# CSc 110 Dictionaries

Adriana Picoral (she/her/hers)

# Looping

#### Looping through a dictionary

```
for key in dictionary:
    print(key)
```

- This will loop through each key in the dictionary
- Each time the loop iterated, key will be assigned to one of the keys
- No keys will be skipped

## Looping

#### Looping through a dictionary

```
for key, value in dictionary.items():
    print(key)
    print(value)
```

- This will loop through each key+value pairs in the dictionary
- Each time the loop iterated, key and value will be assigned to one of the key+value pairs in dictionary

### Looping

What will this print?

```
players = {"Lebron James":23, "Steph Curry":30, "Devin Booker":1}
for key, value in players.items():
    print(key + " wears " + str(value))
```

#### Find the odd one out

```
players = {"Lebron James":23, "Steph Curry":30, "Devin Booker":1}
    for key, value in players.items():
        print(key + " wears " + str(value))
     for value, key in players.items():
         print(kev + " wears " + str(value))
     for key in players:
         print(key + " wears " + str(players[key]))
```

### Implement the function

- Implement a function named count\_st\_addresses that has one parameter, a dictionary mapping addresses to building names
- Should return the number of building whose addresses have "St" in it. For example:

**OUTPUT:** 

## Implement the function

Implement a function named **buy\_groceries** that has three parameters: a dictionary with stock quantities, a dictionary with prices, a dictionary with a shopping list

```
def buy groceries(stock, prices, shopping list):
                                                           apple not available
    CODE HERE
                                                           milk not available
                                                           total: $4.0
def main():
  stock = {"banana": 10, "apple": 0, "orange": 32, "pear": 15}
  prices = {"banana": 2.00, "apple": 0.50, "orange": 1.50, "pear": 1.00}
  shopping list = {"banana": 2, "apple": 2, "milk": 1}
 total = buy groceries(stock, prices, shopping list)
  print("total: $" + str(total))
```

# Let's build a quizzing program

- At the beginning of the program ask for:
  - The number of questions to give in the quiz (N)
  - a file to get questions/answers from
- The program will ask the user (N)
  questions, chosen from the questions from
  the input file.
  - Don't re-ask questions that user got correct.





what color does the sky appear (to most people)? | | | | | blue how many years did it take to build the panama canal? | | | 10 what is the term length in years for POTUS? | | | 4



what color does the sky appear (to most people)?|||blue how many years did it take to build the panama canal?|||10 what is the term length in years for POTUS?|||4



```
qa = { 'what color does the sky appear (to most people)?' : 'blue',
'how many years did it take to build the panama canal?' : '10',
'what is the term length in years for POTUS?' : '4' }
```



What are the names of the variables defined within the parentheses at a function definition?|||parameters What data structure stores things in a sequence?|||list
True or False: Strings are immutable.|||True
What type can be used to store a number without decimals?|||int
The two types of loops we've covered are for loop and \_\_\_\_\_ loop.|||while
True or False: Every program should have a main function|||True
What symbols is used for string concatenation in python?|||+
What function can be used to get a string from a user in Python?|||input

true or false: you can have duplicate keys in a dictionary | | | | false

What symbols is used for multiplication in python? | | | \*

```
How many questions should be asked? 4
What is the name of the QA file? 110.txt
What symbols is used for string concatenation in python?
Enter response: +
correct!
What function can be used to get a string from a user in Python?
Enter response: input
correct!
true or false: you can have duplicate keys in a dictionary
Enter response: false
correct!
What symbols is used for multiplication in python?
Enter response: #
incorrect!
You got 3 out of 4 correct.
Your percentage grade: 75.0%
```

```
def load_questions_and_answers(file_name):
    # ?
def get_random_question(qa):
def ask_question(qa):
    # ?
def main():
```

main()



