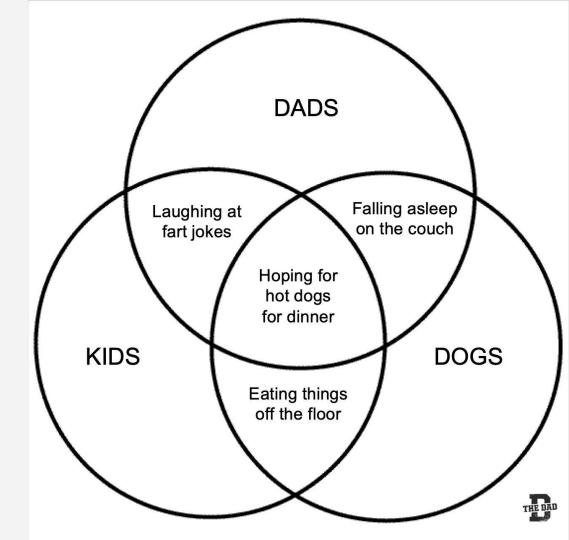
CSc 110 Sets

Benjamin Dicken



Set

What will print when this code is executed?

```
numbers = {5, 7, 10, 5, 3, 5, 9, 8, 20, 5}
print(numbers)
```

Set

What will print when this code is executed?

```
numbers = {5, 7, 10, 5, 3, 5, 9, 8, 20, 5}
print(numbers)
```

```
{3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 20}
```

Notice that the duplicate numbers are automatically removed!

Set

- A set is (another) data structure
- Helpful ways of thinking about it
 - A dictionary without the values
 - A "bag" of elements

Similarities

```
# Dictionary creation
ds = {'a':8, 'b':7, 'c':4}

# Dictionary Loop
for key in ds:
    print(key)

# Set creation
ds = {'a', 'b', 'c'}

# Set Loop
for element in ds:
    print(element)
```

Differences

```
ds = {'a':8, 'b':7, 'c':4}
                                 ds = {'a', 'b', 'c'}
# Remove from dictionary
                                 # Set removal
del ds['c']
                                 ds.remove('c')
# Add to dictionary
                                 # Adding to set
ds['e'] = 20
                                 ds.add('e')
# Create empty
                                 # ???
                                 ds_2 = \{\}
ds_2 = \{\}
```

What will print?

```
numbers = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 'word'\}
numbers.add(5)
numbers.remove(5)
numbers.add(1)
numbers.remove(7)
numbers.add(5)
print(numbers)
```

What will print?

```
numbers = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 'word'\}
numbers.add(5)
numbers.remove(5)
numbers.discard(5)
numbers.add(1)
numbers.discard('words')
numbers.add(2)
print(numbers)
```

Looping through a set

What would print?

```
names = {"Jones", "James", "Zac"}
for i in range(0, len(names)):
    print(names[i])
```

Looping through a set

Why What would print?

```
names = {"Jones", "James", "Zac"}
for i in range(0, len(names)):
    print(names[i])
```

- Elements cannot be "looked up" by index (position) in the data structure
- You would end up with an error:

TypeError: 'set' object does not support indexing

Looping through a set

Use this instead:

```
names = {"Ben", "James", "Zac"}
for name in names:
    print(name)
```

• Iterates through the *elements* of the set, not indexes

Differences from a Dictionary

```
ds = {'a':8, 'b':7, 'c':4}

# Get value from dictionary
value = ds['c']

# Change value in dictionary
ds['c'] = 23
# ?
```

What would be in grades?

```
grades = set()
letters = ['C', 'B', 'E', 'C', 'A', 'B', 'B', 'A']
for 1 in letters:
    if 1 in grades:
        grades.remove(1)
    else:
        grades.add(1)
print(grades)
```

What will happen?

```
grades = {'A+', 'A', 'B', 'E', 'D', 'E', 'E-'}
grade_counts = {'A':5, 'B':10, 'C':7, 'D':4, 'E':2}
for element in grades:
    if element not in grade_counts:
        grades.discard(element)
    else:
        del grade counts[element]
print(grades)
```

What will happen?

```
grades = {'A+', 'A', 'B', 'E', 'D', 'E', 'E-'}
grade_counts = {'A':5, 'B':10, 'C':7, 'D':4, 'E':2}
for element in grades:
    if element in grade_counts:
        del grade_counts[element]
print(grade counts)
```

Activity

Exercise: Counting names

- Implement a program that . . .
 - Reads in a text file formatted like the example to the right named names.txt
 - Notice that some names repeat
 - The program should count how many unique names there are!
 - Don't use a list or dictionary

Lebron James James Harden

Chris Paul

Chris Tucker

Kevin Durant

James Harden

Steve Tucker

Steve Smith

Eric Bledsoe

Steve Caroll

Chris Paul

Sally Smith

Kevin Durant

James Jones

Chris Paul

Exercise: Counting names

```
names = set()
names_file = open('names.txt', 'r')
for line in names_file:
    name = line.strip('\n')
    names.add(name)
print(len(names))
```

