## **Practical Machine Learning Course Project**

## **Project Assignment**

#### **Background**

Using devices such as Jawbone Up, Nike FuelBand, and Fitbit it is now possible to collect a large amount of data about personal activity relatively inexpensively. These type of devices are part of the quantified self movement - a group of enthusiasts who take measurements about themselves regularly to improve their health, to find patterns in their behavior, or because they are tech geeks. One thing that people regularly do is quantify how much of a particular activity they do, but they rarely quantify how well they do it. In this project, your goal will be to use data from accelerometers on the belt, forearm, arm, and dumbell of 6 participants. They were asked to perform barbell lifts correctly and incorrectly in 5 different ways. More information is available from the website here: http://groupware.les.inf.puc-rio.br/har (see the section on the Weight Lifting Exercise Dataset).

#### **Data**

The training data for this project are available here:

https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-training.csv

The test data are available here:

https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-testing.csv

The data for this project come from this source: http://groupware.les.inf.puc-rio.br/har. If you use the document you create for this class for any purpose please cite them as they have been very generous in allowing their data to be used for this kind of assignment.

#### Goal

The goal of this project is to predict the manner in which they did the exercise. This is the "classe" variable in the training set. Any of the other variables may be used to predict with. A report should be created describing how the model is built, how cross validation is used, what is the expected out of sample error is, and the choices are made which are done. This prediction model will also be used your predict 20 different test cases.

## Reading and loading data

```
set.seed(9999)

training <- read.csv("pml-training.csv", na.strings=c("NA","#DIV/0!",""))
testing <- read.csv("pml-testing.csv", na.strings=c("NA","#DIV/0!",""))</pre>
```

Divide training set into two partitions

```
library(caret)
## Warning: package 'caret' was built under R version 3.2.3
## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.2.2
inTrain <- createDataPartition(training$classe, p=0.6, list=FALSE)
myTraining <- training[inTrain, ]
myTesting <- training[-inTrain, ]
dim(myTraining); dim(myTesting)
## [1] 11776 160
## [1] 7846 160</pre>
```

## **Cleaning data**

Remove NearZeroVariance variables

```
nzv <- nearZeroVar(myTraining, saveMetrics=TRUE)
myTraining <- myTraining[,nzv$nzv==FALSE]

nzv<- nearZeroVar(myTesting,saveMetrics=TRUE)
myTesting <- myTesting[,nzv$nzv==FALSE]</pre>
```

Remove the first column of the myTraining data set

```
myTraining <- myTraining[c(-1)]</pre>
```

Clean variables with more than 60% NA

```
trainingV3 <- myTraining
for(i in 1:length(myTraining)) {
    if( sum( is.na( myTraining[, i] ) ) /nrow(myTraining) >= .7) {
        for(j in 1:length(trainingV3)) {
            if( length( grep(names(myTraining[i]), names(trainingV3)[j]) ) ==

1) {
            trainingV3 <- trainingV3[ , -j]
            }
        }
    }
}

# Set back to the original variable name
myTraining <- trainingV3
rm(trainingV3)</pre>
```

Convert testing data sets

```
clean1 <- colnames(myTraining)
clean2 <- colnames(myTraining[, -58]) # remove the classe column
myTesting <- myTesting[clean1] # allow only variables in myTesting th
at are also in myTraining
testing <- testing[clean2] # allow only variables in testing that
are also in myTraining

dim(myTesting)
## [1] 7846 58

dim(testing)
## [1] 20 57</pre>
```

Coerce data into same type

## Prediction with multiple models for cross validation

## 1) Prediction with Decision Trees

```
library(rpart)
library(rattle)

## Warning: package 'rattle' was built under R version 3.2.3

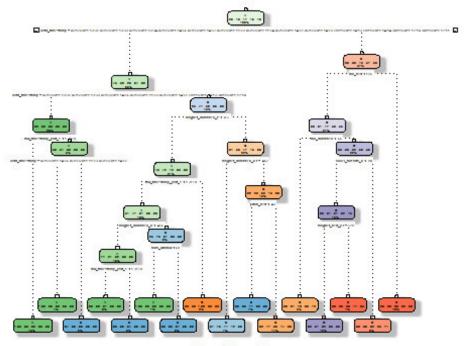
## Rattle: A free graphical interface for data mining with R.

## Version 4.1.0 Copyright (c) 2006-2015 Togaware Pty Ltd.

## Type 'rattle()' to shake, rattle, and roll your data.

set.seed(9999)

modFitA1 <- rpart(classe ~ ., data=myTraining, method="class")
fancyRpartPlot(modFitA1, sub="Decision Tree")</pre>
```

