

Berechne ou?

Y up

	$x=-1$	$x=0$	$x=1$
$y=0$	0,2	0,2	0,1
$y=1$	0,1	0,2	0,2

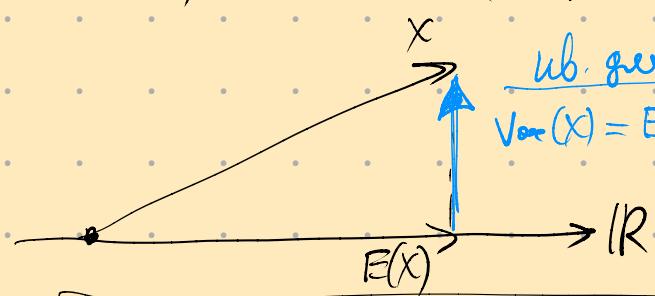
- a)  $\text{Var } X, \sigma_x, X \subseteq \mathbb{C}$
- b)  $\text{Var } Y, \sigma_y$
- c)  $\text{Cov}(X, Y), \text{Corr}(X, Y)$ ?
- d)  $\text{Var}(2X+6),$   
 $\text{Cov}(3X-2015, 6+4\sqrt{3})$   
 $\text{Corr}(2X-3, 6-9Y)$

$$\text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2$$

$$E(X) = -1 \cdot 0,3 + 0 \cdot 0,4 + 1 \cdot 0,3 = 0$$

$$E(X^2) = 1 \cdot 0,3 + 0 + 1 \cdot 0,3 = 0,6$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = 0,6 - 0^2 = 0,6$$



$$\text{Var } Y = E(Y^2) - (E(Y))^2$$

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{\text{Var } X} = \sqrt{0,6}$$

$$E(Y) = 0 \cdot 0,5 + 1 \cdot 0,5 = 0,5$$

Число и его квадратов  $Y^2 = Y$

$$E(Y^2) = E(Y) = 0,5$$

$$\text{Var } Y = 0,5 - 0,5^2 = 0,25$$

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{0,25} = 0,5$$

	$X=-1$	$X=0$	$X=1$
$Y=0$	0,2	0,2	0,1
$Y=1$	0,1	0,2	0,2

$$\delta) \text{ Cov}(X, Y) = E(X^c \cdot Y^c) =$$

ausp.  $X^c = X - E(X)$   
 $Y^c = Y - E(Y)$

$$= E[(X - E(X)) \cdot (Y - E(Y))] = E[X \cdot Y - \underbrace{Y \cdot E(X)}_{E(X) \cdot E(Y)} - \underbrace{X \cdot E(Y)}_{E(X) \cdot E(Y)} + \underbrace{E(X) \cdot E(Y)}_{E(X) \cdot E(Y)}] =$$

$$X \cdot Y - CB$$

$$X \cdot Y - CB$$

$E(X), E(Y), E(X) \cdot E(Y)$  - konkrete

$$E(S2) = S2$$

$$E(c) = c$$

c-konst

$$= E(XY) - \underbrace{E(Y) \cdot E(X)}_{E(X) \cdot E(Y)} - \underbrace{E(X) \cdot E(Y)}_{E(X) \cdot E(Y)} + \underbrace{E(X) \cdot E(Y)}_{E(X) \cdot E(Y)} =$$

$$\boxed{\text{Cov}(X, Y) = E(XY) - E(X) \cdot E(Y)}$$

→ answer  $\text{Var}(x) = E(x^2) - (E(x))^2$

$$E(X) = 0 \quad E(Y) = 0,5$$

	$X=-1$	$X=0$	$X=1$
$Y=0$	0,2 <span style="color:red">TO</span>	0,2 <span style="color:red">TO</span>	0,1 <span style="color:red">TO</span>
$Y=1$	0,1 <span style="color:red">F</span>	0,2 <span style="color:red">O</span>	0,2 <span style="color:red">T</span>

