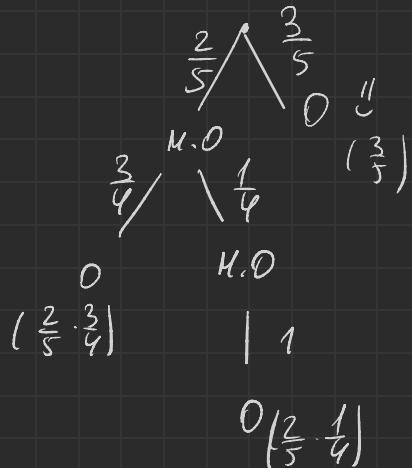


N1.1.

○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○

x	1	2	3
$P(X=x)$	$\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$
		1	



$$\text{Проделки: } \frac{6}{10} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = 1.$$

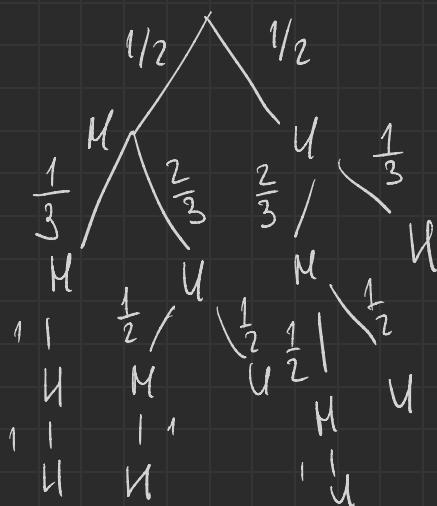
$$0 \left(\frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

$$\text{d)} \quad P(X > 1) = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\text{б)} \quad E(X) = 1 \cdot \frac{3}{5} + 2 \cdot \frac{3}{10} + \frac{3}{10} = 0,6 + 0,6 + 0,3 = 1,5.$$

(Если одна есна падает дерево)

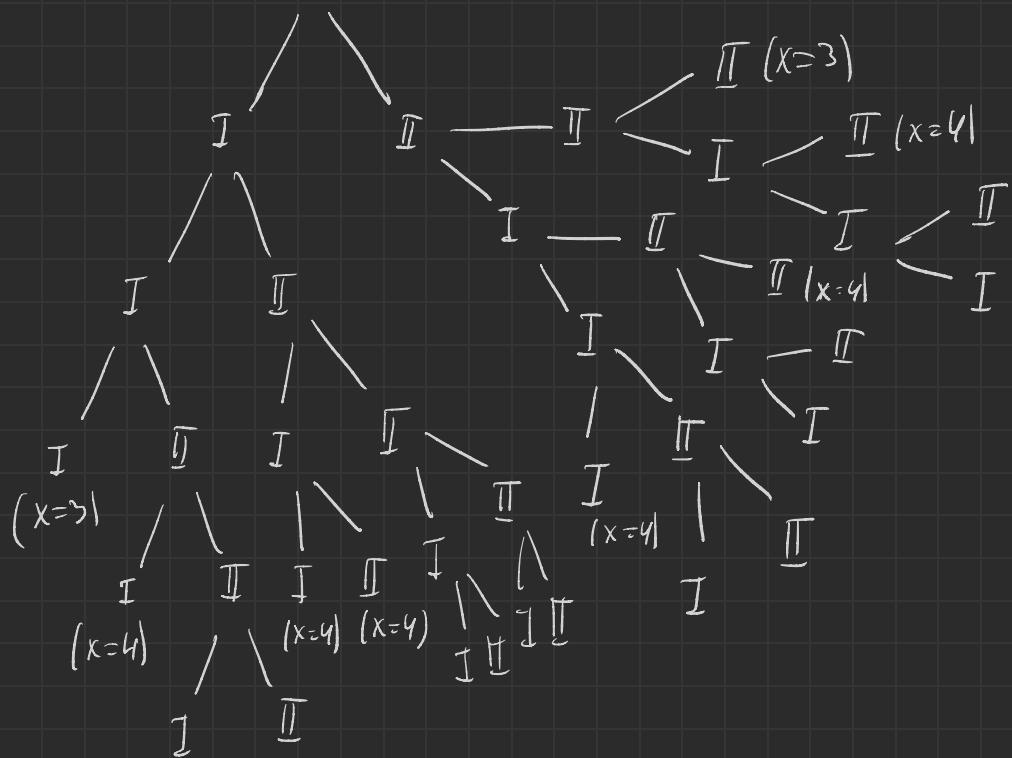
N1.2.



