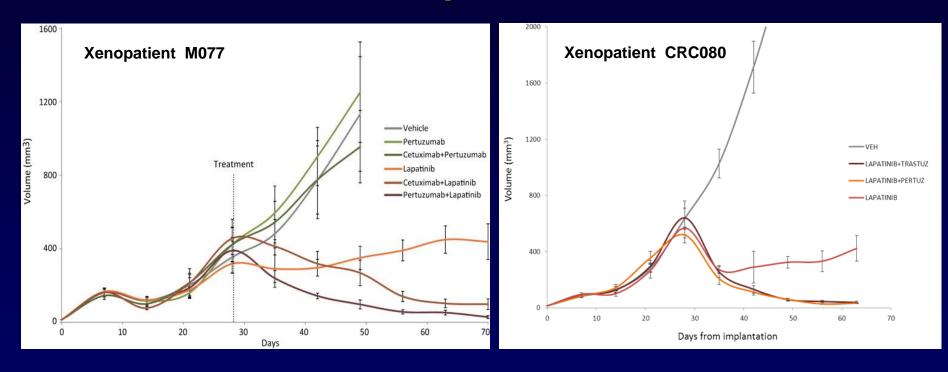
Therapeutic Dual Inhibition of HER2 Pathway for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer (mCRC): The HERACLES Trial

Abstract 565

Siena S, Sartore-Bianchi A, Trusolino L, Martino C, Bencardino K, Lonardi S, Leone F, Zagonel V, Bertotti A, Valtorta E, Siravegna G, Amatu A, Vanzulli A, Regge D, Ghezzi S, Ciardiello F, Veronese S, Comoglio PM, Bardelli A, Marsoni S



Anti-EGFR and Anti-HER2 Therapies in Xenopatients With Cetuximab-Resistant HER2-Amplified mCRC



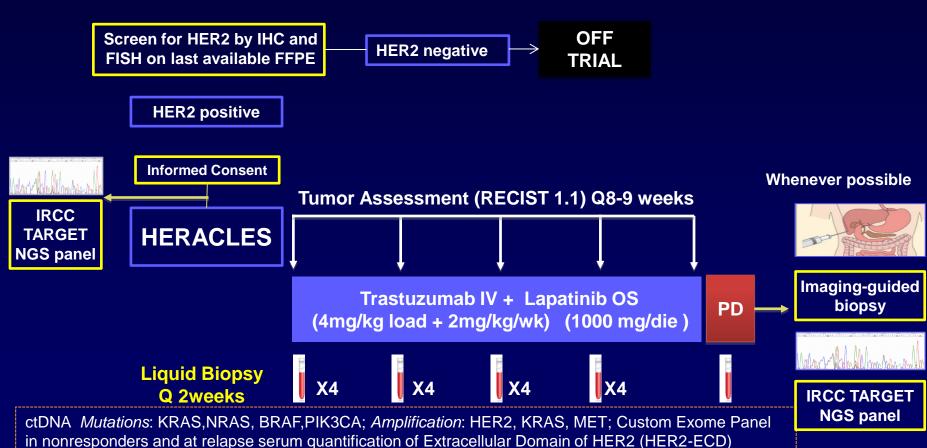
Growth curves of tumors in xenopatients derived from cetuximab-resistant quadruple-negative HER2-amplified mCRC (n = 5 for each treatment arm)

