

Results & Finding

mortality or organ failure

Higher SLPATs not associated with increased

DynaMedLevel2(mid-level) evidence suggests that

Higher SLPAT scores are associated with increased

in adults 1 year after organ transplant

following [1]

psychiatric complications, and spirit system failure

posttransplant rejection, hospitalization, infection,

DynaMed Levels of Evidence [2]

Level	Definition
1	Likely reliable
2	Mid-level
3	Lacking direct

1018-1030 doi:10.1097/PSY.000000000000241



[2] DynaMed Levels of Evidence. EBSCO Information Services. Accessed June 4, 2021. <https://cnr.ebsco.com/article/DynaMed-Levels-Evidence>

1] Dypnoid Psychological Aspects of Organ Transplantation EBSCOhost. Accessed February 8, 2022. <https://www.dypnoid.com/organ-transplantation-services-Aspects>



psychosocial)[3].

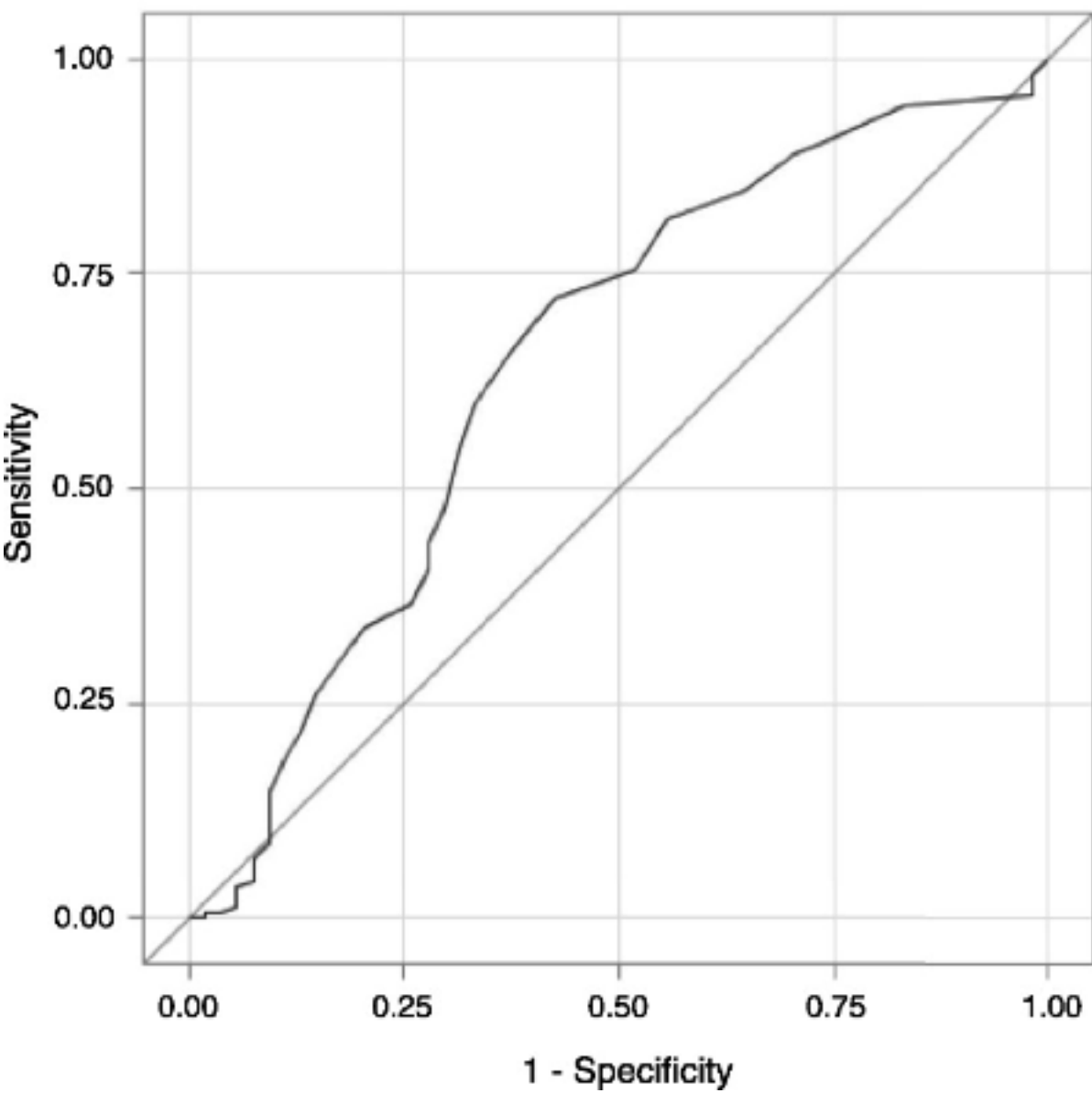
SIPAT score-predicted probabilities

for any adverse outcome (medical +



$$n = 217$$

ROC Curve for SIPAT
Area Under the Curve = 0.6475



Cutoff: SPAT overall score ≥ 21



psychosocial)[3].

SIPAT score-predicted probabilities

for any adverse outcome (medical +



ROC Curve for SIPAT
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