x	2	3	4
$P(N=x)$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

$$E(N) = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{6} + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3} + 1 + 2 = 3\frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{3}$$

N 1. 4.



x	3	4	5
$P(N=x)$	$\frac{2}{8}$	$\frac{1}{16} \cdot 6$	$\frac{1}{32} \cdot 12$

$2x.$

$$\text{Проверка: } \frac{1}{4} + \frac{6}{16} + \frac{1}{4} = 1$$

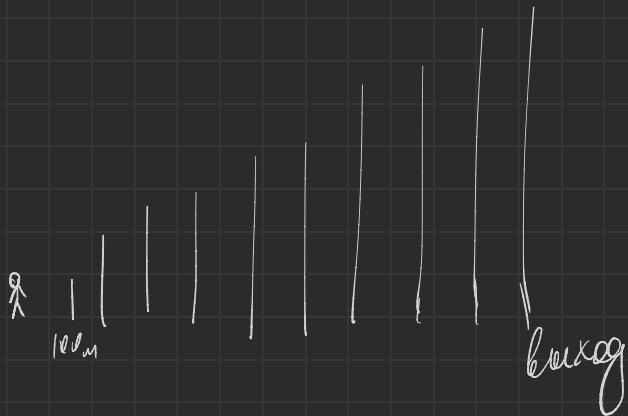
8) $P(N-\text{результат}) = \frac{3}{8}$

$$E(N) =$$

7777.7

$$\frac{2 \times C_4^2}{32}$$

N12.1.



$$a) P(\text{посетит испытание } N) = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{2}{10} \cdot \frac{1}{9} + \dots = \frac{1}{2}$$

T_1 - время посещ. исп N

$$T_1 = 1$$

$$T_1 = 2$$

$$T_1 = 3$$

$$\overline{T_1} = 9$$

$$T_1 = +\infty$$

план посещения:

9, 8, 6, 3, 4, 10, 1, 5 ...	
-----------------------------	--

4, 5, ①, 3, 10, 6, 8 ...	
--------------------------	--

количество гумелей:

T_{10} - число посещ. ТУМ.

$$d) E(T_{10}) = 1 \cdot \frac{1}{10} + 2 \cdot \frac{2}{10} \cdot \frac{1}{9} + 3 \cdot \frac{3}{10} \cdot \frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{8} +$$

$$+ 4 \cdot \frac{4}{10} \cdot \frac{3}{9} \cdot \frac{2}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{7} + \dots = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{2}{10} + \frac{3}{10} + \dots + \frac{9}{10} + 1 = \\ = 4,5 + 1 = 5,5.$$

$$T_{10} = \Theta_1 + \Theta_2 + \dots + \Theta_{10}$$

Θ_1 $\xrightarrow{1}$, как носитиме вероятн $N1$
 $\xrightarrow{0}$, иначе

$$E(X+Y+Z) = E(X) + E(Y) + E(Z)$$

Θ_2 $\xrightarrow{1}$
 $\xrightarrow{0}$

Θ_9 $\xrightarrow{1}$
 $\xrightarrow{0}$

$$\Theta_{10} = 1 \quad E(\Theta_{10}) = 1$$

$$E(T_{10}) = E(\Theta_1) + E(\Theta_2) + \dots + E(\Theta_{10}) = \\ = 0,5 \cdot 9 + 1 = 5,5.$$

$$\begin{array}{c} t \\ \hline P(\Theta_1=t) \end{array} \begin{array}{c|c|c} & 0 & 1 \\ \hline & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$E(\Theta_1) = 0 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$L = 200 \cdot \Theta_1 + 400 \cdot \Theta_2 + \dots + 1800 \cdot \Theta_9 + 1000$$

$$E(L) = 200 E(\Theta_1) + 400 E(\Theta_2) + \dots + 1000 E(\Theta_{10}) =$$

↑
ненулевое.

