Let z=x+iy where  $x,y\in\mathbb{R}$ . For each of the following functions, use the Cauchy-Riemann equations to determine the set of all  $z\in\mathbb{C}$  where the function is differentiable. At the points where the function is differentiable, what is the derivative?

1. 
$$f(z) = z^2 - (\overline{z})^2$$
.

2. 
$$f(z) = x^2 + iy^2$$
.

3. 
$$f(z) = e^{-x}(\cos y - i\sin y)$$
.

4. 
$$f(z) = z \operatorname{Im} z$$
.

5. Find the derivative of the function  $f(z) = \frac{az+b}{cz+d}$  where  $a,b,c,d \in \mathbb{C}$  are constants and  $ad-bc \neq 0$ . When is T'(z) = 0? Hint: Use the quotient rule.

6. Suppose that  $f(z) = e^z$ . Let  $\gamma_1(t) = t + i/t$  and  $\gamma_2(t) = t + ti$ , where t > 0. Consider the paths  $f(\gamma_1(t))$  and  $f(\gamma_2(t))$ . Use the Chain Rule formula:

$$\frac{d}{dt}f(\gamma(t)) = f'(\gamma(t)) \cdot \gamma'(t)$$

to find the tangent vectors  $\frac{d}{dt} f(\gamma_1(t))$  and  $\frac{d}{dt} f(\gamma_2(t))$  when t = 1. Are the tangent vectors orthogonal? Why or why not?

7. If f is holomorphic in an open path connected set  $G \subseteq \mathbb{C}$  and f is always real-valued, then prove that f'(z) = 0 everywhere on G. Hint: Use the Cauchy-Riemann equations.

8. If f(z) and  $\overline{f(z)}$  are both holomorphic on an open path connected set  $G \subseteq \mathbb{C}$ , show that f(z) is constant in G.