

Welcome to Blockchain Development and Fintech

Martinet Lee





Martinet Lee

Senior Research Engineer / Auditor

Head of Developer Relations



Quantstamp



Zircuit

Technical Experience

Audited more than 50+ projects, from Defi, NFT, to Layer 1s including Yearn, ETH2, Avalanche.

Technical lead of Zircuit Ecosystem

- Developed Smart Contracts that hosted 2B USD assets at the peak.
- Leading the internal Chain Abstraction and Account Abstraction research & efforts



Martinet Lee

**Head of Developer Relations
@ Zircuit**

Operational Experience

Served as Audit PM and standardizing various processes that improves audit quality and communication with clients.

- Managed Tech team
- Handle external relations
- Handled operations for more than 600M USD worth of assets
- Experiences in TGE



/Why are we here?



/Goal of the course

- > Provide a rudimentary technical understanding of blockchain

Overview of Decentralized Finance

Ability to develop smart contracts

(Hackathon Incoming at April 6-8th)

/The course is NOT about

- > Investment Advice
- How to trade crypto
- Hedge / Quant





/Tentative Schedule



DATE	Topic
02-18	Intro to cryptography and cryptocurrencies + Bitcoin 101 Introduction to Solidity (solc, hardhat/foundry)
02-25	ERC20, ERC721 and Dapps (Structure of Dapps), Oracles, & Fungible Asset Exchange: ICO, Token upgrade, DEX
03-04	Centralized Stablecoin, Decentralized Stablecoin (MakerDAO)
03-11	OFF
03-18	Core Infrastructure & Support Infrastructure
03-25	Introduction to EVM





/Tentative Schedule



DATE	Topic
04-01	OFF for EHTaipei - MANDATORY Hackathon is on the weekend (April 4-6)
04-08	Lending Protocol & Flashloan
04-15	Yield Aggregating Protocols - Yearn, Harvest
04-22	Insurance & Risk assessment – guest speaker , Midterm Proposal
04-29	Options Protocol – guest speaker
05-06	Overview of important topics outside of Defi: MEV, Scaling, Privacy (1)



/Tentative Schedule



DATE	Topic
05-13	(TBD)
05-20	(TBD)
05-27	Final Project Presentations (TBD) Final Project Deadline
06-03	Final Project Presentations (TBD)



/Expectations

Prerequisite

- Data structure, Algorithm
- Proficient English



Attitude

- Active in class: ask & discuss
- Hands-on: Buidl, buidl, buidl
- Don't about score too much, but care about the real value.

/Grading



Lab (35%)

- Every week there will be an assignment that will be due in 1 week.

Class Participation and Quiz (30%)

- We will have a discord community, activities there would also be taken into account.

Final Project (35%)

- Not necessarily in Solidity. E.g. Audit in competition. Can consider doing some bounty, or expanding on hackathon project. **Earn money while doing project at the same time!**
- Flexible on the content, discuss with me as early as possible.

/Policy

AI tools are allowed, but has to be disclosed.

- AI is a new tool. Of course you are allowed to use it. However its usage has to be disclosed.

Disclosure:

the logo of this course is produced by **MidJourney** ;)

No Plagiarism

- No copying reports / texts from others. No copying assignment solutions. Looking at the code and typing yourself is obviously also plagiarism.
- There is a **non-negotiable “FAIL”** if plagiarism is being detected. **I will not let you drop the course.**

/Warnings

- **Load will be HEAVY.** The course is aiming to give you as much training as possible to be equipped for the industry. We're not just playing house.
- **Schedule and Grading is subject to change.** This flexibility is reserved to allow the course to adapt to your ability. Feedbacks are welcome. There are also topics that I'd really like to fit in but is not in the current plan (e.g. smart contract security & audits).



/Who should drop

- Does not have background in data structure and algorithm
- 1st - 3rd year bachelor student
 - There can be exceptions, but you need to convince me with your past experience.
- Only cares about what to buy or sell
 - this sort of questions will have negative impact on course participation as it is wasting everyone's time
- Does not consider plagiarism as a shameful behaviour
- Cannot follow up with lectures and discussion in English
- Needs course to be stable and fixed

/Finally, Logistics for additional sign-ups

I would love to have you here if you :

- Have **Security** background (provide CV)
- Have **Cryptography** background (provide CV)
- Already knows about blockchain / Solidity (provide GitHub & quick chat)
- Can have **insightful discussion / questions** during the lecture
- Can persuade me otherwise. (come talk to me)

Sign-ups have to:

- Be ETHGlobal Taipei Hackathon attendee (4/6 - 8)
- Complete the assignments even if the additional sign-up situation is unclear

/There are still a TON that are not covered

There are only 12 lectures so we cannot cover:

- Defi
 - Leverage
 - Derivatives
 - ...(etc)
- NFTs
 - Marketplaces
 - NFTFi (Fractionalization, liquid market)
- Cross-chain Communication and value transfer (bridges)
- Secure Smart Contract Development
- Security Auditing
- MEV
- Privacy
- Different types of Consensus
- UI/UX
- ... (etc)



<Ready?>

Time cannot be wasted.

*"One day in the crypto world is like
one year in real life."*



Introduction to Cryptography & Cryptocurrency

Martinet Lee



/What is Blockchain?

