

The Go Programming Language

An Introduction

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Overview

Introduction

Basics

Data Structures

Concurrency

Interfaces

Writing Good Go Code

The Fun Stuff

Resources





Background

History

High-Level Overview



Background



Literally nothing

Stuff I've Built in Go

- ECE Project
 - [https://github.com/bcspragu/ReachabilityAnalyzer]
- Radiotation
 - [https://github.com/bcspragu/Radiotation]
- Gobots
 - [https://github.com/bcspragu/Gobots]
- Blog



Foo foo = Foo.newBuilder().setFoosity(Foo.SOME_FOO).build();

foo:Foo *myFoo = new foo::Foo(foo::FOO_INIT)

History

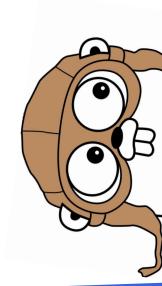
What does Google need?



So... what did they come up with?

Go's Main Traits

- Compiles quickly
- Concurrency built-in
- Garbage-collected
- Statically-typed
- Runs on pretty much everything
- "Object-oriented"
 - But no classes
 - Or inheritance



Basics

Hello World

Declaring Variables

Control Structures

Functions

Packages



Hello World

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println("Hello, 世界")
}
```

Variables

```
package main
import "fmt"
func main() {
  var i, j int = 1, 2
  k := 3
  c, python, java := true, false, "no!"
 // Prints 1 2 3 true false no!
  fmt.Println(i, j, k, c, python, java)
```

Types

```
import (
   "fmt"
   "math/cmplx"
var (
        bool = false
   ToBe
   MaxInt uint64 = 1 << 64 - 1
       complex128 = cmplx.Sqrt(-5 + 12i)
func main() {
   const f = "%T(%v)\n"
   fmt.Printf(f, ToBe, ToBe) // bool(false)
   fmt.Printf(f, MaxInt, MaxInt) // uint64(18446744073709551615)
   fmt.Printf(f, z, z) // complex128((2+3i))
```

Functions can be variables/types too

```
func adder() func(int) int {
    sum := 0
    return func(x int) int {
        sum += x
        return sum
    }
}
```

Zero values

```
import "fmt"
func main() {
  var i int
  var f float64
  var b bool
  var s string
  // Prints 0 0 false ""
  fmt.Printf("%v %v %v %q\n", i, f, b, s)
```

Type Conversions

```
import (
  "math"
func main() {
  var x, y int = 3, 4
  var f float64 = math.Sqrt(\frac{1}{1}
  var z uint = uint(f)
```

Constants

```
import "fmt"
const Pi = 3.14
func main() {
   const World = "世界"
   fmt.Println("Hello", World)
   fmt.Println("Happy", Pi, "Day")
   const Truth = true
   fmt.Println("Go rules?", Truth)
```

For Loops

```
import "fmt"
func main() {
  sum := 0
  for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {
      sum += i
  fmt.Println(sum)
```

"While" Loops

```
import "fmt"
func main() {
  sum := 1
  for sum < 1000 {
      sum += sum
  fmt.Println(sum)
```

Infinite Loops...what

```
package main

func main() {
   for {
   }
}
```

If Statements

```
import (
  "fmt"
  "math"
func sqrt(x float64) string {
  if x < 0 {
      return sqrt(-x) + "i"
  return fmt.Sprint(math.Sqrt(x))
```

Fancy If Statements

```
import (
  "math"
func pow(x, n, lim float64) float64 {
  if v := math.Pow(x, n); v < lim {
      return v
  return lim
```

Switch

```
import (
   "runtime"
func main() {
   switch os := runtime.GOOS; os {
   case "darwin":
        // Do Mac Stuff
   case "linux":
        // Do Stallman stuff
   default:
        // Do freebsd, openbsd,
        // plan9, windows... stuff
```

More Switch

```
import (
    "fmt"
    "time"
func main() {
   t := time.Now()
    switch {
    case t.Hour() < 12:</pre>
          fmt.Println("Good morning!")
    case t.Hour() < 17:</pre>
          fmt.Println("Good afternoon.")
    default:
         fmt.Println("Good evening.")
```

Defer

```
import "fmt"

func main() {
   defer fmt.Println("world")

   fmt.Println("hello")
}
```

Packages

```
import (
     "bytes"
     "encoding/gob"
     "errors"
     "fmt"
     "log"
     "sort"
     "strings"
     "time"
     "zombiezen.com/go/capnproto2"
     "github.com/bcspragu/Gobots/botapi"
     "github.com/boltdb/bolt"
```

Data Structures



Structs

Arrays

Slices

Maps

Structs

```
import "fmt"
type Vertex struct {
  X int
  Y int
func main() {
  v := Vertex{1, 2}
  v.X = 4
  fmt.Println(v.X)
```

Structs 'n Pointers

```
import "fmt"
type Vertex struct {
  X int
  Y int
func main() {
  v := Vertex{Y: 2}
  p := &v
  p.X = 1e9
```

Methods

```
type Vertex struct {
    X, Y float64
}

func (v Vertex) Abs() float64 {
    return math.Sqrt(v.X*v.X + v.Y*v.Y)
}

func (v *Vertex) Scale(f float64) {
    v.X = v.X * f
    v.Y = v.Y * f
}
```

More Methods

```
type MyFloat float64
func (f MyFloat) Abs() float64 {
    if f < 0 {
        return float64(-f)
    }
    return float64(f)
}</pre>
```

Arrays