Lebron James James Harden Chris Paul Chris Tucker **Kevin Durant** James Harden Steve Tucker Steve Smith Eric Bledsoe Steve Caroll Chris Paul Sally Smith **Kevin Durant** James Jones Chris Paul

Activity

Exercise: Counting names

- Implement a program that . . .
 - Reads in a text file formatted like the example to the right named names.txt
 - Notice that some names repeat
 - The program should count how many unique names there are!
 - Don't use a set or dictionary

Lebron James James Harden Chris Paul Chris Tucker Kevin Durant James Harden Steve Tucker Steve Smith Eric Bledsoe Steve Caroll Chris Paul

Sally Smith

Kevin Durant

James Jones

Chris Paul

Exercise: Counting names

```
names = | |
names file = open('names.txt', 'r')
for line in names file:
    name = line.strip('\n')
    if name not in names:
        names.append(name)
print(len(names))
```

Lebron James James Harden Chris Paul Chris Tucker **Kevin Durant** James Harden Steve Tucker Steve Smith Eric Bledsoe Steve Caroll Chris Paul Sally Smith **Kevin Durant** James Jones Chris Paul

Activity

Exercise: Counting names

- Implement a program that . . .
 - Reads in a text file formatted like the example to the right named names.txt
 - Notice that some names repeat
 - The program should count how many unique names there are!
 - Don't use a set or list

Lebron James James Harden

Chris Paul

Chris Tucker

Kevin Durant

James Harden

Steve Tucker

Steve Smith

Eric Bledsoe

Steve Caroll

Chris Paul

Sally Smith

Kevin Durant

James Jones

Chris Paul

Exercise: Counting names

```
names = {}
names_file = open('names.txt', 'r')
for line in names_file:
    name = line.strip('\n')
    names[name] = ''
print(len(names))
```

Lebron James James Harden Chris Paul Chris Tucker **Kevin Durant** James Harden Steve Tucker Steve Smith Eric Bledsoe Steve Caroll Chris Paul Sally Smith **Kevin Durant** James Jones Chris Paul

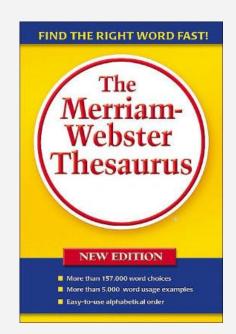
Announcements

- Exam 3
 - Individual Exam November 16th
 - Group Exam November 18th
 - Review Session November 15th 5-7pm
 - Study Guide
- Other
 - Infographic PA
 - Veterans Day

Survey

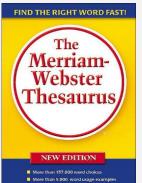
bit.ly/csc110ta

Representing a thesaurus



https://www.thesaurus.com

Representing a thesaurus



Activity

Add 'strong' with two similar words

Add 'strong' with two similar words

FIND THE RIGHT WORD FAST!

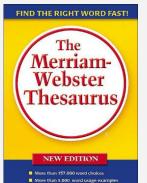
Webster 'hesaurus

```
thesaurus = {'fast' : {'quick', 'agile', 'speedy'},
            'old' : {'aged', 'antique'},
            'slow' : {'sluggish'},
            'difficult' : {'hard', 'challenging', 'arduous'}}
thesaurus['strong'] = set()
thesaurus['strong'].add('durable')
thesaurus['strong'].add('robust')
```

Add an additional similar word for 'slow'

Add an additional similar word for 'slow'

Add an additional similar word for 'slow'



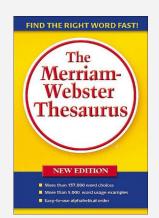
Thesaurus file format

strong : durable robust

brave : fearless courageous

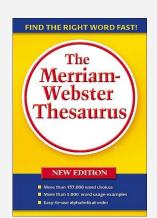
difficult: hard challenging arduous

slow : sluggish gradual



> brave

- words similar to brave are: courageous fearless
- > difficult
- words similar to difficult are: hard arduous challenging
- > instant
- Sorry, I do not know that word
- > exit



> brave

words similar to brave are: courageous fearless

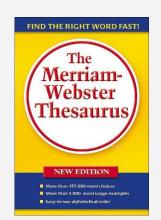
> ADD

What word to add? brave
What is a similar word? adventurous

> brave

words similar to brave are: courageous adventurous fearless

> exit



```
def add_word(base_word, similar_word):
   # ???
def add_line(line):
    # ???
def save_thesaurus():
    # ???
def load_thesaurus():
   # ???
```

```
def main():
    # ???
```

main()

Activity

def add_word(thes, base_word, similar_word):

- ''' Add similar_word to the set of words that are similar
 to base_word. The steps:
 - (1) if base_word is not already in the thesaurus, add it
 and map to an empty set
 - (2) get the set associated with base_word
 - (3) add the similar_word to the set

1 1 1

```
def add_word(thes, base_word, similar_word):
    if base_word not in thes:
        thes[base_word] = set()
    thes[base_word].add(similar_word)
```

Activity

def add_line(thes, line):

''' This function takes a single line from a thesaurus
file. For example:

strong : durable robust stable

The function should process the line, and then add the word(s) to the thesaurus dictionary. Also remember to use the add_word function!

