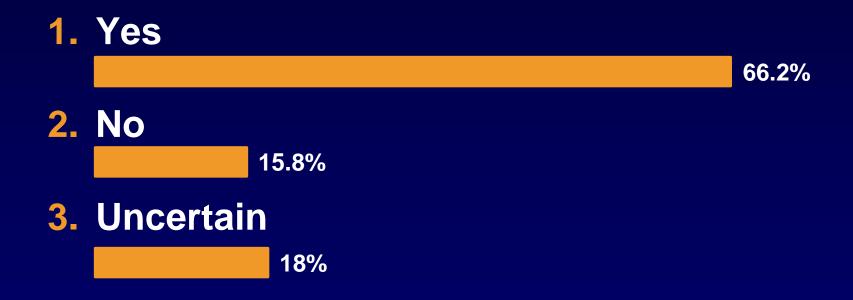
Do you believe that dual HER2 blockade combined with chemotherapy is the best strategy for neoadjuvant therapy in a patient with operable HER2-positive breast cancer?

- 1. Yes
- 2. No
- 3. Uncertain

Do you believe that dual HER2 blockade combined with chemotherapy is the best strategy for neoadjuvant therapy in a patient with operable HER2-positive breast cancer?

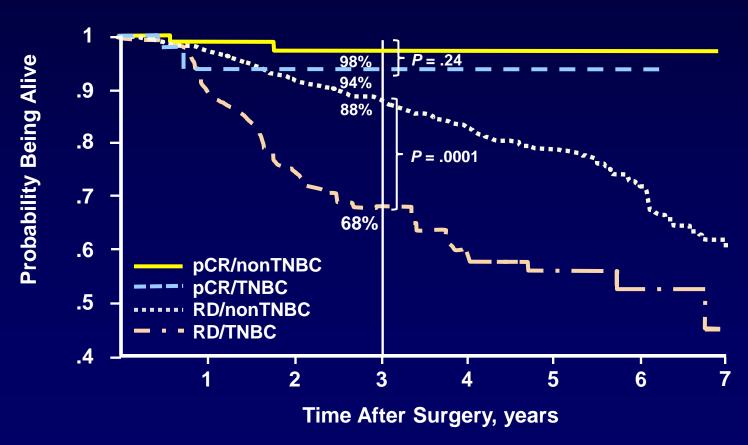


Question #4: Role of Combining Anti-HER Therapies in the Neoadjuvant Setting for HER2-Positive Early Breast Cancer

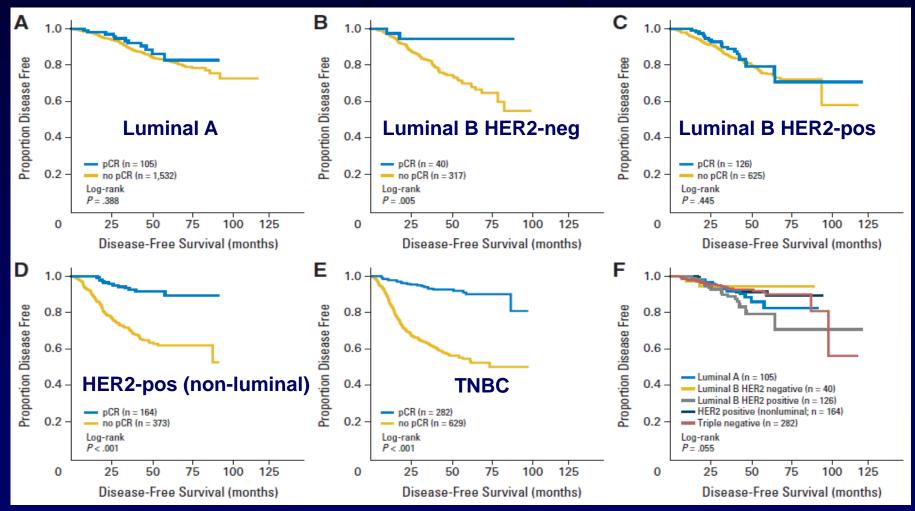
Javier Cortés, MD, PhD Vall d'Hebron University Hospital Barcelona, Spain