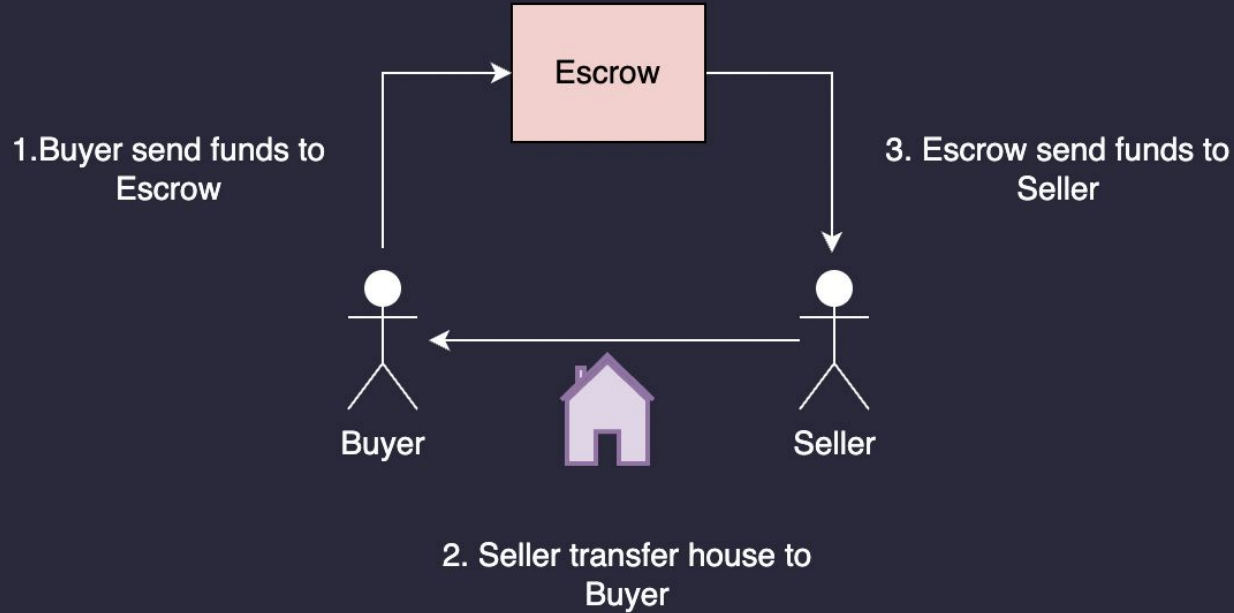
Technically:

- Public append-only data structure
- “Immutable”?
- Can run programs or scripts

Value-wise:

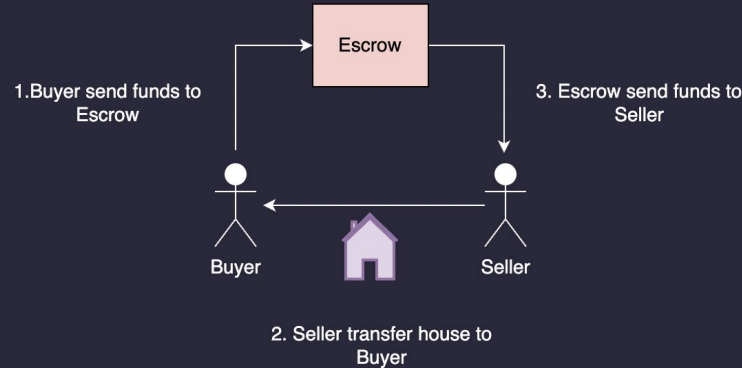
- Facilitating coordination between parties

/Example: Buying a real-estate

















/Example: Buying a real-estate

- Also, how do you transfer the “house”?
- How do you transfer your “funds”?




















/How large is the industry?

15		Exxon Mobil XOM	\$456.85 B	\$111.92	0.69%		 USA
16		LVMH MC.PA	\$453.88 B	\$900.75	2.51%		 France
17		Bitcoin BTC	\$441.67 B	\$22,902	-1.86%		
18		UnitedHealth UNH	\$441.03 B	\$472.02	0.25%		 USA
19		Johnson & Johnson JNJ	\$430.36 B	\$164.61	-0.56%		 USA


























Source: Companies Marketcap

/How large is the industry?

56	 Toyota TM	\$197.44 B	\$144.71	-1.30%		 Japan
57	 Danaher DHR	\$196.53 B	\$269.85	-0.31%		 USA
58	 Ethereum ETH	\$196.16 B	\$1,628	-2.01%		
59	 Abbott Laboratories ABT	\$194.91 B	\$111.79	-0.41%		 USA
60	 McDonald MCD	\$193.52 B	\$264.23	0.39%		 USA
61	 Reliance Industries RELIANCE.NS	\$192.72 B	\$28.48	-0.63%		 India

Source: Companies Marketcap

/How large is the industry?

1	 Gold GOLD	\$12.459 T	\$1,888	0.62%		
2	 Apple AAPL	\$2.444 T	\$154.50	2.44%		 USA
3	 Microsoft MSFT	\$1.923 T	\$258.35	-2.36%		 USA
4	 Saudi Aramco 2222.SR	\$1.881 T	\$8.55	-1.53%		 S. Arabia
5	 Alphabet (Google) GOOG	\$1.354 T	\$105.22	-3.29%		 USA
6	 Silver SILVER	\$1.264 T	\$22.46	0.25%		
7	 Amazon AMZN	\$1.054 T	\$103.39	-8.43%		 USA
8	 Berkshire Hathaway BRK-B	\$680.67 B	\$308.51	-1.07%		 USA
9	 Tesla TSLA	\$601.11 B	\$189.98	0.91%		 USA

Source: Companies Marketcap

/How large is the industry?



Circulating Supply ⓘ

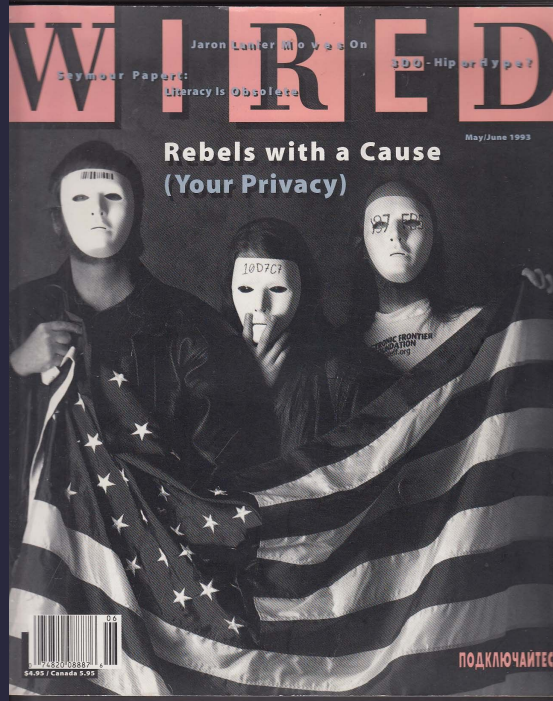
41.97 B USDC

Circulating Supply ⓘ

68.06 B USDT

Source: CoinMarketCap

/Back to the roots - Bitcoin. Why?