$\boxed{XY}$

$$E(XY) = -1 \cdot 0,1 + 0,2 \cdot 1 = 0,1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cov}(X, Y) &= E(XY) - E(X) \cdot E(Y) = \\ &= 0,1 - 0 \cdot 0,5 = 0,1 \end{aligned}$$

ausgeschlossen  $\text{Cov}(X, Y) = \text{Korrelationsteil des CB}$

symmetrisch  $X \sim Y$

$$(Y=0)$$

$$(Y=1)$$

$$(X=-1 \quad X=0 \quad X=1)$$

$$(0,2 \quad 0,2 \quad 0,1)$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) > 0$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = \langle X^c, Y^c \rangle = E(X^c \cdot Y^c)$$

oder auch

$$\text{Cov}(X_1 + X_2, Y_1 + Y_2) = \text{Cov}(X_1, Y_1) + \\ + \text{Cov}(X_1, Y_2) + \\ + \text{Cov}(X_2, Y_1) + \\ + \text{Cov}(X_2, Y_2)$$

auch:

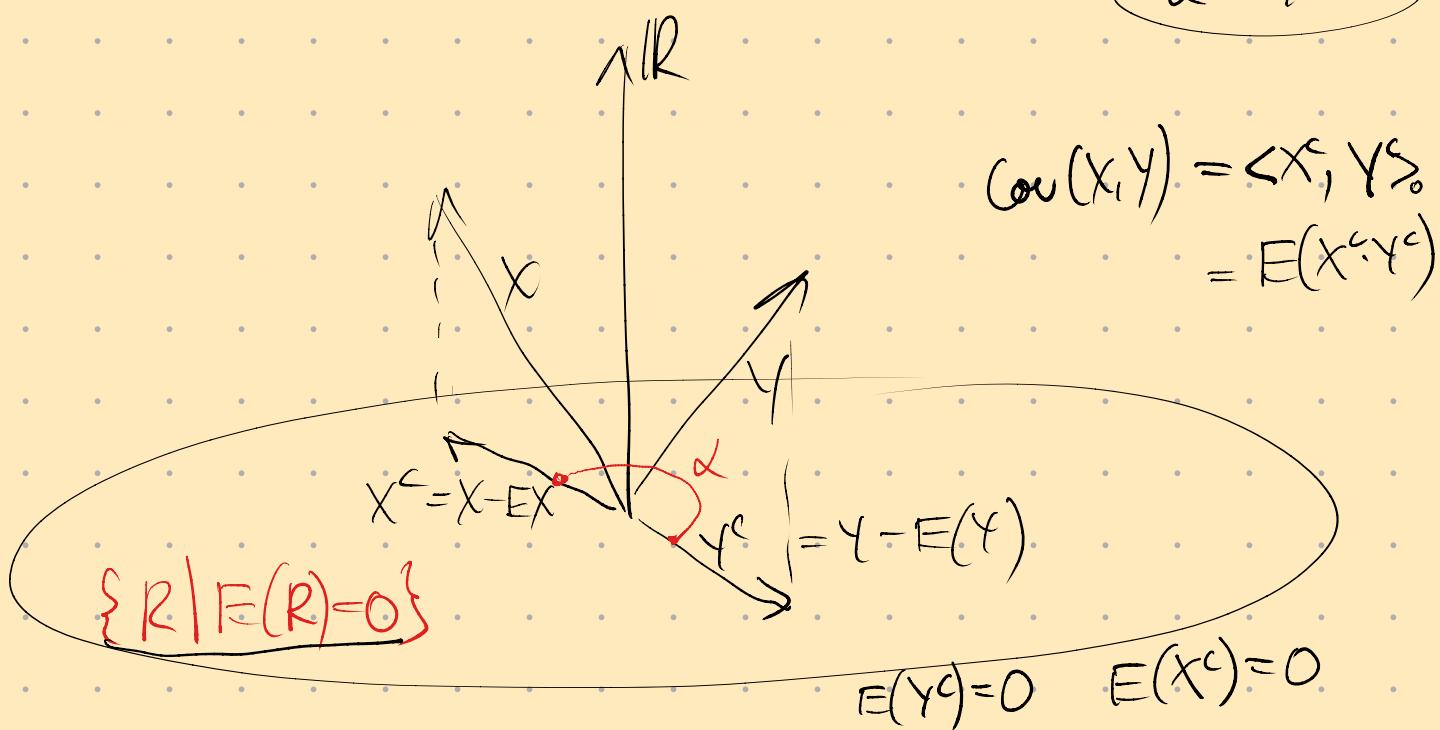
	$X=-1$	$X=0$	$X=1$
$Y=0$	0,1	0,2	0,2
$Y=1$	0,2	0,2	0,1

