

*Due Monday, January 27.*

1. Find the cardinalities of the following sets. If the set is infinite, say whether the cardinality is equal to  $|\mathbb{N}| = \aleph_0$  or not.

(a)  $[10] \times [10] \times \{a, b, c\}$

(b)  $\{f : f : \{0, 1\}^3 \rightarrow \{\text{"yes"}, \text{"no"}, \text{"maybe"}\}\}$

(c)  $[3]^*$ .

2. The function IF-THEN-ELSE:  $\{0, 1\}^3 \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$  is defined:

$$\text{IF-THEN-ELSE}(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} y & \text{if } x = 1, \\ z & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Prove that if you combine this function with the constant functions 0 and 1, then you get a universal set, i.e., you can construct any function  $f : \{0, 1\}^n \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$  using just these three basic functions. Hint: prove that you can use  $\{\text{IF-THEN-ELSE}, 0, 1\}$  to construct all of the functions in another universal set such as  $\{\text{AND}, \text{OR}, \text{NOT}\}$  or  $\{\text{NAND}\}$ .

3. Any function  $f : \{0, 1\}^* \rightarrow \{0, 1\}^*$  can be encoded by a Boolean function  $g : \{0, 1\}^* \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$ . One way to do this is to let  $g$  input two binary strings  $s, t \in \{0, 1\}^*$  and return 1 if  $t = f(s)$  and 0 otherwise. Suppose someone else wrote a computer program that could compute the value of  $g(s, t)$  for all possible binary input strings. Explain in words how you could use their code to write a new program that would evaluate the function  $f(s)$  for any binary input string  $s$ .

Let  $A, B$  be sets and let  $|A|$  and  $|B|$  denote their cardinalities. We say that  $|B| \geq |A|$  if there is an onto function  $f : A \rightarrow B$ . We say that  $|B| > |A|$  if  $|B| \geq |A|$  and there is no bijection from  $B$  to  $A$ .

4. Let  $2^A$  denote the power set of  $A$ , i.e., the set of all subsets of  $A$ . Show that  $|2^A| \geq |A|$  by describing an onto function  $g : 2^A \rightarrow A$ .
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
5. Suppose that there is a bijection  $f : A \rightarrow 2^A$ . Let  $B = \{a \in A : a \notin f(a)\}$  and let  $b$  be the unique element of  $A$  such that  $f(b) = B$ . Then either  $b \in B$  or  $b \notin B$ . Explain why both possibilities lead to a contradiction.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
6. What does this mean about the cardinality  $|2^A|$ ?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
7. The majority function  $\text{MAJ} : \{0, 1\}^3 \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$  returns 1 if at least two of the inputs are 1, and returns 0 otherwise. Write a formula or pseudocode program that just uses the NAND function to compute  $\text{MAJ}(x, y, z)$ . Your program can use as many variables as you need.