"Privacy is necessary for an open society in the electronic age."

"When my identity is revealed by the underlying mechanism of the transaction, I have no privacy. I cannot here selectively reveal myself; I must _always_ reveal myself. Therefore, **privacy in an open society requires anonymous transaction systems. Until now, cash has been the primary such system. An anonymous transaction system is not a secret transaction system. An anonymous system empowers individuals to reveal their identity when desired and only when desired; this is the essence of privacy."**

A Cypherpunk's Manifesto - Eric Hughes, 1993

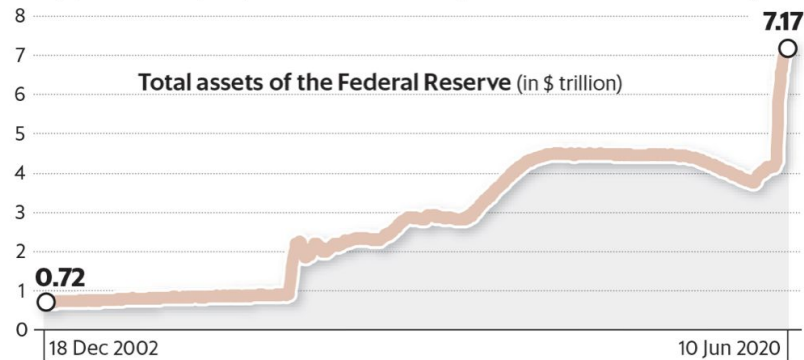
[illegible]

What happens in a bailout?

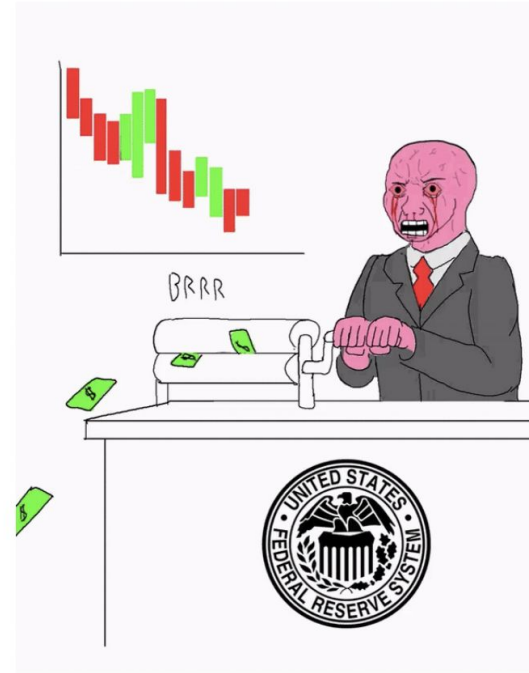
/Back to the roots - Bitcoin. Why?

Sudden surge

In the weeks from 26 February to 10 June, the Federal Reserve's balance sheet size jumped to \$7.17 trillion. This was on the back of money worth \$3 trillion being printed and pumped into the economy in a bid to kickstart recovery.



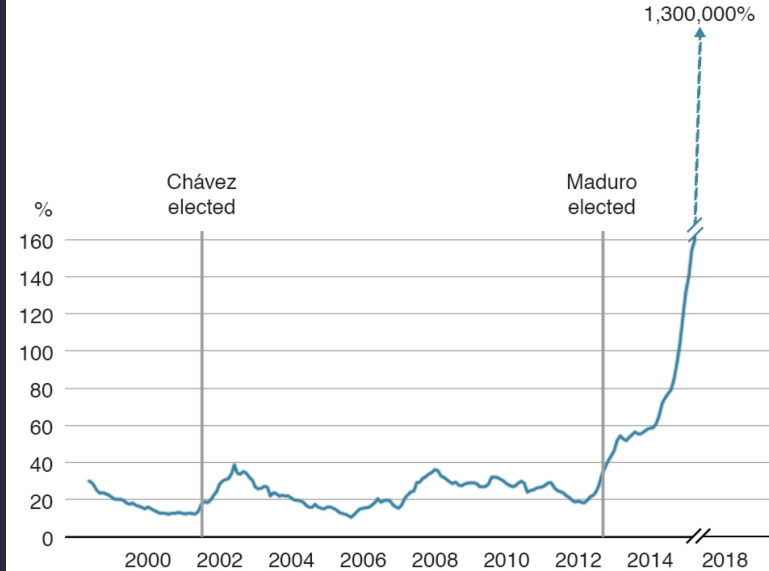
Source: Fred Economic Data



/Back to the roots - Bitcoin. Why?

Venezuela's inflation spiked after Maduro's election

Estimate for 2018 is off the scale

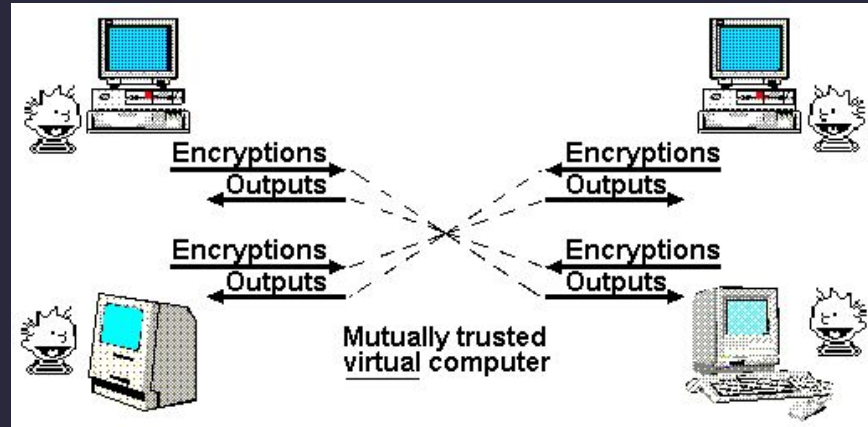
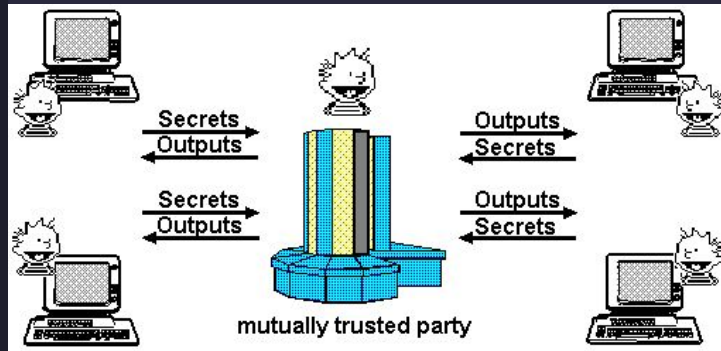