$$= 100 + 200 + 300 + \dots + 900 + 1000 = \frac{100 + 1000}{2} \cdot 10^2$$

$$= 5500.$$

N 12.2

$$(X_1 R_1) L_2 R_2 (L_3 R_3) \dots L_{30} R_{30}$$

$L_i R_i$

X - non-бес генетик раб гостиниц Маше

$$P(X=13) = \frac{\binom{17}{30} \cdot 2^{17}}{\binom{17}{60}}$$

← нехорошие раб-ы
↑ = хорошие рабы

чтобы не было в Ω

$E(X)$

$$X_{\min} = 13 \quad Z_{\min}$$

$$X_{\max} = 21$$

$$E(X) = ?$$

$$X \in [13, 21]$$

$$X = \mu_1 + \mu_2 + \mu_3 + \dots + \mu_{30}$$

$\mu_1 \rightarrow 0$, разрушила пару 1 (Мария не может
 навесить пару 1)
 $\mu_1 \rightarrow 1$, пара у Марии

$$\begin{array}{c} \mu_2 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ 0 \qquad 1 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{t}{\text{---}} \quad | \quad 0$$

$$P(\mu_1 = t)$$

$$P(\mu_1 = 1) = \frac{\binom{17}{58}}{\binom{60}{17}} = \frac{\frac{58!}{17! 41!}}{\frac{60!}{17! 43!}} = \frac{58! \cdot 43!}{41! \cdot 60!} =$$

$$= \frac{42 \cdot 43}{59 \cdot 60}$$

$$E(\mu_1) = \frac{42.43}{59.60}$$

$$E(X) = \frac{30 \cdot 42.43}{59.60} = \frac{42.43}{59.2}$$

Y - кол-во попыток пар у машины.

$$Y \in [0, 8]$$

ξ_i → 1, если параллельно машину попыток пар
 ξ_i → 0, не параллельно машину

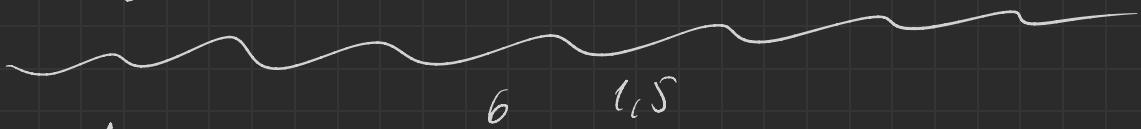
$$\begin{aligned} & \xi_{30} \xrightarrow{\text{1}} \text{нормально} \\ & \quad E(\xi_i) + \\ & \quad P(\xi_i = 1) + \\ & Y = \sum_{i=1}^{30} \xi_i \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} X - \text{свр. левор.} \\ E(X) \\ A - \text{леворучие} \\ P(A) \end{array} \right\} \\ & E(Y) = \sum_{i=1}^{30} 1 \cdot P(\xi_i = 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$P(E_1=1) = \frac{C_{58}^{15}}{C_{30}^{27}} =$$

$$E(y) = \frac{30 \cdot C_{58}^{15}}{C_{60}^{17}}$$

$$E(x) + E(y) + E(z) = 30$$

$$EX + EY \leq 30$$



$$A_1 = [0; 1+1] \quad \begin{matrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} 11.5 \\ 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$A_2 = [0; 1+\frac{1}{2}] \quad \begin{matrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} 11.5 \\ 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$A_3 = [0; 1+\frac{1}{3}] \quad \begin{matrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} 11.5 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$A_4 = [0; 1+\frac{1}{4}], \quad A_\infty = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} A_n = [0; 1]$$