Bertotti A, et al. Cancer Discov. 2011;1(6):508-523

Study Flow Chart

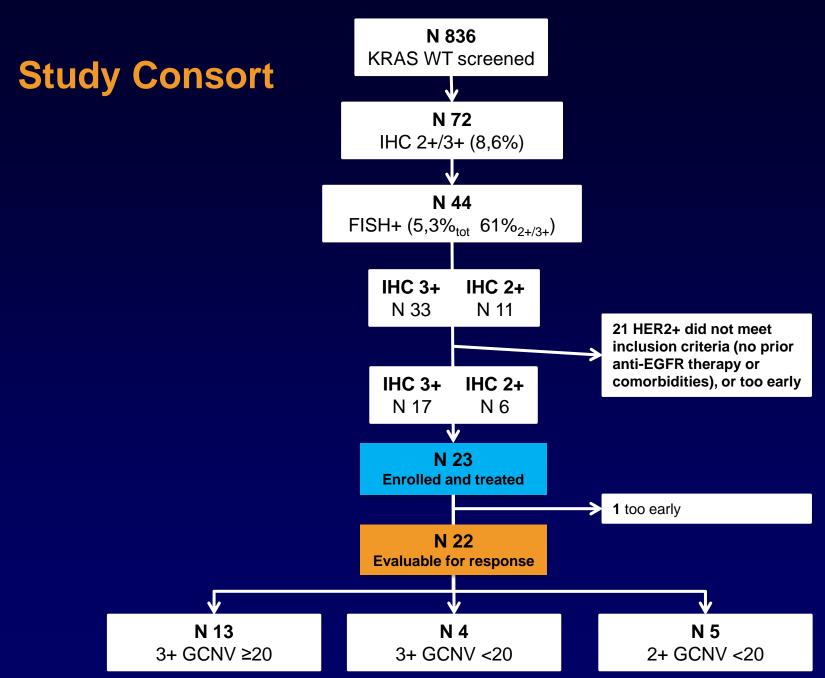


Advanced metastatic KRAS WT CRC patients refractory to: Fluoropyrimidines, irinotecan, oxaliplatin, cetuximab/panitumumab, and bevacizumab



Study Design

Objective	Activity of lapatinib + trastuzumab in HER2 amplified metastatic colorectal cancer		
Design	Phase II, open label, multicentric single-stage design according to Fleming and A'Hern		
Endpoints	Objective response (primary), safety, and time-to-progression (TTP, secondary)		
Population	HER2+, mCRC after failures of previous chemotherapy, antiangiogenesis, and antiEGFR therapies		
Main inclusion criteria	 Pathology: KRAS exon 2 wild type (WT); HER2-positivity (IHC3+ or IHC2+/SISH+) according to HERACLES diagnostic criteria Prior therapies: Unless otherwise contraindicated should have received and <u>failed</u> fluoropyrimidine-, oxaliplatin-, irinotecan-, cetuximab- or panitumumab-containing therapy regimens Performance status ECOG 0-1 Measurable disease according to RECIST 1.1 Adequate vital organ function (cardiac, bone marrow, renal, liver) 		
Treatment	Lapatinib 1000 mg po qd Trastuzumab 4 mg/kg IV load dose, then 2 mg/kg IV weekly		
Tumor assessment	RECIST 1,1 imaging every 8 weeks and liquid biopsy every 2 weeks Double-lecture centralized response assessment, Mint Lesion® software assisted		
Statistical assumptions	H0 10%, H1 30%, α = 0.05 and power =0.85 Primary endpoint: Objective Response according to RECIST 1.1		
Sample size	27 patients; 6 responses must be observed for the study to be positive		



Patients Characteristics

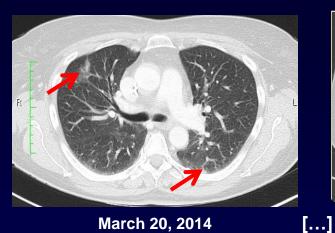
Characteristics		Patients	
		N	%
Age	Median		63
	Range	4	0-86
Gender	Females	2	9%
	Males	21	91%
Performance status	ECOG 0/1	23	100%
Tumor site	Colon	19	85%
Tumor site	Rectum	3	15%
Extent of disease	One site only	3	
	Liver	2	
	Lung	1	
	Multiple sites	20	
	Liver	12	
	Lung	11	
	Nodes	9	
	Other sites		12
	Median number of previous line for metastatic disease (range)	5 (2-8)	
Prior treatments		N	%
	More than 3 previous lines	20	87%
	Prior cetuximab or panitumumab	23	100%
	Patients responding to cetuximab or panitumumab	0	0%
	Prior bevacizumab treatment*	10*	100%*

^{*}Only 10/23 patients were eligible for bevacizumab treatment

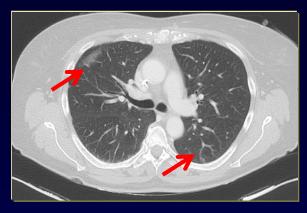
Patient #121015: Age 62, 5 Prior Chemotherapies + Panitumumab + Bevacizumab + Regorafenib



Dec 31, 2013 **Baseline**



March 20, 2014 Week 8 partial respnse (PR)