Source: Bloomberg/Reuters estimate for 2018

BBC

↓
Is it possible to remove
the “Trusted Party”?


/The God Protocol - Nick Szabo 1997





/Bitcoin, How? The technical history


- “DigiCash”, David Chaum, 1989
- “CyberCash”, Lynch, 1994
- “Hashcash”, Adam Back, 1997
- “Bit Gold”, Nick Szabo, 1998
- “b-money”, Wei Dai, 1998
- “Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash System”, Satoshi Nakamoto, 2008

/The first real transaction of Bitcoin

 Author

Topic: Pizza for bitcoins? (Read 571320 times)

laszlo
Full Member

Activity: 199


 **Pizza for bitcoins?**
May 18, 2010, 12:35:20 AM #1

I'll pay 10,000 bitcoins for a couple of pizzas.. like maybe 2 large ones so I have some left over for the next day. I like having left over pizza to nibble on later. You can make the pizza yourself and bring it to my house or order it for me from a delivery place, but what I'm aiming for is getting food delivered in exchange for bitcoins where I don't have to order or prepare it myself, kind of like ordering a 'breakfast platter' at a hotel or something, they just bring you something to eat and you're happy!

I like things like onions, peppers, sausage, mushrooms, tomatoes, pepperoni, etc.. just standard stuff no weird fish topping or anything like that. I also like regular cheese pizzas which may be cheaper to prepare or otherwise acquire.

If you're interested please let me know and we can work out a deal.

Thanks,
Laszlo

BC: 157fRrqAKrDyGHR1Bx3yDxeMv8Rh45aUet

Source: bitcointalk.org

/Bitcoin has died...

Bitcoin Obituaries

Bitcoin has died 471 times

Source: 99bitcoins.com/bitcoin-obituaries
Image source: cryptoart.com



/What is Blockchain? (recap)

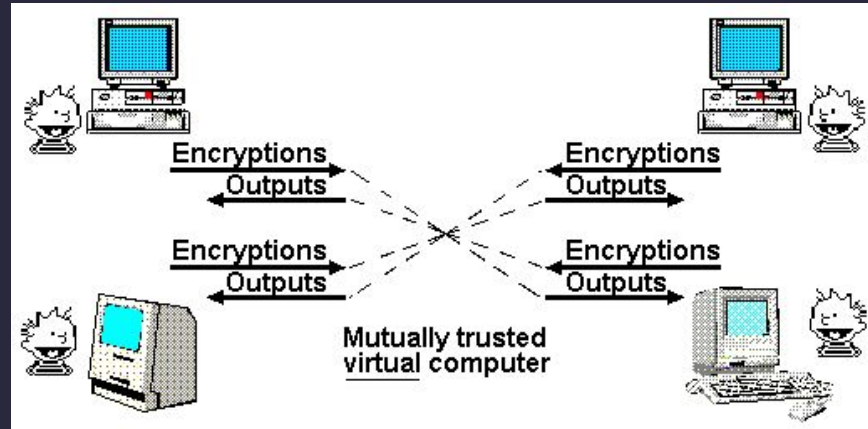
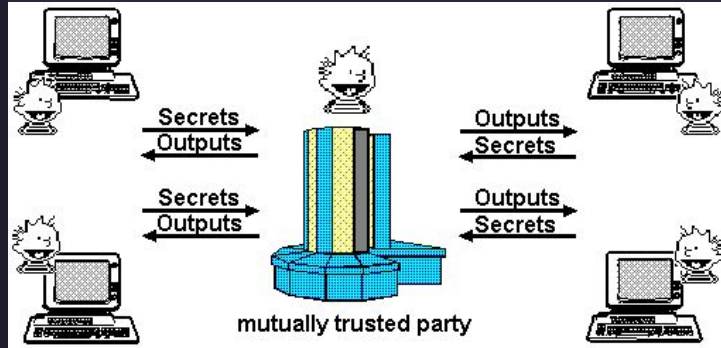
Technically:

- Public append-only data structure
- “Immutable”?
- Can run programs or scripts

Value-wise:

- Facilitating coordination between parties

/What is Blockchain? Another perspective



- Mutually Trusted “Virtual” Machine

/How does a shared virtual machine work?

A computer / machine: A state machine + transition logic. You control your input to the state machine.

A virtual machine: You could emulate a machine in a physical machine. Typically you control the input.

For a “shared” virtual machine:

- The virtual machine still runs in your physical machine.
- You do NOT control the input. You receives the input and the virtual machine executes it.

/Challenges

- How do we perform identity verification? How do we know if an account really does have the intent to do something?
- How to agree on a simulation result across a trust-less / distributed system?
- How to construct a reliable network?
- How to make this whole thing “Permissionless”?

