I 1/ Mer !! -> mesos mos a olumbra  $q = \frac{1}{2} \left[ -q = \frac{1}{2} \right]$ P(AC)= 1-1  $p = \frac{1}{3}$ PP -> normenon nogungorbære venerty croba OPPPPPPPP.... Etopoer ny 17 OPO PPPOP orpere -> nourg-crob u pure.

$$S_0 = 0$$

$$S_0 = S_{n-1} + X_n$$

$$P(X_{n}=5) = \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(\tau, 1 \text{ no ceus}) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(\tau, 2 \text{ no ceus}) = \frac{1}{6} + (\frac{1}{6})^2 = \frac{6+1}{36} = \frac{7}{36}$$

calono tocho:

$$QR - CQ$$
:
$$P_{n} = C_{1} q_{1}^{n} + C_{2} q_{2}^{n} + .... + C_{3} q_{6}^{n}$$

» goragna o nox-con ha rean horp

$$q = \frac{1}{6} \left( q + p + 1 \dots + q \right)$$
 $p_1 = \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} +$ 

25 order ropper

d-Bep-ch 1020, 720 pag amèila dyger ment Berro L(p) (P) Kenpepahno

$$\angle(p) = \int -p(norwhos ha | -u xogy) - \frac{p(--l) na 2 xogy}{}.$$

$$\angle(0) = \int (2l) = 0$$

$$\angle_{p} = (1-p) \cdot \left[ \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \lambda_{p}^{2} \right) \right) \right]$$

$$\angle_{p} = (1-p) \cdot \left( 2 + \lambda_{p} - \lambda_{p}^{2} \right)$$

$$\angle_{p} = 0 \qquad 1 = (1-p) \cdot \left( 2 - \lambda_{p} \right)$$

$$2 - \lambda_{p} = \frac{1}{1-p}$$

$$3 - \lambda_{p} = \frac{1}{1-p}$$

$$4 - \lambda_{p} = \frac{1}{1-p}$$