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) < 0$$

$\text{Cov}(X, Y) \in [-1, 1]$  Hypothesenraum

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{X} \cdot \sqrt{Y}} = \frac{0,1}{\sqrt{0,6} \cdot \sqrt{0,5}} \approx \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\alpha \approx 0,4 \pi$$



B)  $\text{Var}(2X+6), \text{Cov}(3X-2015, 6Y) = \text{Cov}(3X, 6Y) = 3 \cdot 6 \cdot \text{Cov}(X, Y) = 18 \cdot 0,$

$$\text{Var}(2X-3, 6-9Y)$$

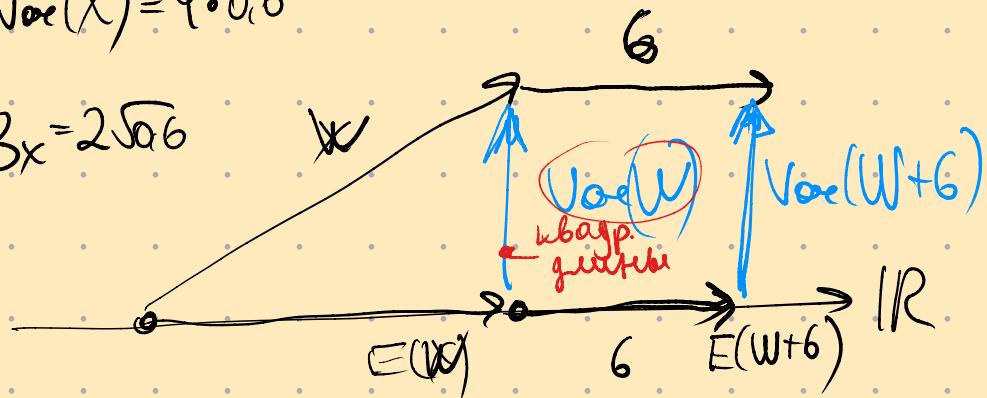
$$\underline{\text{Var}(W+6)} = \text{Var}(W)$$

$$\text{Var}(2X+6) =$$

erstes Beispiel:

$$= \text{Var}(2X) = 2^2 \cdot \text{Var}(X) = 4 \cdot 0.6$$

$$\text{D}_{2X+6} = \text{D}_{2X} = 2 \text{D}_X = 2\sqrt{0.6}$$



zweites Beispiel:

$$\text{Var}(W) = E[(W - E(W))^2]$$

$$\text{Var}(W+6) = E[(W+6 - E(W+6))^2] = \\ = \text{Var}(W)$$

$$\text{Var}(cX+d) = c^2 \text{Var}(X).$$

$c, d$  - konst

Kernspalte

$$\text{Cov}(X+c, Y) = E[(X+c - E(X+c)) \cdot (Y - E(Y))]$$

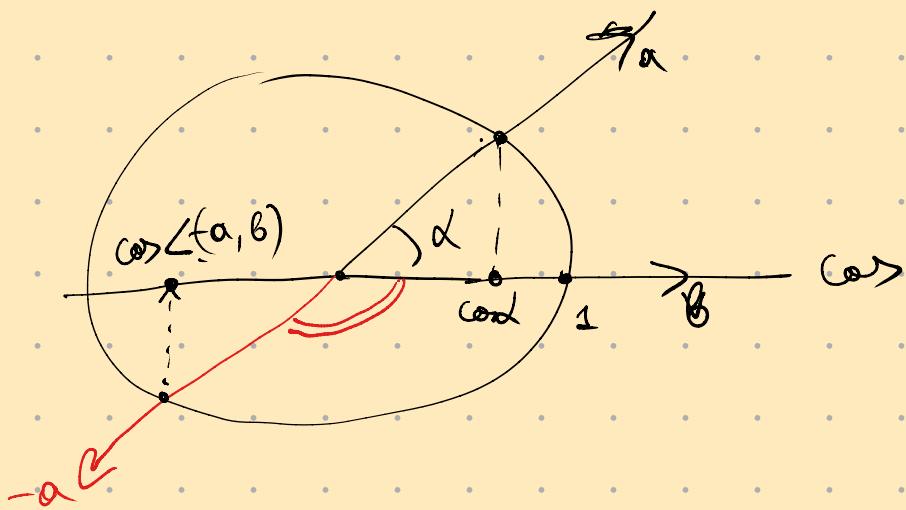
$$\text{Cov}(dX, Y) = E[(dX - E(dX)) \cdot (Y - E(Y))] =$$