/Technical Foundations of Blockchain

- How do we perform identity verification? How do we know if an account really does have the intent to do something? ⇒ **Cryptography**
- How to agree on a simulation result across a trustless / distributed system? and Permissionless? ⇒ **Innovative Consensus Algorithm**
- How to construct a reliable network? ⇒ **Peer to Peer Network**

/Cryptography (schemes that are useful in blockchain)

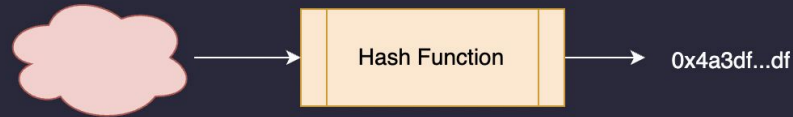
- Hash function
 - Merkle Tree
 - Proof of Work
- Public Key Cryptography
 - Digital Signature
- *(Zero-Knowledge Proofs)*
- *(Homomorphic Encryption)*
- *(Multi-Party Computation)*
- *(Threshold Signature)*



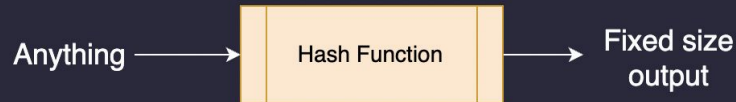
<Cryptography>



/Hash function



**A Turing
Award
winning
paper**



Given input of any size, a hash function outputs a fixed length of bits.

Important properties:

- Given a hash, should not be easy to find a message that produces the hash.
- Given a message, should not be easy to find another message that produces the same hash.
- Should be hard to find any message pair that produces the same hash.

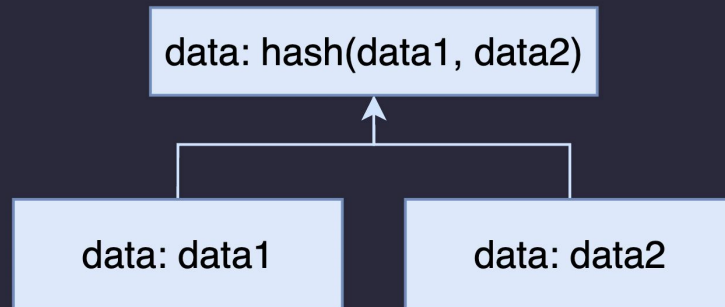
/Applications of Hash function

- Digest
 - File download check
 - Used when signing large chunks of data
 - Merkle Tree (a super useful data structure!)
- Commit Reveal Scheme

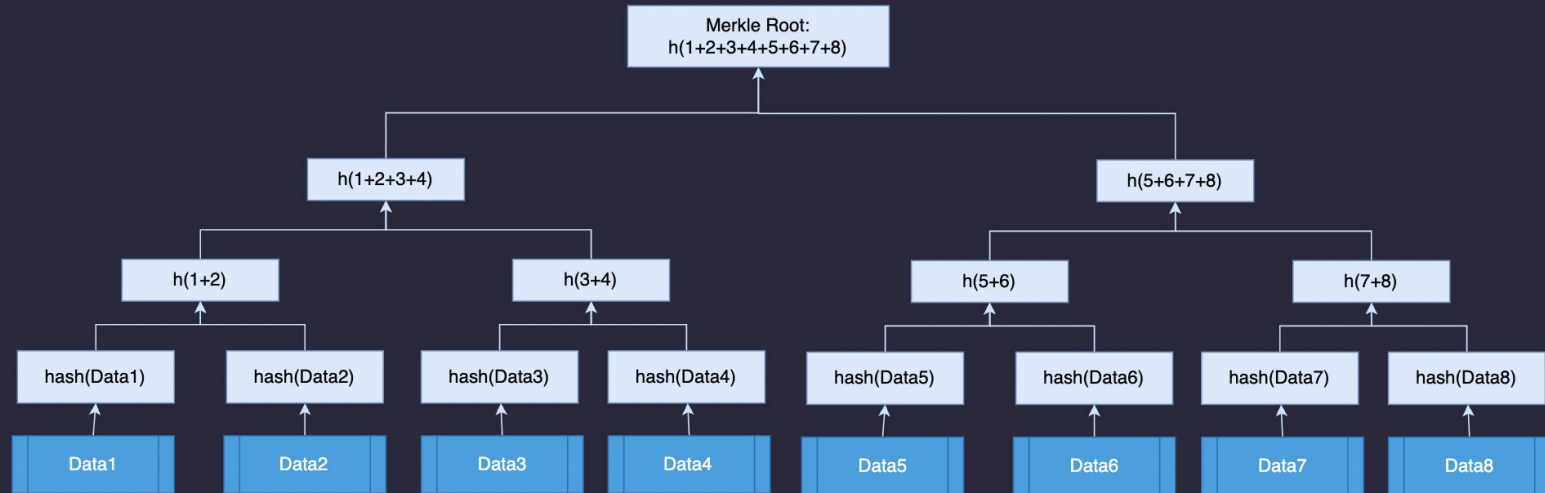
/Merkle Tree

A Merkle Tree is a **tree** where each node has additional data which is being constructed in a special way.