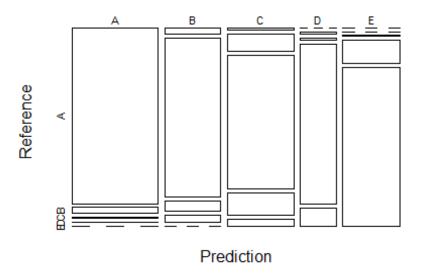


**Decision Tree** 

```
predictionsA1 <- predict(modFitA1, myTesting, type = "class")</pre>
cmtree <- confusionMatrix(predictionsA1, myTesting$classe)</pre>
cmtree
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
              Reference
## Prediction
                  Α
                             C
                                  D
                                       Ε
             A 2157
                      71
                             8
                                  2
##
                                       0
             В
                 55 1265
                           82
##
                                 55
                                       0
            C
                                214
##
                 20
                     171 1261
                                      61
##
            D
                  0
                      11
                           12
                                824
                                      91
##
             Ε
                  0
                       0
                             5
                                191 1290
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                   Accuracy : 0.8663
##
                     95% CI: (0.8586, 0.8738)
       No Information Rate: 0.2845
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                      Kappa: 0.8308
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                         Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
```

```
## Sensitivity
                         0.9664
                                  0.8333
                                          0.9218
                                                   0.6407
                                                            0.8946
                                          0.9281
## Specificity
                         0.9856
                                                   0.9826
                                                            0.9694
                                  0.9697
## Pos Pred Value
                                          0.7302
                         0.9638
                                  0.8682
                                                   0.8785
                                                            0.8681
## Neg Pred Value
                         0.9866
                                  0.9604 0.9825
                                                   0.9331
                                                            0.9761
## Prevalence
                                          0.1744
                         0.2845
                                  0.1935
                                                   0.1639
                                                            0.1838
## Detection Rate
                         0.2749
                                          0.1607
                                                   0.1050
                                                            0.1644
                                  0.1612
## Detection Prevalence
                         0.2852
                                  0.1857
                                          0.2201
                                                   0.1196
                                                            0.1894
## Balanced Accuracy
                         0.9760
                                  0.9015
                                          0.9249
                                                   0.8117
                                                            0.9320
plot(cmtree$table, col = cmtree$byClass, main = paste("Decision Tree Confusio")
n Matrix: Accuracy =", round(cmtree$overall['Accuracy'], 4)))
```

## Decision Tree Confusion Matrix: Accuracy = 0.866



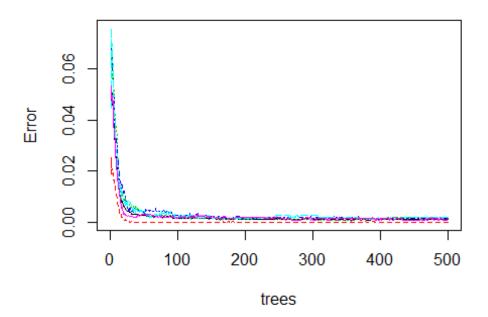
## 2) Prediction with Random Forests

```
library(randomForest)
## Warning: package 'randomForest' was built under R version 3.2.3
## randomForest 4.6-12
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.

set.seed(9999)
modFitB1 <- randomForest(classe ~ ., data=myTraining)
predictionB1 <- predict(modFitB1, myTesting, type = "class")
cmrf <- confusionMatrix(predictionB1, myTesting$classe)
cmrf</pre>
```

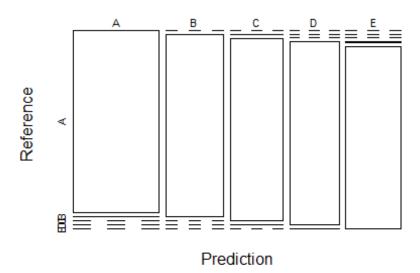
```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
                           C
                                     Ε
## Prediction
                 Α
                      В
                                D
            A 2232
                      2
                           0
                                0
##
                                     0
##
            В
                 0 1515
                           0
                                     0
                                0
##
            C
                 0
                      1 1368
                                1
                                     0
##
                 0
                           0 1282
            D
                      0
                                     1
            Ε
                           0
##
                 0
                      0
                                3 1441
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.999
##
                    95% CI: (0.998, 0.9996)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.2845
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.9987
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                        Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
## Sensitivity
                          1.0000
                                   0.9980
                                            1.0000
                                                     0.9969
                                                              0.9993
## Specificity
                          0.9996
                                   1.0000
                                                     0.9998
                                                              0.9995
                                            0.9997
## Pos Pred Value
                          0.9991
                                   1.0000
                                            0.9985
                                                     0.9992
                                                              0.9979
## Neg Pred Value
                                   0.9995 1.0000
                                                     0.9994
                          1.0000
                                                              0.9998
## Prevalence
                          0.2845
                                   0.1935
                                            0.1744
                                                     0.1639
                                                              0.1838
## Detection Rate
                          0.2845
                                   0.1931
                                            0.1744
                                                     0.1634
                                                              0.1837
## Detection Prevalence
                          0.2847
                                   0.1931
                                            0.1746
                                                     0.1635
                                                              0.1840
## Balanced Accuracy
                          0.9998
                                   0.9990
                                            0.9998
                                                     0.9984
                                                              0.9994
plot(modFitB1)
```

