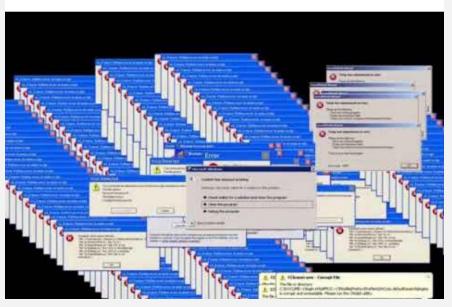
doesn't indent a line of code

Python:

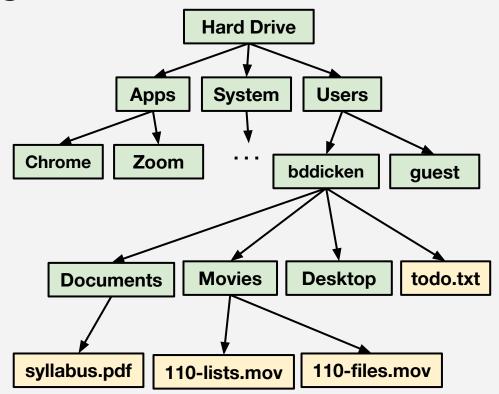


CSc 110 File Reading and writing

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Files and File Systems

- On (at least most of) our computers, there is a file system via which we can create, save, modify, and remove files
 - On Mac: can browse with Finder
 - On Windows: can browse with windows explorer
- File systems often hierarchical



Opening a file

To open a file in a python program:

```
a_file = open(file_name, mode)
```

- file_name should be the name of the file to open
 - It can also be a path
- mode should be the mode in which to open in
 - o 'a' 'r' 'w'
- After opening, use the a_file object to read from or write to the file

Reading a file

Two functions

- file.readline() reads one line from a file, returns a string.
 Calling it repeatedly will read a sequence of lines.
 - Returns an empty string if it has reached the end of the content
- file.readlines() reads all of the lines, returns a list of strings

info.txt:

```
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
line = info.readline()
print(line)
line = info.readline()
print(line)
```

info.txt:

```
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
line = info.readline()
print(line)
line = info.readline()
line = info.readline()
print(line)
line = info.readline()
print(line)
```

info.txt:

```
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
lines = info.readlines()
for i in lines:
    print(lines)
```

info.txt:

```
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
line = info.readline()
lines = info.readlines()
for i in lines:
    print(i)
line = info.readline()
print(line)
```

Can also iterate over a file directly

```
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
for line in info:
    print(line)
```

This is because the **file** type is iterable!

Which one prints something different than the rest?

```
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
                                    info = open('info.txt', 'r')
for line in info:
                                    line = info.readline()
                                    while line != '':
    print(line)
                                        print(line)
                                        line = info.readline()
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
                                    info = open('info.txt', 'r')
lines = info.readlines()
                                    line = info.readlines()
for line in lines:
                                    print(line)
    print(line)
```

Which one prints something different than the rest?

```
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
                                    info = open('info.txt', 'r')
for line in info:
                                    line = info.readline()
                                    while line != '':
    print(line)
                                        print(line)
                                        line = info.readline()
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
                                    info = open('info.txt', 'r')
lines = info.readlines()
                                    line = info.readlines()
for line in lines:
                                    print(line)
    print(line)
```

Which one prints something different than the rest?

```
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
                                    info = open('info.txt', 'r')
for line in info:
                                    line = info.readline()
    print(line)
                                    while line != '':
                                        print(line)
                   These print the
                                        line = info.readline()
                   same thing!
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
                                    info = open('info.txt', 'r')
lines = info.readlines()
                                    line = info.readlines()
for line in lines:
                                    print(line)
    print(line)
```

What does it print?

```
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
                                    info = open('info.txt', 'r')
for line in info:
                                    line = info.readline()
    print(line)
                                    while line != '':
                                        print(line)
                                        line = info.readline()
info = open('info.txt', 'r')
lines = info.readlines()
for line in lines:
    print(line)
```