$$6 \notin A_\infty$$

$$\beta_1 = [0; 1]$$

$$\beta_2 = [0, 2]$$

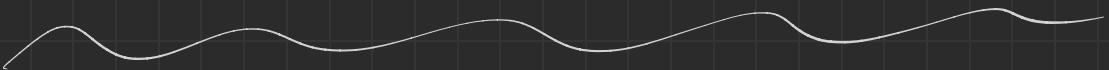
$$\beta_3 = [0, 1]$$

...

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \beta_n$ - see upy-lem.

a)

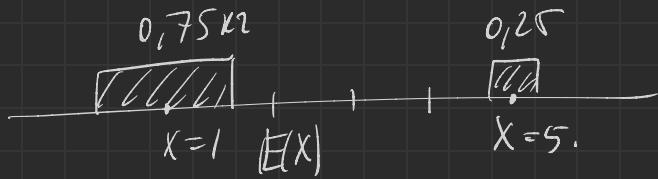
e) 0.



интерпретация

$E(X)$ - среднее значение.

n	1	5
$P(X=n)$	$3/4$	$1/4$



$$E(X) = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{4} = \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

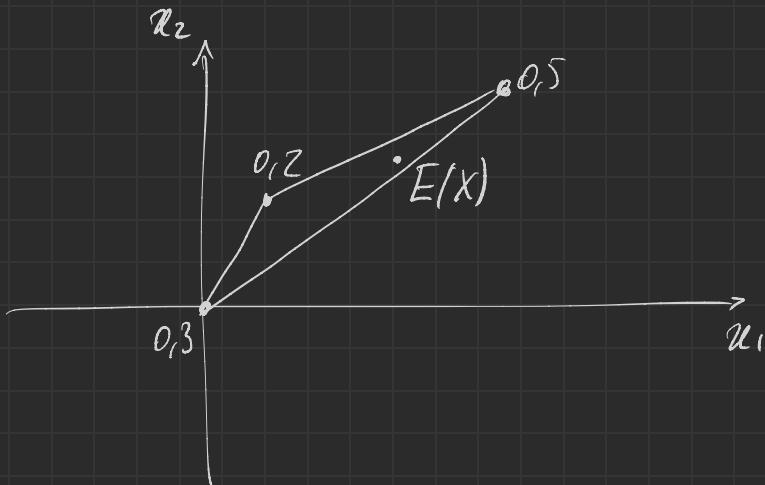
X - ограниченный левоот

x_1
 x_2
 \vdots
 x_d

Opp. $E(X) = \begin{pmatrix} E(x_1) \\ E(x_2) \\ \vdots \\ E(x_d) \end{pmatrix}$

$x \in \mathbb{R}^2$

x	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$
$P(X=x)$	0,2	0,3	0,5

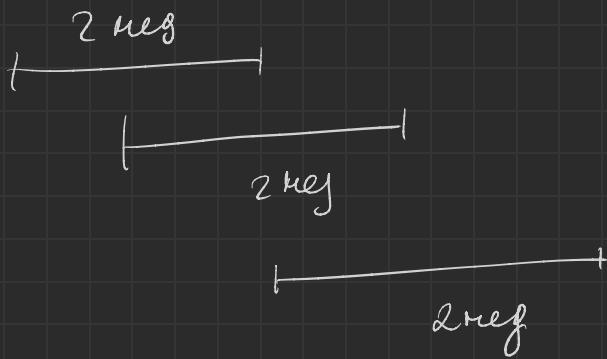


$$\begin{aligned}
 E(X) &= \sum_u u \cdot P(X=u) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot 0,2 + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot 0,3 + \\
 &+ \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \cdot 0,5 = \begin{pmatrix} 2,7 \\ 3,4 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