$$= d \cdot \text{Cov}(X, Y)$$

$$\text{Cov}(dX+c, Y) = d \text{Cov}(X, Y)$$

$$\text{Cov}(2X-3, 6-9Y) = \frac{\text{Cov}(2X-3, 6-9Y)}{3_{2X-3} \cdot 3_{6-9Y}} = \frac{\text{Cov}(2X, -9Y)}{3_{2X} \cdot 3_{(-3Y)}} =$$

$$= \frac{2 \cdot (-9) \cdot \text{Cov}(X, Y)}{2 \cdot 9 \cdot 3_X \cdot 3_Y} = -1 \cdot \text{Cov}(X, Y) = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{0.6} \cdot 0.5}$$



Ump.

$y \propto x$  mit  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2, & x \in [0; 1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

$\text{Var}(X)$  ?

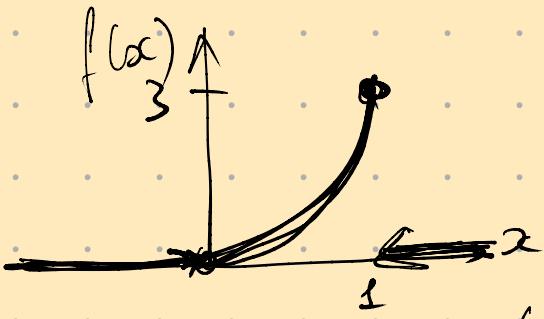
$$\text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2 = \frac{3}{5} - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{3}{5} - \frac{9}{16}$$

$\text{Cov}(X, X^2)$  ?

$$\text{LOTUS: } E(X^2) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f(x) dx = \int_0^1 x^2 \cdot 3x^2 dx = \frac{3}{5}$$

$\text{Cov}(X, X^2)$  ?

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \cdot f(x) dx = \int_0^1 x \cdot 3x^2 dx = \frac{3}{4}$$



$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = E(X \cdot Y) - E(X) \cdot E(Y)$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, X^2) = E(X \cdot X^2) - E(X) \cdot E(X^2) = \frac{3}{6} - \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{9}{20}$$

$$E(X^3) = \int_0^1 x^3 f(x) dx = \int_0^1 x^3 \cdot 3x^2 dx = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, X^2) = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, X^2)}{\mathbb{Z}_X \cdot \mathbb{Z}_{X^2}} = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, X^2)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(X) \cdot \text{Var}(X^2)}} = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, X^2)}{\sqrt{(5/6)(15/16)\text{Var}(X)}}$$

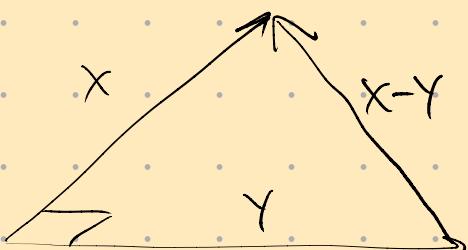
$$\text{Var}(X^2) = E((X^2)^2) - (E(X^2))^2 = E(X^4) - \underbrace{(E(X^2))^2}_{\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$E(X^4) = \int_0^1 x^4 \cdot f(x) dx = \int_0^1 x^4 \cdot 3x^2 dx = \frac{3}{7}$$

Yup

Cap. 7. Autoparopa

Eam  $(X+Y)$ , to



$$\|X-Y\|_0^2 = \|X\|_0^2 + \|Y\|_0^2$$

$$\text{Eam } E(X \cdot Y) = 0$$

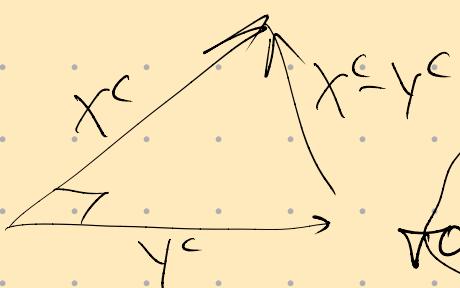
$$\text{to } E((X-Y)^2) = E(X^2) + E(Y^2)$$