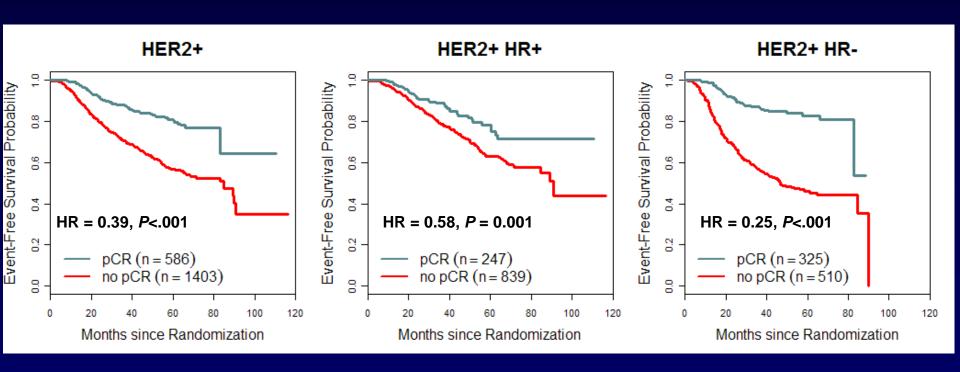
Response to Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy and Overall Survival (OS) in Triple Negative Breast Cancer (TNBC) and Non-TNBC



pCR and Prognosis by Subtype (N = 4193)



Association of pCR With EFS in HER2+ Subtype



pCR = ypT0/is ypN0

Guidance for Industry

Pathologic Complete Response in Neoadjuvant Treatment of High-Risk Early-Stage Breast Cancer: Use as an Endpoint to Support Accelerated Approval

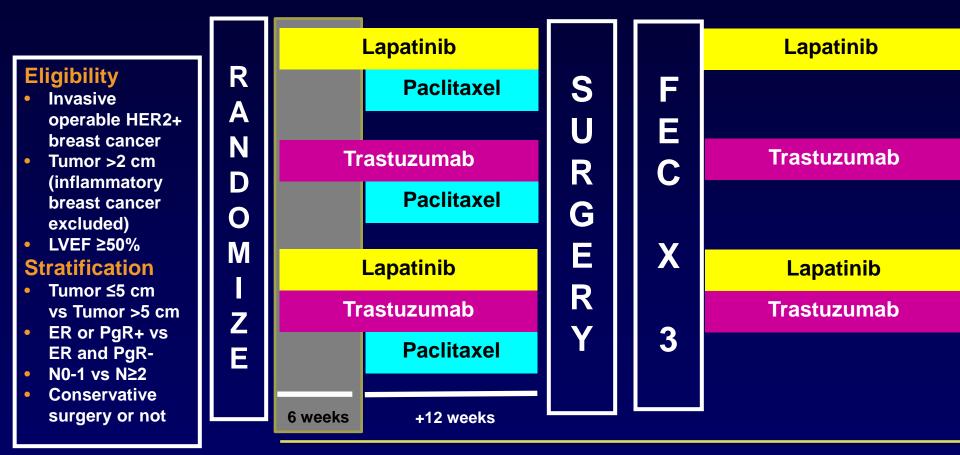
Additional copies are available from:

Office of Communications, Division of Drug Information
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research
Food and Drug Administration
10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, rm. 2201
Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002
Tel: 301-796-3400; Fax: 301-847-8714; E-mail: druginfo@fda.hhs.gov
http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/GuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInformation/Guidances/default.htm

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER)

> May 2012 Clinical/Medical

NeoALTTO Study Design



52 weeks of anti-HER2 therapy

LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction

Baselga J, et al. *Lancet.* 2012;379(9816):633-640.

Study Objectives

Primary endpoint

• pCR: Defined according to the National Surgical Adjuvant Breast Project guidelines as no invasive cancer in the breast or only noninvasive *in situ* cancer in the breast specimen^{1,2}

