 2.79 (2.65, 2.94) | 2.64 (2.44, 2.86) | 2.90 (2.71, 3.08) |
| at 1, 2, 3 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.81 (0.77, 0.84) | 0.84 (0.78, 0.89) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.20 (3.04, 3.36) | 2.95 (2.72, 3.19) | 3.38 (3.17, 3.60) | 2.59 (2.46, 2.73) | 2.44 (2.24, 2.66) | 2.70 (2.53, 2.88) |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.85 (0.81, 0.90) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.17 (3.01, 3.32) | 3.15 (2.93, 3.38) | 3.18 (2.98, 3.38) | 2.61 (2.48, 2.75) | 2.60 (2.38, 2.85) | 2.62 (2.46, 2.78) |
| at 1, 3, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.81 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.85 (0.80, 0.90) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.12 (2.98, 3.27) | 3.05 (2.83, 3.28) | 3.18 (2.99, 3.37) | 2.48 (2.36, 2.61) | 2.42 (2.22, 2.63) | 2.53 (2.37, 2.70) |
| at 2, 3, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.79 (0.75, 0.83) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.78 (0.73, 0.83) | 3.40 (3.23, 3.57) | 3.27 (3.04, 3.52) | 3.50 (3.28, 3.73) | 2.71 (2.57, 2.85) | 2.65 (2.43, 2.89) | 2.75 (2.58, 2.92) |
| at 1, 2, 3 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.84 (0.79, 0.90) | 0.79 (0.74, 0.84) | 3.57 (3.40, 3.75) | 3.52 (3.27, 3.77) | 3.61 (3.38, 3.85) | 2.90 (2.76, 3.04) | 2.68 (2.49, 2.88) | 3.06 (2.87, 3.25) |
| at 1, 2, 3 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.79, 0.86) | 0.83 (0.77, 0.88) | 0.81 (0.76, 0.86) | 3.33 (3.17, 3.49) | 3.21 (2.98, 3.45) | 3.42 (3.22, 3.63) | 2.68 (2.56, 2.81) | 2.49 (2.30, 2.69) | 2.82 (2.65, 3.00) |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.84 (0.81, 0.87) | 0.84 (0.79, 0.89) | 0.83 (0.79, 0.88) | 3.11 (2.97, 3.26) | 3.10 (2.89, 3.33) | 3.12 (2.93, 3.32) | 2.66 (2.53, 2.78) | 2.48 (2.30, 2.67) | 2.79 (2.62, 2.96) |
| at 1, 3, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.83 (0.79, 0.86) | 0.83 (0.78, 0.88) | 0.82 (0.77, 0.86) | 3.20 (3.05, 3.36) | 3.11 (2.88, 3.35) | 3.26 (3.07, 3.47) | 2.62 (2.50, 2.75) | 2.47 (2.29, 2.67) | 2.74 (2.57, 2.91) |
| at 2, 3, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.82 (0.78, 0.85) | 0.79 (0.73, 0.85) | 0.83 (0.78, 0.87) | 3.29 (3.14, 3.45) | 3.23 (3.00, 3.48) | 3.34 (3.13, 3.55) | 2.74 (2.61, 2.87) | 2.57 (2.37, 2.77) | 2.87 (2.70, 3.05) |
| BP = blood pressure; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | | | | |
| \*Kappa statistics measure the chance-corrected agreement in classification of nocturnal hypertension between ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep and a blood pressure sampling variation. | | | | | | | | | |

Table S4: Prevalence ratios (95% confidence intervals) for the association between mean systolic blood pressure during sleep and albuminuria using the 12 blood pressure sampling strategies that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement (i.e., Kappa statistic) with measuring blood pressure throughout sleep.

| **Blood pressure sampling variation\*** | **Overall** | | **CARDIA** | | **JHS** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** | **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** | **Prevalence ratio†‡** | **P-value** |
| Measuring BP throughout sleep | 1.27 (0.06, 0.42) | 0.008 | 1.08 (-0.28, 0.42) | 0.68 | 1.38 (0.09, 0.55) | 0.006 |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 1.35 (0.16, 0.45) | <0.001 | 1.17 (-0.09, 0.41) | 0.22 | 1.40 (0.14, 0.53) | <0.001 |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 1.30 (0.11, 0.42) | 0.001 | 1.17 (-0.15, 0.46) | 0.33 | 1.38 (0.12, 0.53) | 0.002 |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 1.41 (0.20, 0.48) | <0.001 | 1.24 (0.01, 0.42) | 0.04 | 1.57 (0.26, 0.64) | <0.001 |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 1.27 (0.06, 0.41) | 0.007 | 1.10 (-0.21, 0.41) | 0.53 | 1.34 (0.08, 0.51) | 0.008 |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 1.34 (0.13, 0.46) | <0.001 | 1.14 (-0.16, 0.42) | 0.36 | 1.48 (0.18, 0.60) | <0.001 |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 1.23 (0.05, 0.37) | 0.01 | 0.93 (-0.36, 0.21) | 0.60 | 1.37 (0.11, 0.51) | 0.003 |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 1.24 (0.07, 0.37) | 0.004 | 1.08 (-0.19, 0.34) | 0.57 | 1.35 (0.08, 0.52) | 0.008 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 1.24 (0.07, 0.36) | 0.003 | 1.04 (-0.20, 0.28) | 0.75 | 1.33 (0.10, 0.46) | 0.002 |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 1.35 (0.14, 0.47) | <0.001 | 1.15 (-0.18, 0.45) | 0.39 | 1.51 (0.20, 0.62) | <0.001 |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 1.19 (0.01, 0.34) | 0.04 | 0.93 (-0.37, 0.22) | 0.62 | 1.33 (0.07, 0.49) | 0.008 |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 1.30 (0.10, 0.42) | 0.001 | 1.12 (-0.16, 0.38) | 0.42 | 1.42 (0.14, 0.57) | 0.001 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 1.26 (0.08, 0.39) | 0.003 | 1.04 (-0.23, 0.31) | 0.76 | 1.36 (0.11, 0.50) | 0.002 |
| CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | |
| †Prevalence ratios are adjusted for participant age, sex, diabetes status, smoking status, antihypertensive medication use and sleep duration | | | | | | |
| ‡Prevalence ratios correspond to 10 mm Hg higher systolic blood pressure | | | | | | |