July 10, 2014 Week 24 PR

Patient #121016: Age 86, 4 Prior Chemotherapies + Panitumumab



Zoom: 97% Angle: 0

P32

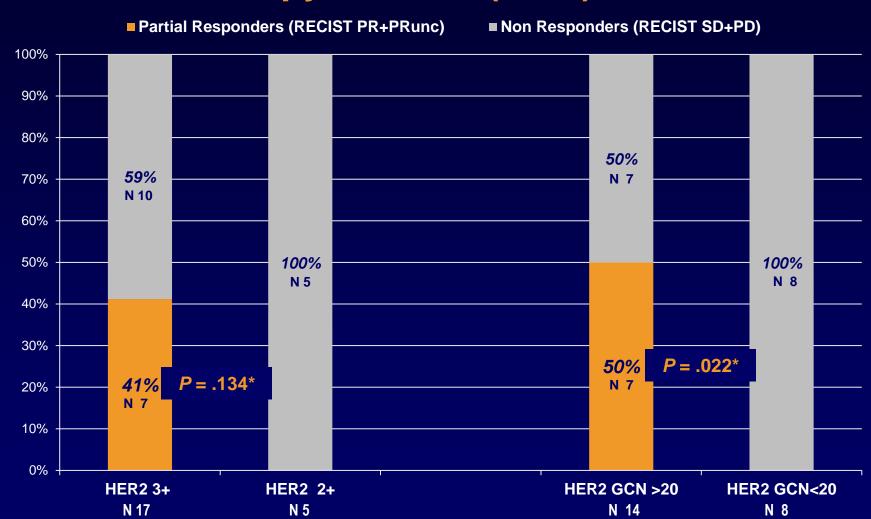
Jan 27, 2014 **Baseline**

March 23, 2014 Week 8 PR

[...]

July, 15, 2014 Week 24 PR

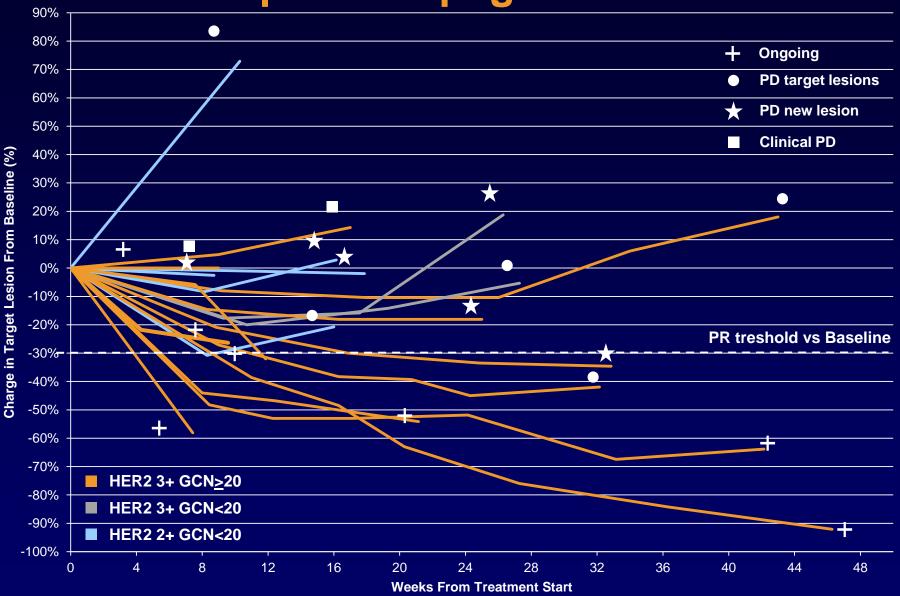
Objective Response Rate by HER2 IHC Score or Gene Copy Number (GCN) Variation



*Fisher's exact test

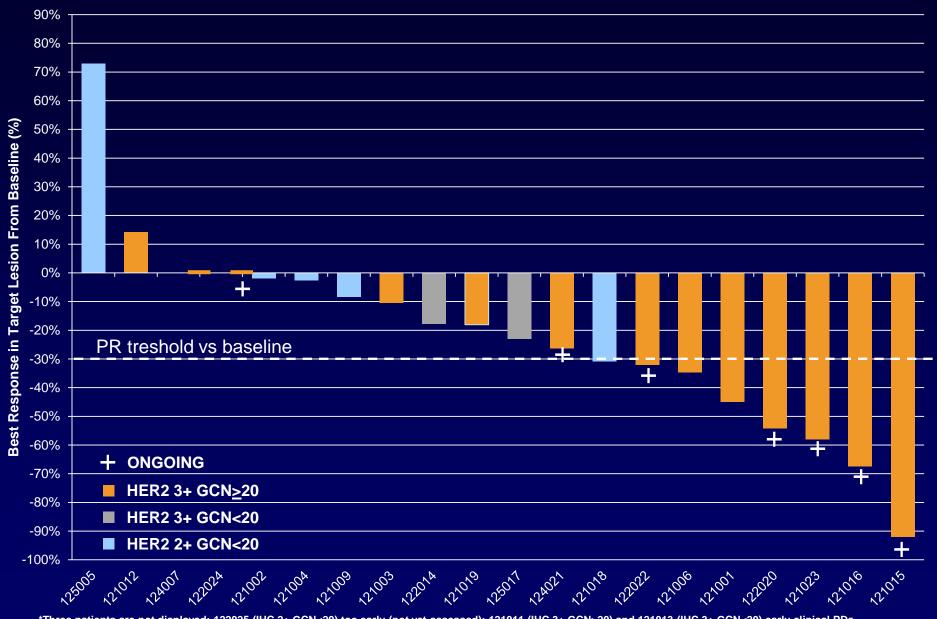
IHC, Immunohistochemistry; SD, stable disease; PD, progressive disease

