

Очкування 3

Уп

Всесорока $n=50$ · від $X_i \rightarrow$ 1 метод ступ
0 не ефективний ступ.

нагадання: X_i відповідає оцен. на ступ.

$$\sum_{i=1}^n X_i = 40$$

a) не ефективне **90%** · доб. від \hat{p} (з $V_{\text{ас}}(\hat{p})$ б зменш.)

b) — // — (з $V_{\text{ас}}(\hat{p})$ б зменш.)

ліквідація

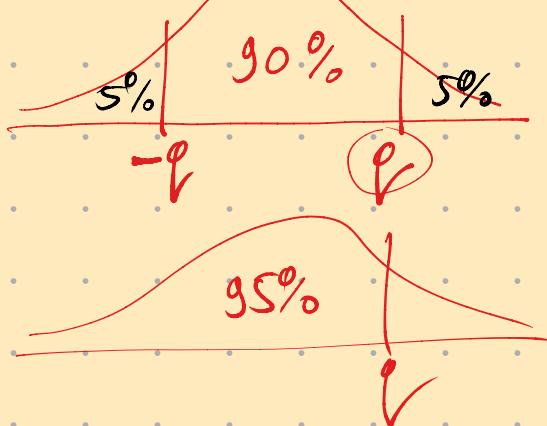
δ)

$$\left[\hat{p} - \varrho \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}}, \hat{p} + \varrho \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}} \right]$$

9 - 210
Vibrationsnull

$$\hat{p} = \frac{40}{50} = 0,8$$

УПТ
· необхідна
б зменшувати
б зменшувати



|| from scipy import stats
stats.norm.ppf(0.95)

$N(0;1)$

$\varrho = 1,64$

$$\left[0,8 - 1,64 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{0,8 \cdot 0,2}{50}}, 0,8 + 1,64 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{0,8 \cdot 0,2}{50}} \right]$$

$$[0,71; 0,89]$$

||

$$a) p \in \left[\frac{q^2 + 2\hat{p}n - \sqrt{\Delta}}{2(n+q^2)}, \frac{q^2 + 2\hat{p}n + \sqrt{\Delta}}{2(n+q^2)} \right]$$

$$\Delta = (q^2 + 2\hat{p}n)^2 - 4(n+q^2) \cdot n \hat{p}^2$$

УПТ

6) \hat{p} $\text{Vor}(\hat{p})$

$$\vartheta = 93.9$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\vartheta}}{2(n+q^2)} = 0.09$$

$$\begin{aligned} q &= 1.64 \\ \hat{p} &\approx 0.3 \\ n &= 50 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{q^2 + 2\hat{p}n}{2(n+q^2)} = 0.78$$

$$[0.78 - 0.09; 0.78 + 0.09] = [0.69; 0.88]$$

Задача 2

$(X_i, W_i) \sim \text{егз. накр.}$

X_i	W_i
1	0
1	1
0	0
0	1
0	1
⋮	⋮

$n = 100$

код незав.

(X_i, W_i)
заб

(X_i, W_i) и (X_j, W_j)
незав

$X_i \xrightarrow{1}$ [если $w_i = 1$
или $w_i = 0$
или $w_i = 0$]
 $X_i \xrightarrow{0}$ [если $w_i = 0$
или $w_i = 1$
или $w_i = 1$]

$W_i \xrightarrow{1}$ [если $x_i = 1$
или $x_i = 0$
или $x_i = 0$]
 $W_i \xrightarrow{0}$ [если $x_i = 0$
или $x_i = 1$
или $x_i = 1$]

	$W_i = 0$	$W_i = 1$
$X_i = 0$	20	10
$X_i = 1$	20	50

contingency table

где быв. ордн

$$(W_i=1) \quad Q_1=1, Q_2=1, Q_3=0 \dots n_1 \text{ коды}$$

$$(W_i=0) \quad R_1=0, R_2=1 \dots n_0 \text{ коды}$$

где Q_i в R_j
незав

где $Q_i \sim \text{егз. накр. накр.}$
где $R_j \sim \text{егз. накр. накр.}$

$$p_1 = P(X_i=1 | W_i=1)$$

$$p_0 = P(X_i=1 | W_i=0)$$

$$p_1 = P(Q_i=1) \quad p_0 = P(R_i=1)$$

это $C I \quad p_1 - p_0 ?$

некод.