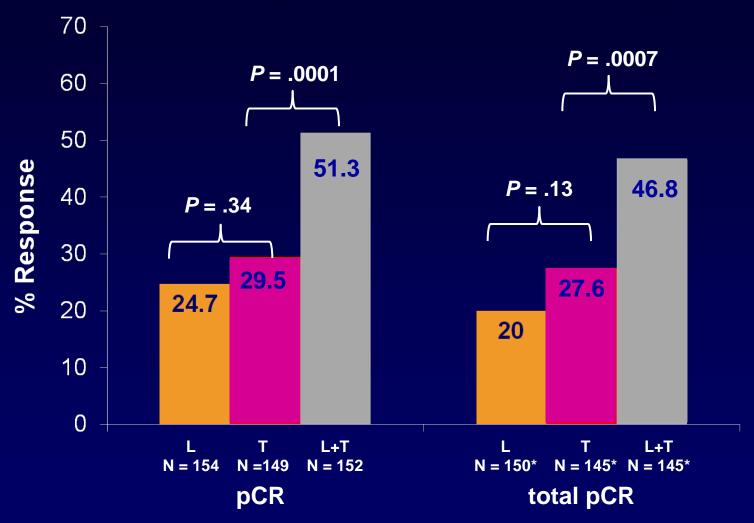
Secondary endpoints

- pCR rate in breast AND lymph nodes [total pCR (tpCR)]
- Safety and tolerability
- Objective response rate at week 6 (end of biological window)
- Percentage of patients with node-negative disease at surgery
- Rate of conversion to breast-conserving surgery
- Rate of conversion to breast surgery in those with nonoperable disease at presentation
- Disease-free survival (DFS) and OS

^{1.} Fisher B, et al. *J Clin Oncol.* 1997;15(7):2483-2493. 2. Fisher ER, et al. *Cancer.* 2002;95(4):681-695.

^{3.} Baselga J, et al. Lancet. 2012;379(9816):633-640.

NeoALTTO: pCR and Total pCR

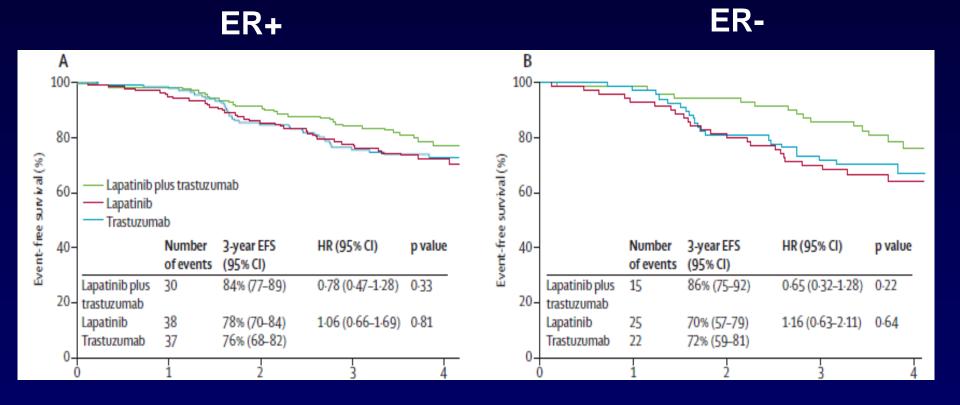


^{*}Excludes 15 patients with nonevaluable nodal status L, lapatinib; T, trastuzumab

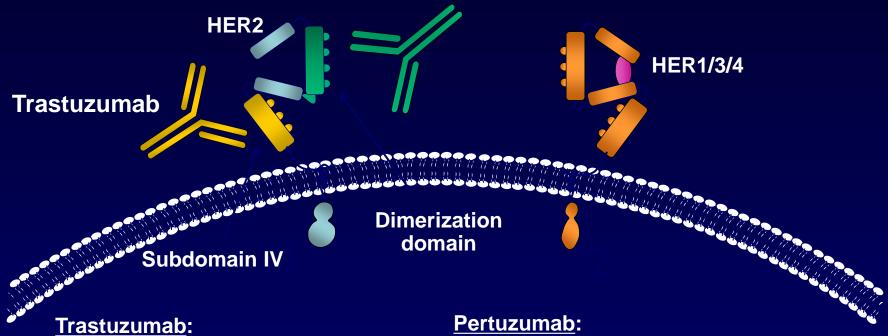
Baselga J, et al. Lancet. 2012;379(9816):633-640.

This agent may not be currently approved by the US Food and Drug Administration or European Medicines Agency for this indication.