Response: Spaghetti Plot



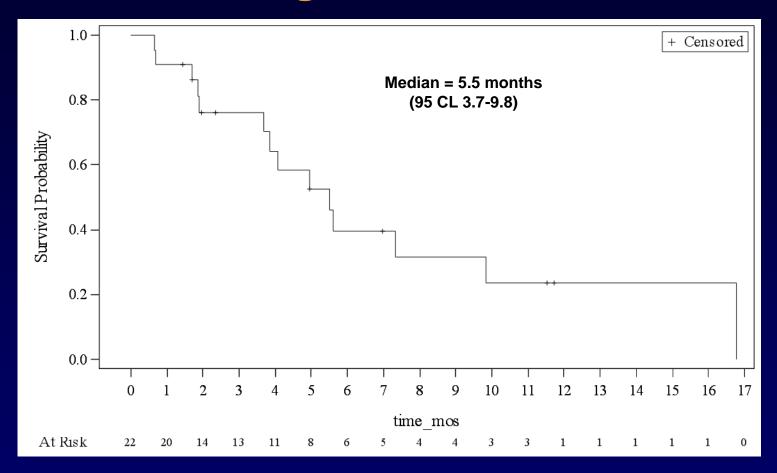
^{*}Three patients are not displayed: 122025 (IHC 2+ GCN<20) too early (not yet assessed); 121011 (IHC 3+ GCN>20) and 121013 (IHC 3+ GCN<20) early clinical PDs

Response: Waterfall Plot

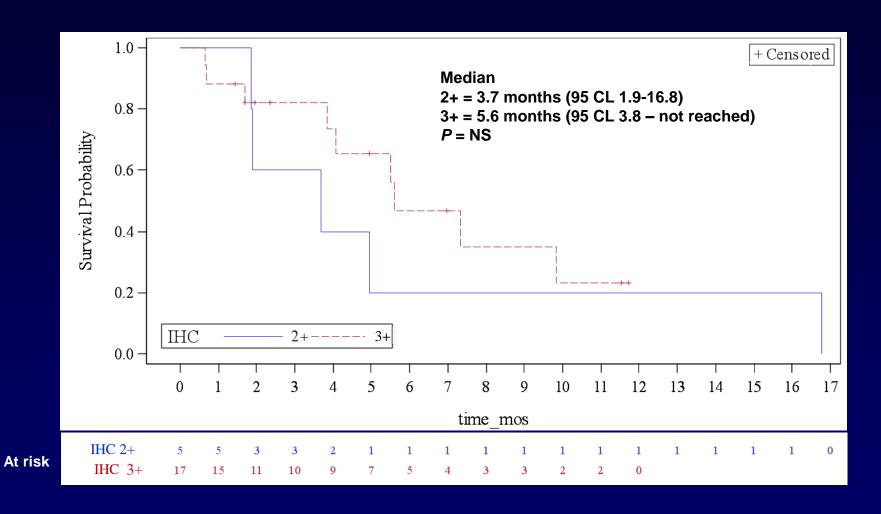


*Three patients are not displayed: 122025 (IHC 2+ GCN<20) too early (not yet assessed); 121011 (IHC 3+ GCN>20) and 121013 (IHC 3+ GCN<20) early clinical PDs. Siena S, et al. *J Clin Oncol.* 2015;33(suppl 3): Abstract 565.