```
import "fmt"
func main() {
  var a [2]string
  a[0] = "Hello"
  a[1] = "World"
  fmt.Println(a[0], a[1])
  fmt.Println(a)
```

Slices

```
import "fmt"
func main() {
  primes := []int{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13}
  for i := 0; i < len(primes); i++ {</pre>
      fmt.Printf("primes[%d] == %d\n", i, primes[i])
```

Slicing Slices

```
import "fmt"
func main() {
  s := []int{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13}
  fmt.Println("s[1:4] == ", s[1:4]) // s[1:4] == [3 5 7]
  fmt.Println("s[:3] ==", s[:3]) // s[:3] == [2 3 5]
  fmt.Println("s[4:] ==", s[4:]) // s[4:] == [11 \ 13]
```

Making Slices

```
import "fmt"

func main() {
    // Also used for maps and channels
    a := make([]int, 5)
}
```

Nil Slices and Adding Elements

```
import "fmt"
func main() {
  var s []int
  if s == nil {
      // Do stuff
  s = append(s, 1)
```

For ... range

```
var pow = []int{1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128}
func main() {
   for i, v := range pow {
       // Access i and v here
   for _, value := range pow {
       // If you only need the value
   for i := range pow {
       // If you only need the index
```

Maps

```
type Vertex struct {
  Lat, Long float64
var m map[string]Vertex
func main() {
  m = make(map[string]Vertex)
  m["Bell Labs"] = Vertex{
       40.68433, -74.39967,
```

More Maps

```
type Vertex struct {
   Lat, Long float64
var m map[string]Vertex
func main() {
   m = make(map[string]Vertex)
   m["Bell Labs"] = Vertex{
        40.68433, -74.39967,
   if e, ok := m["Menlo Park"]; ok {
        // Do something with e
   delete(m, "Bell Labs")
```

Interfaces

An example

The Empty Interface: interface{}

Usage in Standard Library



Interfaces

```
import "math"
type Abser interface {
     Abs() float64
func main() {
     var a Abser
     f := MyFloat(-math.Sqrt2)
     v := Vertex{3, 4}
     a = f // a MyFloat implements
Abser
     a = &v // a *Vertex implements
Abser
```

```
type MyFloat float64
func (f MyFloat) Abs() float64 {
     if f < 0 {
           return float64(-f)
     return float64(f)
type Vertex struct {
     X, Y float64
func (v *Vertex) Abs() float64 {
     return math.Sqrt(v.X*v.X +
v.Y*v.Y)
```

The Empty interface{}

```
import "fmt"
func do(i interface{}) {
    switch v := i.(type) {
    case int:
        fmt.Printf("Twice %v is %v\n", v, v*2)
    case string:
        fmt.Printf("%q is %v bytes long\n", v, len(v))
    default:
        fmt.Printf("I don't know about type %T!\n", v)
```

interface{} in the Standard Library

```
// In the encoding/json package
func Marshal(v interface{}) ([]byte, error)
func Unmarshal(data []byte, v interface{}) error

// In the reflect package
func DeepEqual(x, y interface{}) bool
func ValueOf(i interface{}) Value
```

Interfaces in the Standard Library

```
// In the fmt package
type Stringer interface {
    String() string
// In the io package
type Reader interface {
        Read(p []byte) (n int, err error)
type Writer interface {
        Write(p []byte) (n int, err error)
```

Concurrency

Goroutines

Channels

Select Statement



Goroutines

```
import (
     "fmt"
     "time"
func say(s string) {
     for i := 0; i < 5; i++ {
           time.Sleep(100 * time.Millisecond)
           fmt.Println(s)
func main() {
     go say("world")
     say("hello")
```

Channels

```
func sum(s []int, c chan int) {
    sum := 0
    for _, v := range s {
        sum += v
    }
    c <- sum // send sum to c
}</pre>
```

```
func main() {
    s := []int{7, 2, 8, -9, 4, 0}
    c := make(chan int)
    go sum(s[:len(s)/2], c)
    go sum(s[len(s)/2:], c)
    x, y := \langle -c, \langle -c \rangle / receive
from c
    fmt.Println(x, y, x+y)
```

The Select Statement

```
func fibonacci(c, quit chan int) {
    x, y := 0, 1
    for {
        select {
        case c <- x:
            x, y = y, x+y
        case <-quit:</pre>
            fmt.Println("quit")
            return
```

Writing Good Go Code

Idiomatic Go

Testing

Using the tooling

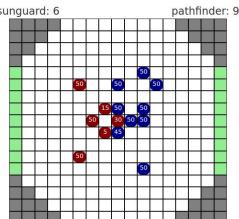


The Fun Stuff





Gobots!



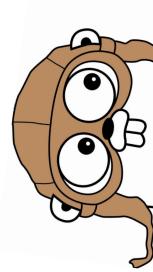
Useful Resources and Tools



From the Go Authors

- Installing Go
 - https://golang.org/doc/install
- Effective Go Goes through each feature and when to use them
 - https://golang.org/doc/effective_go.html
- Standard Library Documentation (also available via go doc)
 - https://golang.org/pkg/
- Go Frequently Asked Questions
 - https://golang.org/doc/faq
- Official Go Blog
 - https://blog.golang.org/







From...other places

- Documentation for building a Gobot
 - https://godoc.org/github.com/bcspragu/Gobots/game
 - Rules for RobotGame, which GobotGame is based on: https://robotgame.net/rules
- Info on using io.Reader
 - https://www.datadoghq.com/blog/crossing-streams-love-lettergos-io-reader/
- All sorts of Go examples
 - https://gobyexample.com



What's next?

Questions?