χ	$2+i$	$3-7i$	$6+2i$
$P(X=\chi)$	0,25	0,25	0,5

$$\mathbb{E}(X) = \sum_{\chi} \chi \cdot P(X=\chi) = (2+i) \cdot 0,25 + (3-7i) \cdot 0,25 + (6+2i) \cdot 0,5$$

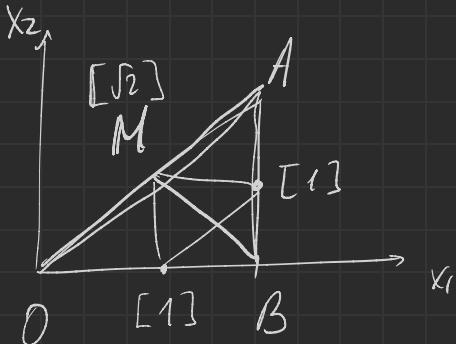
$$\mathbb{E}(\operatorname{Re} X) + i\mathbb{E}(\operatorname{Im} X) = 2 \cdot 0,25 + 3 \cdot 0,25 + 6 \cdot 0,5 + 0,25i - 7 \cdot 0,25i + 2 \cdot 0,5i$$



Самеяр 2

Тип

Типу $O = (0,0)$, $A = (1,0)$, $B = (1,0)$



Видимо $X = \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{pmatrix}$ - равномер. распределение на
прямой ΔABC .

$EX \in BM$ (но не всегда)

$$E(X) = \begin{pmatrix} E(X_1) \\ E(X_2) \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$M \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 \\ 1/2 \end{pmatrix} \quad C \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1/2 \end{pmatrix} \quad D \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

т.е.: $\sqrt{2}$ 1 1

$$EX = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{2} + 1 \cdot 1 + 1/2 \cdot 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{2} + 1 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 1 \end{pmatrix} : (\sqrt{2} + 2) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2} + 3}{2(\sqrt{2} + 2)} \\ \frac{\sqrt{2} + 1}{2(\sqrt{2} + 2)} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[\begin{array}{c} 3x_2 \\ 2x_2 \end{array} \right] \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \\ & E(X) = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \binom{1}{2} + \frac{3}{5} \cdot \binom{3}{4} = \\ & = \frac{2 \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \binom{3}{4} \right)}{5} \end{aligned}$$

Уп. Неманні $(1,0) - (0,0) - (0,1)$

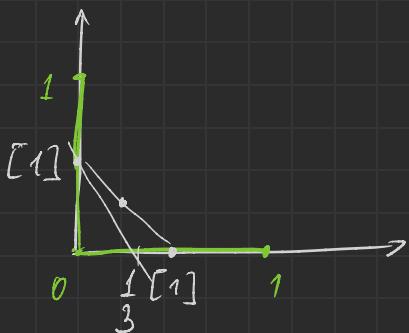
$X = \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{pmatrix}$ — спрощене розподілення рахун.

форма на площині L $X \sim \text{Unif}(L)$

a) $E(X) = ?$

б) $P(3X_1 + 2X_2 > 1)$?

$$E(X) = \begin{pmatrix} 1/4 \\ 1/4 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0,5 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0,5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$X_2 > \frac{1 - 3X_1}{2}$$

$$P(3X_1 + 2X_2 > 1) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{5}}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{7}{12}$$

Упр. негор. машины (нраб)

Мар 1 если T , то $X \sim \text{Unif}([A; B])$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

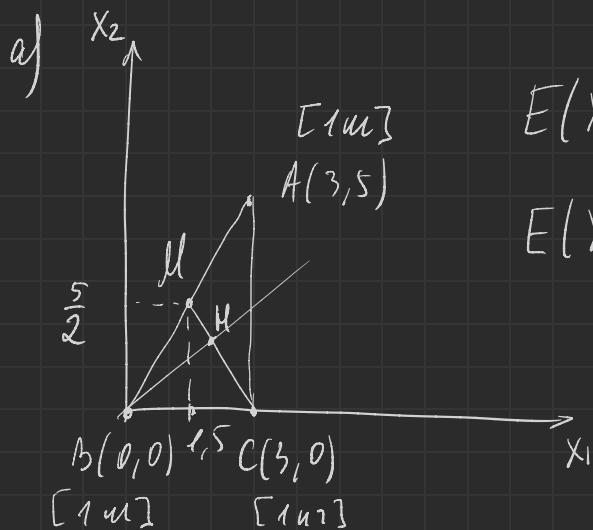
$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Мар 2 если M , то $X \sim \text{Unif}(\underline{\text{брюх}} \Delta ABC)$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