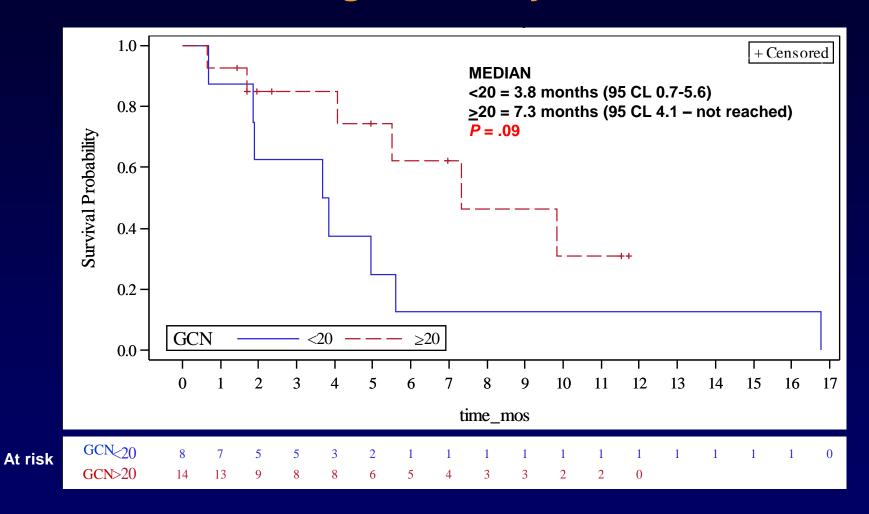
Time-to-Progression: All Patients



Time-to-Progression by HER2 IHC Score



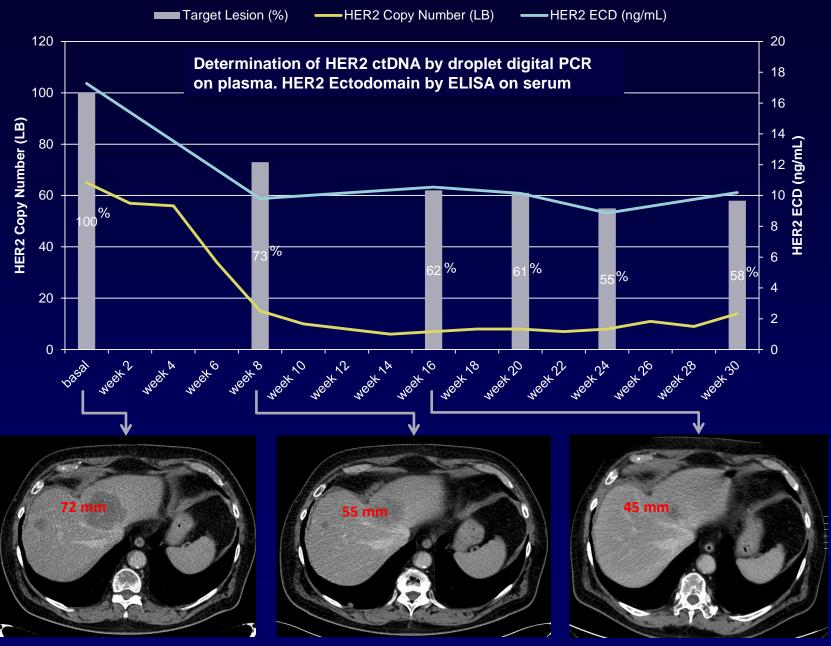
Time-to-Progression by HER2 GCN



Drug Related Toxicities

GI Tract	Total events	% of total AEs	Grade 3	% of total G3 AE
Diarrhea	54	31	0	
Nausea/Vomiting	16	9	0	
Abdominal pain	6	3	0	
Mucositis	2	1	0	
SKIN & ANNEXES				
Paronychia	16	9	0	
Rash/dermatitis	19	11	1	17
Pruritis	4	2	0	
Polliculitis	1	1	0	
Erythemia	2	1	0	
Xerosis	4	2	0	
SYSTEMIC				
Faitgue	28	16	3	50
Loss of appetite	2	1	0	
Chills	1	1	0	
Parathesia	1	1	0	
Hand and Foot	5	3	0	
SENSE ORGAN				
Conjunctives	1	1	0	
Dysgeusia	1	1	0	
Dysphonia	1	1	0	
LABORATORY				
Anemia	3	2	0	
Hypomagnesaemia	1	1	0	
CARDIOVASCULAR				
Hypertension	3	2	1	17
LVEF drop	1	1	1	17
Epistaxis	1	1	0	
Total	173	100	6	100

Patient #121001: Liquid Biopsy and HER2-ECD



Siena S, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2015;33(suppl 3): Abstract 565.