$\Delta X, Y$

Cap. 7. Autoparopa gwe C<sub>B</sub> c regelbarem omwarganum

$$X^c = X - E(X) \text{ to } E(X^c) = 0$$

$$Y^c = Y - E(Y) \text{ to } E(Y^c) = 0$$



$$\text{Eam } E((X-E(X)) \cdot (Y-E(Y))) = 0$$

$$\text{to } E((X^c - Y^c)^2) = E((X^c)^2) + E((Y^c)^2)$$

$$\text{Eam } \text{Cov}(X, Y) = 0, \text{ to}$$

$$\text{Var}(X-Y) = \text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y) = \text{Var}(X+Y)$$

Критерий независимости (CB):

- CB  $X_1 \text{ и } Y$  независимы  $\Leftrightarrow \text{Var}(X+Y) = \text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y)$

$$\mathbb{E}(f(X) \cdot g(Y)) = \mathbb{E}(f(X)) \cdot \mathbb{E}(g(Y)) \quad \forall f, g.$$

- CB  $X_1 \text{ и } Y$  независимы  $\Leftrightarrow \text{Cov}(f(X), g(Y)) = 0 \quad \text{для } f, g$

Если  $X \text{ и } Y$  независимы, то  $\text{Var}(X+Y) = \text{Var}(X-Y) = \text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y)$

Упр

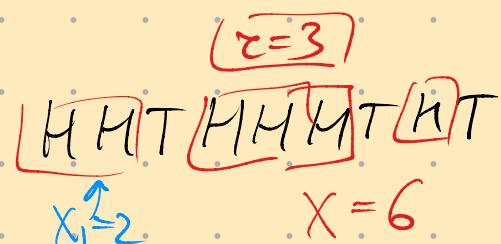
CB  $X$  имеет вид: Генетическое правило

$$X \sim N\text{Bin}(r, p)$$

Это: независимые события  
из биномиального распределения  
(каждое событие -  $p$ )

$X$ -код-бс решения.

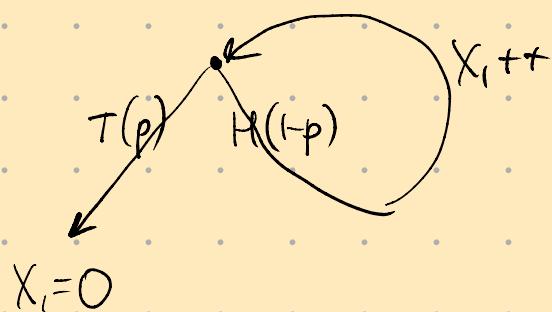
$$\text{Var}(X) ?$$



$$X_1 \neq X_2 \quad X = X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + \dots + X_r \quad \leftarrow \text{независимые}$$

$$X_1 \sim X_2 \sim X_3 \dots \sim X_r \quad \leftarrow \text{код-бс решения} \rightarrow \text{одно}$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \text{Var}(X_1) + \text{Var}(X_2) + \dots + \text{Var}(X_r) = r \cdot \text{Var}(X_1)$$



$$\begin{cases} \mathbb{E}(X_1) = p \cdot 0 + (1-p) \cdot \mathbb{E}(X_1+1) \\ \mathbb{E}(X_1^2) = p \cdot 0^2 + (1-p) \cdot \mathbb{E}((X_1+1)^2) \end{cases}$$

$$\mathbb{E}(X_1) = (1-p) \cdot \mathbb{E}(X_1) + 1-p \quad \rightarrow \mathbb{E}(X_1) = \frac{1-p}{p}$$

$$\mathbb{E}(X^2) = (1-p) \cdot \mathbb{E}(X_1^2 + 2X_1 + 1)$$

$$E(X_1^2) = (1-p) \cdot E(X_1^2) + (1-p) \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1-p}{p} + 1-p$$

$$E(X_1^2) = \frac{2(1-p)^2}{p^2} + \frac{1-p}{p}$$

$$\text{Var}(X_1) = E(X_1^2) - (E(X_1))^2 = \left(\frac{1-p}{p}\right)^2 + \frac{1-p}{p}$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \tau \cdot \left(\left(\frac{1-p}{p}\right)^2 + \frac{1-p}{p}\right)$$

$x$	1	2
$P(X=x)$	0,9	0,1

$$E(X) = 1 \cdot 0,9 + 2 \cdot 0,1 = 0,9 + 0,2 = 1,1$$

$$\frac{1+2}{2} = 1,5$$