деление наивного ожидания $\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0$

применим для
с $Vor \rightarrow Vor$

a) $\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0$

на выборке (X_i, W_i) :

$$\begin{aligned} n_1 - \text{код-ло } W_i=1 \\ n_1 = \sum W_i \end{aligned}$$

$\wedge \quad \wedge \quad \geq X_i \quad \leq X_i$

$$p_1 - p_0 = \frac{\sum_{w_i=1} n_i}{n_1} - \frac{\sum_{w_i=0} n_0}{n_0}$$

na gelyke $(Q_i) \cup (R_j)$

$$\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 = \bar{Q} - \bar{R}$$

$$\bar{Q} = \frac{\sum Q_i}{n_1}$$

$$\bar{R} = \frac{\sum R_j}{n_0}$$

d) $\text{Var}(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 | n_1, n_0) = ?$

b) corr. $\text{Var}(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 | n_1, n_0)$
plug-in estimator

plausibel $\frac{\text{Var}(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0)}{\text{Var}(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0)} = 1$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 | n_1, n_0) = ? \quad \text{Var}(\hat{p}_1 | n_1, n_0) + \text{Var}(\hat{p}_0 | n_1, n_0) - \\ - 2 \text{Cov}(\hat{p}_1, \hat{p}_0 | n_1, n_0)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n_1} \cdot \text{Var}(X_i | W_i=1) + \frac{1}{n_0} \cdot \text{Var}(X_i | W_i=0) =$$

$$= \frac{p_1 \cdot (1-p_1)}{n_1} + \frac{p_0 \cdot (1-p_0)}{n_0}$$

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b) $\text{Var}(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 | n_1, n_0) = \frac{\hat{p}_1 (1-\hat{p}_1)}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_0 (1-\hat{p}_0)}{n_0}$

plausibel
 $p(1-p)$

corr.
es.

$$\frac{(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0) - E(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 | n_1, n_0)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 | n_1, n_0)}} \rightarrow N(0,1)$$

U.P.T.

redundant argument

$$\sqrt{\text{Var}(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 | n_1, n_0)}$$



$$-q \leq \frac{\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 - (p_1 - p_0)}{\text{se}(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0)} \leq q$$

se = standard error

crang. оценка

$$se(\hat{\theta}) = \sqrt{Var(\hat{\theta} | \dots)} \leftarrow \text{коф. в. оценки}\text{ генерации}$$

$$p_1 - p_0 \in [\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 - q \cdot se(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0); \hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 + q \cdot se(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0)]$$

$$\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0 = \frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5-3}{6} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3} = 0,33\dots$$

код-бэй:

	$W_i = 0$	$W_i = 1$
$X_i = 0$	20	10
$X_i = 1$	20	50

$$\hat{p}_1 = \frac{50}{60} = \hat{p}(X_i = 1 | W_i = 1)$$

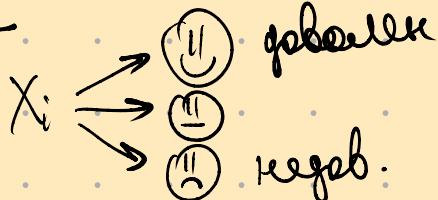
$$\hat{p}_0 = \frac{20}{40} = \hat{p}(X_i = 1 | W_i = 0)$$

$$se(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_0) = \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1 \cdot (1 - \hat{p}_1)}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_0 \cdot (1 - \hat{p}_0)}{n_0}} = 0,09\dots$$

$$\text{avg CI}_{95\%} \quad q = 1,96$$

$$[0,33 - 1,96 \cdot 0,09; 0,33 + 1,96 \cdot 0,09]$$

Задача:



$X_i \sim \text{негат. эрги. расп.}$

$$P(X_i = \text{😊}) = p_+$$

$$P(X_i = \text{😐}) = p_-$$

$$P(X_i = \text{:-(}) = 1 - p_+ - p_-$$

X_i	
😊	
:-(
😐	
😊	

X_i	😊	😐	:-(
Kod-Бэй	30	20	10

$$\Theta = p_+ - p_-$$

$$\hat{\Theta} = \hat{p}_+ - \hat{p}_- = \frac{n_+}{n} - \frac{n_-}{n}$$

a) небольшая ошибка

$$\text{b) как оц. в. } Var(\hat{\Theta}) = \frac{30-10}{60}$$

[небольш.]