a) $E(X) = ?$

b) $P(X_1 > X_2) = ?$



$$E(X|T) = \begin{pmatrix} 3/2 \\ 5/2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \frac{9}{3}$$

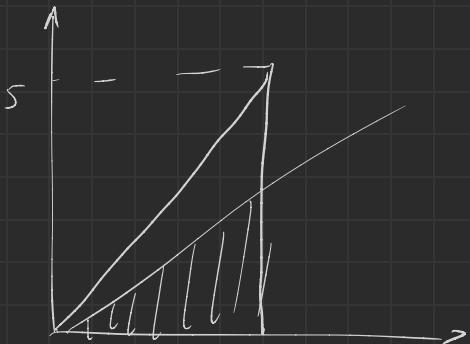
$$E(X|M) =$$

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} (\frac{3}{2} + 3) \cdot \frac{1}{3} \\ (0 + \frac{5}{2}) \cdot \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{5}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E(X|U) = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{0}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right) = \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)$$

2) $P(X_1 > X_2 | T) = 0$

2)



$$S_{ABC} \cdot \frac{2}{5} \cdot S_{ABC} = 6$$

Упр Монтира (урал) \Leftrightarrow рез.

X - момент времени, когдапервый лауреат
МФИ, y - момент времени лауреат ММГ

a) $P(X > Y) = ?$ $E(X) = 10$ $E(\max\{X, Y\})$

b) $P(X = Y) = ?$ $E(Y) = ?$

$$E(\min\{X, Y\})$$

b) Пулат нынгает + 1 мөнж яғ ғанаңыз
Онар нынгает + 1 мөнж яғ ғана.