NeoALTTO: DFS



Rationale for Combining Pertuzumab With Trastuzumab in the Clinic: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab Have **Complementary Mechanisms of Action Pertuzumab**



- Inhibits ligand-independent HER2 signaling
- **Activates ADCC**
- Prevents HER2 ECD shedding

- Inhibits ligand-dependent HER2 dimerization and signaling
- **Activates ADCC**

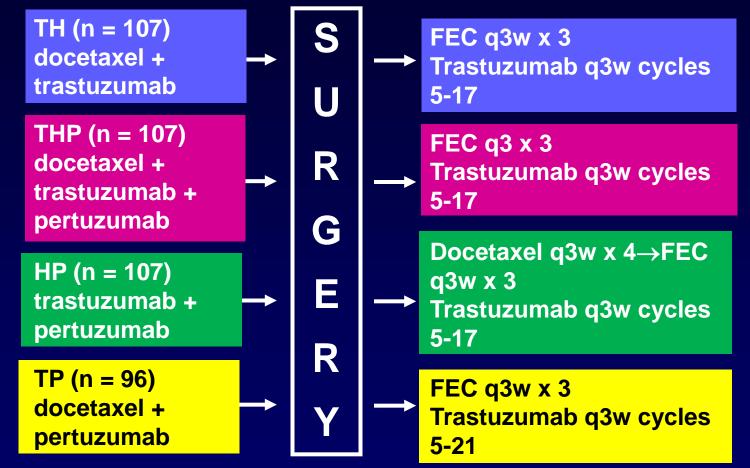
ADCC, antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity; ECD, extracellular domain

Molina MA, et al. Cancer Res. 2001;61(12):4744-4749. Junttila TT, et al. Cancer Cell. 2009;15(5):429-440. Agus DB, et al. Cancer Cell. 2002;2(2):127-137. Scheuer W, et al. Cancer Res. 2009;69(24):9330-9336.

NeoSphere Study Design

Patients with operable or locally advanced/ inflammatory HER2-positive breast cancer

Chemo-naïve and primary tumors >2 cm (N = 417)



T, docetaxel; H, trastuzumab; FEC, 5-fluorouracil, epirubicin, and cyclophosphamide; P, pertuzumab

Study Objectives

Primary endpoint: Comparison of pCR rates

TH vs THP

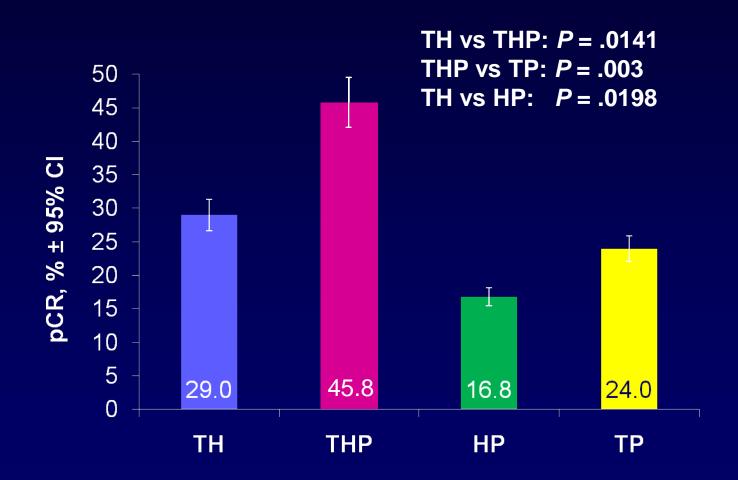
Exploratory analyses

- TH vs HP
- THP vs TP

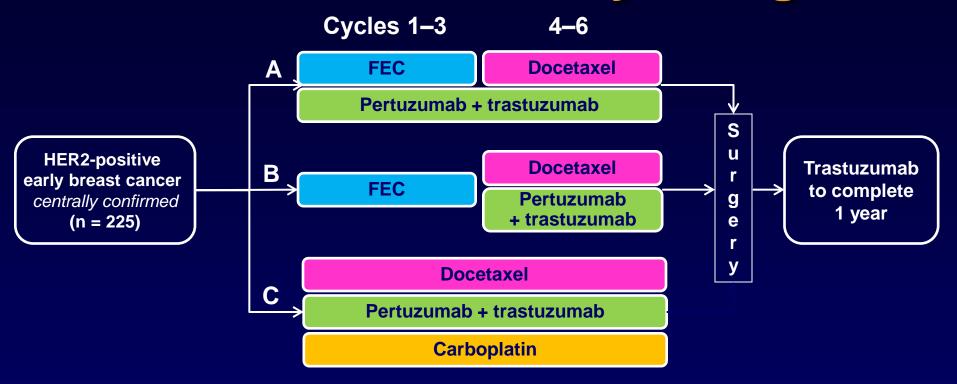
Secondary endpoints

- Clinical response
- DFS
- Breast conservation rate
- Biomarker evaluation

NeoSphere: pCR Rates (Intention-to-Treat Population)