Removing characters

- You can use the strip function to remove characters at the beginning and end of a string
 - o string.strip(chars)
 - will remove any of the characters in chars from the beginning or end of string
 - o string.lstrip(chars)
 - will remove any of the characters in chars from the beginning of string
 - o string.rstrip(chars)
 - will remove any of the characters in chars from the end of string

numbers.txt:

```
1,1,5
2,7,70
3,30,50
4,5,50
4,50,50
```

```
info = open('numbers.txt', 'r')
lines = info.readlines()
for line in lines:
    s = line.split(',')
    if int(s[1]) > 15:
        to_print = s[2].strip('\n')
        print(to_print)
```

Write the program

- Create a file named numbers.txt with the contents to the right in it
- Create a new program that
 - Reads a file named numbers.txt
 - Sums all of the numbers in the whole file
 - Prints out the final sum
- Given the input shown on this slide, the program should print: 15

numbers.txt:

- 1
- 0
- 5
- 7
- 2

Write the program

main()

```
def main():
    number_file = open('numbers.txt', 'r')
    value = 0
    for line in number_file:
       value += int(line)
    print(value)
numbers.txt:
    1
    0
    5
    value += int(line)
    print(value)
```

Write the program

- Create a file named numbers.txt with the contents to the right in it
- Create a new program that
 - Reads a file named numbers.txt
 - Sums all of the numbers in the whole file
 - Prints out the final sum
- Given the input shown on this slide, the program should print:

numbers.txt:

```
1,2,1
0,4,1
5,5,5
```

main()

```
def main():
    number_file = open('numbers.txt', 'r')
    value = 0
    for line in number_file:
       value += int(line)
    print(value)
```

Write the program

```
def main():
                                              numbers.txt:
    number_file = open('numbers.txt', 'r')
                                              1,2,1
    value = 0
                                              0,4,1
    for line in number_file:
                                              5,5,5
        columns = line.split(',')
        for i in columns:
            value += int(i)
    print(value)
main()
```

Write the program

- Read in the contents of dialogue.txt
- Print out every-other line

dialogue.txt:

Joker: Its simple, we kill the Batman.

Maroni: If its so simple, why haven't you done it yet? Joker: If your good at something never do it for free.

Chechen: How much you want?

Joker: Half.

output:

Joker: Its simple, we kill the Batman.

Joker: If your good at something never do it for free.

Joker: Half.

Write the program

```
def main():
    number_file = open('dialogue.txt', 'r')
    lines = number_file.readlines()
    for i in range(0, len(lines), 2):
        to_print = lines[i].strip('\n')
        print(to_print)
main()
```

dialogue.txt:

Joker: Its simple, we kill the Batman.

Maroni: If its so simple, why haven't you done it yet? Joker: If your good at something never do it for free.

Chechen: How much you want?

Joker: Half.

output:

Joker: Its simple, we kill the Batman.

Joker: If your good at something never do it for free.

Joker: Half.

Modes

- To read a file:
 - Use 'r' for reading the contents of a file
- To write to a file: use
 - Use 'a' to append to the existing file content
 - Use 'w' to write to a file, and replace existing content

Writing to a file

After you have opened the file in either the read or append mode

```
a_file = open(file_name, mode)
```

• Use the write function to write text content to the file

```
a_file.write('put this content in a file')
```

When finished writing, close the file a_file.close()

What would the contents of words.txt be?

words.txt:

The lion jumped over the bear

```
words = open('words.txt', 'w')
words.write('The slow wolf')
words.write('jumped over')
words.write('the bear')
words.close()
```

What would the contents of words.txt be?

words.txt:

The lion jumped over the bear

```
words = open('words.txt', 'w')
words.write('The slow wolf\n')
words.write('jumped over\n')
words.write('the bear\n')
words.close()
```

What would the contents of words.txt be?

words.txt:

The lion jumped over the bear

```
words = open('words.txt', 'a')
words.write('The slow wolf\n')
words.write('jumped over\n')
words.write('the bear\n')
words.close()
```

```
dictionary.txt:
```

```
aardvark
abacus
acorn
advil
aerodynamic
```

```
word_file = open('dictionary.txt', 'a')
word file.write('after\n')
word_file.write('affiliate\n')
word file.write('aggregate\n')
word file.close()
word_file = open('dictionary.txt', 'r')
lines = word file.readlines()
i = 0
for line in lines:
    if i % 2 == 0:
        print(line)
    i += 1
```