# Spotify and Billboard Data Visualization

# MDS Observation:

- Spotify has a large variety of songs.
- While there is some overlap between clusters, the spread suggests diversity in the dataset. This indicates that Spotify's catalogue includes songs with varying features, such as tempo, energy, or genre characteristics, rather than being heavily focused on one particular type of music.

### MDS Variables:

- Performance Metrics Cluster:
  - The grouping of performance-related features (e.g., popularity, peak rank, weeks-on-board) suggests that these variables collectively define a song's commercial success or longevity.
- Musical Traits Separation:
  - Musical features like acousticness, tempo, and danceability appear to be distinct from performance metrics, highlighting that a song's musical characteristics may not directly align with its popularity.
- Potential for Feature Selection:
  - The plot can guide feature selection for predictive modeling. For instance, closely grouped variables like popularity and peak rank might provide redundant information, while distinct variables like instrumentalness could add unique value.

## Parallel Coordinate Plot:

- 1. Highlighted Top Rank
  - a. Distinct Patterns: The brushed lines representing top-ranked songs show distinct trends across several variables. For example:
  - b. Acousticness: Top-ranked songs tend to have lower acousticness values, indicating they are less acoustic and more electronically produced.
  - c. Danceability: These songs generally have high danceability scores, suggesting they are rhythmically suitable for dancing.
  - d. Popularity: As expected, top-ranked songs correlate strongly with high popularity values.
  - e. Temporal Trends: Variables like date and year show that top-ranked songs span a wide range of time periods, suggesting that ranking is not confined to specific eras
  - f. Energy and Loudness: High energy and loudness levels are common among top-ranked songs, reflecting their dynamic and engaging nature.

- g. Instrumentalness: Top-ranked songs typically have low instrumentalness values, implying that they are more likely to feature vocals rather than being purely instrumental.
- h. Explicit Content: Explicitness varies widely for top-ranked songs, indicating no strong correlation between explicit lyrics and rank.

#### 2. General Observations Across All Variables

- a. Clusters and Trends: Many variables exhibit clear clustering or linear trends, such as the relationship between popularity, weeks-on-board, and peak rank, which are closely tied to song performance metrics.
- b. Musical features like danceability, valence, and tempo show diverse distributions across all ranks, reflecting Spotify's varied catalogue.
- c. Outliers: Some lines deviate significantly from the general patterns (e.g., low energy but high rank), suggesting unique characteristics for certain songs.
- d. Variable Relationships: Variables such as genre, key, and mode appear less correlated with rank or popularity, suggesting they play a secondary role in determining song success.