$$Var(\hat{\Theta})$$

n -бесл. эрги.

n_+ -счастливо

n_- -счастливо

n_0 -счастливо

= 0,33

2) avg 95% CI für θ .

$$\text{d)} \quad \text{Var}(\hat{p}_+ - \hat{p}_-) = \text{Var}\left(\frac{\sum G_i - \sum B_i}{n}\right) = \textcircled{0}$$

напоминание в сумме
всех наблюдений

$$G_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{если } X_i = \text{смiley} \\ 0 & \text{если } X_i \neq \text{смiley} \end{cases}$$

$$B_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{если } X_i = \text{смiley} \\ 0 & \text{если } X_i \neq \text{смiley} \end{cases}$$

X_i	G_i	B_i
смiley	1	0
не смiley	0	1
смiley	1	0
не смiley	0	1
смiley	1	0
не смiley	0	1
смiley	1	0
не смiley	0	1
смiley	1	0
не смiley	0	1

тогда

G_1	B_1
G_2	B_2
G_3	B_3

$G_1 \cdot B_1 = 0$

тогда

$$G_i \cdot B_i = 0$$

$$\textcircled{0} = \text{Var}\left(\frac{\sum(G_i - B_i)}{n}\right) = \frac{1}{n^2} \sum \text{Var}(G_i - B_i) =$$

$$= \frac{n}{n^2} \cdot \text{Var}(G_1 - B_1)$$

$$= \frac{p_+ + p_- - (p_+ - p_-)^2}{n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \cdot \text{Var}(G_1 - B_1)$$

X_i	P_+	P_-
G_1	1	0
B_1	0	1
$G_1 - B_1$	1	-1
$(G_1 - B_1)^2$	1	1

хотя
разные ген.

$$\text{Var}(G_1 - B_1) = E((G_1 - B_1)^2) - (E(G_1 - B_1))^2 =$$

$$= 1 \cdot p_+ + 1 \cdot p_- - (p_+ - p_-)^2$$

$$b) \text{ cos } \widehat{\text{Var}}(\widehat{p}_+ - \widehat{p}_-) = \frac{p_+ + p_- - (p_+ - p_-)}{n}$$

$$\text{se}(\widehat{p}_+ - \widehat{p}_-) = \sqrt{\frac{\widehat{p}_+ + \widehat{p}_- - (\widehat{p}_+ - \widehat{p}_-)^2}{n}} =$$

$$\approx 0.10$$

$$\widehat{\theta} = \widehat{p}_+ - \widehat{p}_-$$

$$\widehat{p}_+ = \frac{30}{60}$$

$$\widehat{p}_- = \frac{10}{60}$$

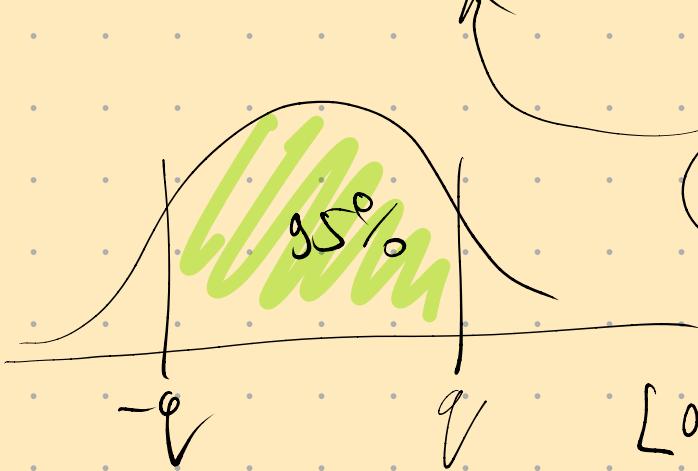
$$n = 60$$

$$\frac{\widehat{\theta} - E(\widehat{\theta})}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(\widehat{\theta})}} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} N(0; 1)$$

2)
USNT +
elliptic
approx

asy CI

$$\theta \in [\widehat{\theta} - q \cdot \text{se}(\widehat{\theta}), \widehat{\theta} + q \cdot \text{se}(\widehat{\theta})]$$



$$-q \leq \frac{\widehat{\theta} - \theta}{\text{se}(\widehat{\theta})} \leq q$$

$$[0.33 - 1.96 \cdot 0.10; 0.33 + 1.96 \cdot 0.10]$$