Table S5: Concordance statistics for albuminuria based on models using the 12 blood pressure sampling strategies, separately, that obtained the highest overall chance-corrected agreement with ambulatory blood pressure monitoring throughout sleep.

|  | **Overall** | | **CARDIA** | | **JHS** | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Blood pressure sampling variation\*** | **C-statistic (95% CI)†‡** | **P-value for difference§** | **C-statistic (95% CI)** | **P-value for difference** | **C-statistic (95% CI)** | **P-value for difference** |
| Measuring BP throughout sleep | 0.774 (0.719, 0.829) | reference | 0.833 (0.768, 0.897) | reference | 0.728 (0.643, 0.813) | reference |
| Foregoing BP measurement | 0.727 (0.666, 0.788) | 0.02 | 0.813 (0.741, 0.885) | 0.14 | 0.662 (0.571, 0.753) | 0.11 |
| *2 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1 and 3 hours after midnight | 0.776 (0.720, 0.832) | 0.76 | 0.836 (0.770, 0.901) | 0.71 | 0.733 (0.649, 0.817) | 0.72 |
| at 1 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.759 (0.700, 0.817) | 0.03 | 0.821 (0.751, 0.891) | 0.10 | 0.718 (0.633, 0.804) | 0.38 |
| *2 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 2 hours after sleep | 0.781 (0.724, 0.839) | 0.49 | 0.826 (0.751, 0.902) | 0.53 | 0.753 (0.676, 0.831) | 0.21 |
| starting at 4 hours after midnight | 0.766 (0.710, 0.822) | 0.49 | 0.834 (0.772, 0.896) | 0.94 | 0.716 (0.629, 0.804) | 0.54 |
| *3 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after sleep | 0.780 (0.724, 0.836) | 0.36 | 0.834 (0.766, 0.901) | 0.89 | 0.742 (0.659, 0.825) | 0.18 |
| at 1, 2 and 4 hours after midnight | 0.775 (0.719, 0.831) | 0.92 | 0.840 (0.776, 0.905) | 0.58 | 0.721 (0.637, 0.804) | 0.51 |
| *3 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.771 (0.714, 0.828) | 0.75 | 0.832 (0.762, 0.903) | 0.95 | 0.726 (0.642, 0.811) | 0.90 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.767 (0.710, 0.824) | 0.38 | 0.829 (0.759, 0.898) | 0.67 | 0.725 (0.644, 0.807) | 0.81 |
| *4 Distributed BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after sleep | 0.776 (0.720, 0.832) | 0.72 | 0.829 (0.761, 0.897) | 0.45 | 0.741 (0.658, 0.824) | 0.14 |
| at 1, 2, 4 and 5 hours after midnight | 0.773 (0.718, 0.828) | 0.90 | 0.838 (0.775, 0.901) | 0.62 | 0.716 (0.630, 0.802) | 0.16 |
| *4 Consecutive BP measurements* | | | | | | |
| starting at 1 hours after sleep | 0.775 (0.718, 0.832) | 0.91 | 0.831 (0.761, 0.902) | 0.82 | 0.734 (0.651, 0.817) | 0.72 |
| starting at 1 hours after midnight | 0.772 (0.716, 0.828) | 0.78 | 0.835 (0.768, 0.902) | 0.79 | 0.730 (0.648, 0.811) | 0.91 |
| BP = blood pressure; CARDIA = Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults; CI = confidence interval; JHS = Jackson Heart Study | | | | | | |
| \*Blood pressure sampling variations were compared to other variations that measure blood pressure the same number of times (i.e., 2, 3, or 4) using the same strategy (i.e., Consecutive or distributed) and the same time reference (i.e., midnight or onset of sleep). Each of these 12 comparison groups had one variation with the highest overall Kappa statistic, and those variations are presented here. | | | | | | |
| †Overall concordance was defined as the concordance statistic resulting from concatenating predicted probabilities and observed status across the two cohorts and two outcome variables. | | | | | | |
| ‡All concordance statistics obtained from blood pressure sampling variations were compared to the concordance statistic obtained when blood pressure was measured throughout sleep. | | | | | | |
| §P-values were obtained using DeLong's test for correlated concordance statistics. | | | | | | |

Figure S1: Summary of Kappa statistics (multiplied by 100) for the 6 blood pressure sampling variations with highest overall Kappa statistics among those that measured time in hours since midnight. Panels on the diagonal (white background) show the Kappa statistic values for participants in the JHS (lower left) and CARDIA study (upper right). Panels on the off-diagonal show bootstrapped differences between the Kappa statistics presented on the corresponding diagonal tiles; differences between the JHS Kappa statistics are shown below the diagonal while differences between the CARDIA Kappa statistics are shown above the diagonal.



Confidence intervals were estimated using bootstrap resampling with bias correction and acceleration. Each interval was based on the aggregate of 10,000 bootstrap replicates.