TRYPHAENA: Study Design



Study dosing q3w

• FEC 500 mg/m², 100 mg/m², 600 mg/m²

Carboplatin AUC 6

Trastuzumab 8 mg/kg loading dose, 6 mg/kg maintenance

Pertuzumab 840 mg loading dose, 420 mg maintenance

Docetaxel 75 mg/m² (escalating to 100 mg/m² if tolerated, in arms A and B only)

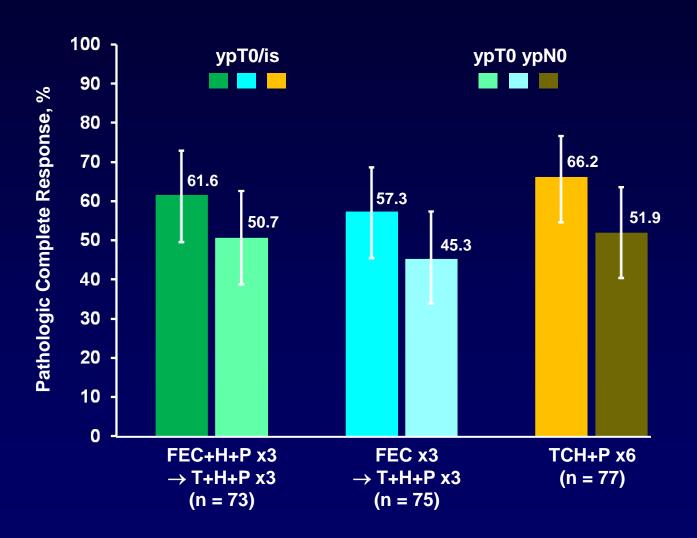
AUC, area under the concentration-time curve

Schneeweiss A, et al. Ann Oncol. 2013;24(9):2278-2284.

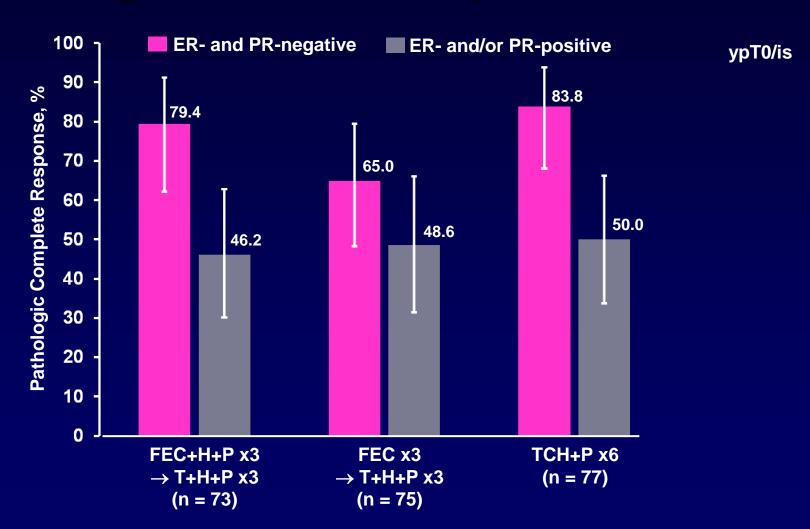
TRYPHAENA: Cardiac Events During Neoadjuvant Treatment

	FEC+H+P x3 → T+H+P x3 (n = 72)	FEC x3 → T+H+P x3 (n = 75)	TCH+P x6 (n = 76)
Symptomatic LVSD (grade ≥3), n (%)	0 (0.0)	2 (2.7)	0 (0.0)
LVSD (all grades), n (%)	4 (5.6)	3 (4.0)	2 (2.6)
LVEF decline ≥10% points and below 50%, n (%)	3 (4.2)	4 (5.3)	3 (3.9)

TRYPHAENA: pCR



TRYPHAENA: pCR by Estrogen / Progesterone Receptor Status



Schneeweiss A, et al. Ann Oncol. 2013;24(9):2278-2284.

My Opinion

Do you believe that dual HER2 blockade combined with chemotherapy is the best strategy for neoadjuvant therapy in a patient with operable HER2-positive breast cancer?

- 1. Yes
- **2.** No
- 3. Uncertain





Answering Clinically Relevant Questions

