Calculate the following derivatives.

$$1. \ \frac{d}{dx}\sqrt{x}(x^2-4)$$

$$2. \ \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{4}{x^2} \right)$$

$$3. \ \frac{d}{dt}(t-1)(t+1)$$

4.
$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{x^4 - 5x^3 + 6x^2}{x^2}$$

$$5. \ \frac{d}{dt}(\sqrt{t})^3$$

6.
$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

7.
$$\frac{d}{dx}x^2e^x$$

8.
$$\frac{d}{dx}x\ln x$$

- 9. Suppose that f(x) and g(x) are functions such that f(3) = 5, g(3) = 2 and f'(3) = 1 while g'(3) = -2.
 - (a) Find the derivative of $f(x) \cdot g(x)$ when x = 3.
 - (b) Find the derivative of $f(x) \cdot f(x)$ when x = 3.

(a) Find the marginal revenue $R'(x)$.
(b) Calculate $R'(80)$.
(c) Calculate $R(81) - R(80)$. Is it close to the previous answer? Should it be?
11. Suppose that the total cost to produce x units is $C(x) = 3x^2 + x + 500$.
(a) Find the marginal cost $R'(x)$.
(w) I met the marginal cost It (w).
(b) Calculate $C'(40)$.
(b) Calculate C (40).
500
12. The average cost per item from the previous problem is $A(x) = 3x + 1 + \frac{500}{x}$.
(a) Find the derivative of the average cost function.

(b) Is the average cost increasing or decreasing when the level of production is x = 10?