1 1 1

```
def add_line(thes, line):
    sp = line.split(' : ')
    key = sp[0]
    similar = sp[1].split(' ')
    for word in similar:
        add_word(thes, key, word)
```

```
def add_line(thes, line):
    sp = line.split(' : ')
    for word in sp[1].split(' '):
        add_word(thes, sp[0], word)
```

```
def save thesaurus():
def add word(thes, base word, similar word):
                                                      # ???
    if base word not in thes:
        thes[base word] = set()
                                                  def load thesaurus():
    thes[base word].add(similar word)
                                                      # ???
def add line(thes, line):
                                                  def main():
    sp = line.split(' : ')
                                                      # ???
    for word in sp[1].split(' '):
        add word(thes, sp[0], word)
                                                  main()
```

Activity

```
def load_thesaurus(thes):
```

''' Open the thesaurus file and store each
line into the thesaurus dictionary. Remember,
you can use the add_line function.

1.1.1

```
def load_thesaurus(thes):
    f = open('thesaurus.txt', 'r')
    lines = f.readlines()
    for line in lines:
        add_line(thes, line.strip('\n'))
```

Activity

def save_thesaurus(thes):

''' Save the contents of the thesaurus dictionary into thesaurus.txt. You can overwrite the old contents.

. . .

```
def save_thesaurus(thes):
    f = open('thesaurus.txt', 'w')
    for k, v in thes.items():
        l = list(v)
        f.write(k + ' : ' + ' '.join(l) + '\n')
    f.close()
```

```
def add_word(thes, base_word, similar_word):
                                             def save thesaurus(thes):
   if base_word not in thes:
                                                  f = open('thesaurus.txt', 'w')
       thes[base word] = set()
                                                  for k, v in thes.items():
   thes[base_word].add(similar_word)
                                                       1 = list(v)
def add_line(thes, line):
                                                       f.write(k + ' : ' + ' '.join(l) + '\n')
   sp = line.split(' : ')
                                                  f.close()
   for word in sp[1].split(' '):
       add_word(thes, sp[0], word)
def load_thesaurus(thes):
                                             def main():
   f = open('thesaurus.txt', 'r')
                                                 # ???
   lines = f.readlines()
   for line in lines:
       add_line(thes, line.strip('\n'))
                                             main()
```

```
def main():
    thesaurus = {}
    load thesaurus(thesaurus)
    while True:
        text = input('> ')
        if text == 'exit':
            return
        if text.startswith('ADD'):
            ### (A) ask for a key-word, and a similar word, add
        else:
            if text in thesaurus:
                ### (B) show similar words to the word entered
            else:
                ### (C) ???
```

```
def main():
    thesaurus = {}
    load thesaurus(thesaurus)
    while True:
        text = input('> ')
        if text == 'exit':
            break
        if text.startswith('ADD'):
            word = input('What word to add? ')
            similar word = input('What is a similar word? ')
            add word(thesaurus, word, similar word)
        else:
            if text in thesaurus:
                similar = thesaurus[text]
                print('words similar to ' + text + ' are:')
                print(' ' + ' '.join(similar))
            else:
                print('Sorry, I do not know that word')
```

```
def save thesaurus(thes):
                                                           f = open('thesaurus.txt', 'w')
                                                           for k, v in thes.items():
def add_word(thes, base_word, similar_word):
                                                               1 = list(v)
    if base_word not in thes:
                                                              f.write(k + ' : ' + ' '.join(1) + '\n')
         thes[base_word] = set()
                                                           f.close()
    thes[base_word].add(similar_word)
                                                       def main():
                                                           thesaurus = {}
def add_line(thes, line):
                                                           load thesaurus(thesaurus)
                                                           while True:
    sp = line.split(' : ')
                                                               text = input('> ')
    for word in sp[1].split(' '):
                                                               if text == 'exit':
         add_word(thes, sp[0], word)
                                                                  break
                                                               if text.startswith('ADD'):
                                                                  word = input('What word to add? ')
def load thesaurus(thes):
                                                                  similar word = input('What is a similar word? ')
    f = open('thesaurus.txt', 'r')
                                                                  add word(thesaurus, word, similar word)
                                                               else:
    lines = f.readlines()
                                                                  if text in thesaurus:
    for line in lines:
                                                                      similar = thesaurus[text]
         add_line(thes, line.strip('\n'))
                                                                      print('words similar to ' + text + ' are:')
                                                                      print(' ' + ' '.join(similar))
                                                                  else:
                                                                      print('Sorry, I do not know that word')
                                                       main()
```