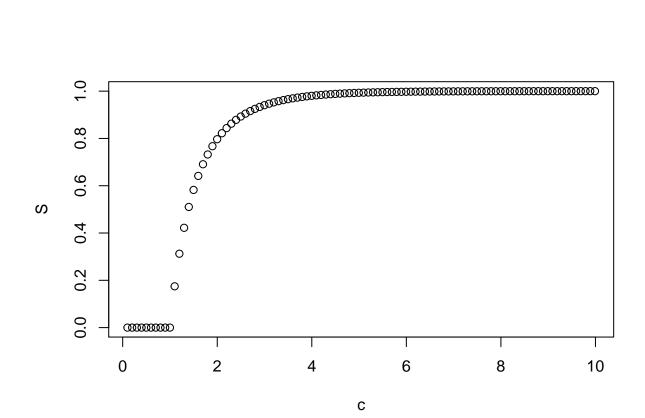
## Homework 5

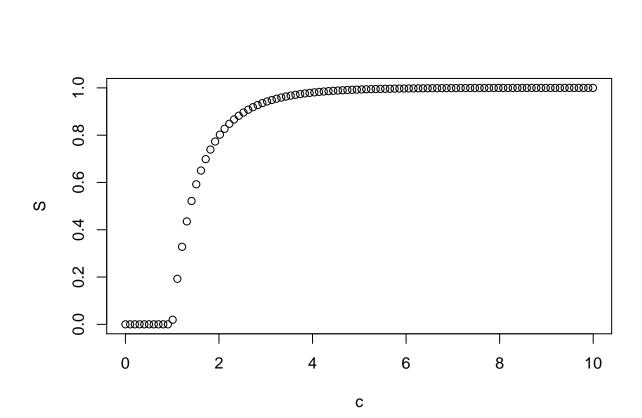
## Bright

## 2/21/2021

```
n=1000 #number of nodes
p=seq(from = 0.0001, to = 0.01, length.out = 100)
u_theoretical=rep(0,100) # theoretical solution of u
library("nleqslv")
for (j in 1:100){
    fn <- function(u) {
        u-(1-p[j]+p[j]*u)^(n-1)
    }
    sol=nleqslv(c(0,1), fn) #extract the $x, that is the solution
        u_theoretical[j]=sol$x[1]#the solutions are ordered increasingly, and 1 is always a solution, so take
}
S=1-u_theoretical
    c=p*(n-1)
plot(c,S,ylim=c(0,1))</pre>
```



```
n=2000 #number of nodes
p=seq(from = 0.0000001, to = 0.005, length.out = 100)
u_theoretical=rep(0,100) # theoretical solution of u
library("nleqslv")
for (j in 1:100){
    fn <- function(u) {
        u-(1-p[j]+p[j]*u)^(n-1)
    }
    sol=nleqslv(c(0,1), fn) #extract the $x, that is the solution
        u_theoretical[j]=sol$x[1]#the solutions are ordered increasingly, and 1 is always a solution, so take
}
S=1-u_theoretical
    c=p*(n-1)
plot(c,S,ylim=c(0,1))</pre>
```



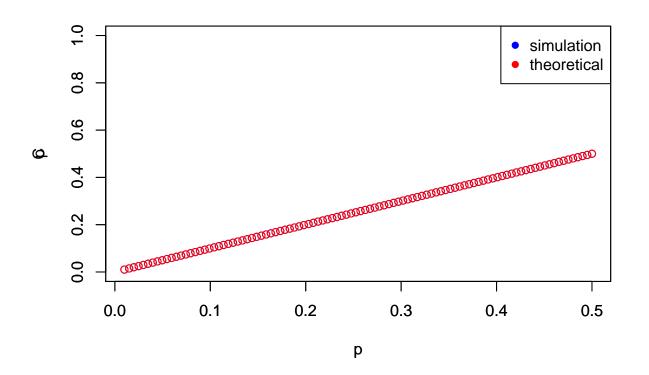
## library(igraph)

```
##
## Attaching package: 'igraph'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## decompose, spectrum
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
## union
```

```
n=500
p=seq(from = 0.01, to = 0.5, length.out = 100) #Generate 100 different p in a reasonable range
C=rep(0,100) #save the result in the vector u
simulation_number=50
for (j in 1:100){
    simulation_result=rep(0,simulation_number)
    for (i in 1:simulation_number){
        g <- erdos.renyi.game(n, p[j], type = "gnp")
        simulation_result[i]=transitivity(g,type = "undirected", isolates = "zero")
    }
    C[j]=mean(simulation_result)
}

plot(p,C,xlim=c(min(p),max(p)),ylim=c(0,1),col="blue")
par(new=TRUE)

plot(p,p,xlim=c(min(p),max(p)),ylim=c(0,1),col="red")
legend("topright",legend=c("simulation","theoretical"),col = c("blue","red"),pch=16)</pre>
```



```
library(igraph)
n=500
p=seq(from = 0.01, to = 0.5, length.out = 100) #Generate 100 different p in a reasonable range
lvals=rep(0,100) #save the result in the vector u
l=rep(0,100)
```

```
simulation_number=50
for (j in 1:100){
    simulation_result=rep(0,simulation_number)
    for (i in 1:simulation_number){
        g <- erdos.renyi.game(n, p[j], type = "gnp")
        simulation_result[i]=mean_distance(g, directed = F, unconnected = T)
    }
    lvals[j]=mean(simulation_result)
l[j]=log(n)/log((n-1)*p[j])
}

plot(p,lvals,xlim=c(min(p),max(p)),ylim=c(0,5),col="blue")
par(new=TRUE)

plot(p,l,xlim=c(min(p),max(p)),ylim=c(0,5),col="red")
legend("topright",legend=c("simulation","theoretical"),col = c("blue","red"),pch=16)</pre>
```

