Importing the Dependencies

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

Data Collection & Analysis

loading the data from csv file to a Pandas DataFrame
parkinsons_data = pd.read_csv('/content/parkinsons.csv')

printing the first 5 rows of the dataframe
parkinsons_data.head()

	name	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	MDVP:Jitter(%)	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)	MDVP:RAP	MDVP:PPQ	Jitte
0	phon_R01_S01_1	119.992	157.302	74.997	0.00784	0.00007	0.00370	0.00554	0
1	phon_R01_S01_2	122.400	148.650	113.819	0.00968	0.00008	0.00465	0.00696	0.
2	phon_R01_S01_3	116.682	131.111	111.555	0.01050	0.00009	0.00544	0.00781	0.
3	phon_R01_S01_4	116.676	137.871	111.366	0.00997	0.00009	0.00502	0.00698	0.
4	phon_R01_S01_5	116.014	141.781	110.655	0.01284	0.00011	0.00655	0.00908	0.

number of rows and columns in the dataframe
parkinsons_data.shape

(195, 24)

getting more information about the dataset
parkinsons_data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 195 entries, 0 to 194
Data columns (total 24 columns):

Ducu	COTAMINIS (COCAT ET	coramiis).						
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype					
0	name	195 non-null	object					
1	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	195 non-null	float64					
2	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	195 non-null	float64					
3	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	195 non-null	float64					
4	MDVP:Jitter(%)	195 non-null	float64					
5	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)	195 non-null	float64					
6	MDVP:RAP	195 non-null	float64					
7	MDVP:PPQ	195 non-null	float64					
8	Jitter:DDP	195 non-null	float64					
9	MDVP:Shimmer	195 non-null	float64					
10	MDVP:Shimmer(dB)	195 non-null	float64					
11	Shimmer:APQ3	195 non-null	float64					
12	Shimmer:APQ5	195 non-null	float64					
13	MDVP:APQ	195 non-null	float64					
14	Shimmer:DDA	195 non-null	float64					
15	NHR	195 non-null	float64					
16	HNR	195 non-null	float64					
17	status	195 non-null	int64					
18	RPDE	195 non-null	float64					
19	DFA	195 non-null	float64					
20	spread1	195 non-null	float64					
21	spread2	195 non-null	float64					
22	D2	195 non-null	float64					
23	PPE	195 non-null	float64					
<pre>dtypes: float64(22), int64(1), object(1)</pre>								
memor	ry usage: 36.7+ KB							

checking for missing values in each column
parkinsons_data.isnull().sum()

name 0 MDVP:Fo(Hz) 0 MDVP:Fhi(Hz) 0 MDVP:Flo(Hz) 0 MDVP:Jitter(%) 0 MDVP:Jitter(Abs) 0 MDVP:RAP 0 MDVP:PPQ 0 Jitter:DDP 0 MDVP:Shimmer 0 MDVP:Shimmer(dB) 0 Shimmer:APQ3 0 Shimmer:APQ5 0 MDVP:APQ 0 Shimmer:DDA 0 NHR 0 HNR 0 status 0 RPDE 0 DFA 0 0 spread1 spread2 0 D2 0 PPE 0 dtype: int64

getting some statistical measures about the data
parkinsons_data.describe()

	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	MDVP:Jitter(%)	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)	MDVP:RAP	MDVP:PPQ	Jitter:DDP	MD'
count	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	
mean	154.228641	197.104918	116.324631	0.006220	0.000044	0.003306	0.003446	0.009920	
std	41.390065	91.491548	43.521413	0.004848	0.000035	0.002968	0.002759	0.008903	
min	88.333000	102.145000	65.476000	0.001680	0.000007	0.000680	0.000920	0.002040	
25%	117.572000	134.862500	84.291000	0.003460	0.000020	0.001660	0.001860	0.004985	
50%	148.790000	175.829000	104.315000	0.004940	0.000030	0.002500	0.002690	0.007490	
75%	182.769000	224.205500	140.018500	0.007365	0.000060	0.003835	0.003955	0.011505	
max	260.105000	592.030000	239.170000	0.033160	0.000260	0.021440	0.019580	0.064330	

distribution of target Variable
parkinsons_data['status'].value_counts()

1 147

0 48

Name: status, dtype: int64

1 --> Parkinson's Positive

0 --> Healthy

grouping the data bas3ed on the target variable
parkinsons_data.groupby('status').mean()

	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	MDVP:Jitter(%)	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)	MDVP:RAP	MDVP:PPQ	Jitter:DDP	MDVP
status									
0	181.937771	223.636750	145.207292	0.003866	0.000023	0.001925	0.002056	0.005776	
1	145.180762	188.441463	106.893558	0.006989	0.000051	0.003757	0.003900	0.011273	

Data Pre-Processing

Separating the features & Target

```
X = parkinsons_data.drop(columns=['name','status'], axis=1)
Y = parkinsons_data['status']
```

print(X)

	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)		spread2	D2	PPE
0	119.992	157.302	74.997		0.266482	2.301442	0.284654
1	122.400	148.650	113.819		0.335590	2.486855	0.368674
2	116.682	131.111	111.555		0.311173	2.342259	0.332634
3	116.676	137.871	111.366		0.334147	2.405554	0.368975
4	116.014	141.781	110.655		0.234513	2.332180	0.410335
• •		• • •	• • •	• • •			• • •
190	174.188	230.978	94.261		0.121952	2.657476	0.133050
191	209.516	253.017	89.488		0.129303	2.784312	0.168895
192	174.688	240.005	74.287		0.158453	2.679772	0.131728
193	198.764	396.961	74.904		0.207454	2.138608	0.123306
194	214.289	260.277	77.973		0.190667	2.555477	0.148569

[195 rows x 22 columns]

print(Y)

```
0
       1
1
       1
       1
3
       1
       1
190
       0
191
       0
192
       0
       0
193
       0
194
Name: status, Length: 195, dtype: int64
```

Splitting the data to training data & Test data

Data Standardization

```
scaler = StandardScaler()

scaler.fit(X_train)

    StandardScaler(copy=True, with_mean=True, with_std=True)

X_train = scaler.transform(X_train)

X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

print(X_train)

Model Training

Support Vector Machine Model

Model Evaluation

Accuracy Score

```
# accuracy score on training data
X_train_prediction = model.predict(X_train)
training_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(Y_train, X_train_prediction)

print('Accuracy score of training data : ', training_data_accuracy)
    Accuracy score of training data : 0.8846153846

# accuracy score on training data
X_test_prediction = model.predict(X_test)
test_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(Y_test, X_test_prediction)

print('Accuracy score of test data : ', test_data_accuracy)
    Accuracy score of test data : 0.8717948717948718
```

Building a Predictive System

input_data = (197.07600,206.89600,192.05500,0.00289,0.00001,0.00166,0.00168,0.00498,0.01098,0.09700,0.00563,0.00680,0.00802

changing input data to a numpy array
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)