$$M = \min(X, Y)$$

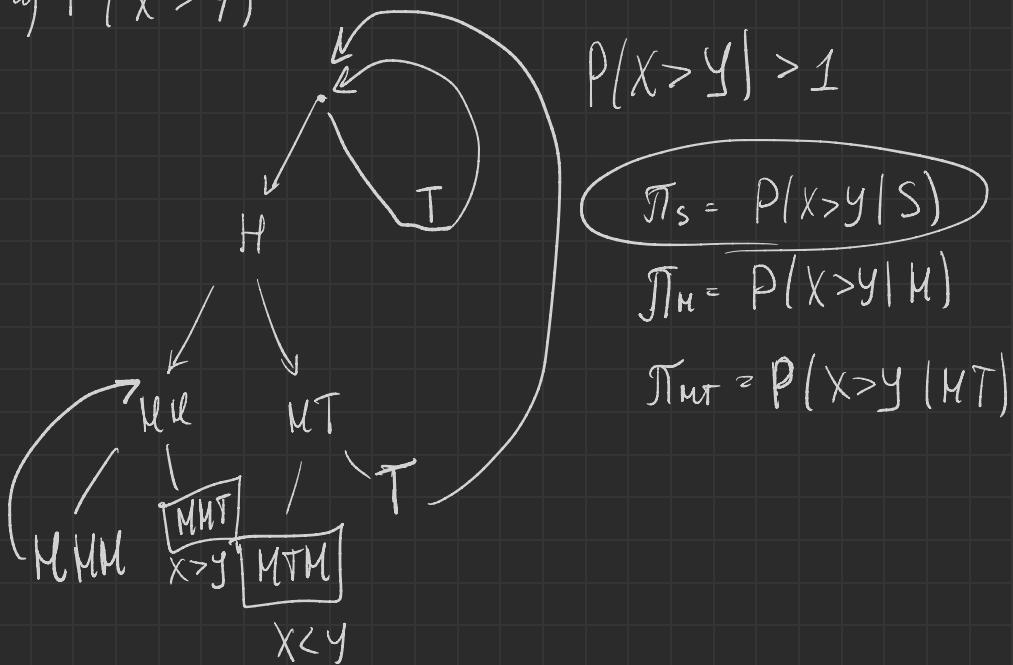
S_κ - баллардың минималдык мөнжасы

$$E(S_\kappa)$$

S_r - баллардың оңасы в мөнжасы

$$E(S_r)$$

a) $P(X > Y)$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_{ur} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \mu_s + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 \\ \mu_s = \mu_u \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \mu_{ur} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ \mu_u = \mu_{us} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \mu_{ur} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ \mu_{us} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \mu_{un} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \end{array} \right. \quad \text{u} \quad \mu_{un} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \mu_{ur} = 1/3 \\ \mu_s = \frac{2}{3} \end{cases}$$

of $E(\min(X, Y))$

$$\mu_s = E(M|S)$$

$$\mu_u = E(M|U)$$

... .

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_s = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\mu_{ur+1}) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\mu_s+1) \\ \mu_u = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\mu_{us+1}) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\mu_{ur+1}) \\ \mu_{us} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (1 + \mu_{us}) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \\ \mu_{ur} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (1 + \mu_s) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_s = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \mu_u + \frac{1}{2} \mu_m \\ \mu_u = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \mu_{ur} + \frac{1}{2} \mu_{um} \\ \mu_{um} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \mu_{uu} \Rightarrow \mu_{um} = 2 \\ \mu_{ur} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \mu_s \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2\mu_s = 2 + \mu_u + \mu_m \\ 2\mu_u = 2 + \mu_{ur} + 2 \Rightarrow \mu_u = 2 + \mu_{ur} \\ 2\mu_{ur} = 2 + \mu_s \end{array} \right. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_s = 2 + \mu_m \\ 2\mu_m = 4 + \mu_{ur} \\ 2\mu_{ur} = 2 + \mu_s \end{array} \right.$$

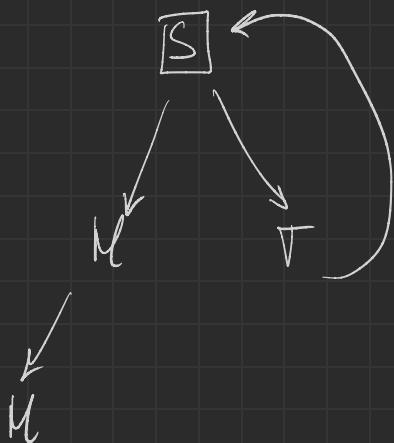
$$\rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_s - \mu_u = 2 \\ 2\mu_u - \mu_{ur} = 4 \\ 2\mu_{ur} - \mu_s = 2 \end{array} \right. \quad \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} \mu_s & \mu_u & \mu_{ur} \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & \textcircled{+1} & -2 & -4 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & \textcircled{1} & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -4 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu_S = 6 \\ \mu_H = 4 \\ \mu_{HT} = 4 \end{array} \right.$$

$$E(Y) = \mu_{HT}$$



$$X+Y = \min(X, Y) + \max(X, Y)$$

$$E(X) + E(Y) = E(\min(X, Y)) + E(\max(X, Y))$$

" " "
10 6

$$\emptyset \quad \gamma_s = E(R|S)$$

$$\gamma_u = E(R|u)$$

$$\gamma_s = \frac{1}{2}(\gamma_u + 1) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \gamma_s$$

$$\gamma_u = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\gamma_{uu} + 1) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \gamma_{ut}$$

$$\gamma_{ut} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \gamma_s + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1$$

$$\gamma_{uu} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\gamma_{uu} + 1) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma_s = 3$$