- `thisNode.data = hash(leftChild.data | rightChild.data)`



/Merkle Tree



/Merkle Tree

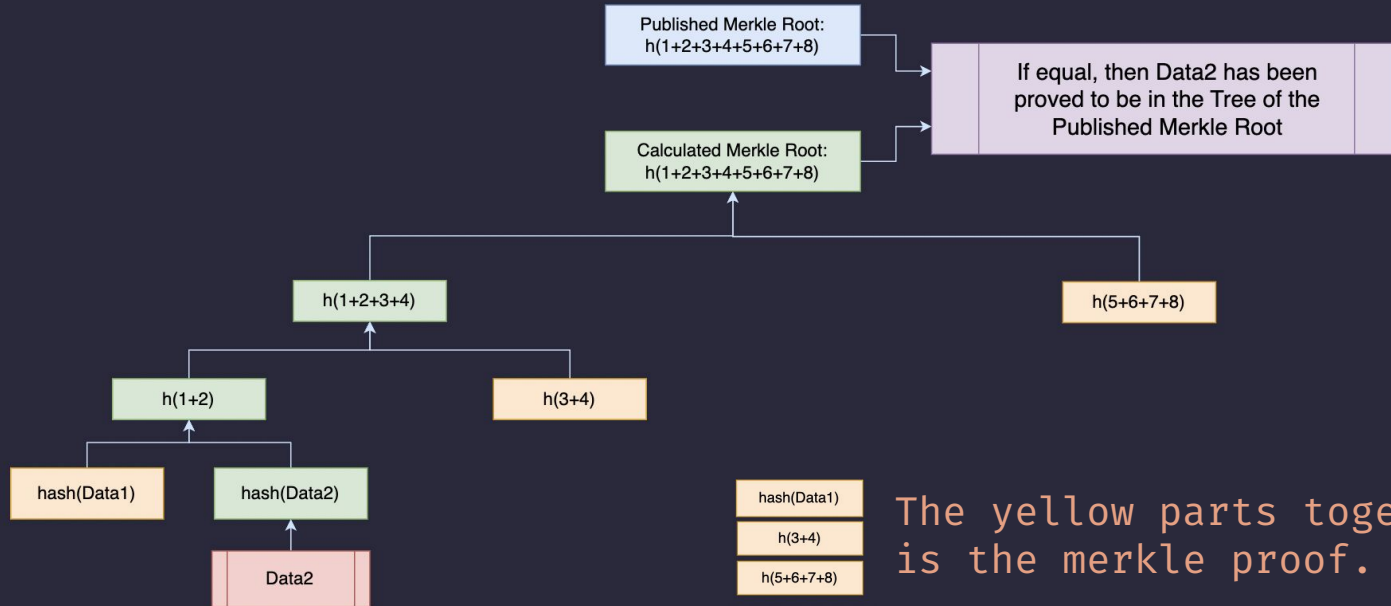
With Merkle Root, we don't need to publish the whole tree, but just the root.

Now let's say I want to prove Data2 exists in the tree associated with the Merkle root that was published. **Wat do?**

Data2

Merkle Root:
 $h(1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8)$

/Merkle Proof



/Applications of Merkle Tree in Blockchain

Data storage on Blockchain is very very expensive. (why?)

Merkle Tree is an efficient way to store a large quantity of data with the cost of later computation.

Applications:

- Aggregating transactions
- Storing state
- airdrops/reward claiming
- Proof of liability
- ..

/Public Key Cryptography

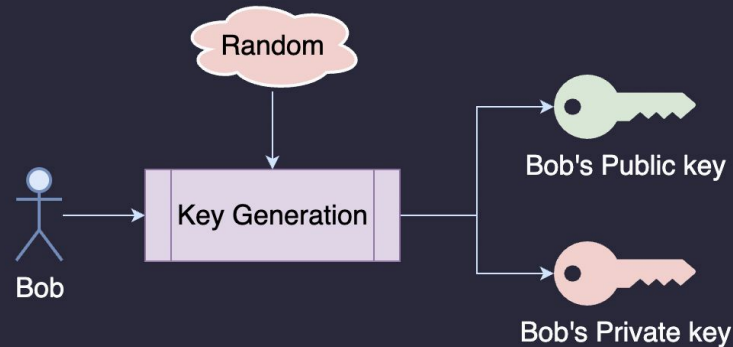
Quick survey:

- How many people know about public key cryptography; symmetric encryption v.s. Asymmetric encryption?

