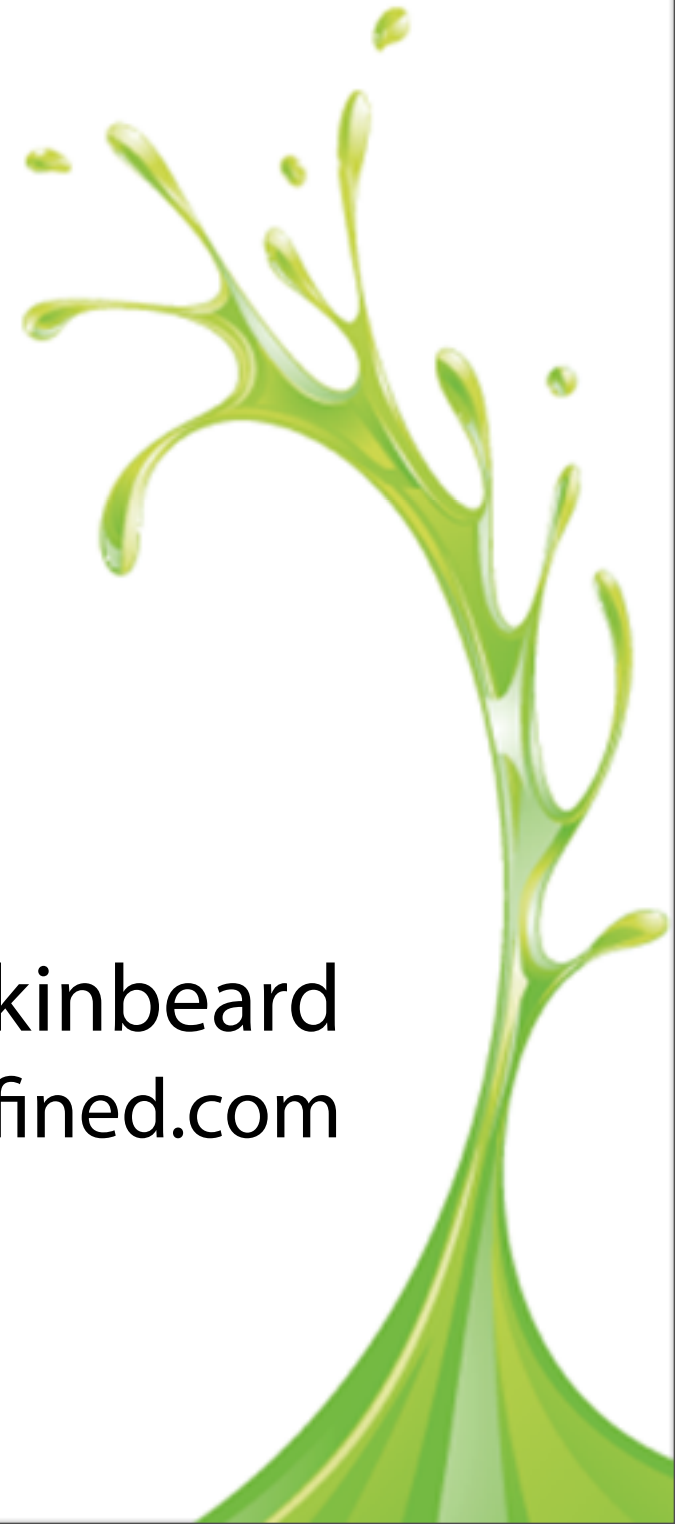


# Concepts and Strategies for Creating Reusable Components

Ben Clinkinbeard  
<http://www.returnundefined.com>



## What are we going to cover?

- Two “levels” of reusability
- Weigh the benefits and use good judgment
- Components should be:
  - easy to utilize
  - reusable
  - customizable
  - style friendly
  - useful (not just usable)

Why?

# You

- **Good:** Creating new components and applications
- **Bad:** Supporting, editing or copy/pasting old components

## People using your component

- **Good:** Your component just works
  - Discovery of depth and elegance can/should happen later
- **Bad:** It takes 15 minutes of reading docs and code to get up and running

OK smart guy, how?

## flexmdi

- Project site - <http://code.google.com/p/flexlib/>
- Brian Holmes - <http://brianjoseph31.typepad.com/smashedapples/>
- Brendan Meutzner - <http://www.meutzner.com/blog/>
- Conceived at 360|Flex Seattle, August 2007
- Released September 2007

## **Two “levels” of reusability**

- Loosely coupled
- Polished, fit for cataloguing/distribution



## **Loosely coupled components**

- Do it every time
- Use and bind to local (but public) vars
- Data set by ancestors
- Self-contained

## Loosely coupled example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<mx:Canvas xmlns:mx="http://www.adobe.com/2006/mxml">
  <mx:Script>
    <![CDATA[

      [Bindable]
      public var someVar:String;

    ]]>
  </mx:Script>

  <mx:Label text="{ someVar }" />
</mx:Canvas>
```

## **Polished components**

- Do it when you can
- Harder
- More time consuming (by far)
- Think like end users

# Composition over “in there”-itance

- Division of responsibilities
  - Classic tenet of OOP and common refactoring tactic
- One component != one class
- Expose modularity / assignment
  - MDIWindowControlsContainer
  - flexmdi effects
- Inversion of control / Dependency Injection

## Hide the details

- Another core principle of OOP - Encapsulation
- Less exposure means more freedom to change but...
- Don't be stingy
- Automate tedious tasks
  - MDICanvas
  - mdiManager.windowEventProxy()

## Providing default behaviors (your job)

- Listen for own events
- Low priority listener to ensure late/last execution
- `EventPriority.DEFAULT_HANDLER:int = -50`
  - `addEventListener(type:String, listener:Function, useCapture:Boolean = false, priority:int = 0, useWeakReference:Boolean = false);`
- Events must be cancelable
  - `Event(type:String, bubbles:Boolean = false, cancelable:Boolean = false);`

## Modifying default behaviors (their job)

- “Normal” listeners will get called first
  - `mdiWindow.addEventListener(MDIManager.WINDOW_CLOSE, onWindowClose);`
- Cancel default handler with `event.preventDefault()`
- Use `event.clone()` to store copy for later execution

## Executing default behaviors (your job)

- Default handler is public for delayed / manual calls
  - `mdiManager.executeDefaultBehavior(event);`
- Behavior is conditional
  - `if( !event.isDefaultPrevented() )`



## Follow conventions

- Use life cycle functions when possible / appropriate
  - MDIWindowControlsContainer
- Styles as styles
- Metadata...

## Provide default styles

- Static initializer
  - `private static function initializeStyles(){...}`
  - `private static var stylesInitialized():Boolean = initializeStyles();`
- Docs are wrong - use `defaultFactory()`, not `setStyle()`
  - `MDIWindow.classConstruct();`

## Metadata (is mandatory)

- Compiler instructions
- Code completion and MXML assignments
- [Event(name="minimize", type="flexmdi.events.MDIWindowEvent")]
- [Style(name="closeBtnStyleName", type="String", inherit="no")]
- [Bindable]

## **Make things easy**

- Expose things the framework doesn't
  - `mdiWindow.getTitleTextField()`
  - `mdiWindow.getTitleIconObject()`
- Proxy properties
  - `mdiCanvas.enforceBoundaries`
- Provide base implementations
  - `MDIEffectsDescriptorBase`
- Use flexible classes like `LayoutContainer`

# Thank you!

(tip your waitress)