## modFitB1



plot(cmrf\$table, col = cmtree\$byClass, main = paste("Random Forest Confusion
Matrix: Accuracy =", round(cmrf\$overall['Accuracy'], 4)))

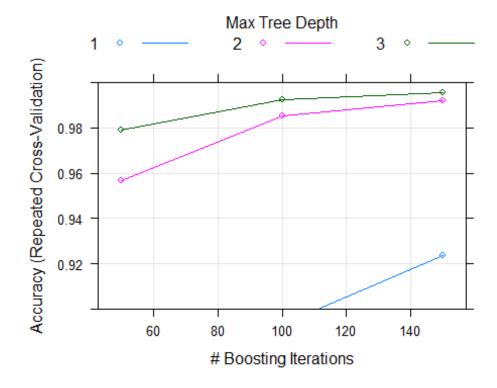
# Random Forest Confusion Matrix: Accuracy = 0.99



#### 3) Prediction with Generalized Boosted Regression

```
library(gbm)
## Warning: package 'gbm' was built under R version 3.2.3
## Loading required package: survival
## Attaching package: 'survival'
## The following object is masked from 'package:caret':
##
       cluster
##
##
## Loading required package: splines
## Loading required package: parallel
## Loaded gbm 2.1.1
library(caret)
set.seed(9999)
fitControl <- trainControl(method = "repeatedcv",</pre>
                            number = 5,
                            repeats = 1)
gbmFit1 <- train(classe ~ ., data=myTraining, method = "gbm",</pre>
                  trControl = fitControl,
                  verbose = FALSE)
## Loading required package: plyr
## Warning: package 'plyr' was built under R version 3.2.2
gbmFinMod1 <- gbmFit1$finalModel</pre>
gbmPredTest <- predict(gbmFit1, newdata=myTesting)</pre>
gbmAccuracyTest <- confusionMatrix(gbmPredTest, myTesting$classe)</pre>
gbmAccuracyTest
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
                            C
                                  D
                                       Ε
                 Α
                       В
            A 2232
                       4
                            0
                                  0
                                       0
##
                 0 1512
                            0
##
            В
                                  0
                                       0
##
            C
                 0
                       2 1365
                                  0
                                       0
##
            D
                  0
                       0
                            3 1279
                                       4
            Е
                       0
                            0
                                  7 1438
##
## Overall Statistics
##
                   Accuracy : 0.9975
##
```

```
##
                     95% CI: (0.9961, 0.9984)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.2845
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
                      Kappa: 0.9968
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                         Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
                                    0.9960
                                              0.9978
                                                       0.9946
## Sensitivity
                           1.0000
                                                                 0.9972
## Specificity
                           0.9993
                                    1.0000
                                              0.9997
                                                       0.9989
                                                                 0.9989
## Pos Pred Value
                           0.9982
                                    1.0000
                                              0.9985
                                                       0.9946
                                                                 0.9952
## Neg Pred Value
                           1.0000
                                    0.9991
                                              0.9995
                                                       0.9989
                                                                 0.9994
## Prevalence
                           0.2845
                                    0.1935
                                              0.1744
                                                       0.1639
                                                                 0.1838
## Detection Rate
                           0.2845
                                    0.1927
                                              0.1740
                                                       0.1630
                                                                 0.1833
## Detection Prevalence
                           0.2850
                                    0.1927
                                              0.1742
                                                       0.1639
                                                                 0.1842
## Balanced Accuracy
                           0.9996
                                    0.9980
                                              0.9987
                                                       0.9967
                                                                 0.9981
plot(gbmFit1, ylim=c(0.9, 1))
```



# **Predicting Results on the Test Data**

Random Forests gave an Accuracy in the myTesting dataset of 99.9%, which was more accurate that what was obtained from the Decision Trees or Generalized Boosted Regression. The expected out-of-sample error is 100 - 99.9 = 0.1%.

```
predictionB2 <- predict(modFitB1, testing, type = "class")
predictionB2

## 2 31  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

## B A B A A E D B A A B C B A E E A B B B

## Levels: A B C D E

pml_write_files = function(x){
    n = length(x)
    for(i in 1:n){
        filename = paste0("problem_id_",i,".txt")
        write.table(x[i],file=filename,quote=FALSE,row.names=FALSE,col.names=FALSE)
    }
}</pre>
```