/Public Key Cryptography - Key Generation

Anyone can generate a pair of keys with random inputs

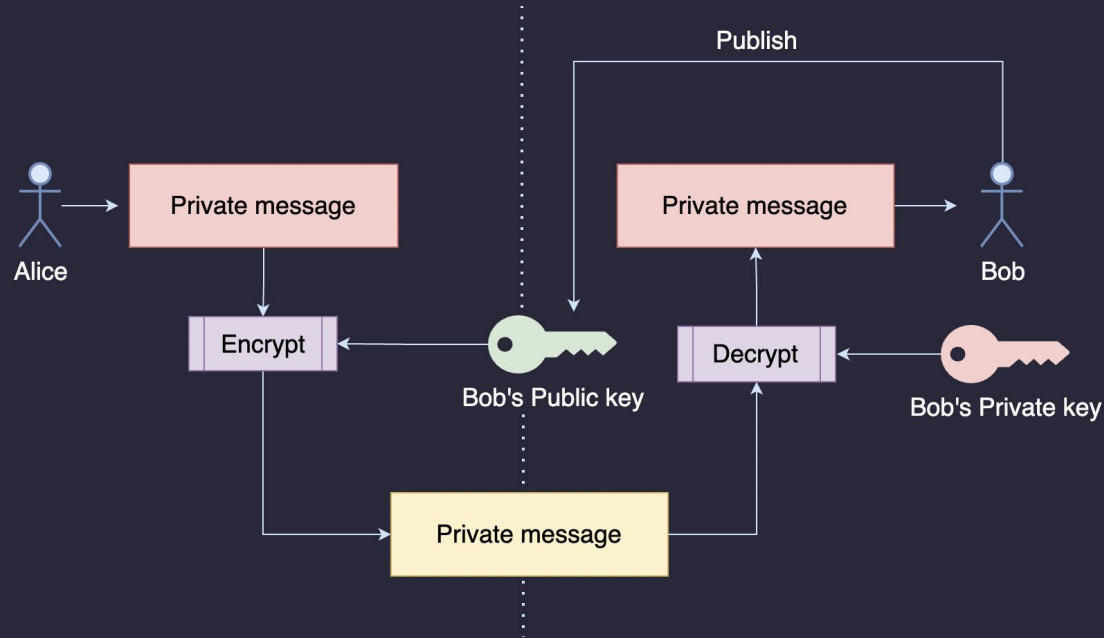
- Public key
- Private key



<https://www.kerryveenstra.com/cryptosystem.html>

/Public Key Cryptography - Encryption / Decryption

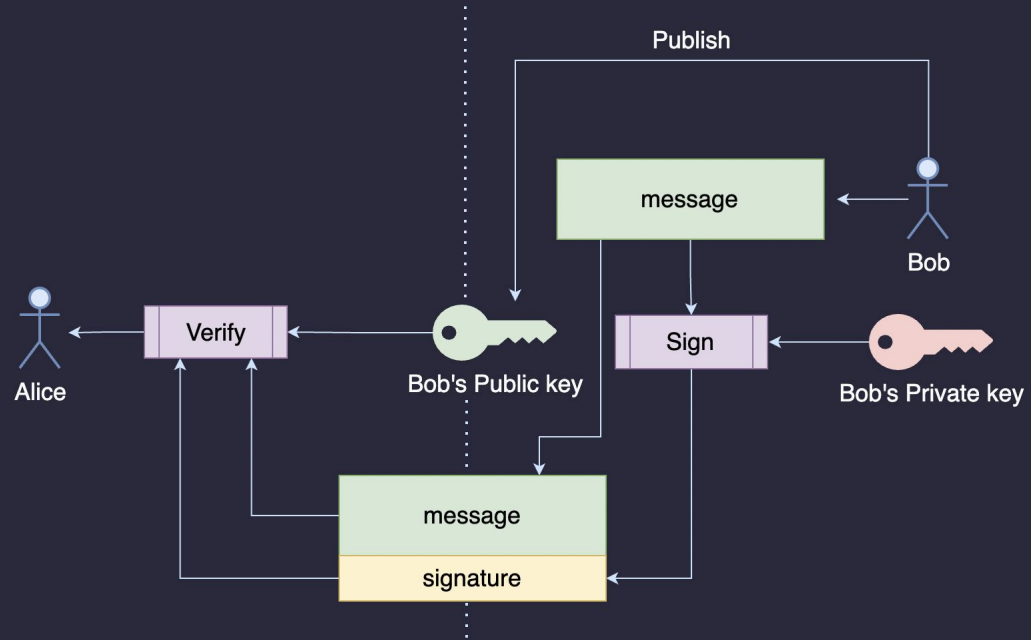
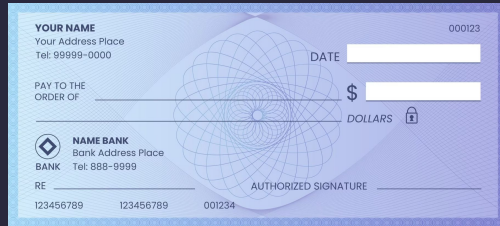
Bob publishes his public key so that others can use it to encrypt message.



/Public Key Cryptography - Digital Signature

Bob publishes his public key so that others can verify that he “signed” a message.

Alice can be convinced that Bob did “sign” the message using the “Verify” algorithm.



/Other Cryptographic schemes...

- Homomorphic Encryption
- Zero Knowledge Proofs
- Multi Party Computation
- Threshold Signature



<Bitcoin 101>



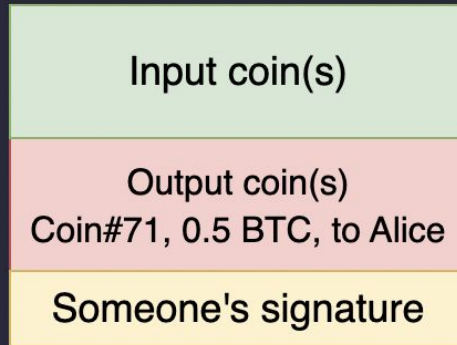
/What is a transaction? (simplified)

- All messages on the blockchain are transactions. They all look like “Alice sends Coin#71 to Bob”.
- Different coin have different value
- If the message is “Alice sends Coin#71 to Bob”, how do we know if it is valid?

Coin#71 (Alice's) to Bob

Alice's signature

/What is a transaction in Bitcoin - UTXO (simplified)



/What is a coin in Bitcoin - UTXO

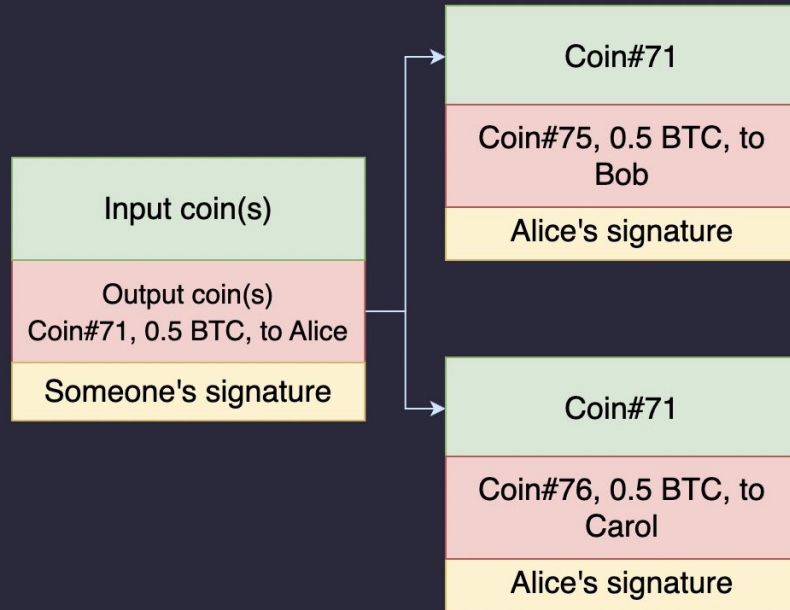
- UTXO - Unspent Transaction Output
- “We define electronic coin as a chain of digital signatures”



/What is a coin in Bitcoin - UTXO



/Double Spending Attack

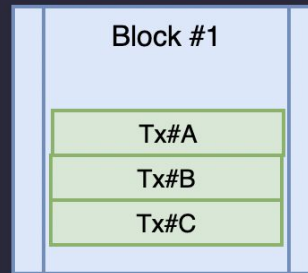


/Need someone to verify

- Someone's work:
 - Collect transactions
 - **filters out conflicting transactions and decide** which one to rule out
 - verify that the transactions are valid
 - Decide the ordering of the transactions
 - publish the result.
- Banking system?
 - Imagine trying to cash out two cheques, both with the size of the account's full balance.

