CS 110 while-loops

Adriana Picoral (she, her, hers) adrianaps@arizona.edu

Announcements

- PA 4
- Advanced Material (for assignments)
- Exam announcements Wednesday

Waiter Earnings

- Write a program that can accept any number of incomes and hours worked
- Report the average weekly pay, and the average hourly wage
- For example . . .

Week 1 pay: 100

Week 1 hours worked: 10

Week 2 pay: 120

Week 2 hours worked: 12

Your average weekly pay was \$110.00 Your average hourly wage was \$10.00 per hour

Week 1 pay: 300

Week 1 hours worked: 15

Week 2 pay: 250

Week 2 hours worked: 17

Week 3 pay: 275

Week 3 hours worked: 17

Your average weekly pay was \$275.00

Your average hourly wage was \$16.84 per hour

Week 1 pay: 250

Week 1 hours worked: 15

Week 2 pay: 300

Week 2 hours worked: 17

Week 3 pay: 275

Week 3 hours worked: 15

Week 4 pay: 225

Week 4 hours worked: 12

Your average weekly pay was \$262.50 Your average hourly wage was \$17.80 per hour

The while loop

- A while loop allows a programmer to repeat code
- You can think of it as an if-statement with the potential to repeat

statements . . .

while conditionA:
 statementA

statementB

• • •

statementN

statements . . .

```
while number < 50:
    print('number is less than 50')</pre>
```

number = 15

The while loop

- What if the condition never evaluates to False?
 - Possibly an infinite loop!
 - There are some cases where infinite loops are OK, some not
- There are two ways around this:
 - Break (do not use in this class!)
 - Designing the code such that the condition will eventually become False

```
number = 15
counter = 0
while number < counter:
    print('Number is less than 50')
    counter = counter + 2
```

```
value 1 = 25
value_2 = 10
while value_1 >= value_2:
    print('Print!')
    value_1 = value_1 + 1
    value 2 += 3
```

```
value 1 = 15
value_2 = 10
value 3 = 5
while value 1 >= value 2 or value 3 < 20:
    print('Again!')
    value 1 = value 1 + 1
    value 2 += 2
    value 3 += 3
```

- One technique that can be used to control the number of loop iterations is using an index variable
- For while-loops, an index variable is:
 - (1) Defined before the loop
 - (2) Used in the condition of the loop
 - (3) Incremented within the loop

```
index = 0
while index < 10:
    print('Print', index)
    # Can add other lines here too
    index = index + 1
```

```
index = 0
while index < 10:
    print('Print', index)
    # Can add other lines here too
    index += 1
```

Activity

- How many times will the while condition be evaluated (line 2)?
- How many times will the index variable change (lines 5, 7)?

```
1 index = 0
2 while index < 17:
3    if index % 2 == 0:
4        print('Will add 2 to index')
5        index += 2
6        print('Will add 1 to index')
7        index += 1</pre>
```

- How many times will the while condition be evaluated (line 2)?
- How many times will the index variable change (lines 5, 7)?

```
1 index = 0
2 while index < 17:
3    if index % 2 == 0:
4        print('Will add 2 to index')
5        index += 2
6        print('Will add 1 to index')
7        index += 1</pre>
```

Activity

- How many times will the while condition be evaluated (line 2)?
- How many times will the **index** variable change (lines 5, 7) ? **14**

```
1  index = 0
2  while index < 17:
3    if index % 2 == 0:
4        print('Will add 2 to index')
5        index += 2
6        print('Will add 1 to index')
7        index += 1</pre>
```

Waiter Earnings

Where to begin?

Week 1 pay: 100

Week 1 hours worked: 10

Week 2 pay: 120

Week 2 hours worked: 12

Your average weekly pay was \$110.00 Your average hourly wage was \$10.00 per hour

```
weeks = int(input('How many weeks of work? '))
print('----')
```

```
print('----')
# More goes here ?
average_weekly_pay = ?
average hourly wage = ?
print('----')
print('Your average weekly pay was $' + format(average weekly pay, ',.2f'))
print('Your average hourly wage was $' + format(average hourly wage, ',.2f') + ' per hour')
```

weeks = int(input('How many weeks of work? '))

```
print('----')
total_pay = 0
total_hours = 0
# What goes here?
average weekly pay = total pay / weeks
average_hourly_wage = total_pay / total hours
print('----')
print('Your average weekly pay was $' + format(average weekly pay, ',.2f'))
print('Your average hourly wage was $' + format(average hourly wage, ',.2f') + ' per hour')
```

weeks = int(input('How many weeks of work? '))

```
weeks = int(input('How many weeks of work? '))
print('----')

total_pay = 0
total_hours = 0

Implement the
```

missing part!

```
# What goes here?

average_weekly_pay = total_pay / weeks
average_hourly_wage = total_pay / total_hours

print('----')
print('Your average weekly pay was $' + format(average weekly pay, ',.2f'))
```

print('Your average hourly wage was \$' + format(average hourly wage, ',.2f') + ' per hour')

```
weeks = int(input('How many weeks of work? '))
print('----')
total_pay = 0
total hours = 0
index = 1
while index <= weeks:</pre>
    pay = int(input('Week ' + str(index) + ' pay: '))
    hours = int(input('Week ' + str(index) + ' hours worked: '))
    total pay += pay
    total hours += hours
    index += 1
average weekly pay = total pay / weeks
average hourly wage = total pay / total hours
print('----')
print('Your average weekly pay was $' + format(average weekly pay, ',.2f'))
print('Your average hourly wage was $' + format(average hourly wage, ',.2f') + ' per hour')
```