# Implement load\_questions\_and\_answers

```
def load questions and answers(file name):
    \mathbf{I}
    Load the questions and answers into a dictionary.
    file name: the name of the file with the questions
    Steps:
        * Open the file
        * Create a dictionary to put the questions and answer in.
        * Add each question and answer pair into the ga dictionary.
        * return the dictionary
    \mathbf{I}
```

Implement load\_questions\_and\_answers

```
def load_questions_and_answers(file_name):
    qa = {}
    file = open(file_name, 'r')
    for line in file:
    # ? ? ?
```

### Implement get\_random\_question

```
def get random question(qa):
    1 1 1
    Get a random question from the qa dictionary.
    qa: a dictionary, to load the questions and answers into.
    Steps:
        * Get the keys of the ga dictionary into a list
        * generate a random index
        * get one of the keys using the random index
        * return the question
    . . .
```

```
get_random_question

def get_random_question(qa):
    keys = list(qa.keys())
    # ? ? ?
```

### Implement ask\_question

. . .

```
def ask question(qa):
    ''' Ask a question to the user.
    Select a question from the qa dictionary at random.
    qa: a dictionary, to load the questions and answers into.
    Steps:
        * Get a random question from the data
        * Ask the question
        * Get user response
        * Handle correct/incorrect response
        * Return True if correct, False if incorrect
```

### Implement ask\_question

```
def ask_question(qa):
    question = get_random_question(qa)
    print(question)
    response = input('Enter response: ')
# What next?
```

### Implement main

```
def main():
     ''' Outline of main:
        * Ask the user for the two input values
          (num questions and question file)
        * Load content from the file into dictionary
        * Repeatedly ask the user a random question
            * Count the correct responses
        * Report the grade, numer correct, and total
        * Recall:
            def load questions and answers(qa, file name):
            def ask question(qa):
    1 1 1
```

# Word Count (wcl.py)

words1.txt

- Write a program that:
  - Reads in a text file with words, one per line
  - Then, shows the counts
- Use a dictionary!

```
soccer 2
politics 1
belief 3
beef 1
America 2
```

```
basketball
soccer
politics
soccer
belief
beef
belief
America
belief
America
```

### Word Count (wcl.py)

### words1.txt

```
counts = {}
words_file = open('words1.txt', 'r')
for line in words_file:
   # What goes here?
```

```
basketball
soccer
politics
soccer
belief
beef
belief
America
belief
America
```

### Word Count (wcl.py)

```
words1.txt
```

```
counts = \{\}
words_file = open('words1.txt', 'r')
for line in words_file:
    word = line.strip('\n')
    if word not in counts:
        counts[word] = 0
    counts[word] += 1
# How to print?
```

```
basketball
soccer
politics
soccer
belief
beef
belief
America
belief
America
```

# Parties (parties.py)

- Write a program that:
  - Reads in a text file of people and their political party association
  - Prints the number of people in each party
- Use a dictionary!

### parties1.txt

Joe Johnson D
Anne Weaver R
Jacob Cooper R
Diane Fassberg D
Gary Brown R
Xavier Paul R

R: 4

D: 2

### parties2.txt

Alex Freemont R
Kramer Todd D
Westin Jones D
Arnold Jon D
Joe Jones R

R: 2

D: 3

# Parties (parties.py)

```
parties = {}
words_file = open(..., 'r')
for line in words file:
print('R:', parties['R'])
print('D:', parties['D'])
```

### parties1.txt

```
Joe Johnson D
Anne Weaver R
Jacob Cooper R
Diane Fassberg D
Gary Brown R
Xavier Paul R
```

```
R: 4
D: 2
```

# What would this program print?

```
parties = {'D':1452, 'R':2312, 'L':131}
numbers = [15, 105, 30, 700, 1500, 10]
for i in numbers:
    if i > 100:
        parties['L'] += i
largest_population = 0
for key in parties:
    if largest_population < parties[key]:</pre>
        largest_population = parties[key]
print(largest_population)
```