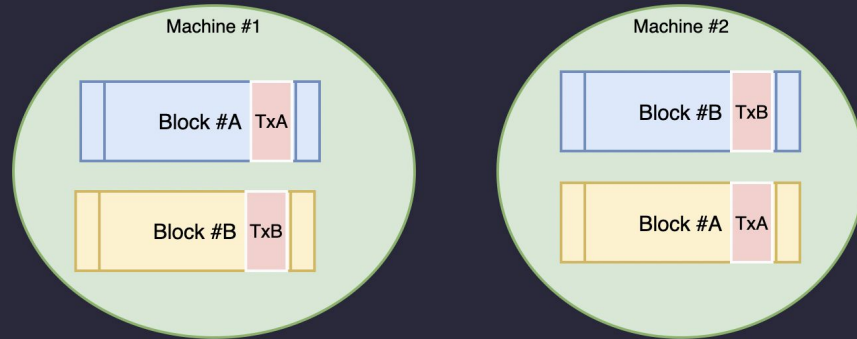
/Let **Anyone** verify

- Anyone can come in and verify transactions
 - Collect transactions
 - filters out conflicting transactions and decide which one to rule out
 - verify that the transactions are valid
 - Decide the ordering of the transactions
 - Package the collected transactions together and publish the result.
(**Block!**)



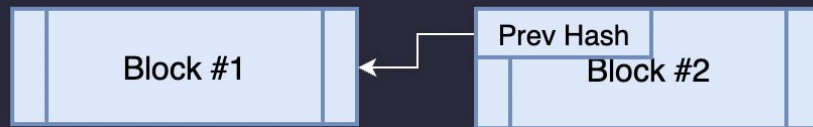
/Let **Anyone** verify

- Problem with decentralized system is that everyone may get block in different orders because of:
 - Network delay
 - Location
 - Network Partition



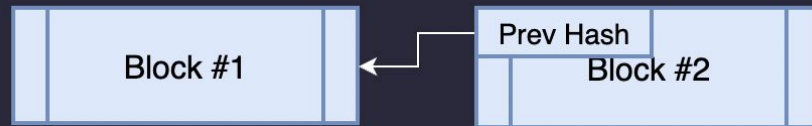
/The notion of **time**

- Blocks need to have **order** too, cannot consider them valid if they themselves are valid
- We need the notion of “**time**”, but not necessarily in a *analog way*.
- **Hash** can be used to establish order.



/The notion of time

- When packaging the block, the machine also need to specify the last block it is referring to by including the hash of the previous block.
- Now they are “Chained” together, forming a **Blockchain!**



/Let **Anyone** verify

- Anyone can come in and verify transactions
 - Collect transactions
 - filters out **conflicting transactions** and decide which one to rule out
 - verify that the transactions are valid
 - Decide the ordering of the transactions
 - publish the result.
- Why would anyone do this?
- “Anyone”? What if they are malicious?

/Let **Anyone** verify \Rightarrow Economic approach

- Why would anyone do this?
 - Because they get rewarded
- “Anyone”? What if they are malicious?
 - Let's penalize malicious party

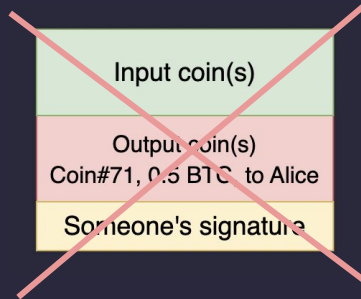
/Proof of Work: an economical defense

- Make it costly for verifiers to publish the block.
 - Proof of Work from “Hashcash” paper
 - Solve a puzzle (the puzzle itself is meaningless)
 - Create a hash with some amount of 0 digit in the front, with a fixed data and a controllable number. \Rightarrow Computation power is needed
- If you do dishonest work, your work will be ignored.
- Rule: Always work on **the longest chain** to create a new block after

/Longest Chain Principle

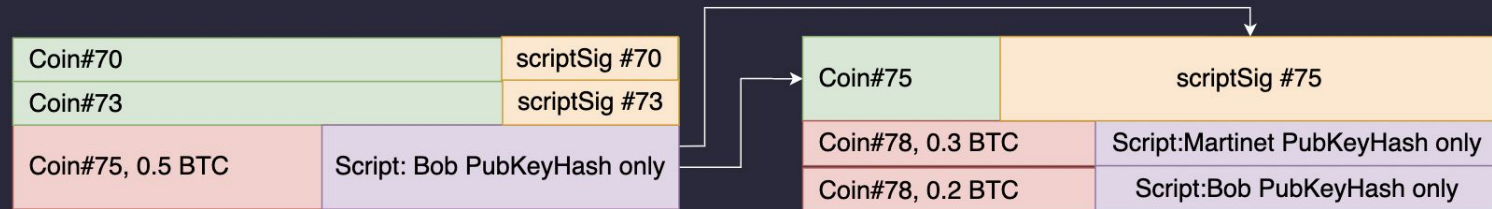


/Bitcoin Scripts



- P2PKH (Pay-to-Public-Key-Hash)
- P2SH (Pay-to-Script-Hash)
- ...

Can perform some operations but **NOT Turing complete.**



/Notes about Bitcoin

- A Ledger with simple scripts
- Currency comes in the form of “Coin” (UTXO)
- Totally focused on being a financial instrument with no additional features in the beginning.
 - MultiSig (unlock funds with multiple signatures), Timelock (unlocking funds after certain time) etc are possible via scripts and other additional fields in the tx format.

/How about anonymity in Bitcoin?

Traditional Privacy Model



New Privacy Model



/From Bitcoin (2008) to Ethereum (2015)

- BTC Forks for adding some functionalities
 - Namecoin, ...
- Why not make it Turing Complete?



<Final Logistics>



/Course Community & Assignment #1

- My email: martinetlee@gmail.com
 - If you write to me, please have “[BDAF2025]” in the title. I have a filter so it will pop out for me.
 - Quite busy so might not be able to reply asap.
Possible to miss the message so if it is urgent feel free to ping me on Discord.
- Course discussion can be done asynchronously in the Discord community. I'll post some resources, and if you find interesting resources, share there too!
 - *something something course participation wink wink ;)*
- Assignment #1 is due in ~2 **week**

/Course Community & Assignment #1

Discord Community



Assignment and the course page is already be announced on Discord.

Assignment 1 Summary:

you are going to implement a simple escrow contract in Solidity.

/THAT'S A WRAP!



(mic drop)



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